



Research and design for leave-taking experience in an aviation context

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Company
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Supervisory team
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M.M.E.M. Oonk MSc (Mentor)
T. Kiemel (Comany mentor)

Appendix

A. The Recap of Kick-off Meeting

Design for leave-taking

Create a pleasant and self-steering leave-taking experience

Problem & Goal

KLM HR has a vision to empower their employees. Ultimately, their goal is to encourage their employees to become self-steering. This vision applies to not only employees' daily job, but also to the occasionally situations, among which leave-taking is the main scope of this project.

According to the Global Payroll of the Netherlands, there are three types of leave-taking: pay leave, unpaid leave and sickness. Paid leave includes vacation, reduced working hours and maternity; unpaid leave includes strikes and special leaves; sickness includes disability and accident. While the categories are clear in the Dutch laws; in the real situations, not all the cases can be easily classified and processed. In many cases, the situations are complicated, and it could be difficult for the employees, their managers and the employer to define the type of every single leaves with no ambiguity.

What makes the problem even more difficult to tackle is the emotions and the sensitivities of leave-taking employees. When an employee is taking a leave for an emotionally negative reasons, one could be very fragile and sensitive, consequently leads to a poor working performance even when they get back to work. Such situations are hardly improved with any rational management, but can only be approached with empathy and supports. The main challenge is to figure out what kind of role the KLM HR can play in those cases.

Having observed these difficulties, KLM HR wants to know what they can do to support the employees better. Based on the vision of self-steering employees, HR wants to create pleasant and flexible leave-taking experiences. In this project, the first goal is to empathise with employee's leave-taking experiences and to understand the practical restrictions from manager's perspective. And then, to generates some ideas that could solve some of the problems. In the end, to create a design that improves the leave-taking experience aiming at inducing some more self-steering employees.

Assignment & Deliverable

Exploration

Understand the leave-taking experience, needs and wishes of employees.

Understand the experience of supervising leave-taking and the practical restrictions from the managers.

Understand the implementation restrictions and possibilities from HR people.

Creatio

Design a concept prototype, including user interfaces and the entire flow. Provide other possibilities and suggestions.

Reflection

Evaluate with employees and the clients. Present the results and provide future recommendations.

Implementation

Involve the people who will possibly implement the concept in the entire process. Provide implementation methods and recommendation.

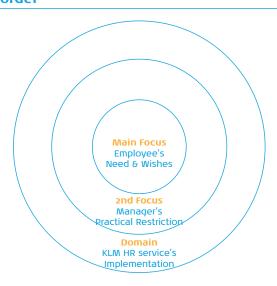
Focus of the research & The research order

The main focus of the project is to understand the experiences and the needs/wishes of the employees.

The second focus is to understand the practical restrictions the managers have.

The third focus, which is also the domain of the project, is to understand what is within the scope of KLM HR services, what can be implemented and how to implement the ideas.

The research of the first and second focus will be done simultaneously due to the time limit. The research about the implementation will be done after that and till the end of the project.



Planning





Context mapping

Keep in mind, it is not about the job title, but about whether you are the one who takes leave or the one who supervises leave-taking.

Employee who takes leave

The goal is to understand employee's leave-taking experience and their needs and wishes from KLM HR services.

1/4-5/4 fill in the booklet themselves Any time in 8/4-12/4 for the interview sessions

Requirement

6 people who are willing to...

- 1. Share their experience of leave-taking. It is even better if they had difficult leave-taking experience to share.
- 2. Write and speak English. Not necessarily have to be fluent.
- 3. Fill in the booklet and participate the 1 hr context mapping interviews.

Manager who supervises leave taking

The goal is to understand manager's leave-taking supervision experience and their needs and wishes from KLM HR services.

1/4-5/4 fill in the booklet themselves Any time in 8/4-12/4 for the interview sessions

Requirement

6 people who are willing to...

- 1. Share their experience of supervising leave-taking. It is even better if they had difficult supervision experience to share
- 2. Write and speak English. Not necessarily have to be fluent. 3. Fill in the booklet and participate the 1 hr context mapping interviews.

B. Consent From for Context-mapping Research

Introduction to the research project

Thank you for participating in this research project. I am an Industrial Design Engineering student researching the topic of leave-taking in KLM. This project aims at creating a pleasant and self-steering leave-taking experience.

Using "context-mapping" design techniques, my goal is to gain a better understanding of employee's work activities and your experiences of taking leave. With your help, we develop a better HR services for leave-taking management in KLM, together in co-creating sessions.

Your participation to the research consists of the following activities:

- Receiving a personal booklet
- Using the booklet to map out your work activities and your leave-taking experiences
- And finally being invited to a one-hour recorded interview in which you will explain what you fill in the booklet and do a short exercise.

Thanks again for your participation. Feel free to contact me if you have any question.

Ginny Yang

Consent statement

You are being invited to participate in a research study performed by Ginny Yang from TU Delft. The purpose of the research is to understand employee's leave taking experience and the needs and wishes from KLM. The data will be used for creating leave-taking journeys and designing new experiences/services for the employees in KLM.

Your participation in this study is entirely voluntary and you can withdraw at any time. You are free to ask any question.

To the best of our ability your answers in this study will remain confidential. I will minimise any risk by storing all information solely and internally, share data and insights anonymously with only KLM project owner(s), participants and TU Delft supervisors, and adequately secure and store the research after the the completion of the project.

Signature		
Name of the participant	Signature	Date

For questions or remarks, please contact Ginny at: Email: ginnyctyang@gmail.com

Phone: +31626734699

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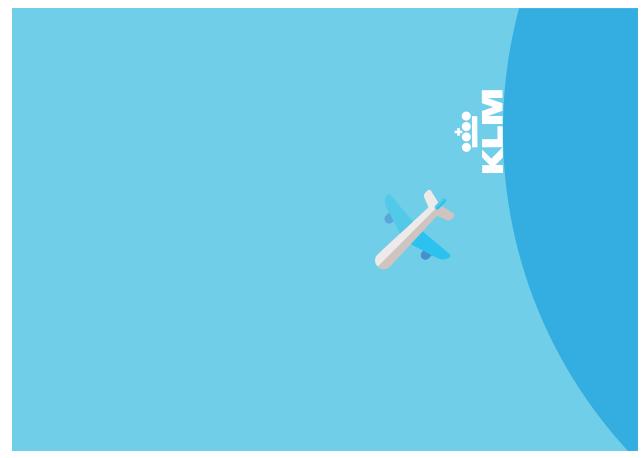
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C. Sensitising Booklet for Employees and Managers





What is leave-taking?

According to the Global Payroll of the Netherlands, there are three types of leave-taking; pay leave, unpaid leave and sickness. Paid leave includes vacation, reduced working hours and maternity, unpaid leave includes strikes and special leaves; sickness includes disability and accident.

Melcome!

Thanks for contributing to this project!

In preparation of the interviews I have developed this the interview. Inside are short daily tasks that will only take booklet for you. Filling out the booklet will help you during you 5 to 10 minutes. The idea is to do the assignments spread out over one work week.

Have fun and good luck with your assignments this week. Remember: you can be as creative as you like!

Don't give the booklet to anyone, just bring it to the interview.

Hint 2

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Hint 3

Feel free to write anything. Everything you write will be anonymous and confidential. For questions or remarks you are welcome to contact me at: Email: ginnyctyang@gmail.com Phone: + 31 6 26734699

Who am 1?

'm currently doing graduation project about leave-taking 'm Ginny Yang from Taiwan, a TU Delft Industrial Design Engineering student who focus on experience and service design. experience in KLM. My goal is to create a better leave-taking experience with you and for you!



Who are you?

Your name:

Your date of birth:

Your department:

Your job title:

Your working years in KLM:

Numbers of people in your team:

Marital status:

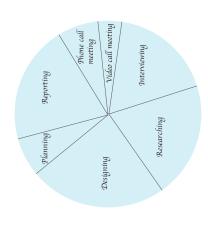
How many children do you have:

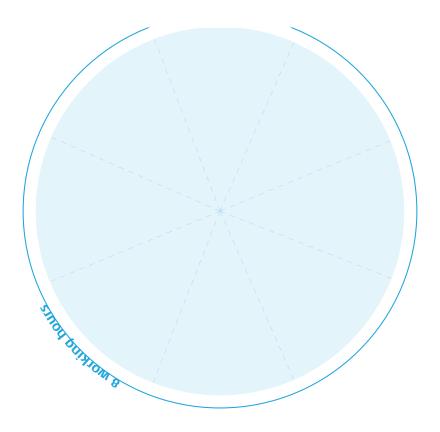
Day 1 What are your work activities?

Step 1
Think about all the activities you do in your work and place them on the pie chart according to how much time do you usually spend.

Hint 1: you can decide your own categories Hint 2: trust your instinct. It doesn't need to be accurate

Solving staffs problem Solving customer's problem Face-to-face meeting Face-to-face talk Emailing Checking Planning Machine Operation e.g. Reportíng Phone call meetíng



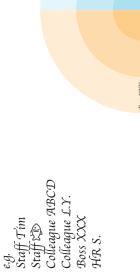


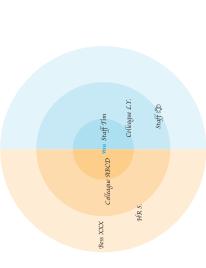
Day 2 Who are the people around you in KLM?

