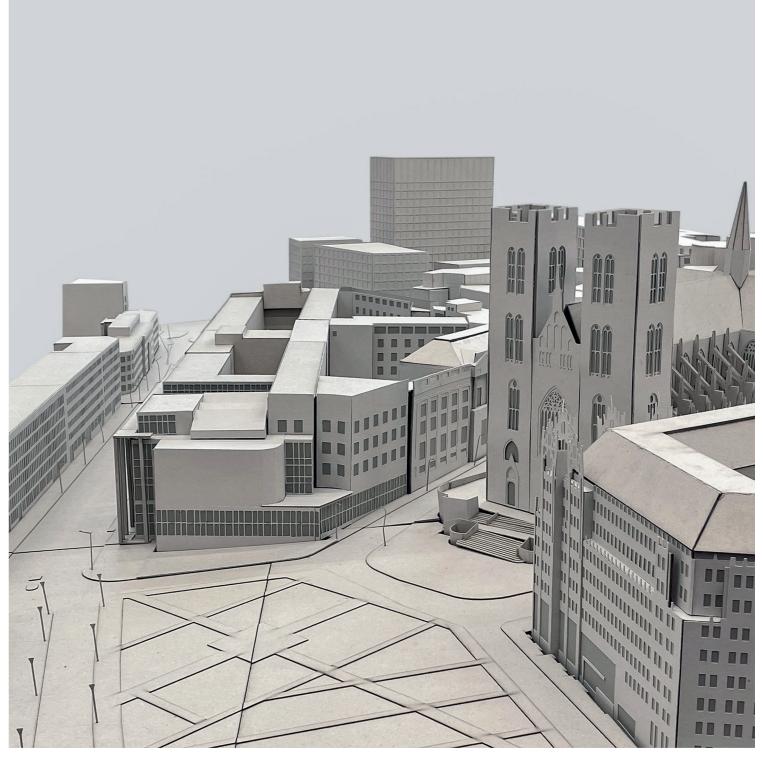
the future bank: a new face in the city allowing for unconventional permeable spaces within a vast urban block

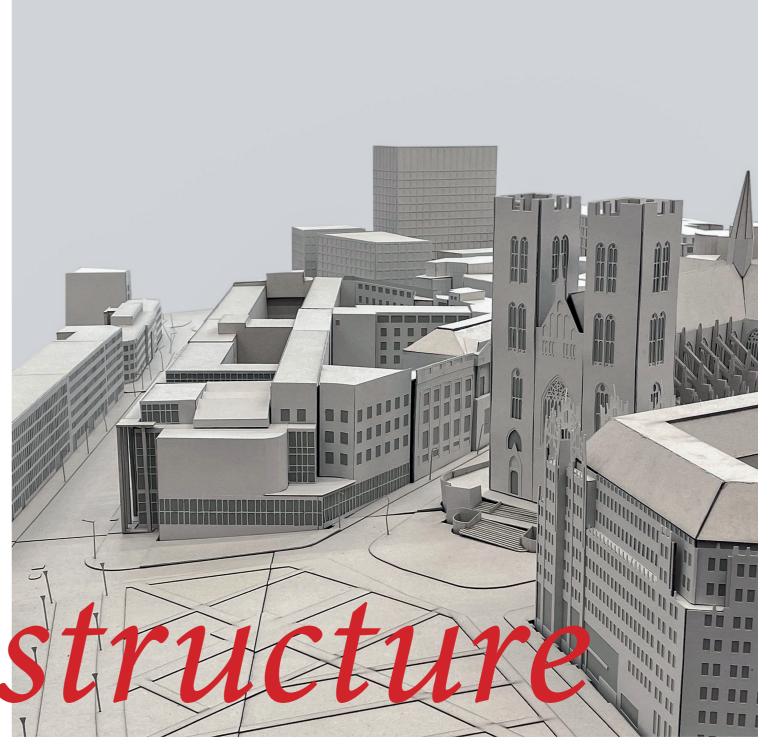




the future bank: a new face in the city

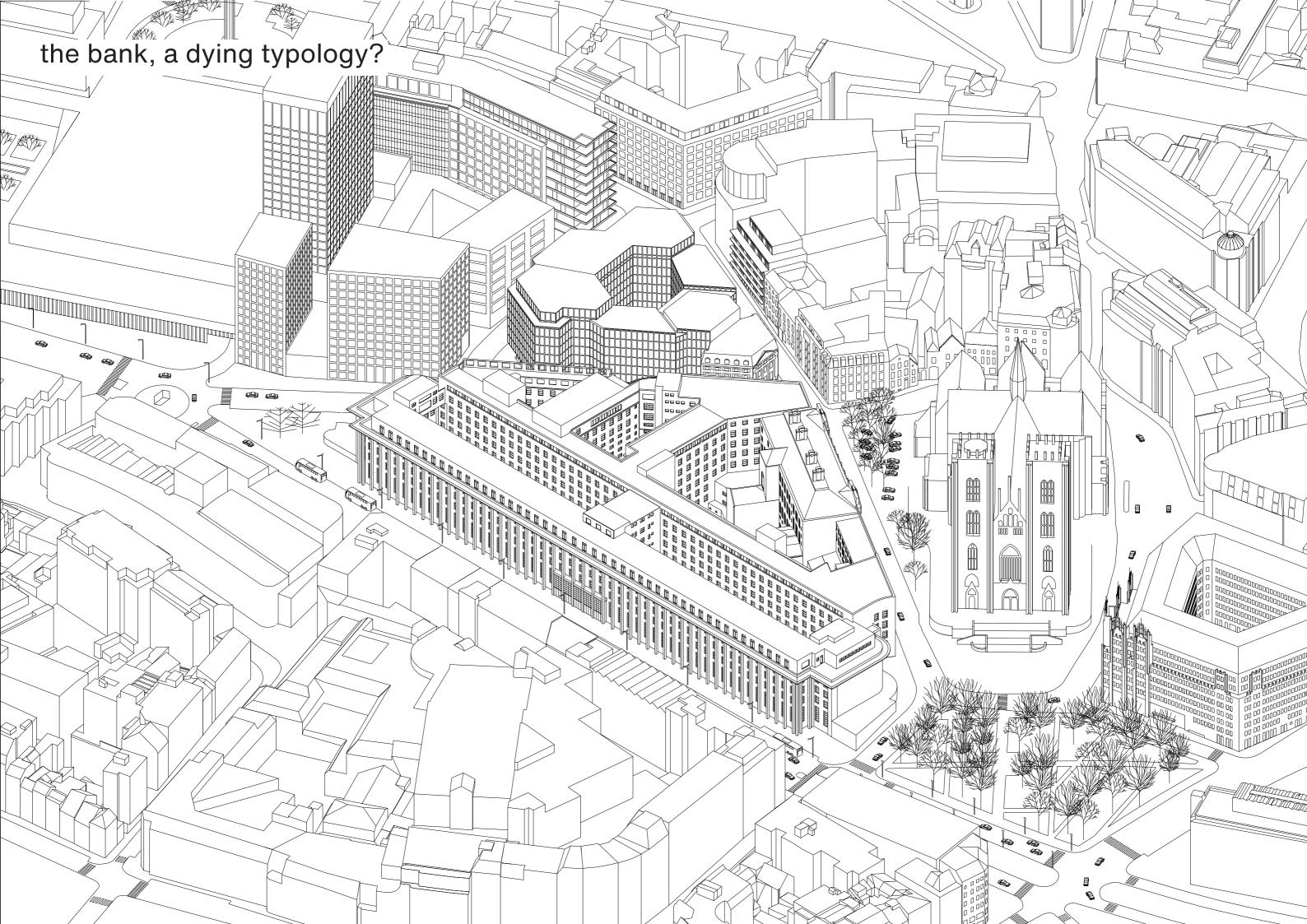
allowing for unconventional permeable spaces within a vast urban block



