

## FET-based charge sensor for organs-on-chip with in-situ electrode decoration

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# FET-BASED CHARGE SENSOR FOR ORGANS-ON-CHIP WITH IN-SITU ELECTRODE DECORATION

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### Cell culturing in petri dishes



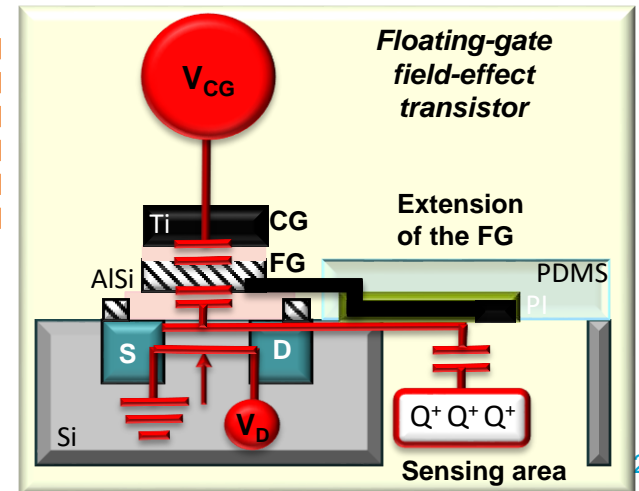
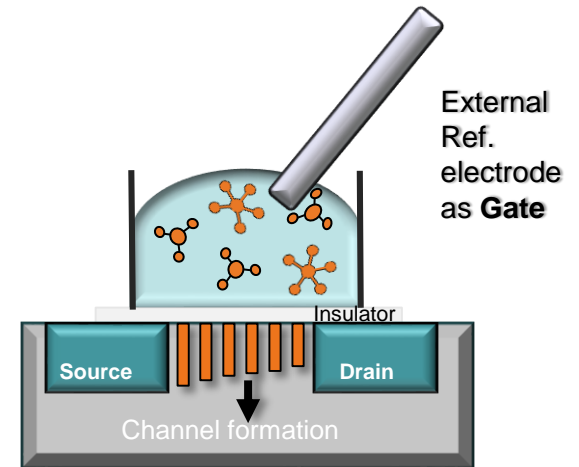
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### Animal Models



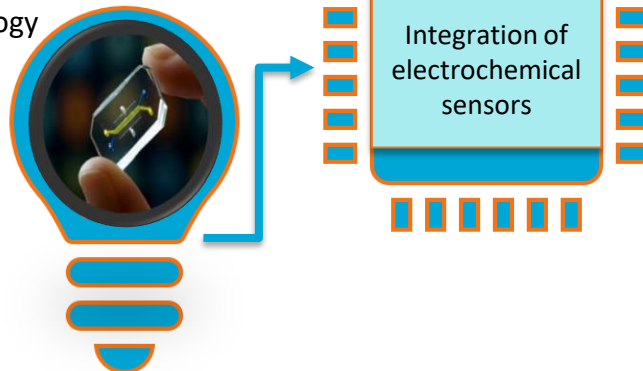
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<https://www.shutterstock.com/image-photo/culturing-cells-tissue-culture-plates-216981568>

### Ion-sensitive FET



### Organs-on-Chip

Dynamic tissue culturing devices mimicking human (patho)physiology



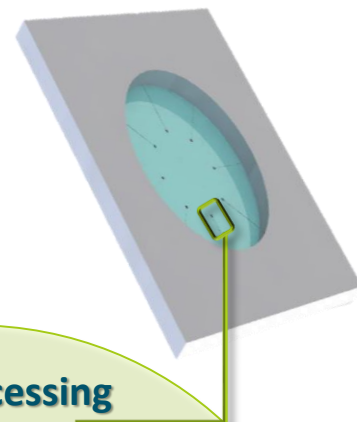
Source: Wyss Institute at Harvard University

1. Cell cultures & Organs-on-chips
2. E-chemical FETs
3. FET-based charge sensor
4. Conclusion

*Front side*



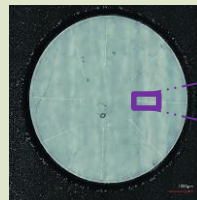
*Back side*



## Silicon-Polymer hybrid OoC device

- X External ref. electrode
- ✓ Control-Gate
- ✓ CMOS-compatible
- ✓ Transparent
- ✓ Bio-compatible
- ✓ Electrical performance