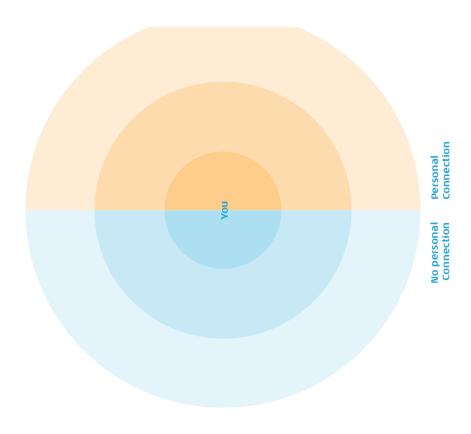
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Hint 2: please write the "job title + name". The name can be Hint 1: please include your colleagues, boss, managers, staffs, HR people and whoever you usually work with/talk to. a nickname or an abbreviation, as long as you can recognise who you refer to.

Hint 3: personal connection here means you can talk with the person not only about the work but also about your feelings and even your personal life.

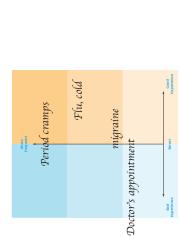


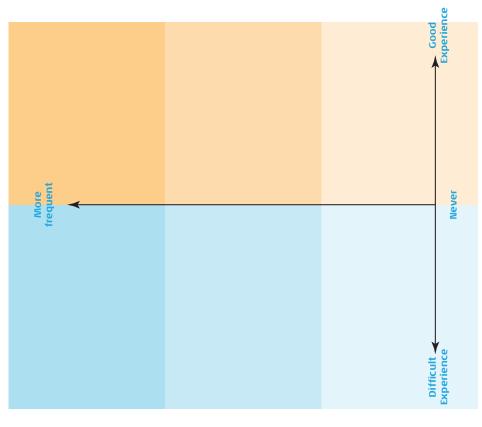




leave-taking experiences? Day 3 How were your

Step 1
Think about what leave-taking experiences you had in KLM. Put them on the chart according to how frequent you had them and how difficult the experiences were.



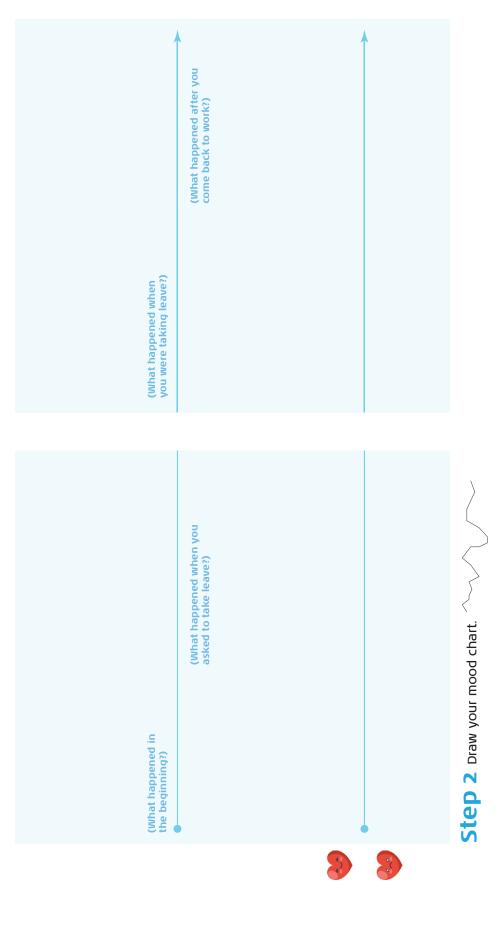


Day 4 The most difficult leave-taking experience

Step 1

Try to recall the most difficult leave-taking experience.
What happen? Show the entire process on the timeline,
from the time that the incident happened to the time that

you came back to work.



Day 5 The future leave-taking experience

1. When the incident happen...

unish there's no.... I wish...

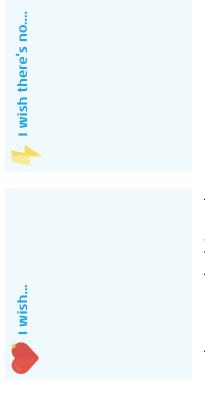
2. When asking for leave..

I wish there's no.... I wish...

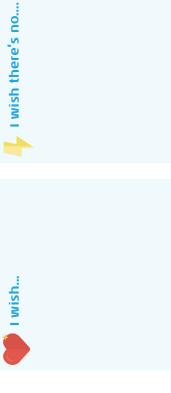
Step 1
What do you wish to have/not have in the leave-taking process? Try to imagine what KLM HR and your manager can do better in the future.

Hint: be creative and bold!

3. When you are taking leave...

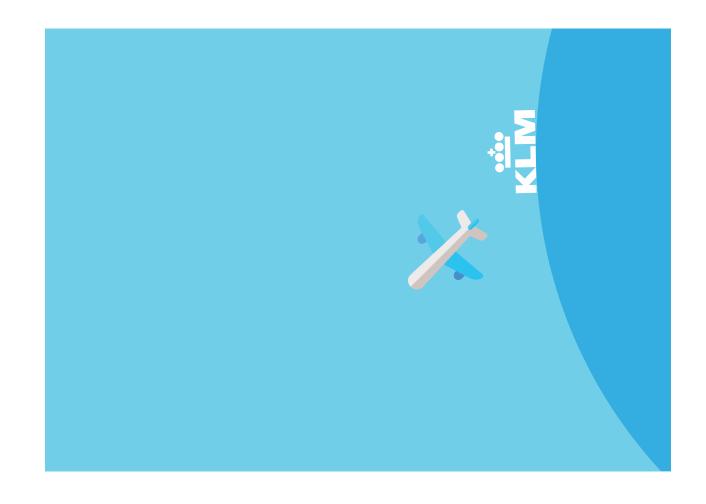


4. When you go back to work...



My leave-taking supervising experience in KLM

ly name:



*What is leave-taking?

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*What is supervising leave-taking?

According to the KLM Absence Policy, the manager is responsible for ensuring the employees do not take unnecessary leaves of absence, and is also responsible for a successful progression of the absence and re-integration trajectory.

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Who am 1?

I'm Ginny Yang from Taiwan, a TU Delft Industrial Design Engineering student who focus on experience and service design. I'm currently doing graduation project about leave-taking (supervising) experience in KLM. My goal is to create a better leave-taking (supervising) experience with you and for you!



Who are you?

Your name:

Your date of birth:

Your department:

Your job title:

Your working years in KLM:

Numbers of people in your team:

What do you care more about: (Make one of the circle)

Better performance O O O O O O Future development of the team

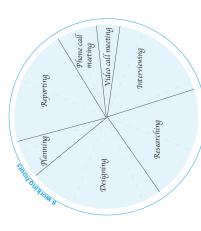
Team as a whole O O O O O O Individual employee

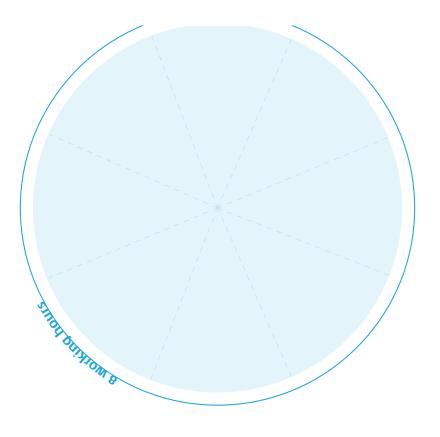
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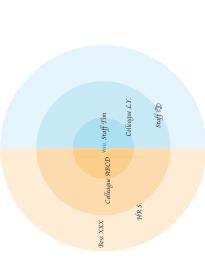
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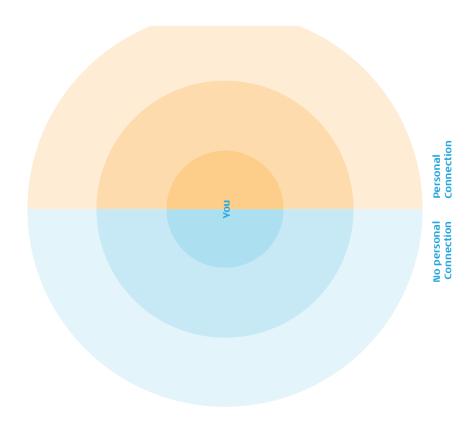
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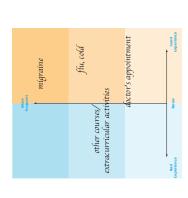


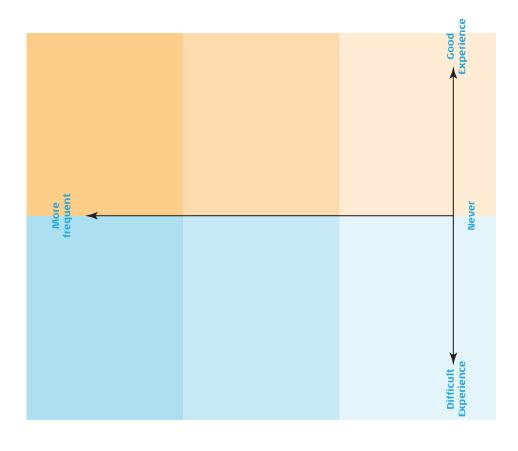




leave-taking supervising Day 3 How were your experiences?