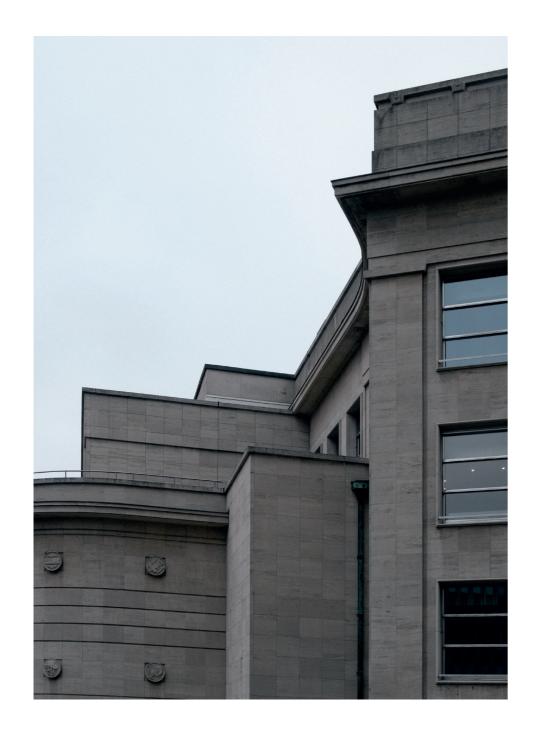


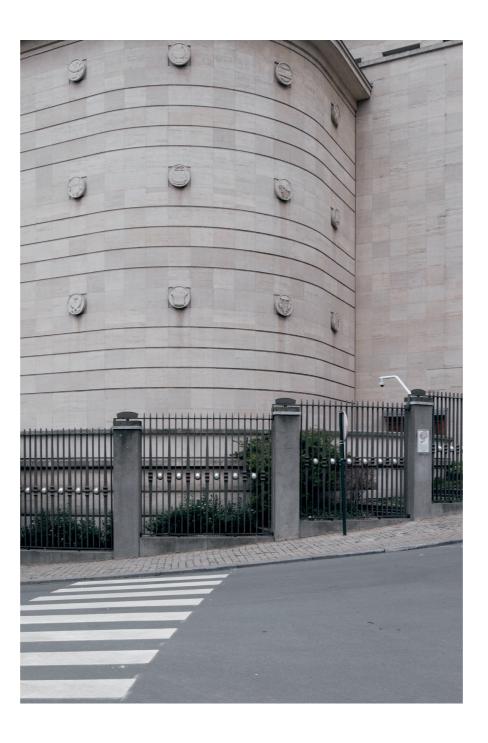






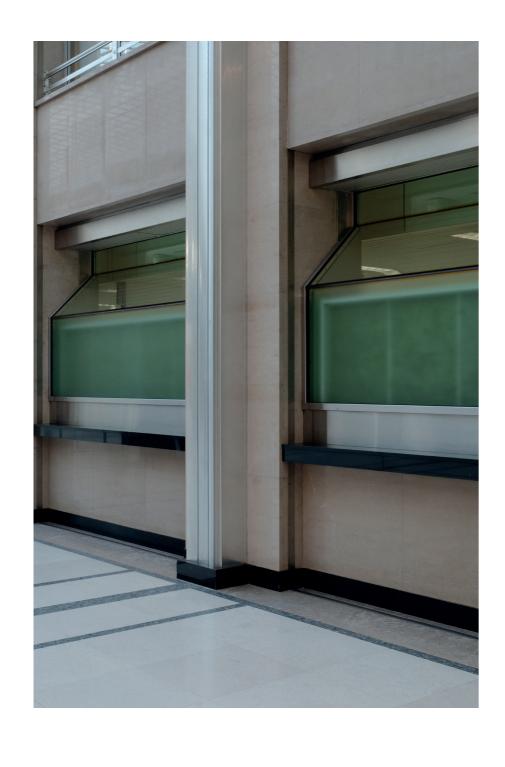
the national bank

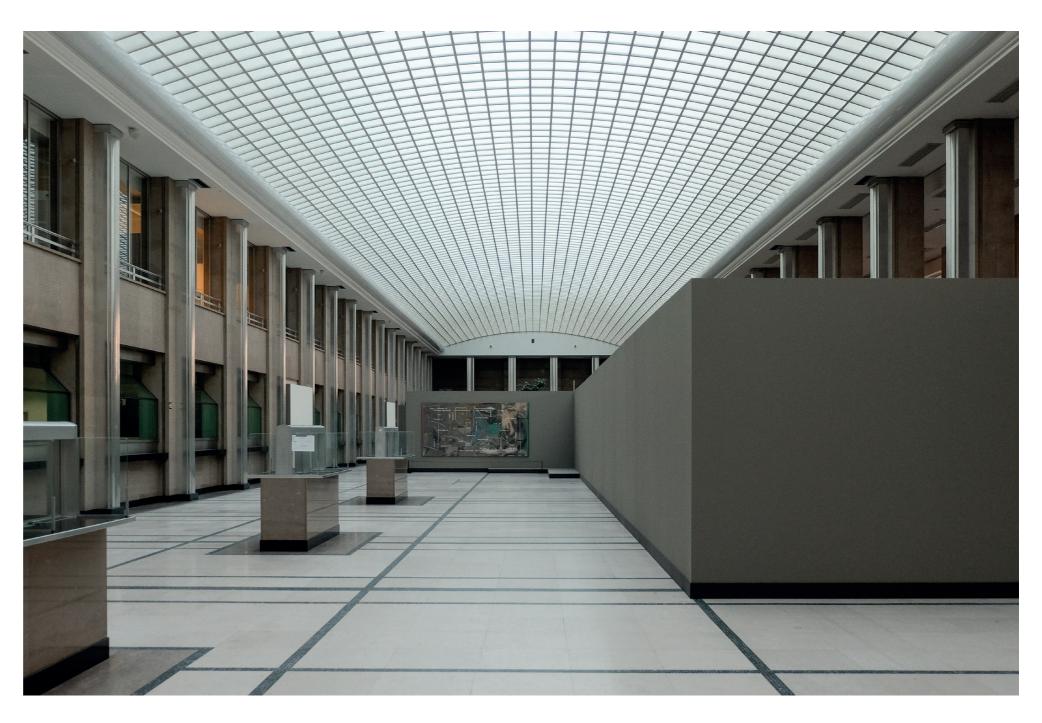






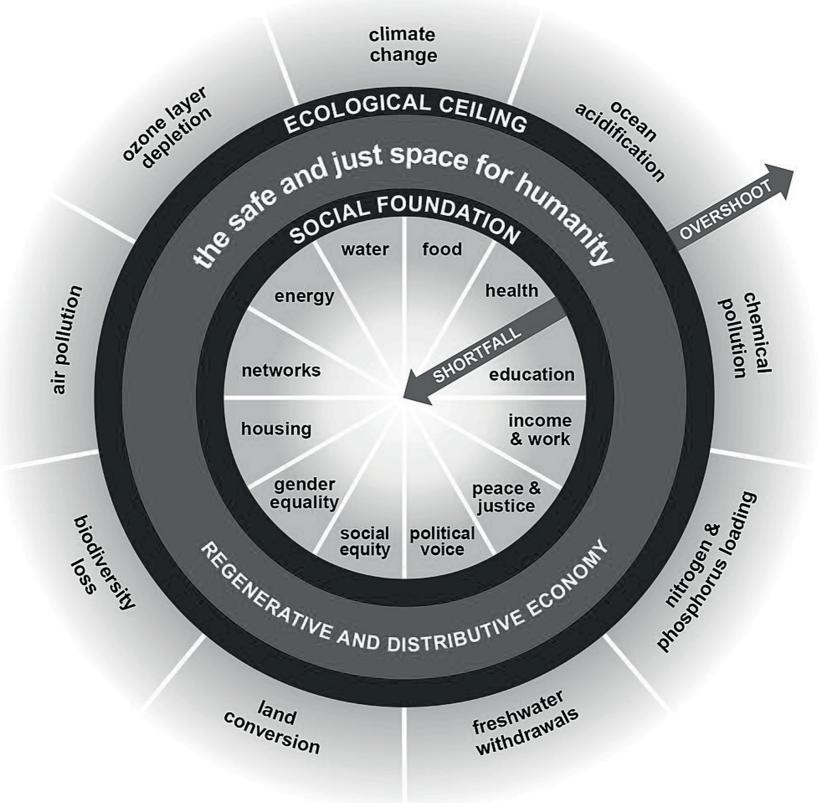
the national bank





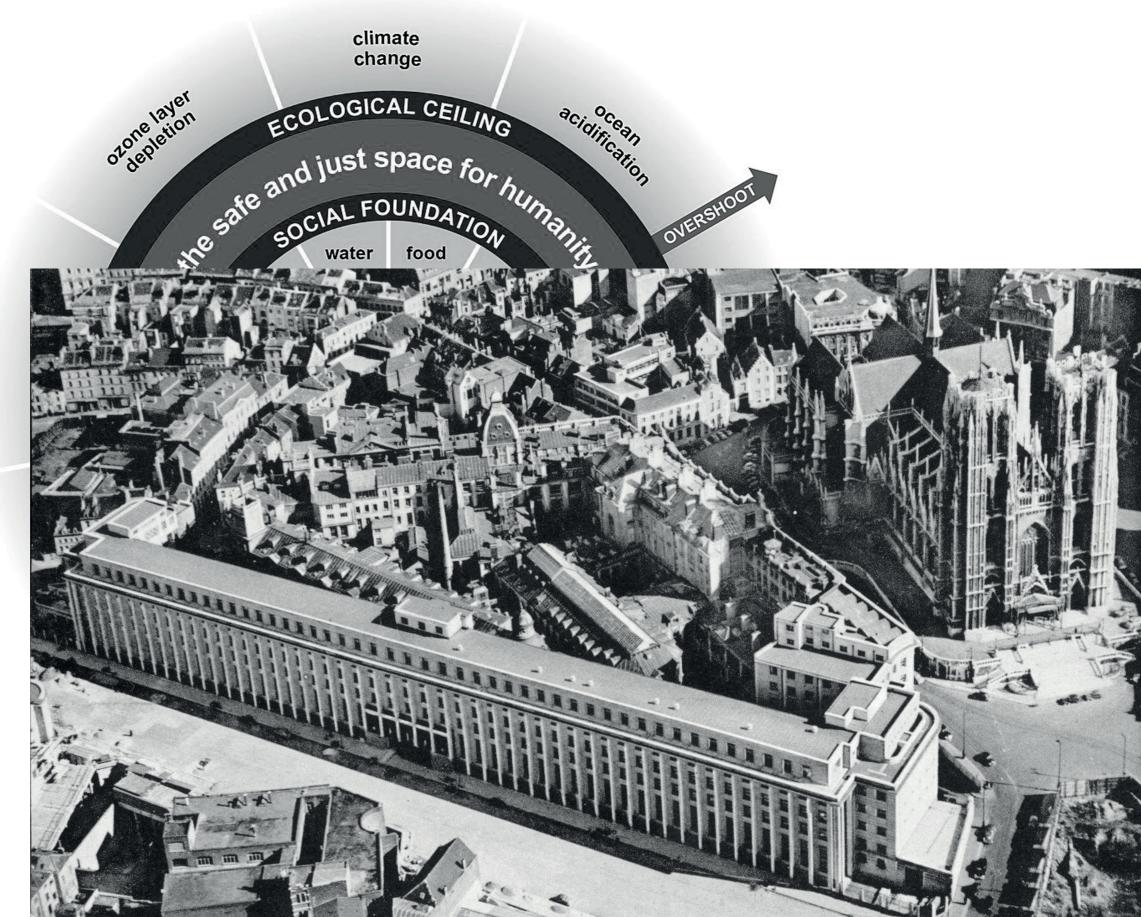
a doughnut economy

brussels has declared itself a doughnut economy, and is moving away from traditional forms of economics



a doughnut economy

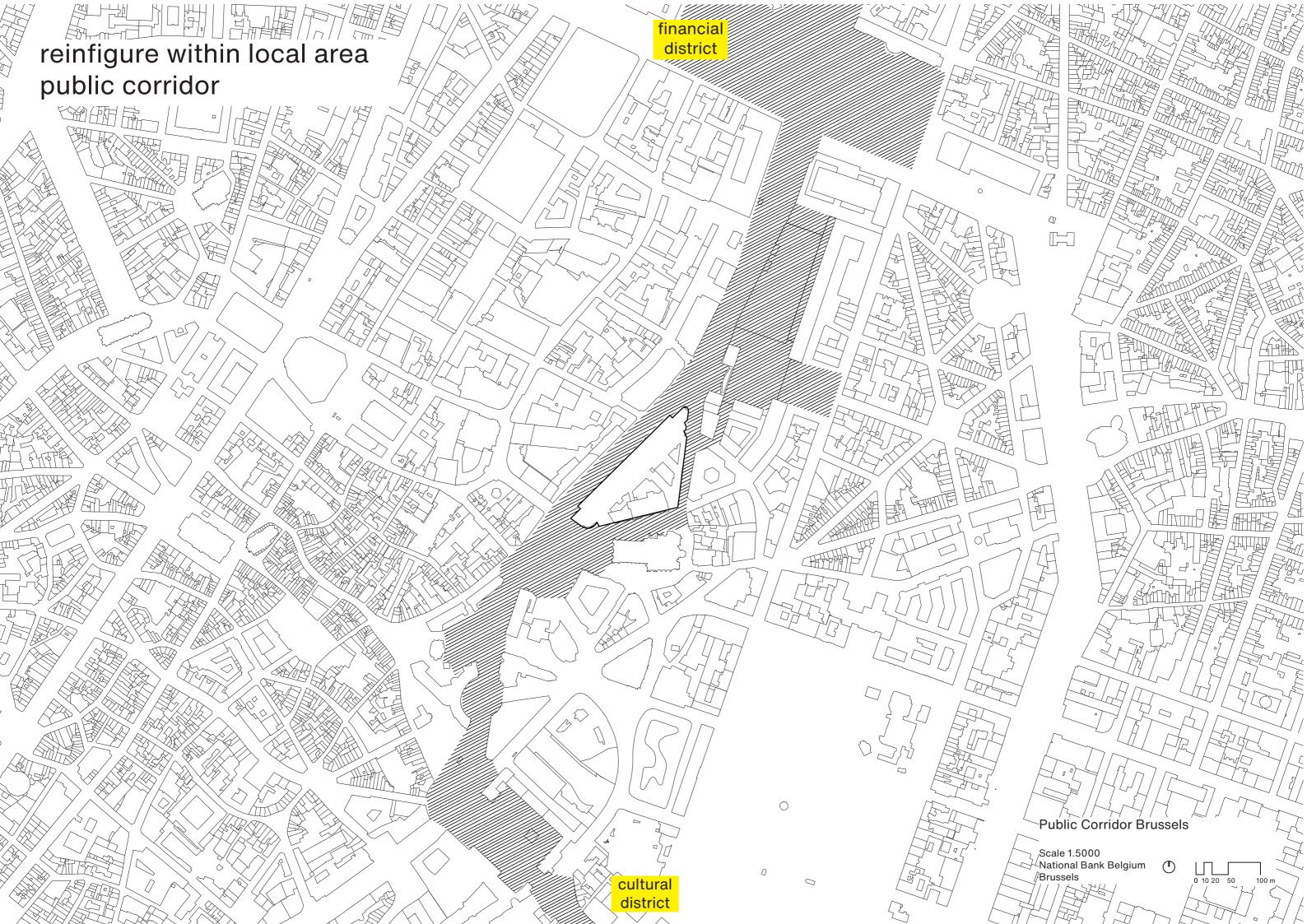
brussels has declared itself a doughnut economy, and is moving away from traditional forms of economics



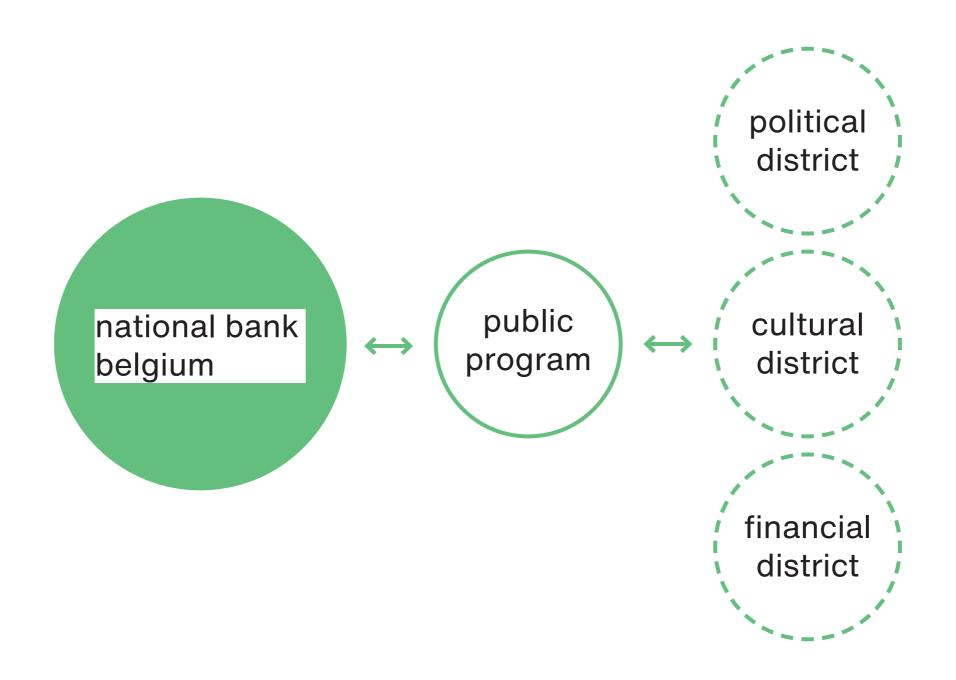
the social plinth

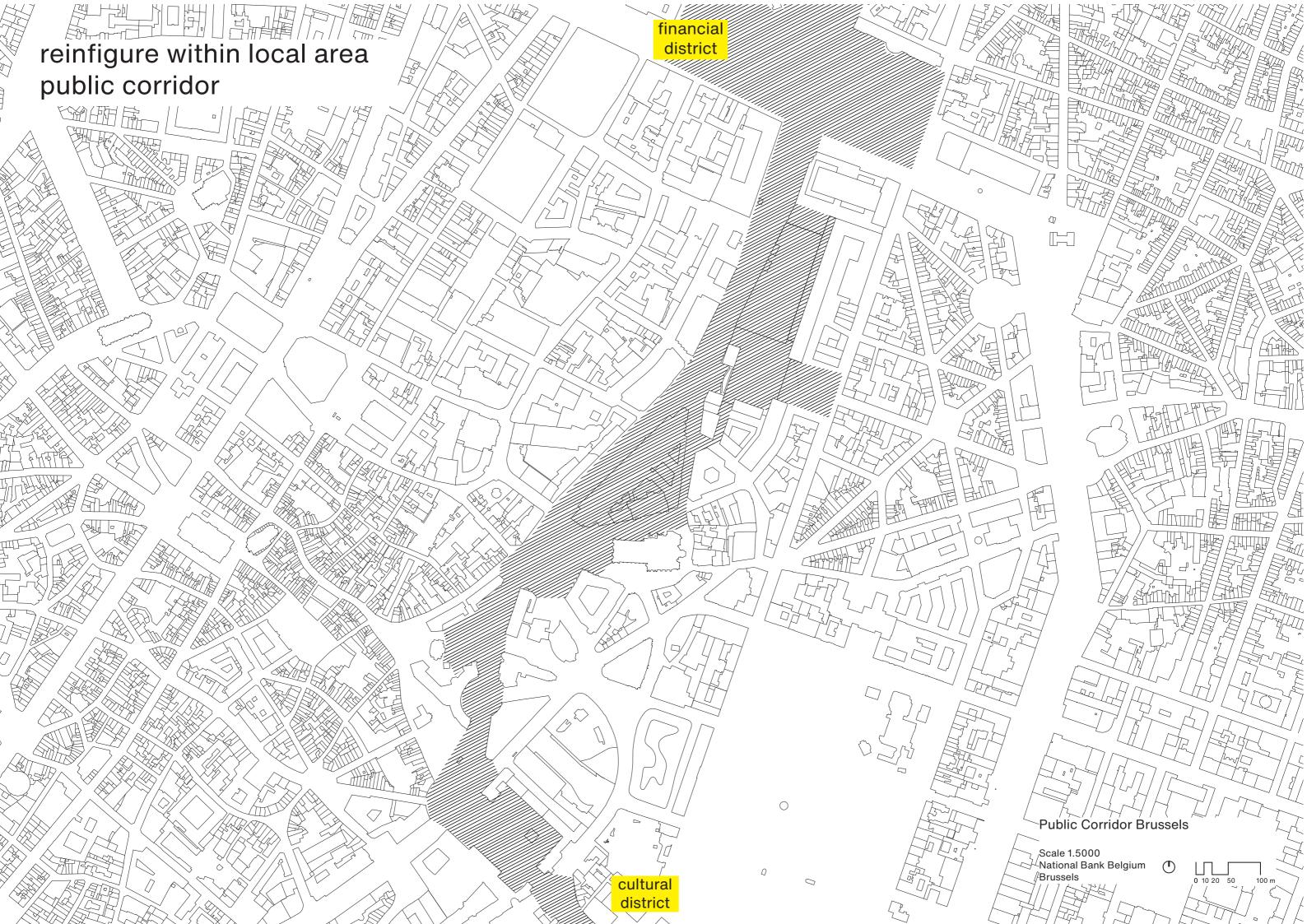
a series of grassroute movements counteracting the heavy facade by creating intimite spaces within the collonade