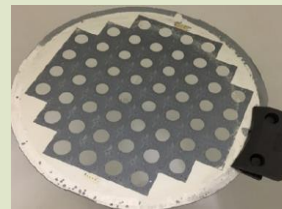
### CMOS-Compatible Fabrication



*Back side of 1 chip*

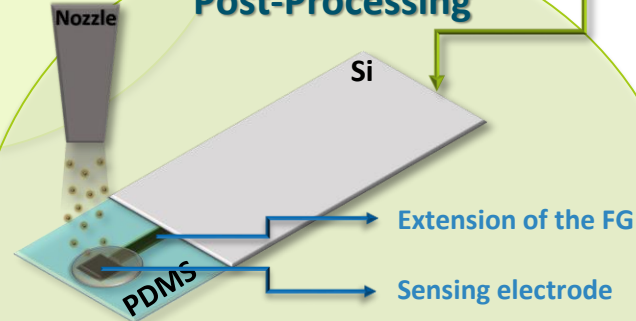


*Extension electrode*



*Wafer-scale fabrication*

### Post-Processing



**Spark ablation to decorate the sensing electrode with Au nanoparticle film.**

- ✓ Fast,
- ✓ Local,
- ✓ Does not damage the PDMS membrane

1. Cell cultures  
& Organs-on-chips

2. E-chemical FETs

3. FET-based  
charge sensor

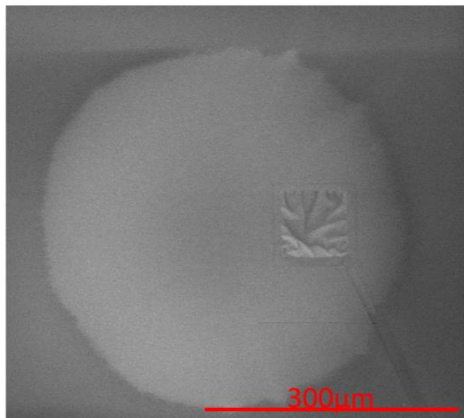
4. Conclusion

1. Cell cultures  
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2. E-chemical FETs

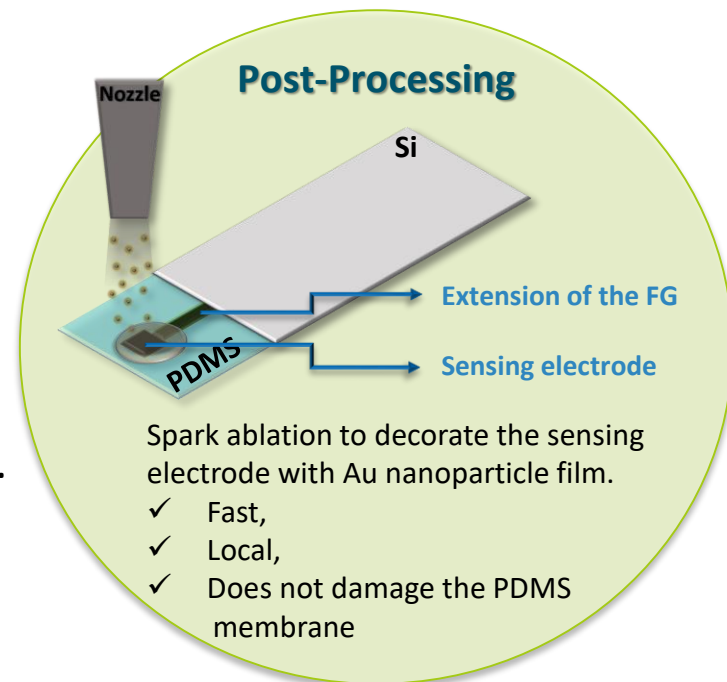
3. FET-based  
charge sensor

4. Conclusion



SEM micrograph of the locally deposited Au film of one of the sensing electrodes.

- Up to **3-fold better sensitivity** for poly-l-Isine compared to electrodes without Au decoration.



# Conclusion

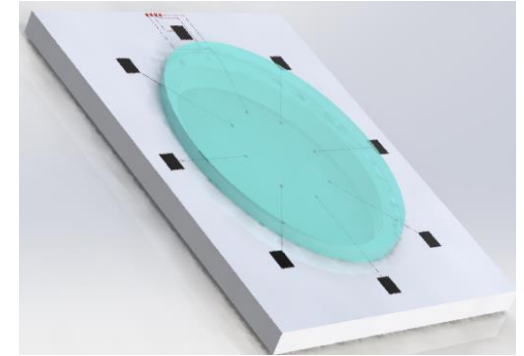
1. Cell cultures  
& Organs-on-chips

2. E-chemical FETs

3. FET-based  
charge sensor

4. Conclusion

- **A novel and extremely compact FG-FET-based electrochemical sensor for OoC applications [1]:**
  - No need for external reference electrode
  - Combines benefits of silicon and polymers
  - Ability to work as a biosensor
- **Spark ablation successfully amplified the surface of the sensing electrodes with thin nanoporous Au films**
  - Fast post-processing
  - Spatially-selective patterning
  - No need for lithography
  - No damage to the polymer membranes (tissue culturing area)





Thank you!