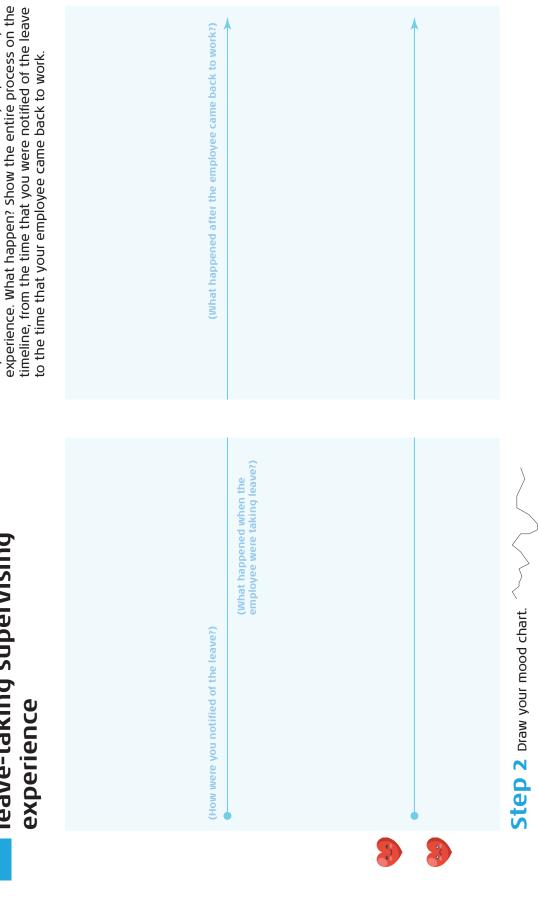
Step 1
Think about what kind of leave-taking you have supervised in KLM. Put them on the chart according to how frequent you receive the requests/notifications and how difficult it was to supervising the leaves.





leave-taking supervising Day 4 The most difficult experience

Step 1Try to recall the most difficult leave-taking supervising



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D. Printable Toolkit



I am a manager

I have full control of the situations. KLM provides me the tools and information I need.

I am an employee

I have full control of my life and my work. KLM and my manager provide me the tools and information I need.

I am a manager

KLM believes me and empowers me to manage and develop my team. I'm encouraged to try, to improve and to ao further.

l am an employee

My manager believes me and encourages me to improve and go further.

I am a manager

KLM understands my difficulties, needs & wishes and is willing to provide me as much support as possible.

I am an employee

My manager understands my difficulties, needs & wishes and is willing to provide me as much support as possible.

I am a manager

My staff understand the goals and the tasks of the team. They know the reasons behind my decisions and will support and cooperate with me.

I am an employee

My manager and colleagues understand me as a person and my work attitude. They trust me and are willing to help me when I need to take a leave.

bring out

KLM Value

Discover the values

What are the values behind the vision?

Check the values

Does the new implementation bring out KLM Value?

- What does it bring out?

Does it conflict with anything? How to reduce the conflict?

For manager

Managers are expected to be able and willing to connect employees, to set-up for success, to guide employees and to challenge and inspire the team.

For both employee and manager

They are both expected to be able and willing to reach out to customers, to take ownerships, to be competent and to go further.

fulfill

Basic Needs

Discover the needs

What are the needs behind the problems?

Check the needs

- Does the design fulfill the basic needs of managers and employees? - What does it fulfill? Does it conflict with anything? How to reduce the conflict

Connection

e.a. Yammer for Inflight Services. myRoster for Ground Services

Flexibility

e.a. Shift replacement for making holiday planning more flexible in Passenger Services

Self-serving

e.g. Employees can change their contract in SAP by HR Digital Base

Personalisation

Health

e.g. Regulations about night shifts became more strict

e.g. 5 types of leaves became only KLM Leave & Employee Leave

Flexibility

e.g. Cabin crews can save some of their travel leave days for later

Principle

e.g. Correction of the misused leave rules in some hangars in E&M

Personalisation

Flex workers

e.g. Flex workers in Ground Services & Inflight Services

Teaming

e.a. Teaming concept in Engineering & Maintenance

Leadership

e.g. Manager have to take more of the leadership after HPO

Integration

e.g. Multiple functions in myHR by Future rosterina

Seamless Connection

e.g. Multiple functions in myHR by Future rostering

Differentiation

e.g. Outlook Calendar, Office 365 and MyRoster for different agenda usages

Predictability

e.g. Workload/workforce prediction with machine learning by Future Rostering

Two timings for using the Leave-taking **Design Toolkit**

Timing A

When you want to solve a problem

Timing B.

When you are responsible for designing/developing something that is related to leave-taking

Understand

Trends

Generate ideas

- A problem can be solved by system/service/agreement/... solution. How are you going to solve the problem? Generate ideas for different areas.
You can learn from the trends.

Check the trends What are the trends I can consider?

Digitalization

e.g. HR information digitalisation by HR Digital

Accessibility

e.g. Leave balance displayed in SAP and myRoster Absenteeism data dashboard bu HR Analytics

Presentation

e.g. Absenteeism data dashboard by HR Analytics

Automatic

e.g. RPA-tool for leave-registration by Future Rostering

Adaptability

e.g. The systems sould be adaptable for possible rules & development in the future

Transparency

e.g. Employees should be able to check the availability of leave-taking by themselves

Information

Information of leave-taking rules, sickness resources, leave balance, present/absent situation, absenteeism data

Responsibilitu

Agreement

The agreement, policy, rule, regulation regarding leave-taking, rostering and sickness

Responsibility

Service

The service for managers and for employees regarding leave-taking, rostering and sickness

Responsibilitu

Timing B Let's check the design!

System & Flow

The system for planning, rostering, swapping and leave-taking

Responsibilitu

Culture & Orgnaisation

The composition of teams, the organization structure, the working culture

Responsibility





Leave-taking Design Toolkit

Researched & Designed by Ginny Yang

How to use it?

- My responsibilities

responsibility-identify the responsibility

- The trends of the area I'm responsible for: trend-check the trends

- The main target group target group-identify the target group

- The problems I should consider
- The needs I could fulfill:
- The values I could bring:

Rostering Services

Leave-taking Services

- Leave taking
- Holiday planning
- **Swapping Services**
- Roster sharing Shift swapping
- Shift replacing
- Holiday swapping

Health Services

Health programs Others

- Community platforms

Related people KLM Health Services, KLM Shared Services, ATM managers, Future rostering, MPS

CLA agreement

ATM manager Labour union

HR policy

HR Shared Services

Absenteeism data

HR Analytics

HR information

HR Digital HR Shared Services

Time & Attendance information

ATM managers

- The problem I want to solves

- The needs behind the problems

- The main target group target group-identify the target

- Ideas

trend-generate ideas

- The values of the design value-check the values

- The responsible people responsibility-understand where responsibility belongs

identify

Responsibility

Identify the responsibility

Understand where responsibility

belongs Who owns the responsibility or resources of the solutions?

Labour Time Management

Cooperated ATM ATM Cargo ATM Ground Services ATM F&M

Management Team

Unit-manager Team lead

Culture

Rostering Systems

- Workload/workforce prediction Self-rostering
 - Roster checking

Leave-taking Systems

- Leave takina Leave registration
- Holiday planning

Swapping Systems

- Roster sharing Shift swapping
- Shift replacing
- Holiday swapping

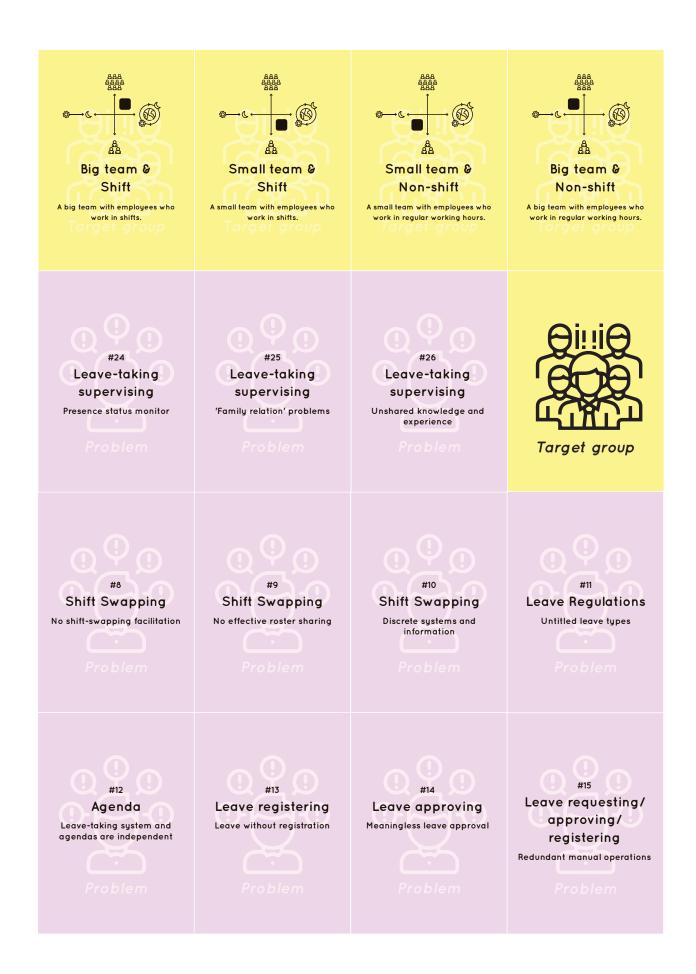
Related people

Leave-takina Design Toolkit

Researched & Designed by Ginny Yang

Follow the five steps

- 1. Sort the cards according to the
- 2. Choose either timing A or B, follow the steps.
- 3. Read the action cards and read the cards that are related to the questions on the action cards.
- 4. Write down the answers and insights on paper.
- 5. Select the ideas that are more relevant or potential, and create a coherent concept out of it.