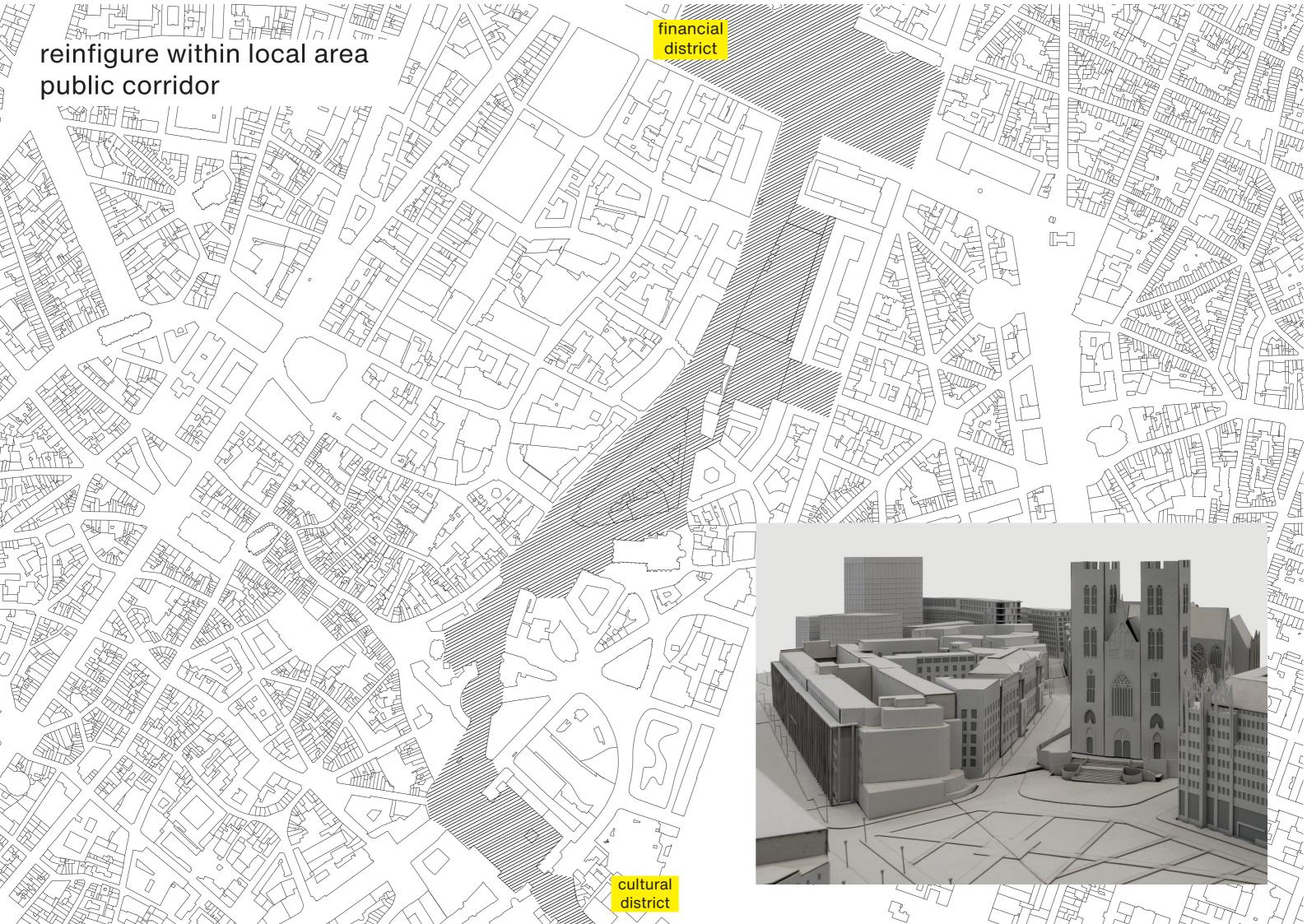


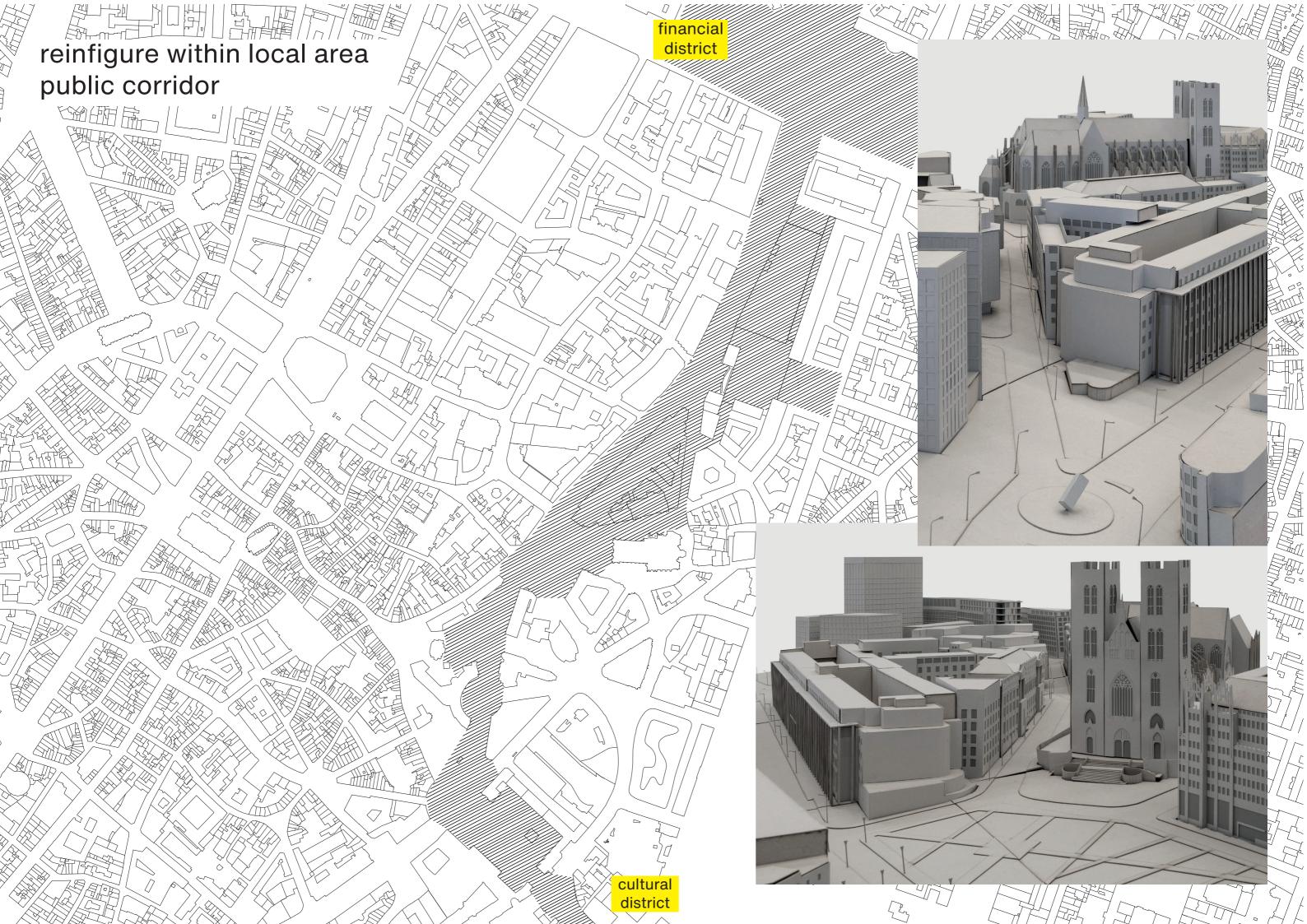


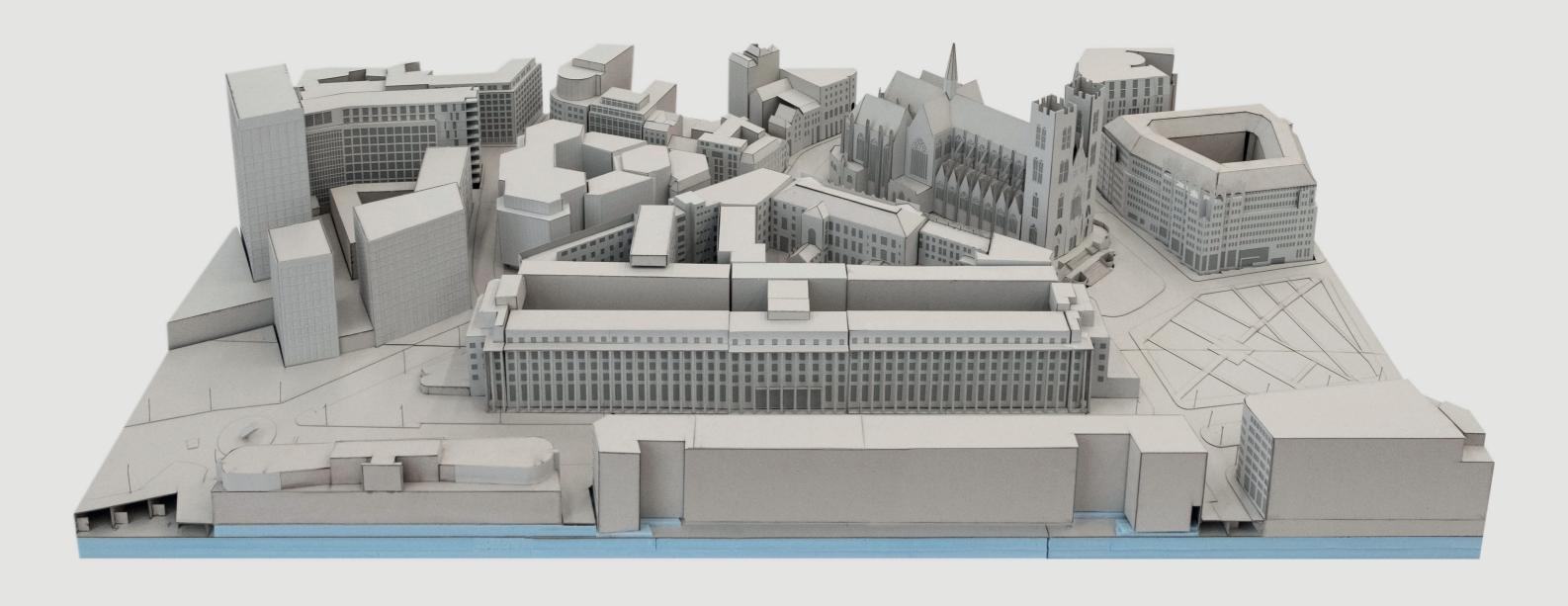
embedded in the public corridor

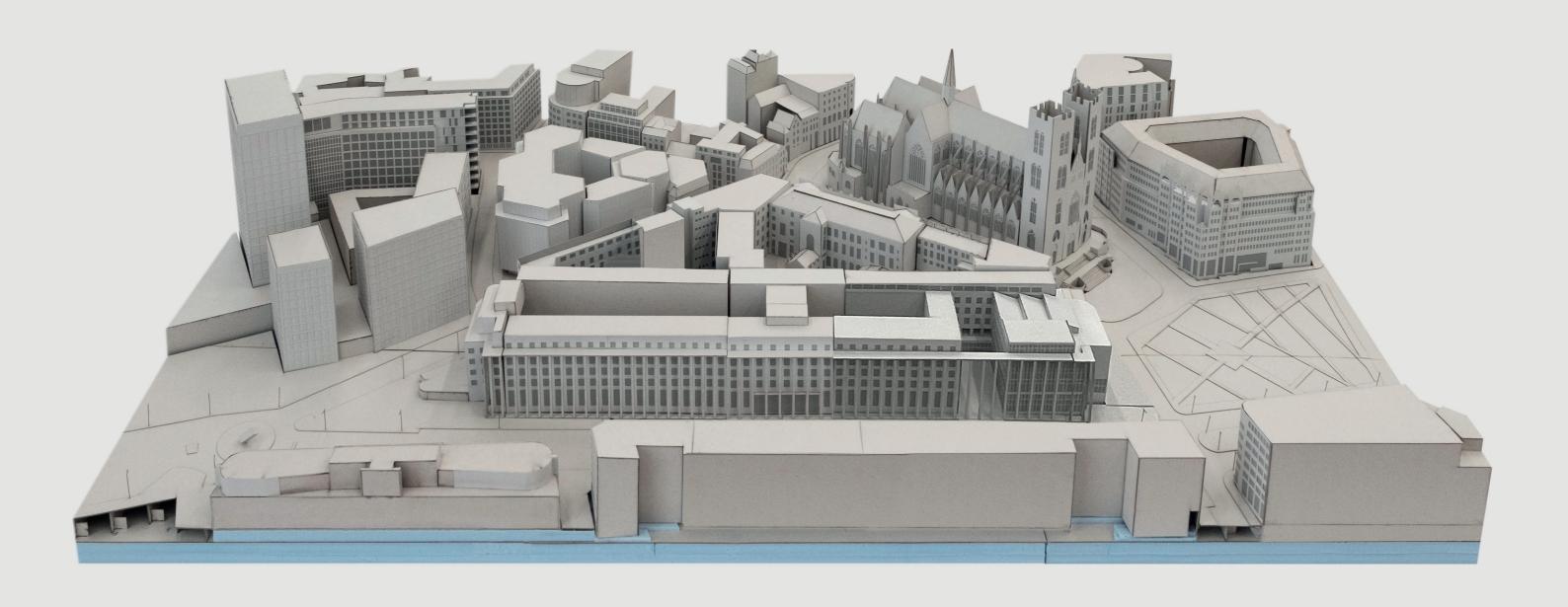






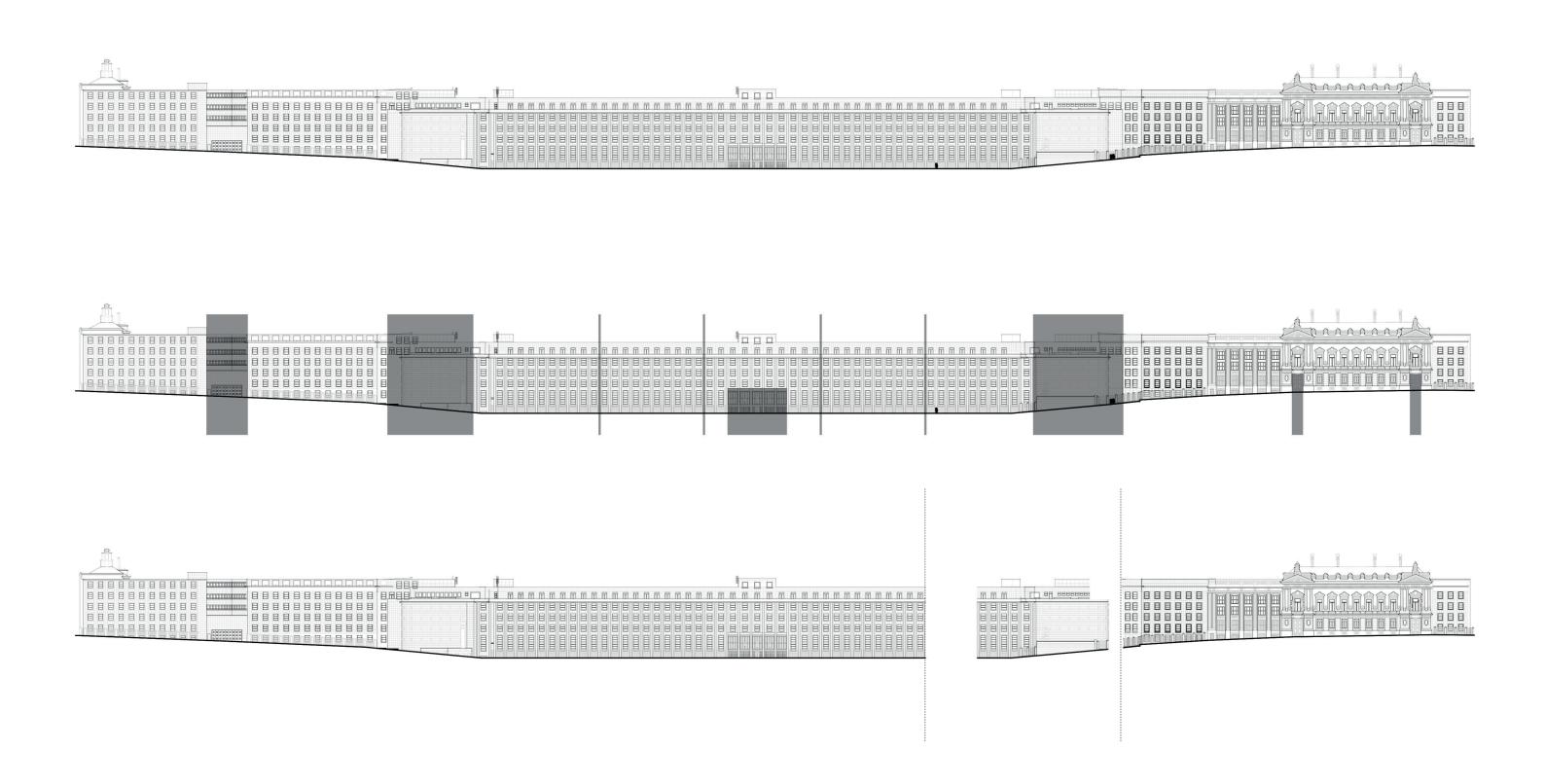


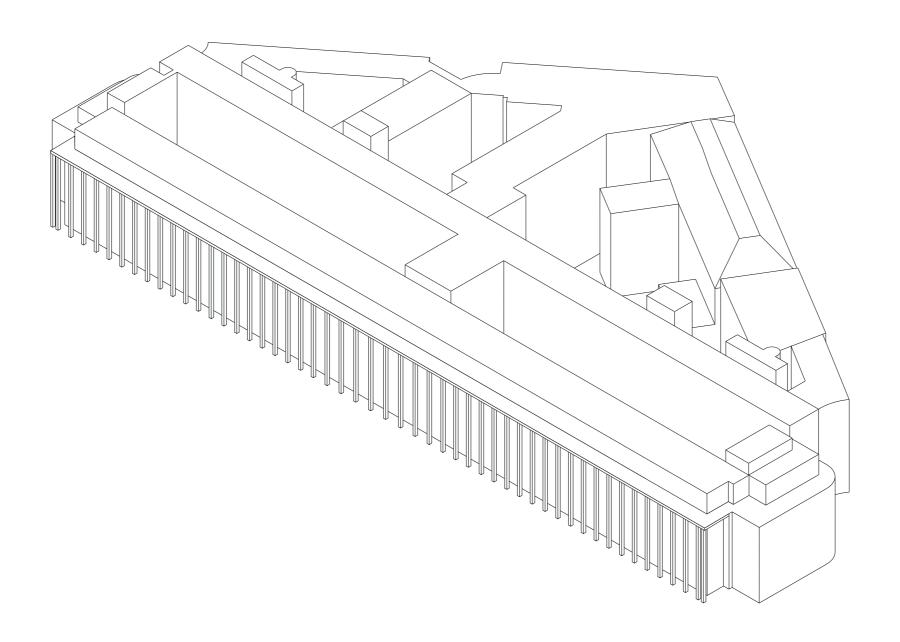


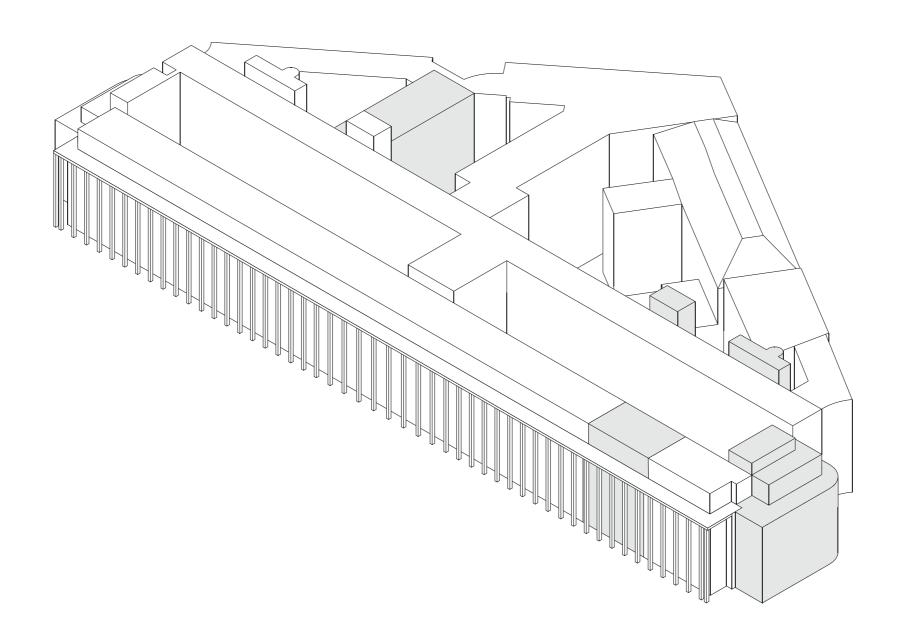


facade stitch [cuts]