- Flexibility of leave-taking & holiday planning: Very high	- Flexibility of leave-taking & holiday planning: Very high	- Flexibility of leave-taking & holiday planning: Low	- Flexibility of leave-taking & holiday planning: Very low
 Frequency of interaction between managers and employees: 	- Frequency of interaction between managers and employees:	 Frequency of interaction between managers and employees: High 	- Frequency of interaction between managers and employees: Very low
Low - Sense of teamwork: Very low	Very high - Sense of teamwork: High	- Sense of teamwork: Very high	- Sense of teamwork: Very low
- Rules & Regulation requirement: clear, accessible	- Rules & Regulation requirement: flexible but principled	 Rules & Regulation requirement: flexible butt principled System & Service requirement: 	- Rules & Regulation requirement: clear, accessible - System & Service requirement:
 System & Service requirement: self-serving, self-explanatory, automatic 	- System & Service requirement: Flexible, adaptable	predictable, integrated, flexible, adaptable	predictable, integrated, transparent, self-serving, self-explanatory, automatic
ldentify your target group			
Identify the target groups - Who are the main target group of the problems/you are responsible for? - What are their features? - What do they need? Check the target groups - Do the design meet the requirements of the target group?	- Managers do not share their way of management frequently. There are lack of opportunity for them to learn from each other and improve their managing skills. - The leave taking procedures and systems are very different across various departments in KLM. These developments and experiences in leave-taking flow are not shared knowledge between different teams.	Some managers have a close relation with their staff. This kind of "family relations" makes it difficult for them to be strict to their staff such as making an unwelcome decision.	For managers who want to check the staff's presence status, they can only go through the system one-by-one. This could be impractical for managers with a large team.
There are important or emergent events, such as the graduation ceremony of their children, that employees really want or need to take a leave. These events, however, do not belong to any entitled leave categories. For staff without a roster it is not a problem as they have little restriction in taking a normal employee leave. The problem occurs to staff work in shifts: They cannot take an employee leave if the minimum on-duty personnel has reached on the desired day. In the end, whether they can take the leave depends on their managers to make exceptions for them or not.	The CLA regulations, the rostering system, the leave-taking system and the overview of employees and their skills are all separate in EBM. Such discrete systems and the disconnected information hinder roster planners, managers and employees from doing shift swaps.	Employees in E&M cannot check the rosters of their colleagues of the same function, leading to yet another barrier to swap the shift	Shift swapping is not facilitated in some divisions such as in-flight.
The leave-taking request, approval and register systems are now require several manual inputs which could be generated accordingly. For example, employees have to fill in their own email, manager's name and for how long they are taking the leave which should be automatically calculated when they input the start and end time of the leave.	Most of the leave requests have nothing to do with managers. The managers only check the quota for leave and approve accordingly. Such an approval control does not mean anything to the manages while it troubles them and employees in leave taking process.	Some people, especially those in high positions, do not need to report to anyone when they take leave. If they forget to register their leave, which happens frequently, HR will not be able to track their leave days.	The leave-taking system and the agenda systems are not connected. When employees take leave, they have to mark that they are away manually in their agendas, which is not convenient for them, especially when they use multiple work agendas.



Understand **Existing Problems** In E&M, the regulation states that one does not need to work in night After they receive a new rostering, employees frequently swap shifts with their colleagues for a better personal planning. At current stage, they can only communicate The rosters are unforeseeable to work-in-shift staff, it is therefore Discover the problems What are the problems existed in your responsible group? shift if one becomes 60. But as the inconvenient for them to plan their private life in advance. They do not feel they have enough grip on average age of employees has reached 57, it has become difficult - What is more severe? What do you want to solve first? for them to arrange enough people in night shift, especially in through emails and thus pollute their life their email boxes. Check the problems the teaming settings. What problems/wishes I should consider in the design? - What can I solve? - What can't I solve? There is a system that predicts the workload/workforce and thereby It is not easy to plan holidays on popular season for everyone. This is particularly a great deal for those who wish to enjoy the summer vacation with their young Most employees are anxious about not getting the holiday they want, The workload is not well determines the quota of leave-taking. This quota and the so they plan it way ahead and use up all the leave days early in the predicted enough in E&M. status is not visible to the The workforce is not well employees. They need to rely on their managers to check the year. The consequence is that they do not have spare leave days for unforeseen or emergent situation. On the other hand, the other predicted enough in Ground Services. children. leave-availability for them. This is inconvenient for both employees - Managers find it difficult to grant their staff leave due to the poor workload or workforce prediction. employees cannot take a leave when necessary as all the quota of and managers, consequently leaving employees feel unpleasant when they do not get their leave leave-taking are fully claimed without a clear reason. Not all of the managers can meet Every employee has different their staff regularly. Some The employees who work in shifts are more likely to be ill when they needs, problems and wishes in different stages of his/her life. This means that a stationary working managers have to supervise excessive employees and some have different agendas than their Employees with certain jobs are more likely to have certain health turn older as it can be seen from the relatively high sick rate in the shift work departments. Some contract doesn't always match their lifestyles. For the employees who have young offspring tend to staff. It is hard for those issues. For example, there is a managers to know their staff personally or to empathise with greater portion of cabin cre managers suggest these elder employees to switch to regular having back pain issue than the be overloaded with taking care of their children. This could be a their difficult situations. As a consequence, employees do not other staff, KI M Health Services working hours, but not everyone is willing to change, considering the payment is less. are trying to solve these problems but the effect so far is limited. struggle between working more but less healthy and working less feel supported by their managers and have no one to talk to about their problems. but less disposable income. - Whenever managers want to arrange KLM leave for their staff, they can only check the leave balance of the staff from mailbox Various kinds of leaves are It is not easy for managers and for employees to know what Some teams have higher sick rates, this inevitably reduces the The KLM leave balance is scattered in different systems. presented differently to employees from it does to Managers do not have an overview quota of normal leave-taking resources KLM have for sick over absenteeism status of their staff. managers. The unit shown to employees is in 'percent' while the constantly. employees. unit shown to managers is in 'dau'. The amounts of leave balance derived from two different units (percent and day) do not meet each other in small digits.

E. Participatory Session Slides

Outline

Presentation + Workshop The future of leave-taking Ginny Yong

4. Hands-on session

3. Research result

1. Introduction

2. Method

Introduction

Introduction Assignment

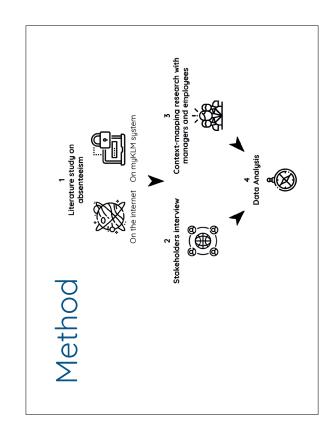
Assignment -Understanding leave-taking (supervising) experience in KLM

Problem definition -Untitled leave

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Deliverable} \\ - Suggestions & Service Design Concepts for HR people (and other) \\ \hline \end{tabular}$ stakeholders)

Method

Stakeholders interview



Stakeholders interview

Starkeholders Interview Anthornal Record Anthornal Anthornal Colline Anthornal Records Strategy & Secret Strategy & Se

- How are they related to leave-taking experience?

- Responsibility?

- Which part of the study they are interested in?

- Done? Doing?



Culture & Organisation

Agreement

Service

System & Flow

Information

€

stakeholders interview responsibility

stakeholders interview responsibility

e.g.

Shift-swapping —-(service) Systems integration (system&flow)

stakeholders interview trends









€

Culture & Organisation

Information Digitalisation Presentation Accessibility

System & Flow

Service

Agreement

- Flex workers - Teaming

- Simplification - Flexibility - Principle

- Health

- Differentiation Predictability

Personalisation

 Adaptability Automatic Integration

- Personalisation Connection Self-serving - Flexibility

- Seamless connection

- Leadership

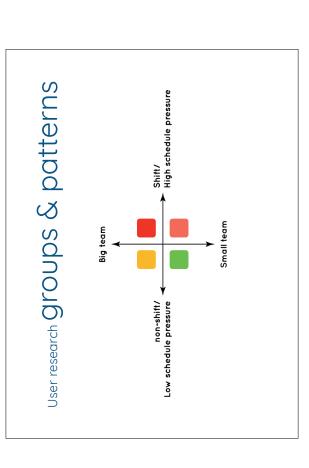
stakeholders interview responsibility

e.g.