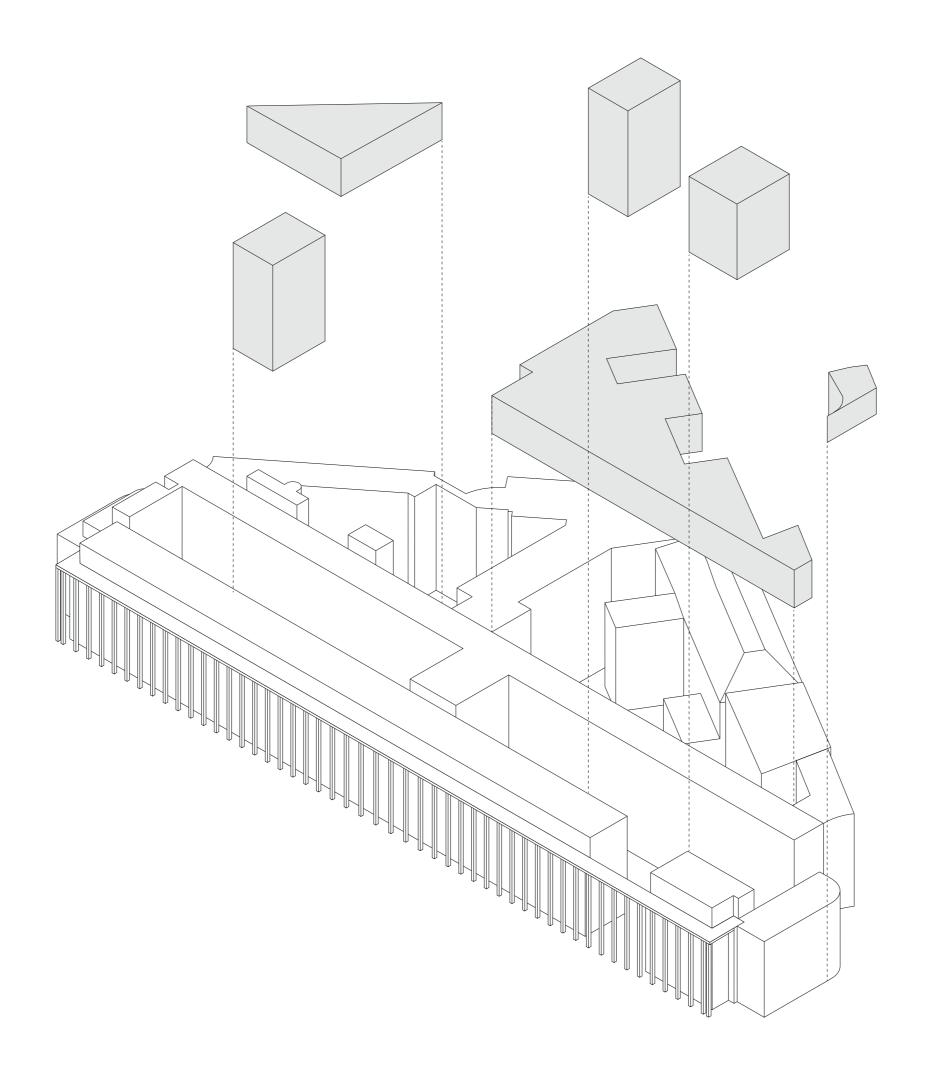
where is it possible to make cuts? and how? how to deal with the 200m long facade?

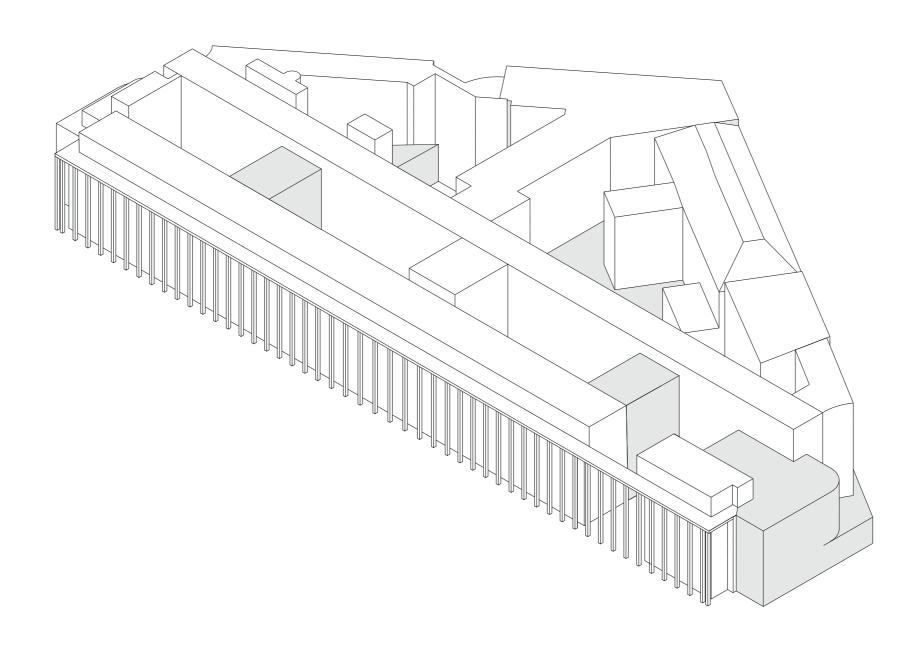






adding





proposal

a national bank: a financial and public institution aiming for a more open relationship with its city.

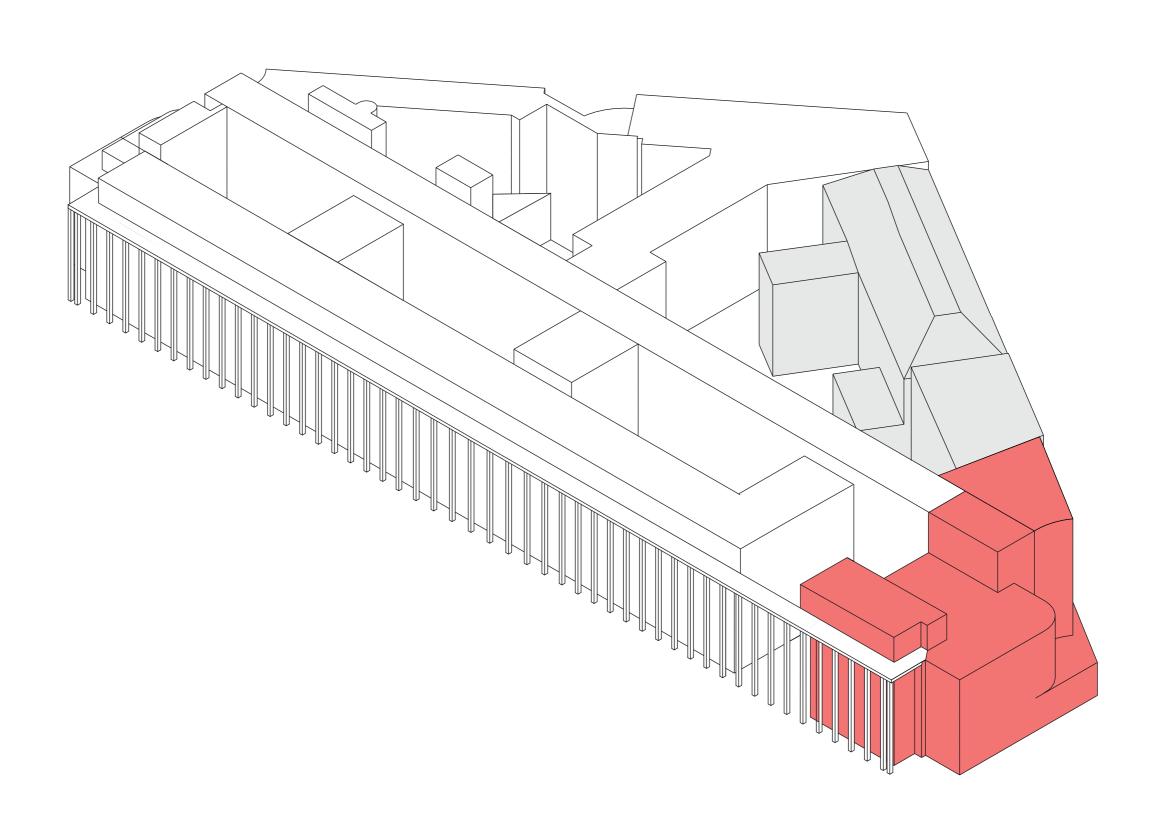
the future democratized bank is aiming to be more permeable and offer a platform for the public. it is proposed the building reinvents itself in organization and attitude towards itself and its surroundings.

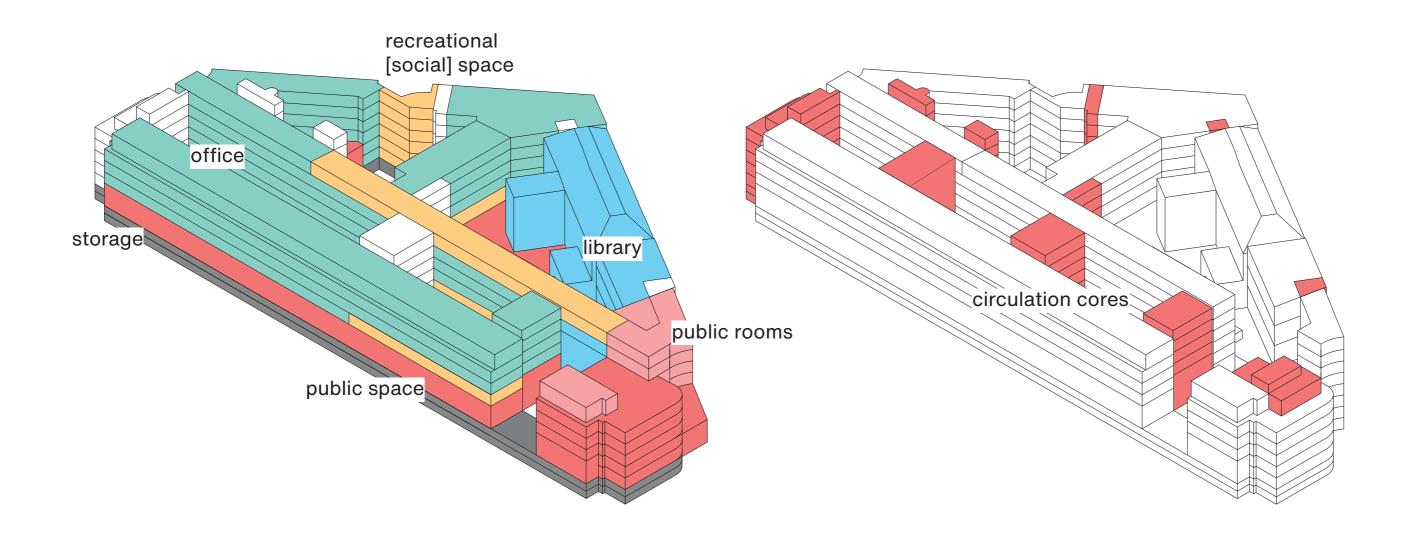
an educational centre: educational and scientific auxiliary institution that organizes the public use of published works. an extension of the bank: the knowledge bank.

it is proposed to be a building that activates the city and raises awareness. at the same time the building should function as a practical educator on economics, language, climate and other societal topics.

a cultural hybrid: a building wich aims to re-establish a connection between upper and lower brussels, between the citizens and the institutions.

brussels is a city with cultural significance. but to be an open city means that "everyone receives sufficient chances for personal development and for climbing up the social ladder. traning, employement and housing are therefore the key sectors."



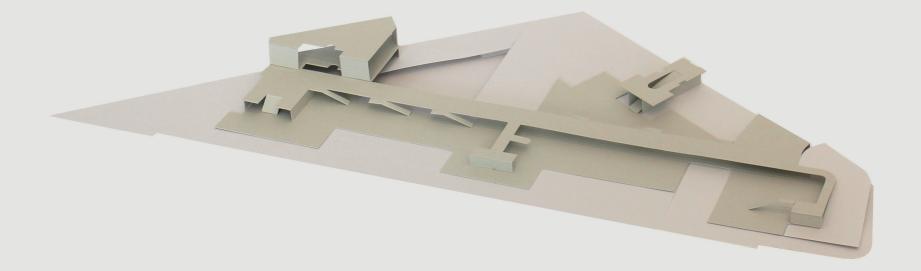


the spine 'that has things'

the public space within the building guides the public along different routes through the building

the spine along which <mark>city life</mark> happens is the big connecter within the building

on both sides public program is added and the ground floor is elevated with public rooms and spaces to break open the vast structures of the building



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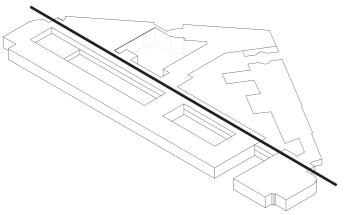
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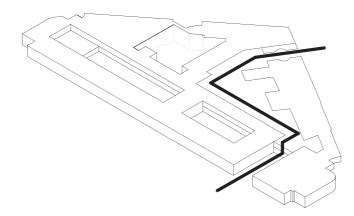
public routes

leadnig along the public corridor and softening the boundary between upper and lower brussels: an open and inviting