(culture & organisation) Teaming concept —--— Night-shifts regulation (agreement)

User research

User research context-mapping - the experts of their experiences - Small exercises - Latent needs

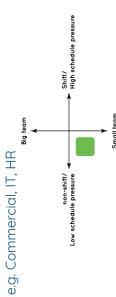


User research

10 managers+employees in

- Inflight Services
- Ground Services (Passenger Services & Planning)
- E&M (Hangar 14)
- Commercial
- Digital, IT & Technology

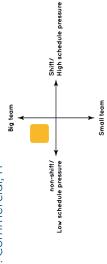
Non-shift & Small team



- Flexibility of leave taking & holiday planning: **very high**
- Frequency of Interaction between employees & managers: **high**
- Sense of teamwork: **high**
- Regulation & System & Workflow requirement: **flexible but principled**

Non-shift & Big team

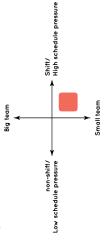
e.g. Commercial, IT



- Flexibility of leave taking & holiday planning: very high
- . Frequency of Interaction between employees & managers: low
- Sense of teamwork: very low
- Regulation & System & Workflow requirement: **clear, accessible,** self-serving, self-explanatory

Shift & Small team

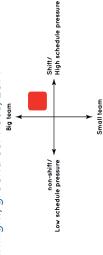
e.g. E&M, IT



- · Flexibility of leave taking & holiday planning: low
- Frequency of Interaction between employees & managers: **high**
- Sense of teamwork: very high
- Regulation & System & Workflow requirement: **flexible but principled, predictable, integrated, adaptable**

Shift & Big team

e.g. Inflight, ground services, E&M



- Flexibility of leave taking & holiday planning: very low
- Frequency of Interaction between employees & managers: **very low**
- Sense of teamwork: very low
- Regulation & System & Workflow requirement: clear, accessible, self-serving, self-explanatory, predictable, integrated

User research problems & wishes

Unpredictable rostering result > difficult private life planning Inefficient communication for swapping shift Shift-swapping

Imbalanced holiday planning Untitled leave types eave regulations Holiday planning

Poor workload/workforce prediction eave availability

Redundant manual operations Leave taking

Leave-taking system and agendas are independent Agenda

Choosing between health and salaries Health Sickness

Leave-taking supervision

Unclear leave balance

Future rostering team

problems & wishes▶requirements

Rostering Unpredictable rostering result > difficult private life planning Leave-taking system and agendas are independent Shift-swapping Inefficient communication for swapping shift Choosing between health and salaries Leave availability Poor workload/workforce prediction Bad consequences of high sickness Leave taking Redundant manual operations Holiday planning Imbalanced holiday planning Leave-taking supervision Unclear leave balance Leave regulations Untitled leave types Agenda Sickness

Needs in leave-taking

- I am understood & trusted (e.g. making decisions)
- I am appreciated & supported (e.g. difficult situations)
- I am empowered & encouraged (e.g. go further, try)
- I am in control & enable (e.g. work & life)

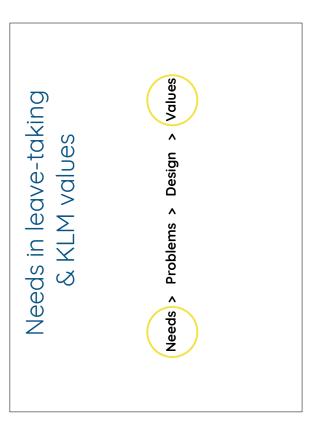
Needs & KLM Values

KLM values KLM Compass

Optimal leadership

- Connect
- Set-up for success & result
- Challenge & inspire

Optimal staff behaviour - Take ownership - Be competent - Reach out Go further



When/How can we use

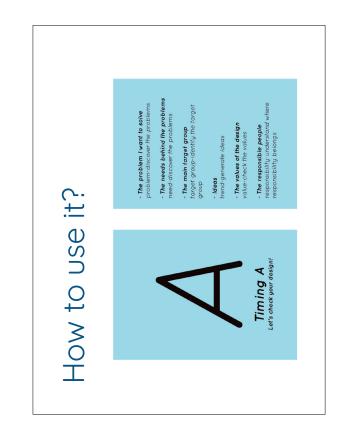
the research result?



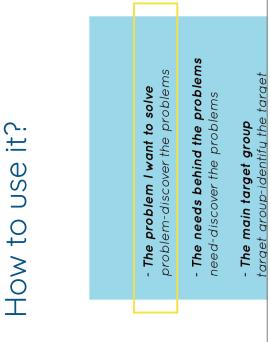


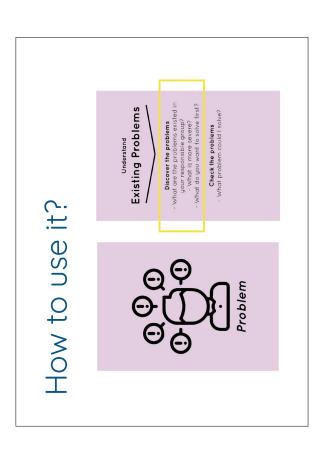
Hands-on Session

Follow the five steps 1. Sort the cards according to the colors. 2. Choose either timing A or B. follow the steps. 3. Read the action and a need the cards and read the cards that or related to the questions on the action cards. 4. Write down the answers and misglists on paper. 5. Select the ideas that or emore relevant or potential; and create a coherent concept out of it.



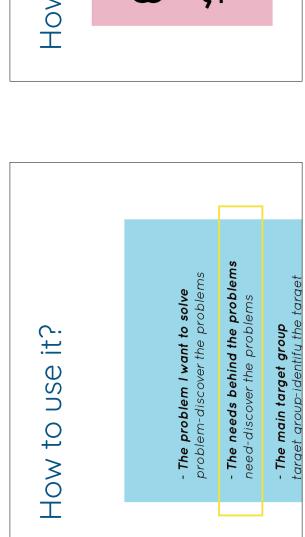
Follow the five steps 1. Sort the cards according to the colours. 2. Choose either timing A or B, follow the steps. How to USE it?

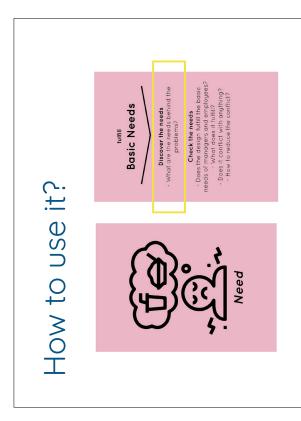




Problem #11 #16 #14 #13

How to use it?





How to use it? - The problem I want to solve problem-discover the problems - The needs behind the problems need-discover the problems - The main target group target group aroup

Feedback & Follow-up

- The problem I want to solve problems
- The needs behind the problems need-discover the problems
- The main target group target group-identify the target group - Ideas
- Ideas
trend-generate ideas
- The values of the design

Outline

1. Introduction

2. Method

The future of leave-taking

Presentation + Workshop

- 3. Research result
- 4. Hands-on session

Ginny Yang

Introduction Ginny Yang

Ginny Yang -From Taiwan

- -MSc in Industrial Design Engineering in TU Delft
 - -Graduation internship in KLM
- -From the beginning of March to the end of August

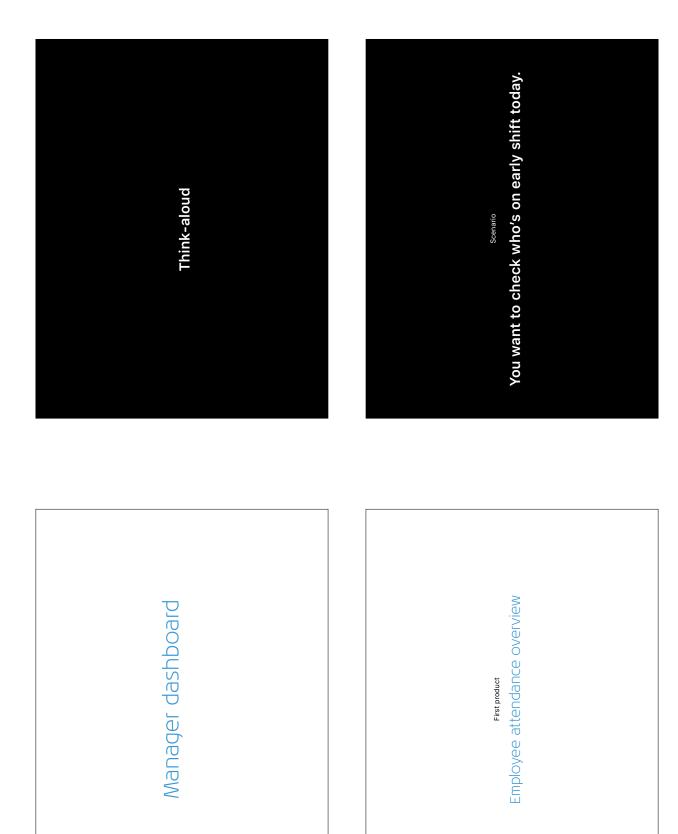
Introduction

F. Evaluation Form for the Participatory session

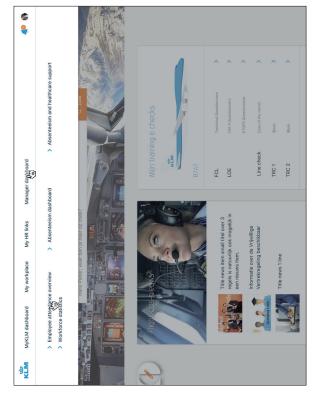
1.	. The research provides me a clear overview of leave-taking								
	totally disagree	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	totally agree	
2. The research provides me clear insights into the needs & wishes in leave-taking experience									
	totally disagree	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	totally agree	
3.	The creative session provides me a useful way to generate ideas								
	totally disagree	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	totally agree	
4. The research and the creative session help me with what I'm doing									
	not applicable / to	tally disagree 1	2	3	4	5	6	7 totally agree	