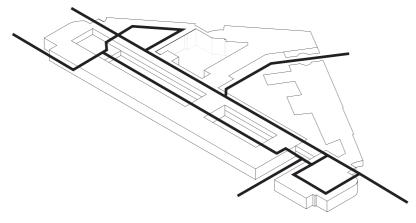
structure



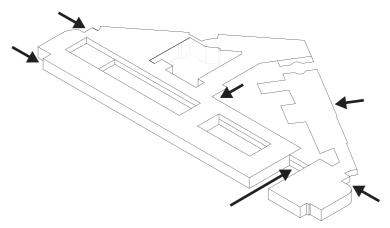
(1) mezzanine route



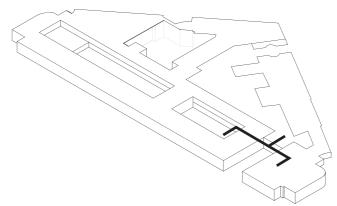
(2) upper-lower route



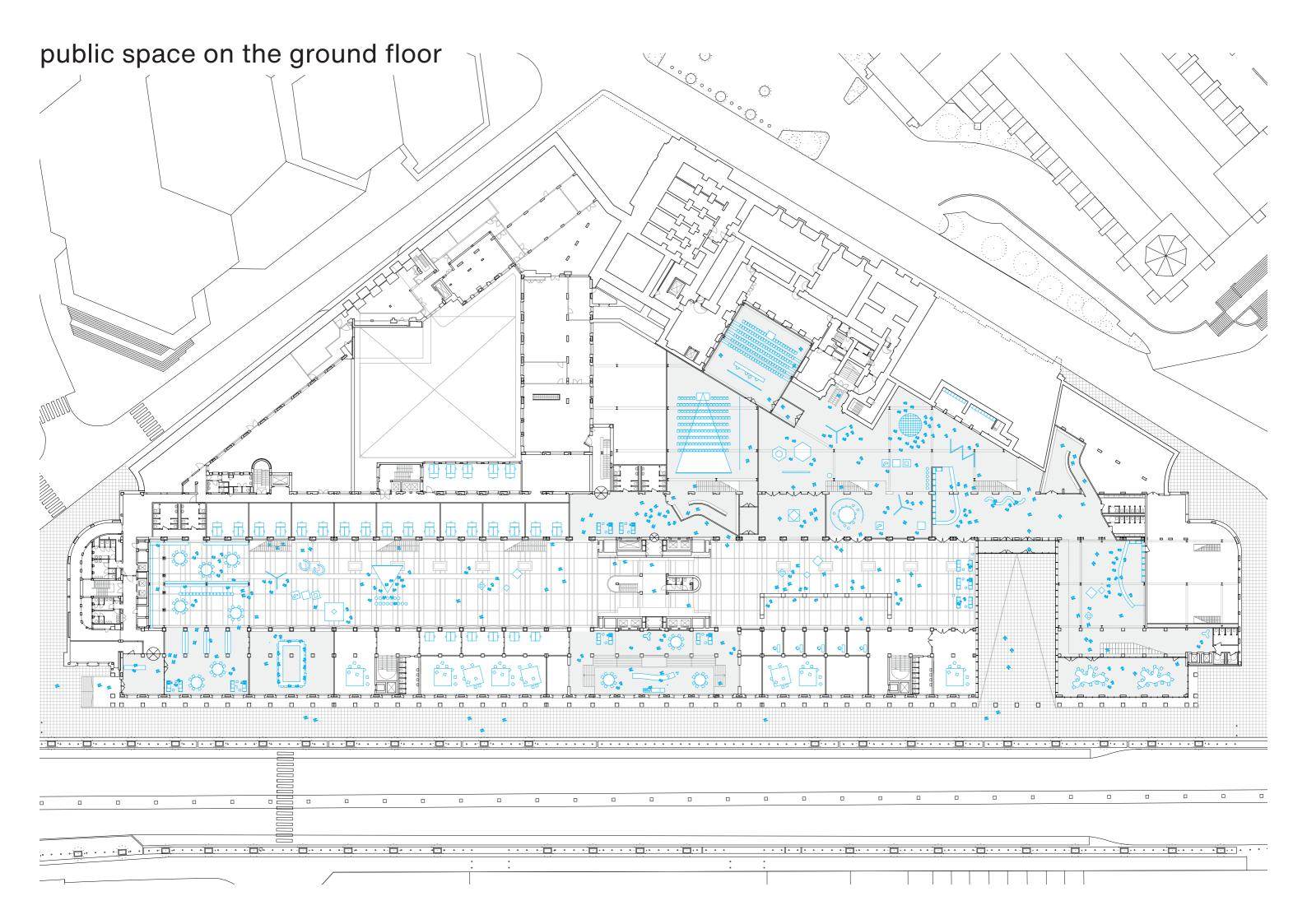
(3) a network of routes



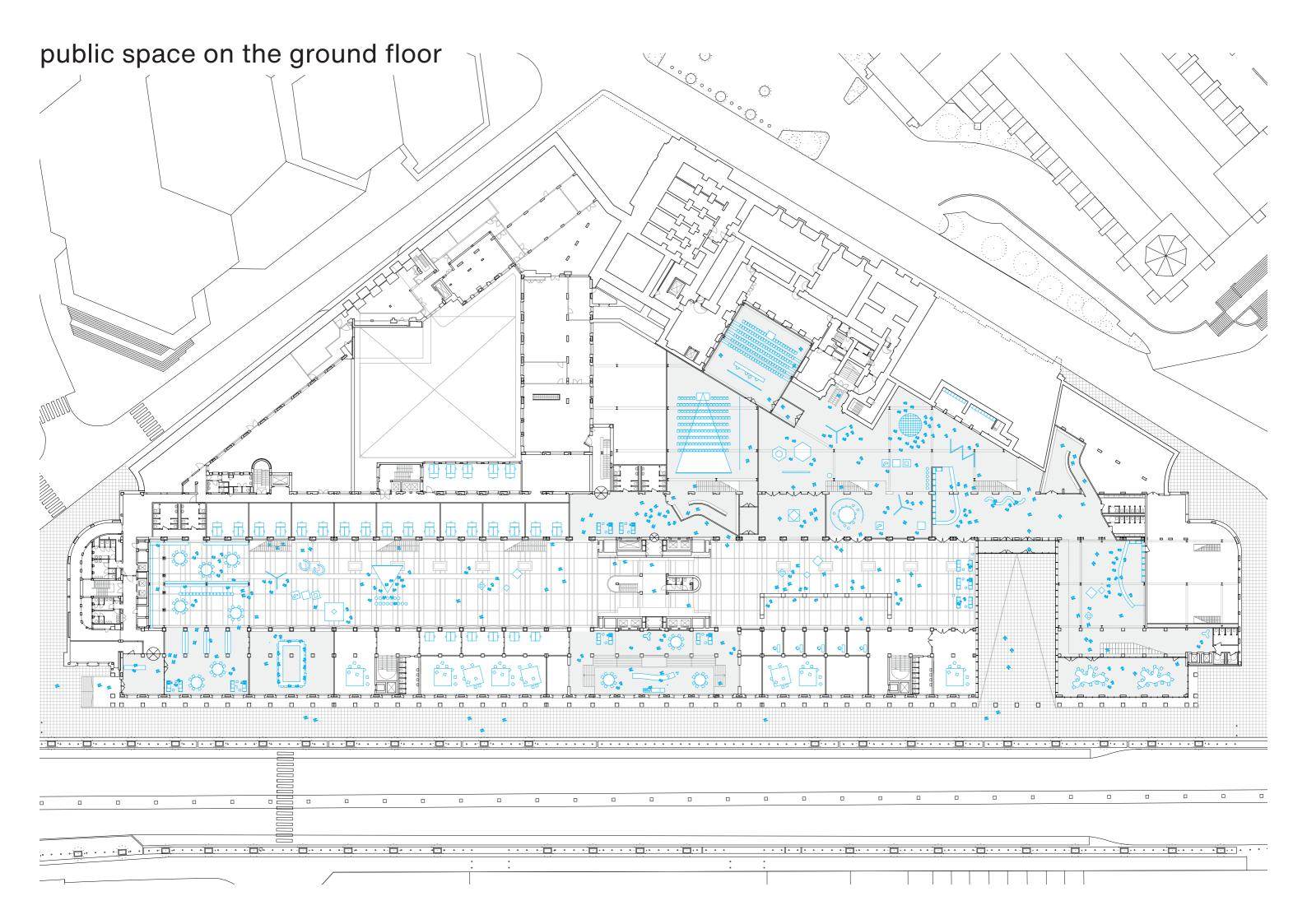
(4) entrances



(5) main entrance

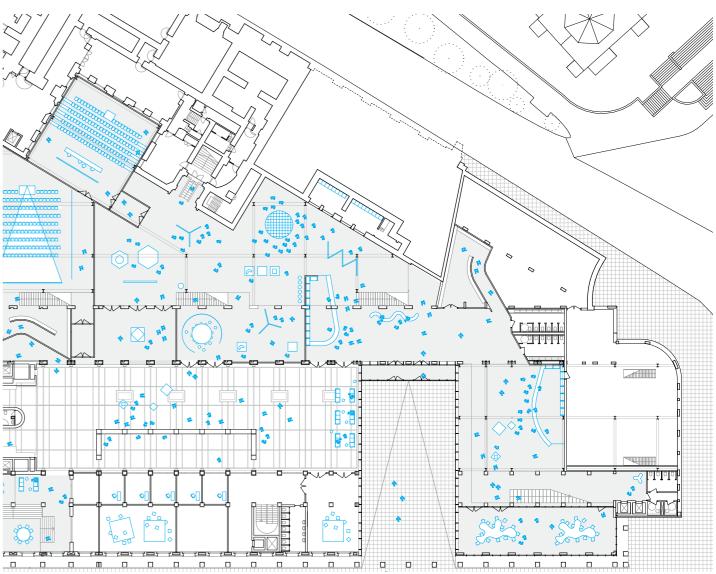




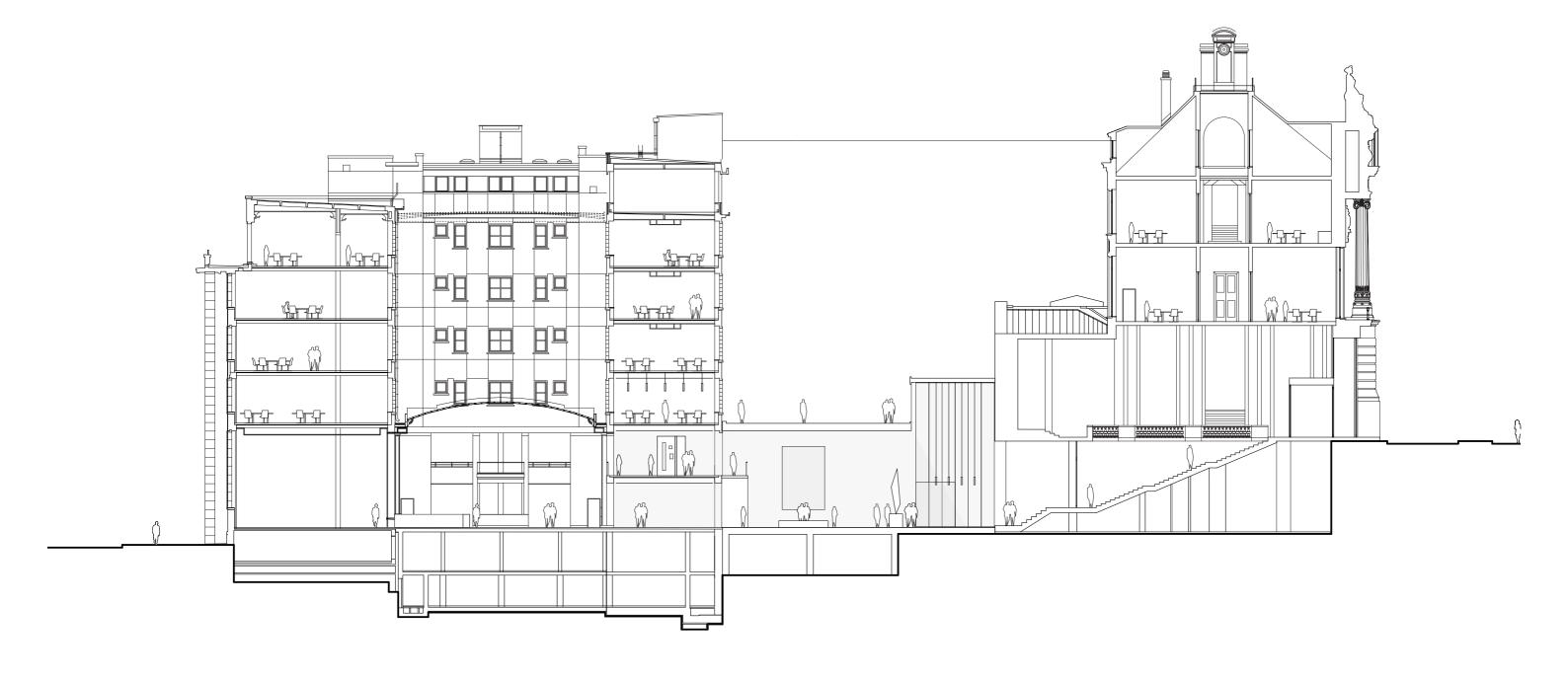


the exhibition space



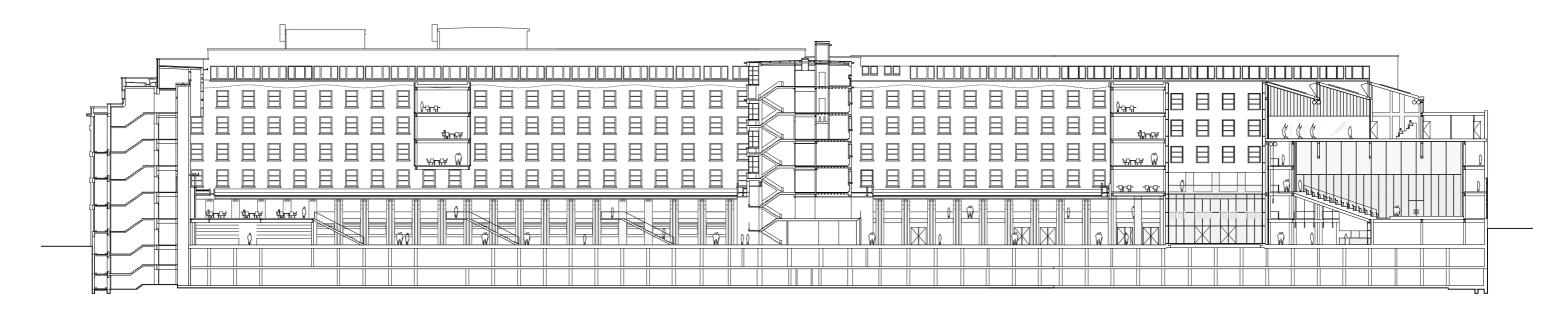


the relation between the hotel and the bank - sectional shift



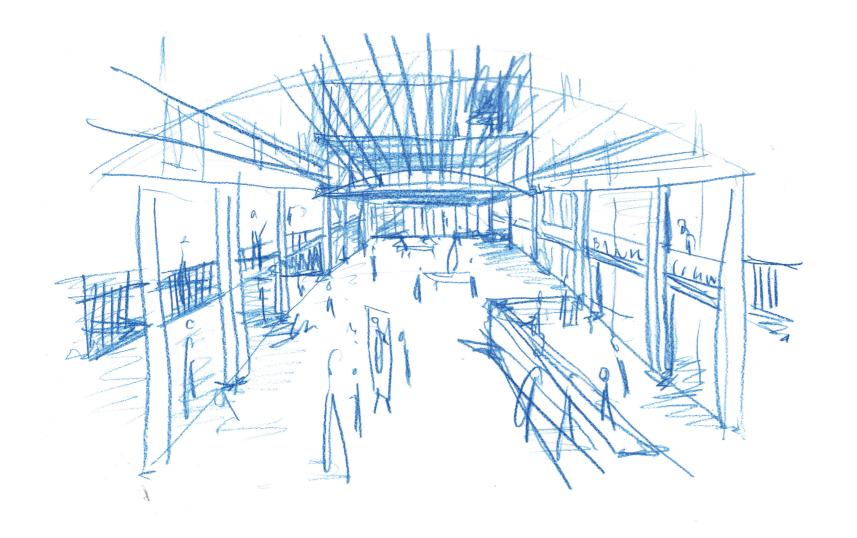


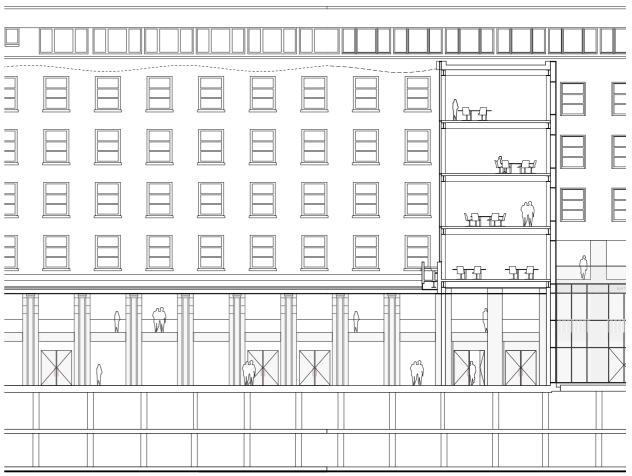
the banking hall

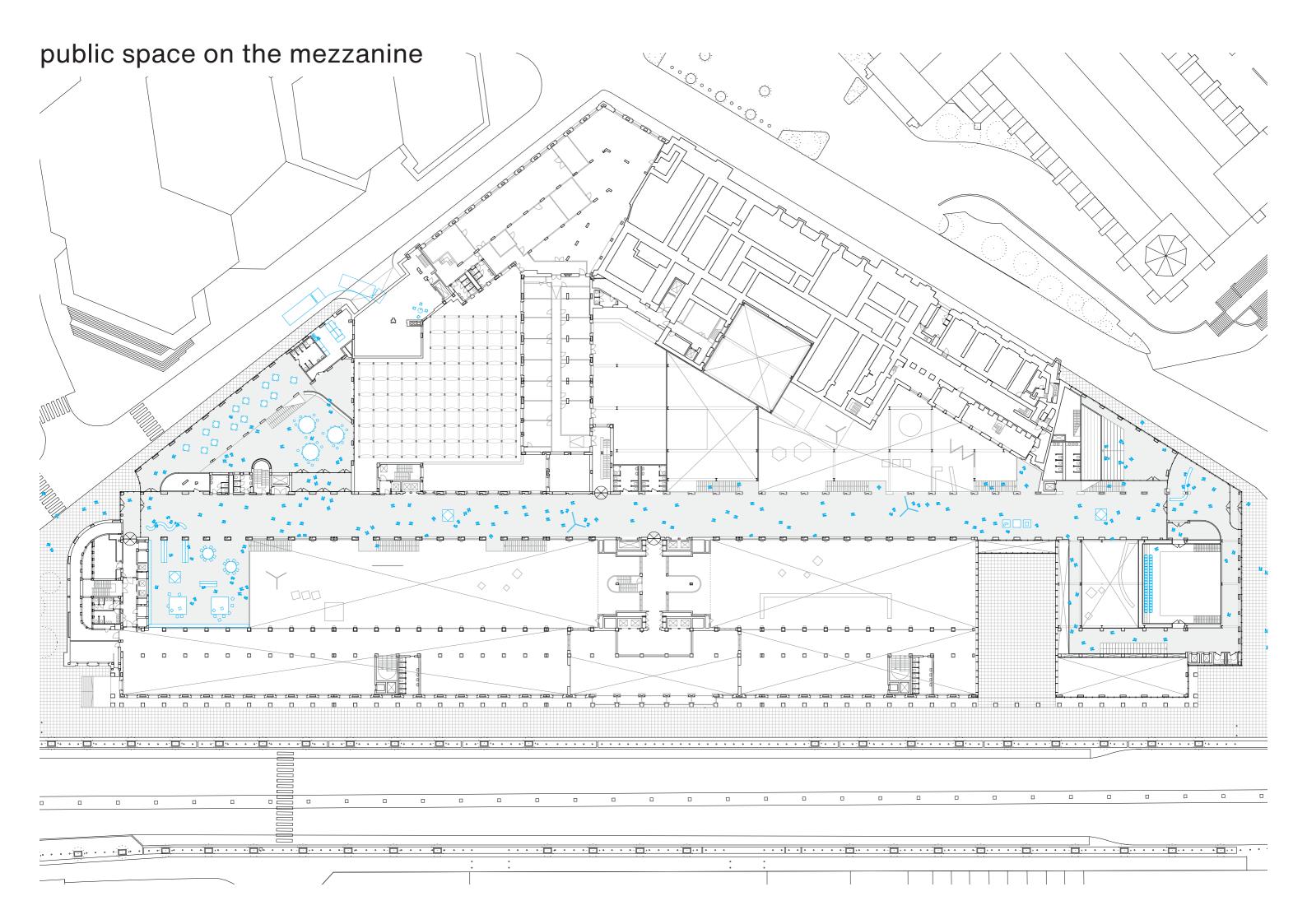


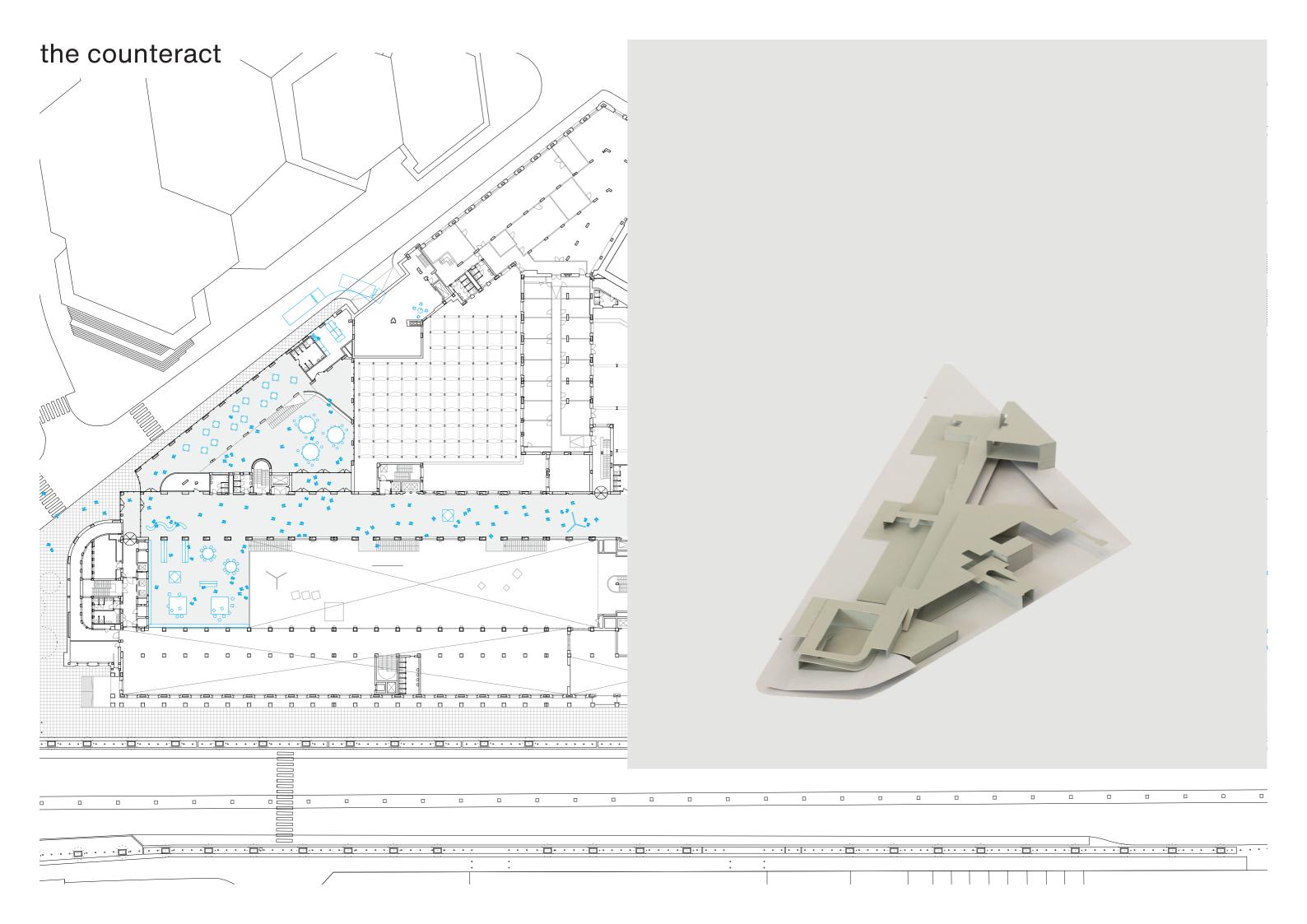


the banking hall



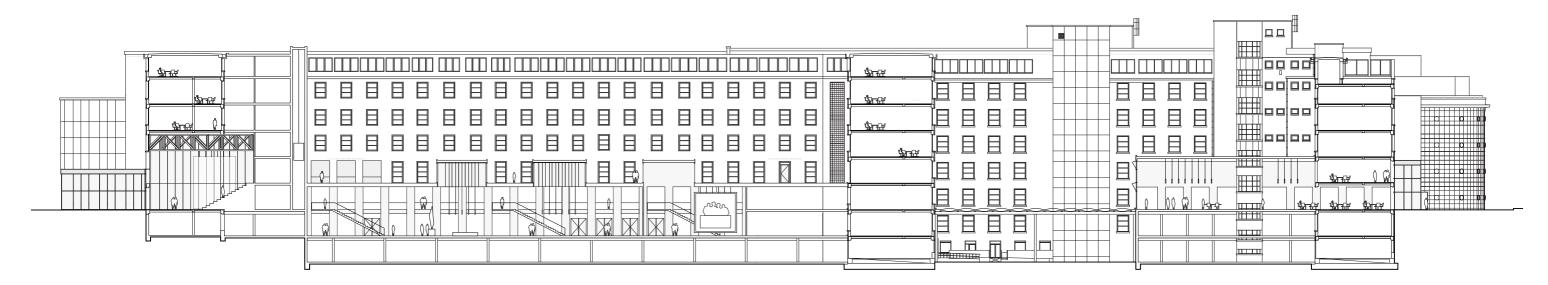






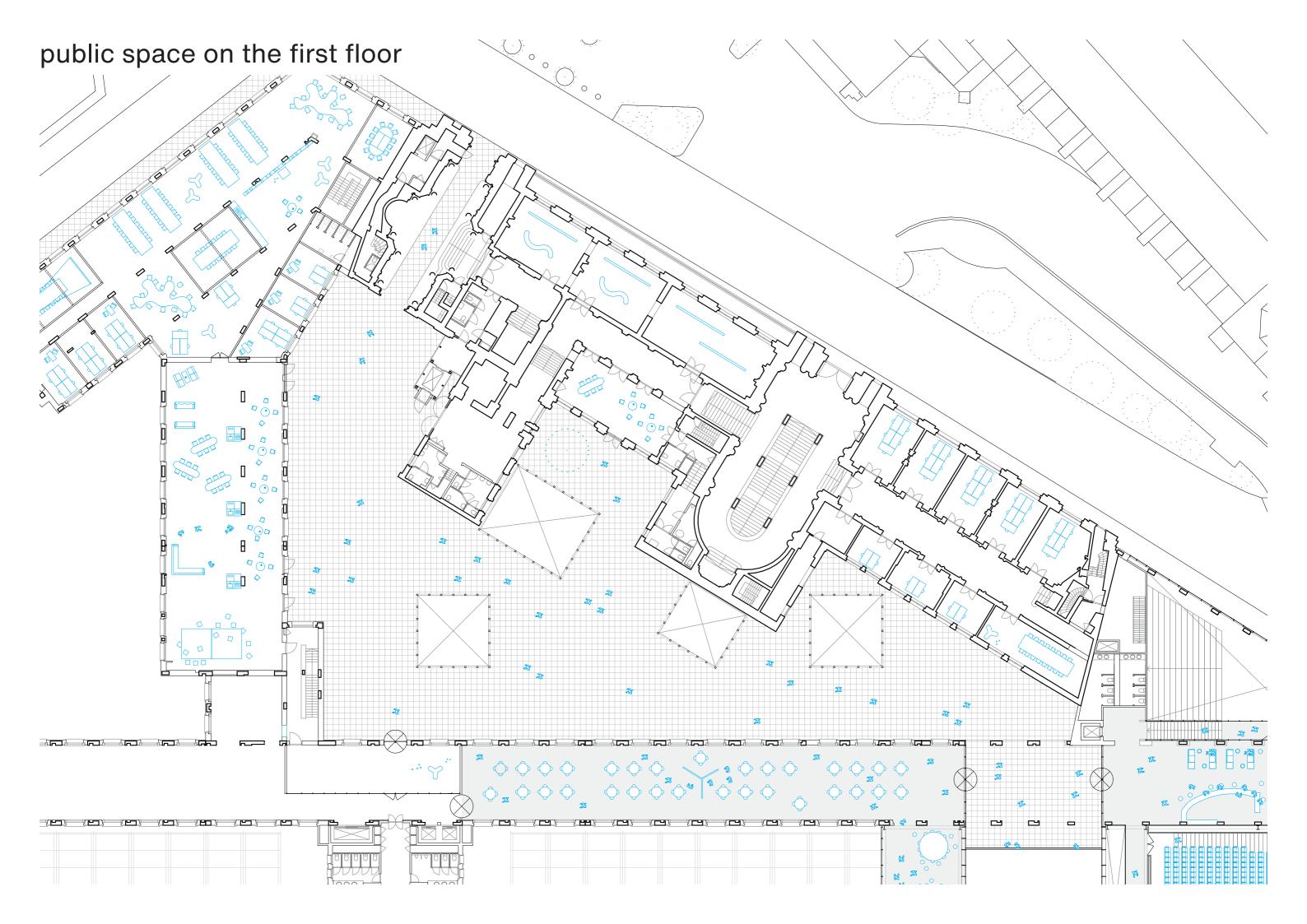
the spine which connects all public life through the building

public space flowing through the ground floors of the building





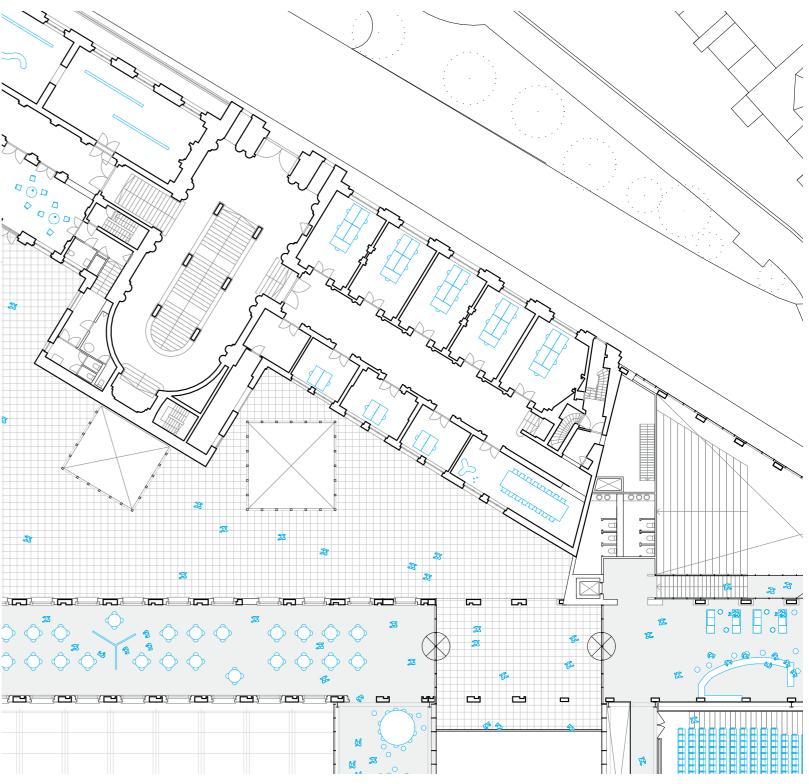
public space on the first floor



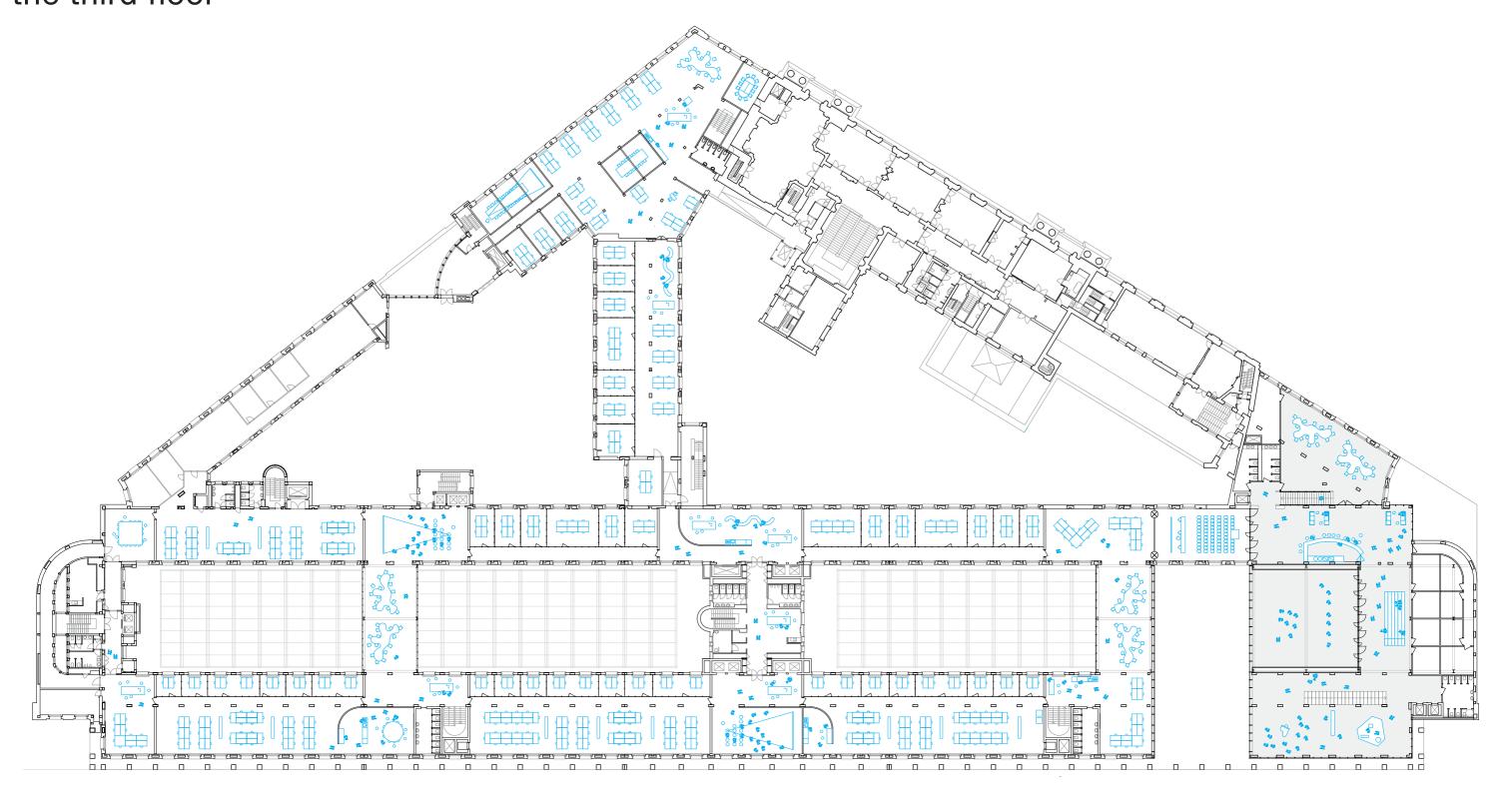
the roofterrace

public space flowing through the ground floors of the building

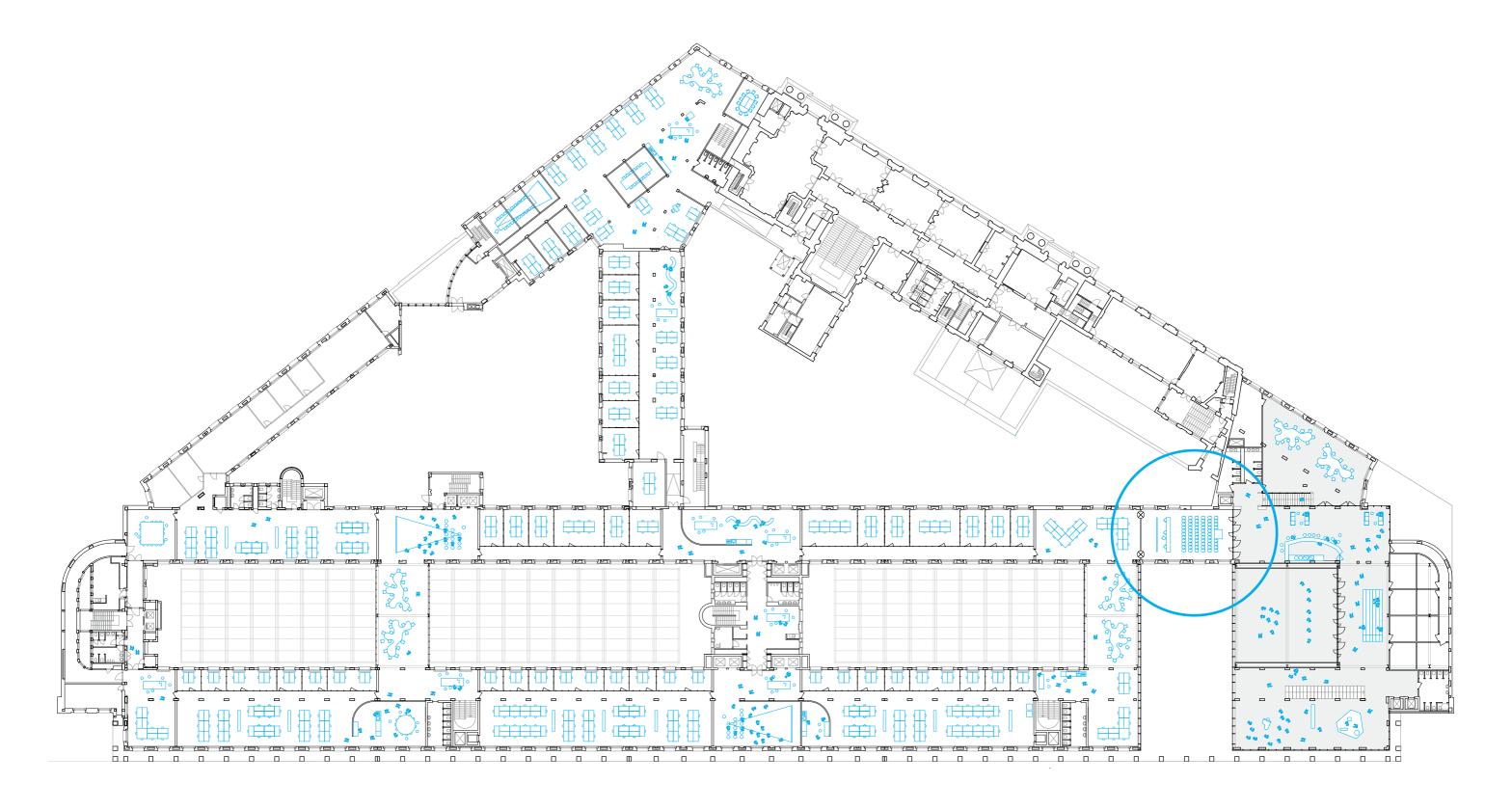




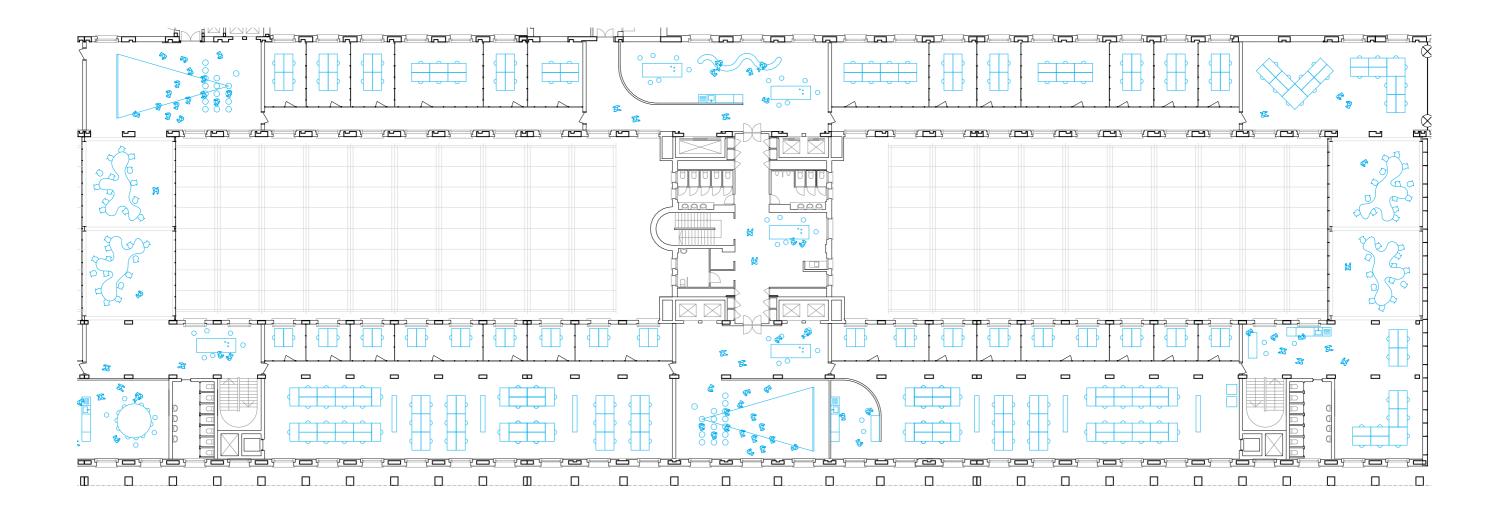
the bank and public space on the third floor



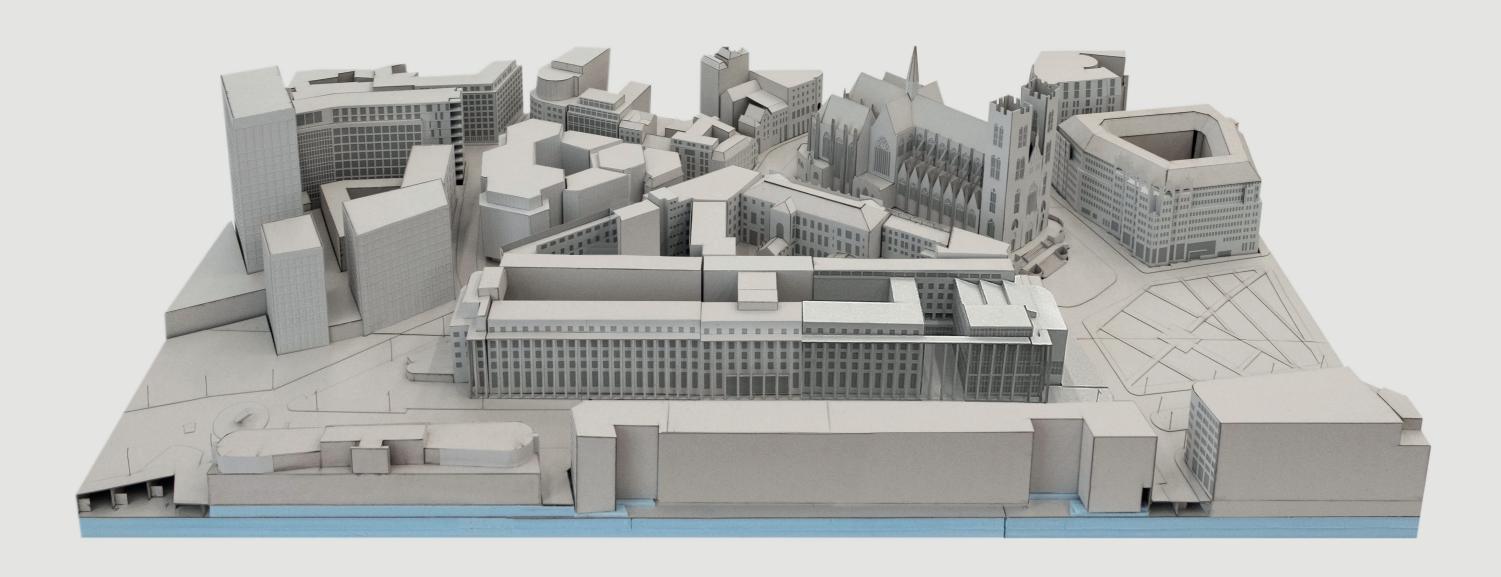
how is the office impacted?



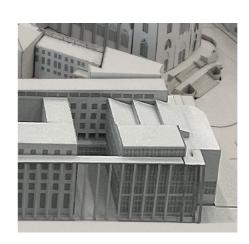
typical office floor



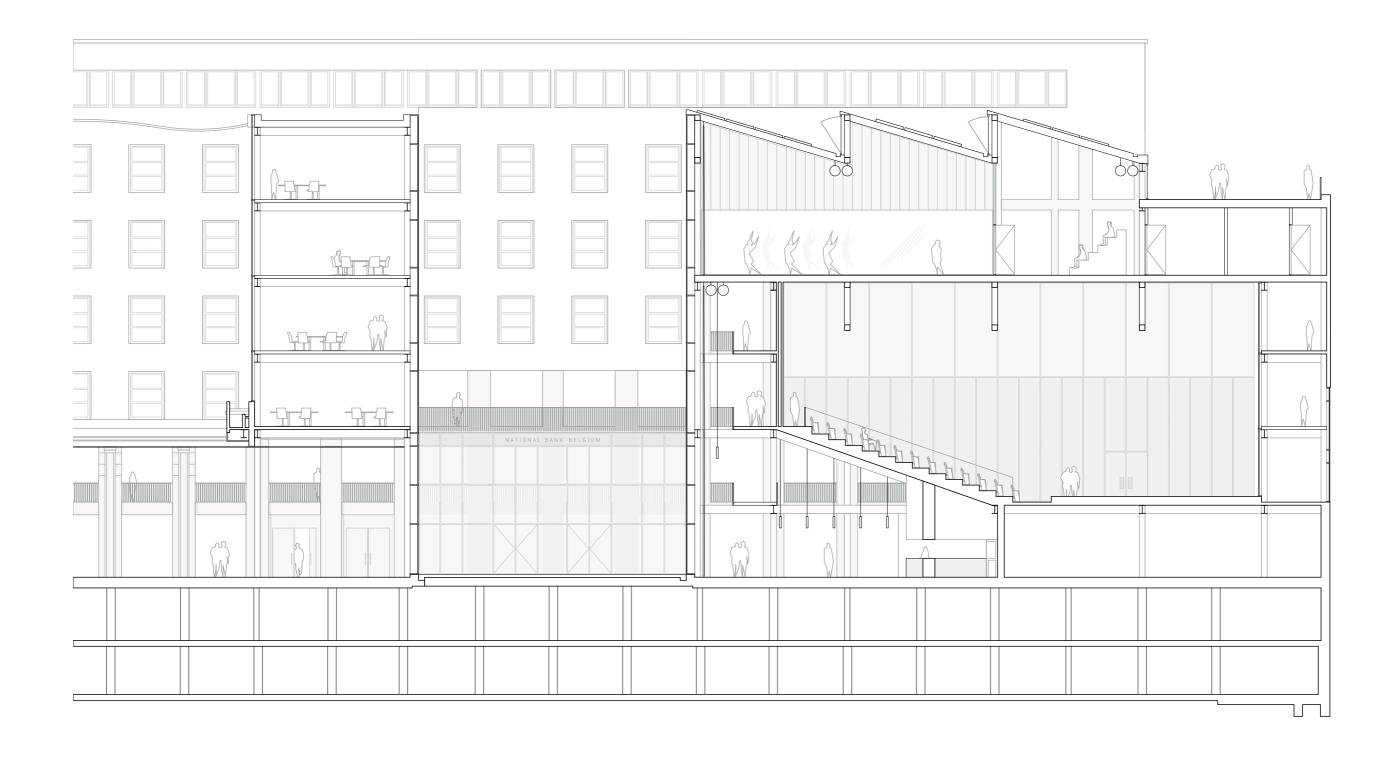
zooming in...