5. I'm _____ and this is my feedback on the research and the creative session:

G. User testing animation slides

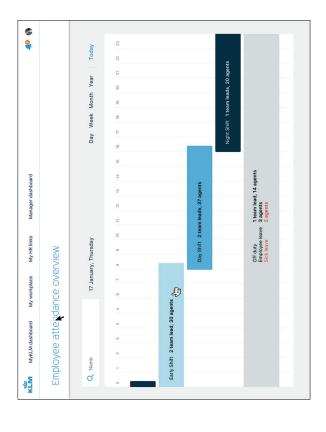




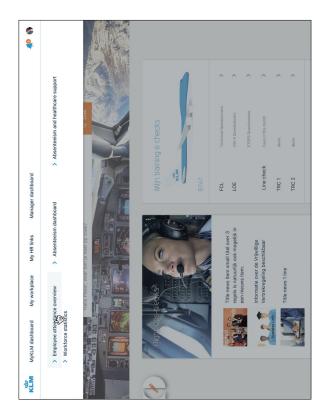




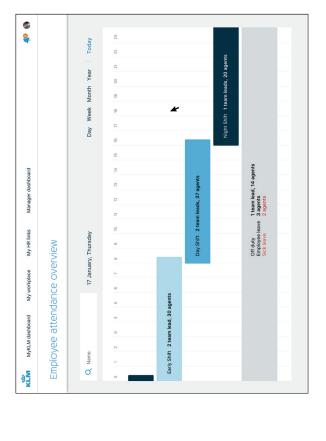


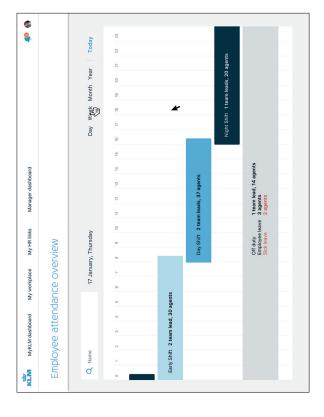


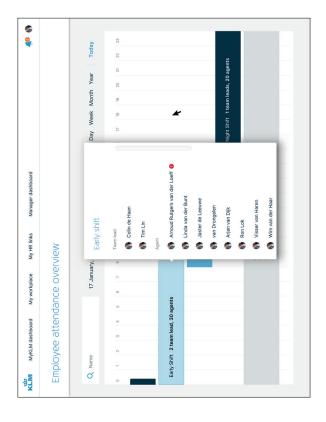


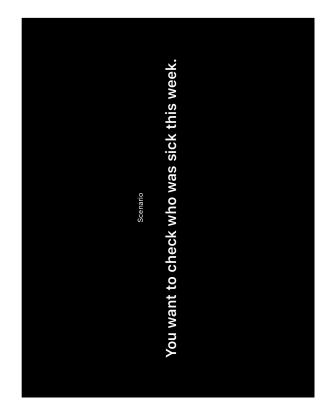


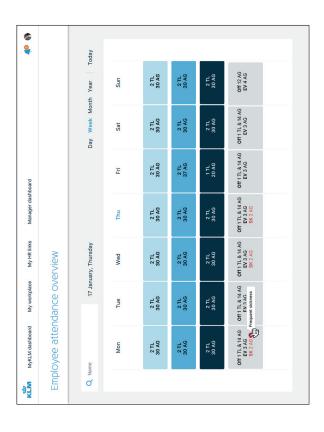


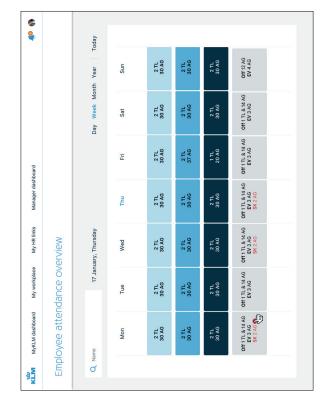


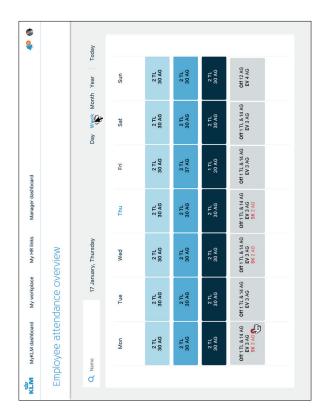


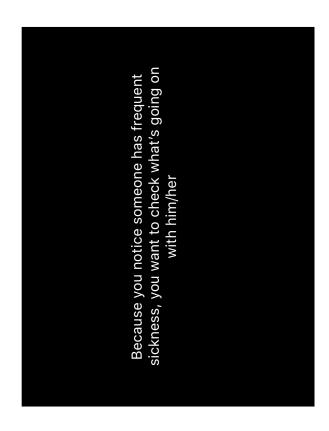




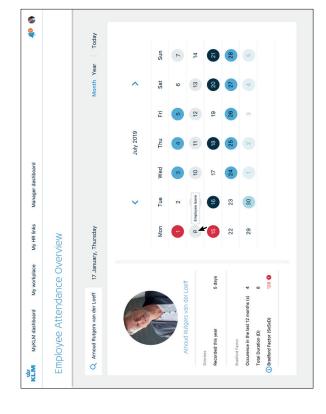


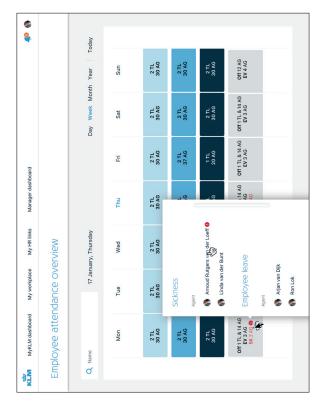


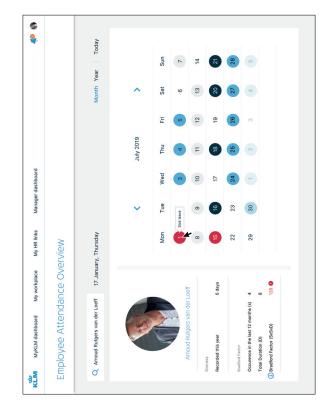


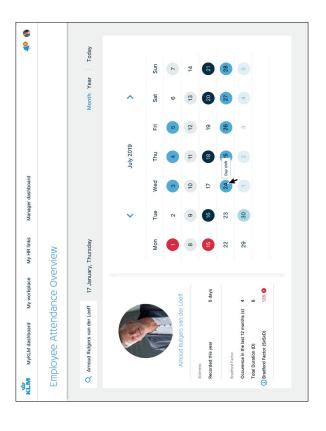


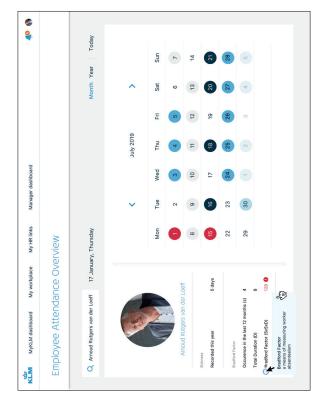


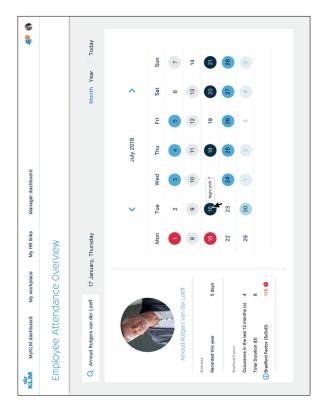


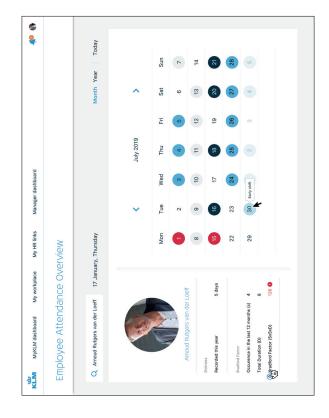


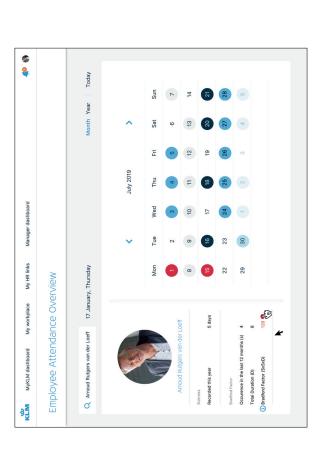












Manager dashboard

KLM MyKLM dashboard My workplace My HR links

Employee attendance overview

Q Arnoud Rutgers van der Loeff 17 January, Thursday

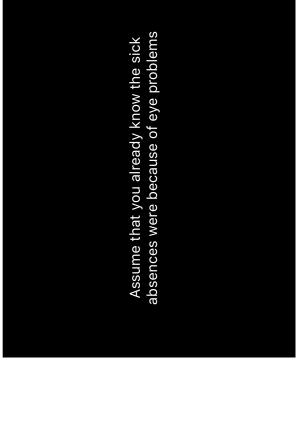
July 2019

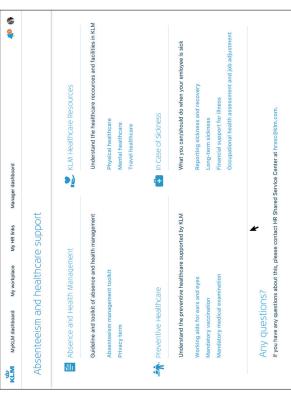
5 days

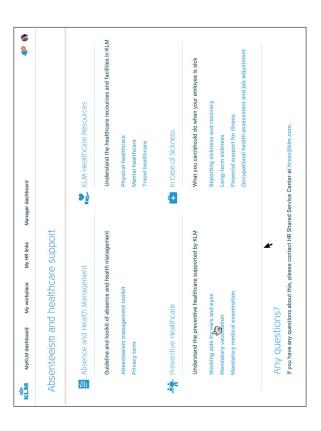
Occurence in the last 12 months (s)

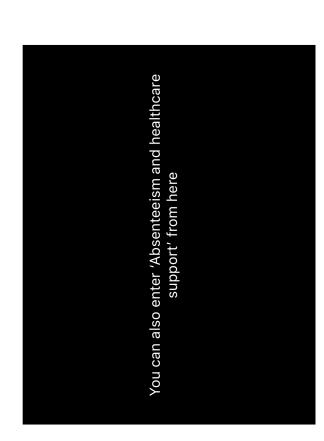
Total Duration (D)

Stradford Factor (SASAD)







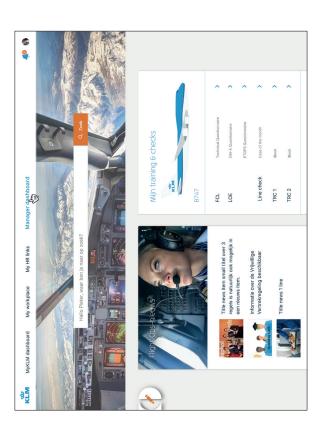






If you have any questions about this, please contact HR Shared Service Center at hrssc@klm.com

Any questions?



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Manager danboard

My HR links

MyKLM dashboard My workplace

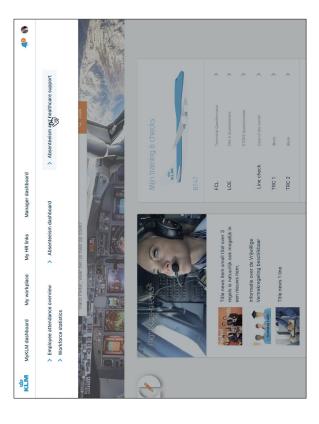
KLM

> Absenteeism and healthcare support

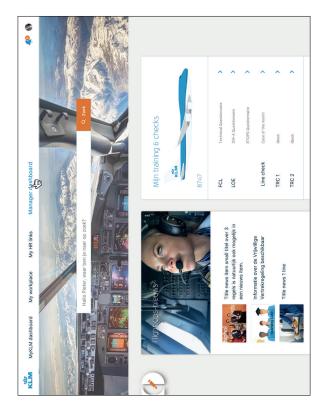


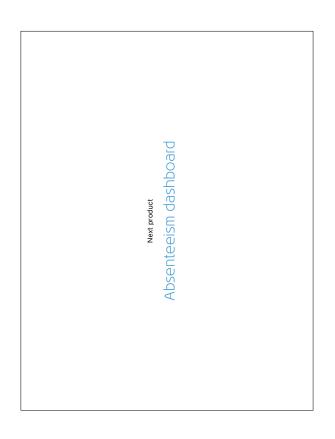
What you can/should do when your emloyee is sick

Understand the preventive healthcare supported by KLM

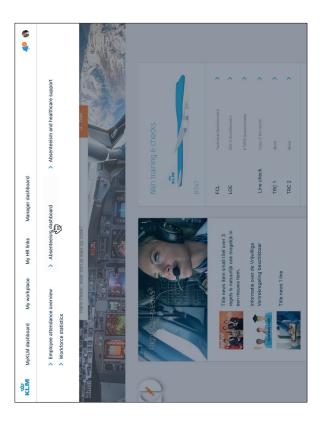




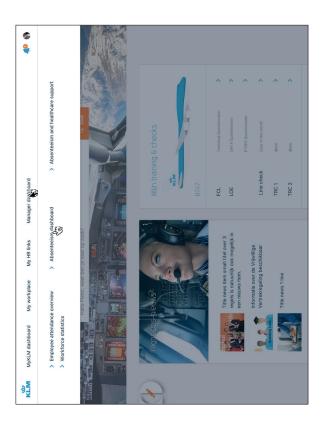


















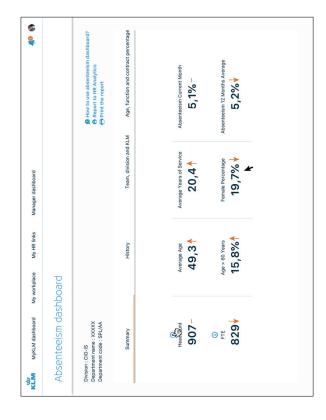




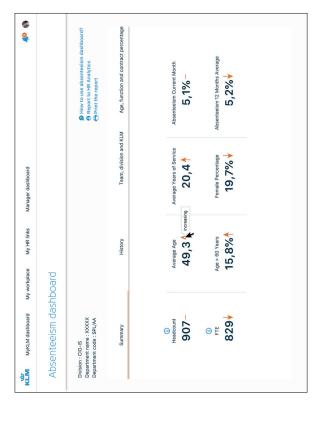


















Manager dashboard

My HR links

MyKLM dashboard My workplace

KLM

Absenteeism dashboard

Division : CIO-IS
Department name : XXXXX
Department code : SPL/AA

Age, function and contract percentage

Team, division and KLM

To a

Summary

teeism Current Month

Average Years of Service 20,4 \hspace

49,3 [↑]

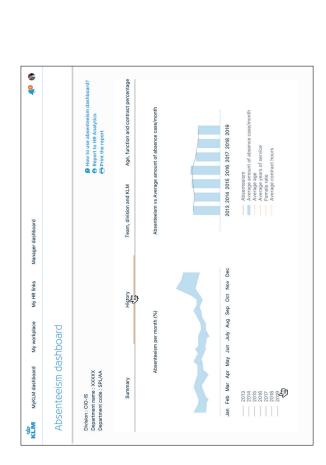
Headcount 907 –

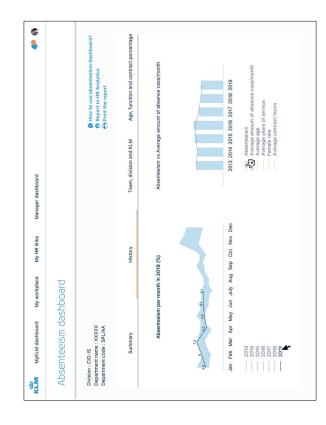
5,2%

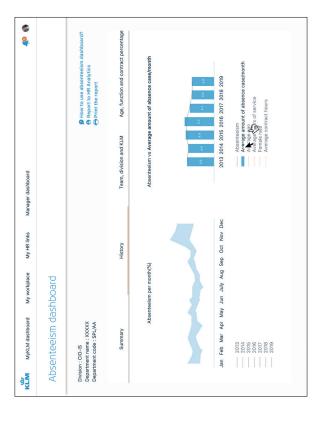
Female Percentage

Age > 60 Years 15,8%↑

© FE 829↓

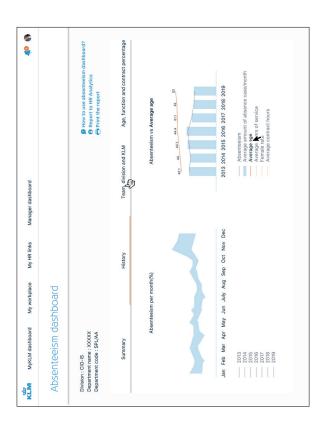


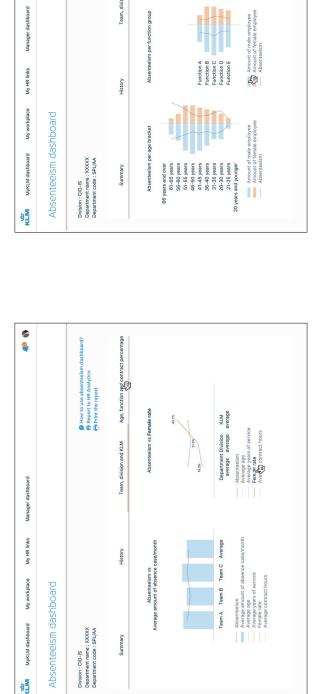












Manager dashboard

Team, division and KLM Age, function and contract percentage

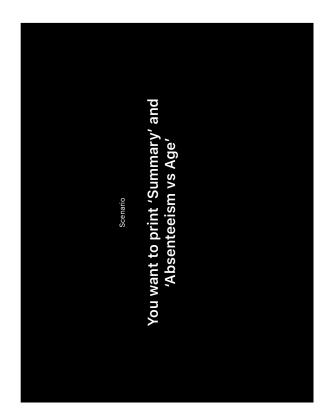
Absenteeism per function group

100% 80-99% 60-79% 40-59% <40%

Amount of male employee
Amount of female employee
Absenteeism

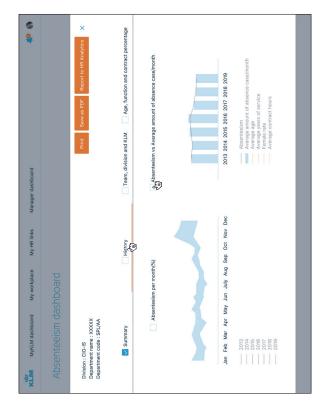
Amount of male employee
Amount of female employee
Absenteeism

D How to use absenteeism dashboard?
 D Report to HR Analytics
 Print the report

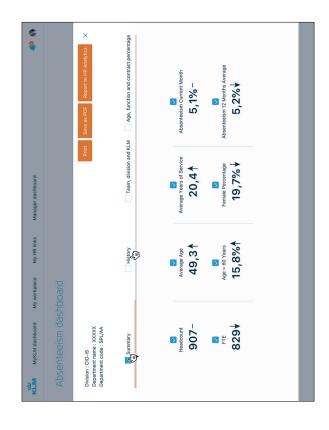


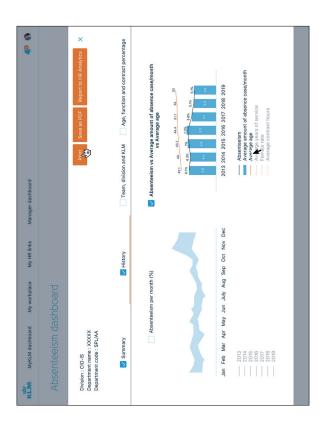




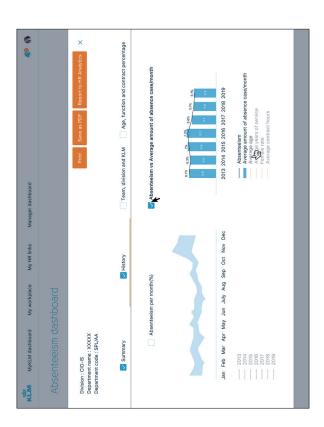


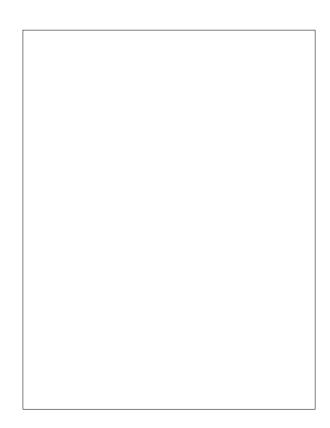












Manager dashboard

KLM MyKLM dashboard My workplace My HR links

Absenteeism dashboard

Division : CIO-IS
Department name : XXXXX
Department code : SPL/AA

Team, division and KLM Age, function and contract percentage

History

Summary

5,2%

19,7%

Age > 60 Years 15,8%↑

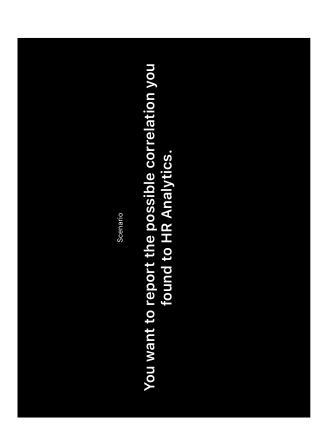
© FTE 829↓

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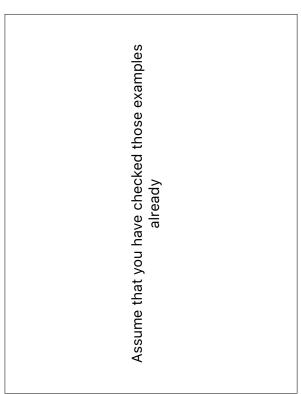
20,4

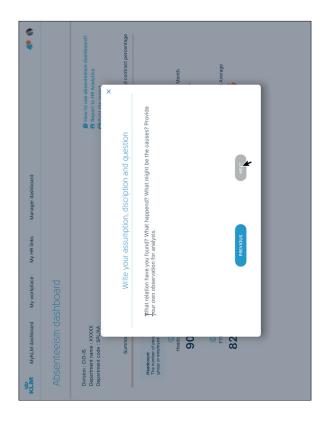
Average Age **49,3** ↑

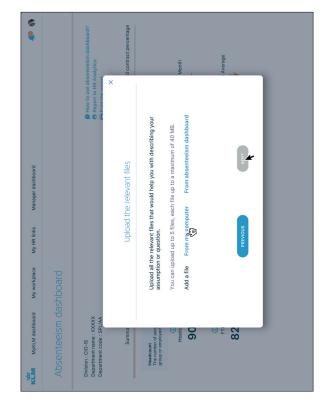
E Headcount





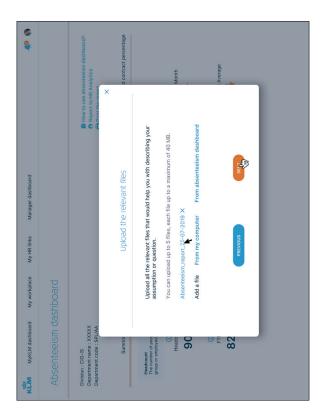


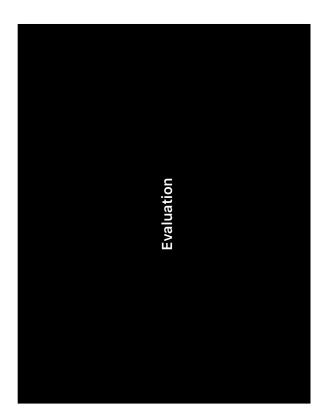


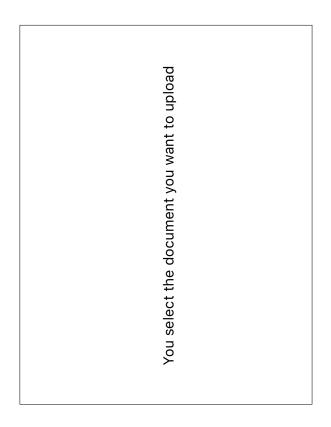


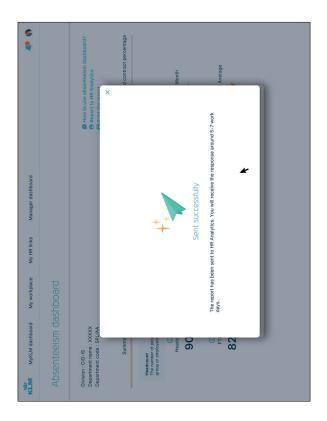


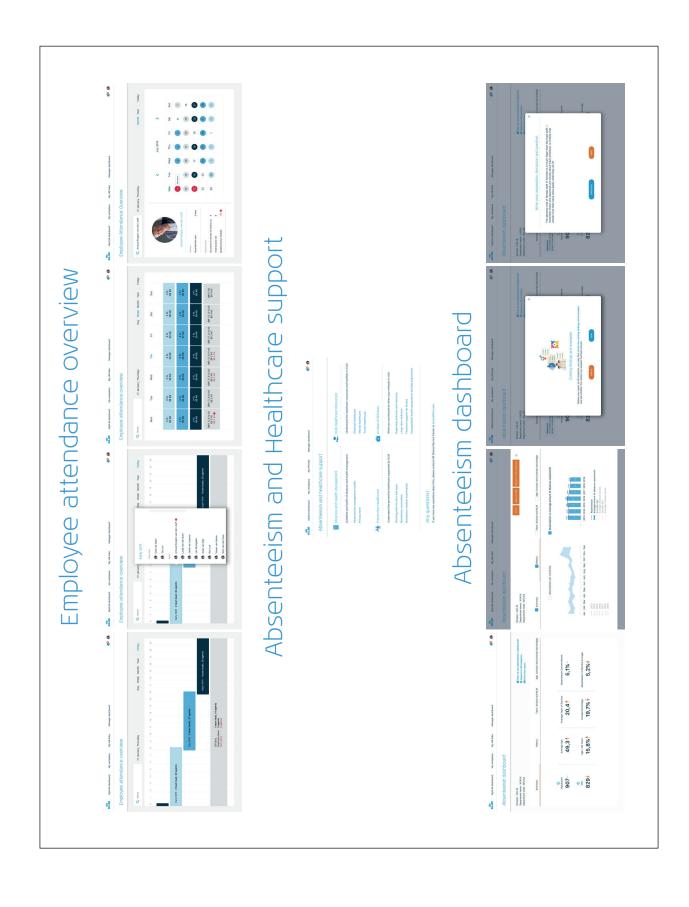












H. Evalaution Form for User testing

Employee attendance overview 1. It is clear for me how to use it. totally disagree 2 3 5 7 totally agree 2. It enables me to have more control of my management team. totally disagree 6 totally agree 3. It enables me to have more understanding of my employee's attendance situation. totally disagree 2 3 totally agree 4. It encourages me to pay more attention to individual's sickness situation. totally disagree 5 totally agree 5. I will use it in the future. totally disagree 1 2 5 6 7 totally agree Absenteeism and healthcare support 6. It is clear for me how to use it. 2 totally disagree 3 4 5 6 7 totally agree 7. It enables me to find the right information to support sickness more easily. totally disagree 6 totally agree 8. It encourages me to help and guide sick individuals more. totally disagree 5 7 totally agree 6 9. I will use it in the future. totally disagree 1 2 3 5 6 totally agree Absenteeism dashboard 10. It is clear for me how to use it. totally disagree 3 4 5 7 totally agree 6

11. It enables me to have more understanding in absenteeism situation.									
	totally disagree	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	totally agree
12. It enables me to discover the factors which are potentially correlated to absenteeism more.									
	totally disagree	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	totally agree
13. It encourages me to keep track of absenteeism situation.									
	totally disagree	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	totally agree
14. It encourages me to react on absenteeism data more.									
	totally disagree	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	totally agree
15.	I will use it in the future.								
	totally disagree	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	totally agree