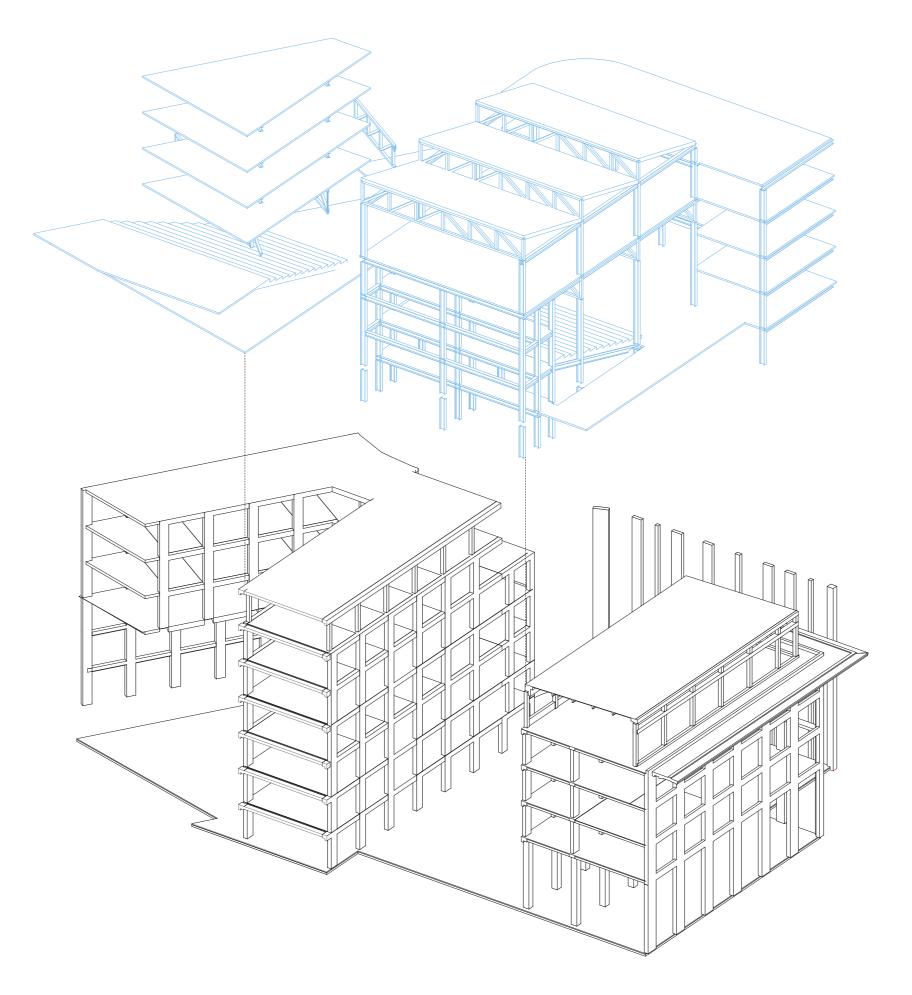
zooming in...



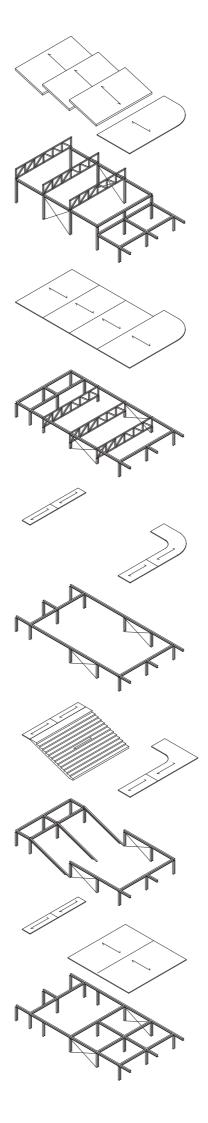
the cultural hybrid: the theatre



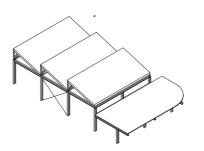
inserted structure how is it built?



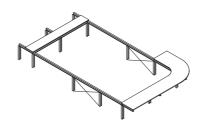
construction

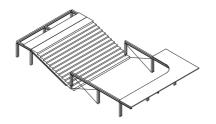


construction



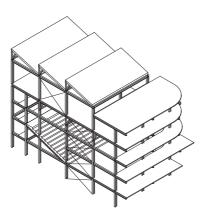


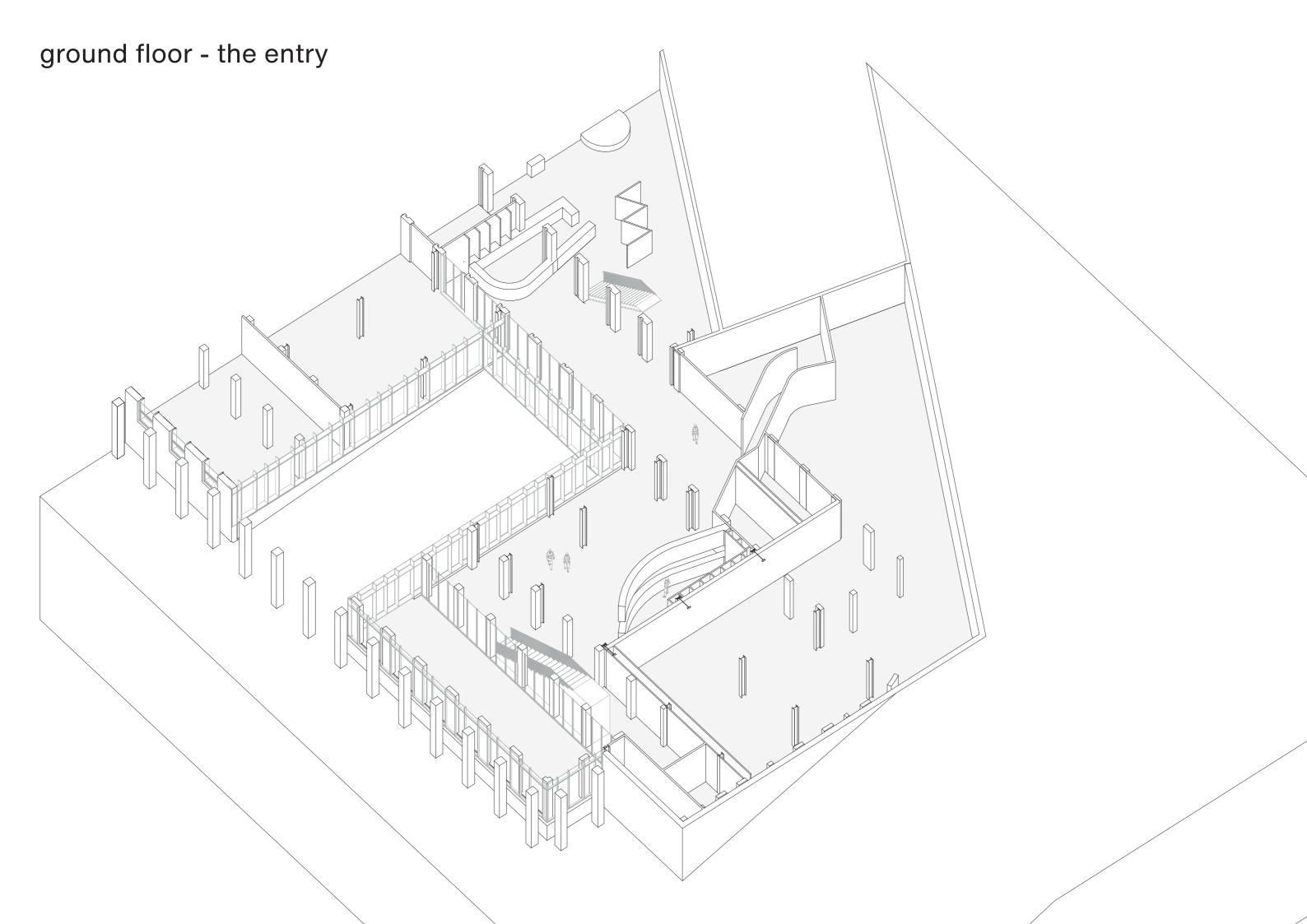


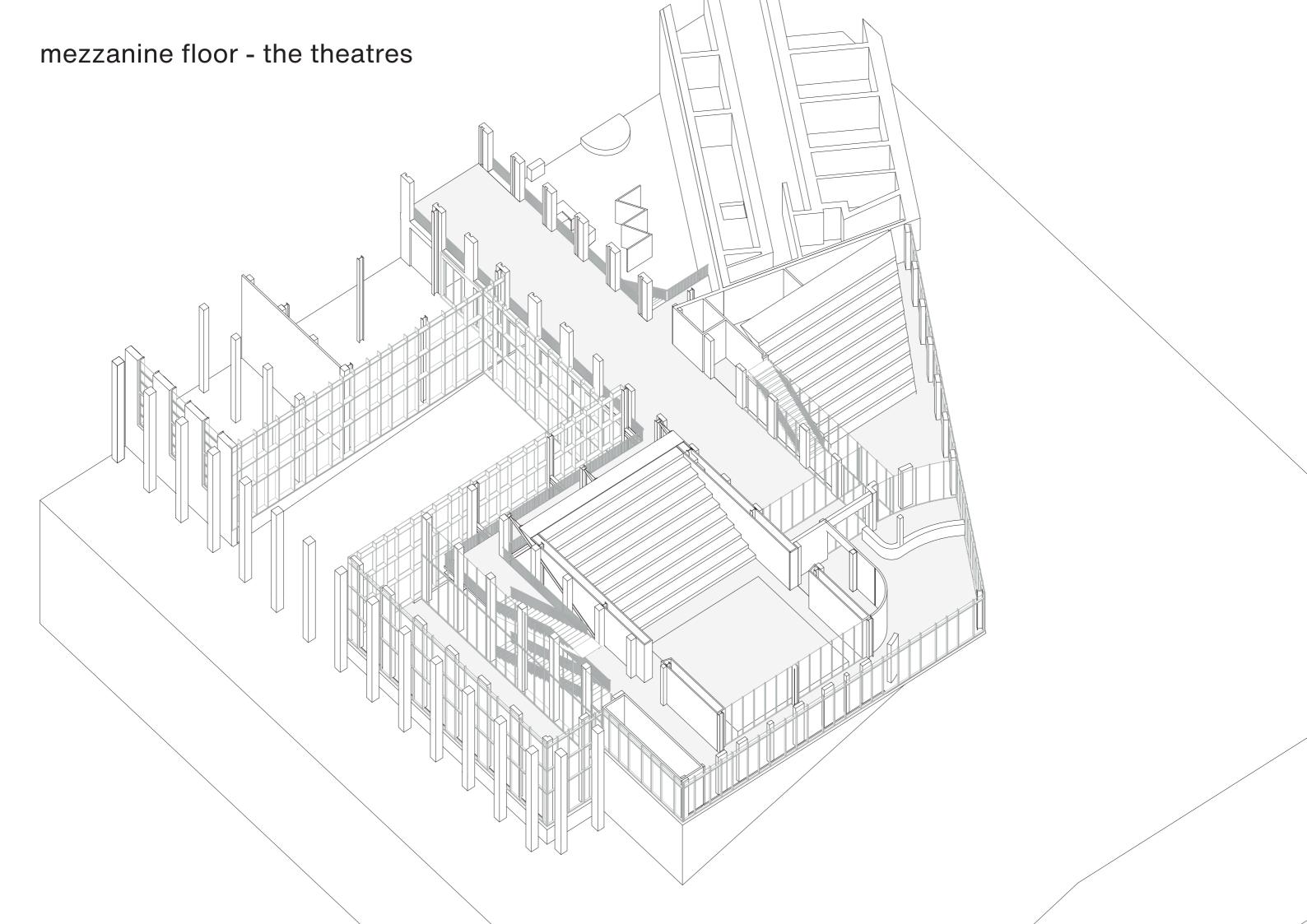




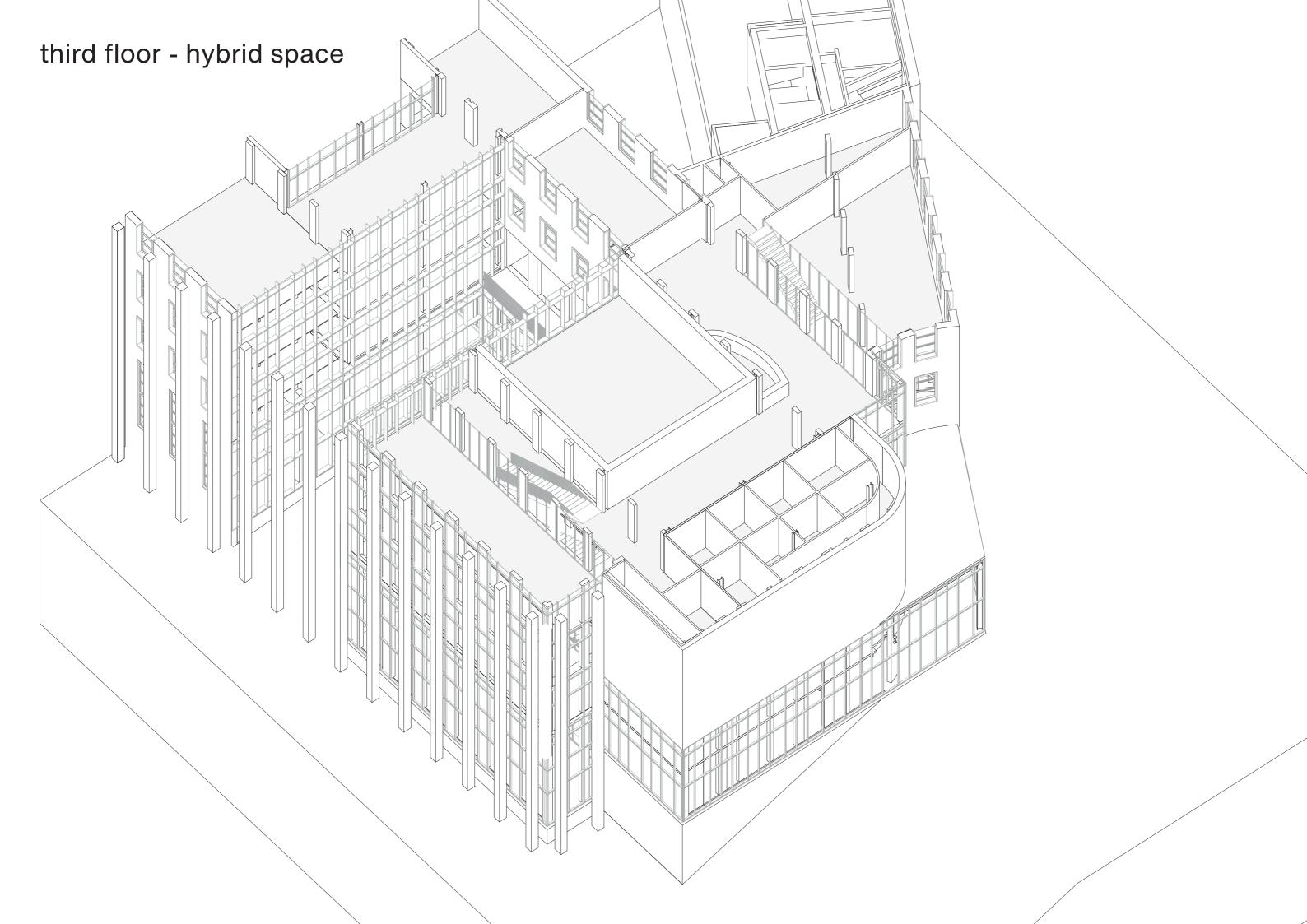
construction



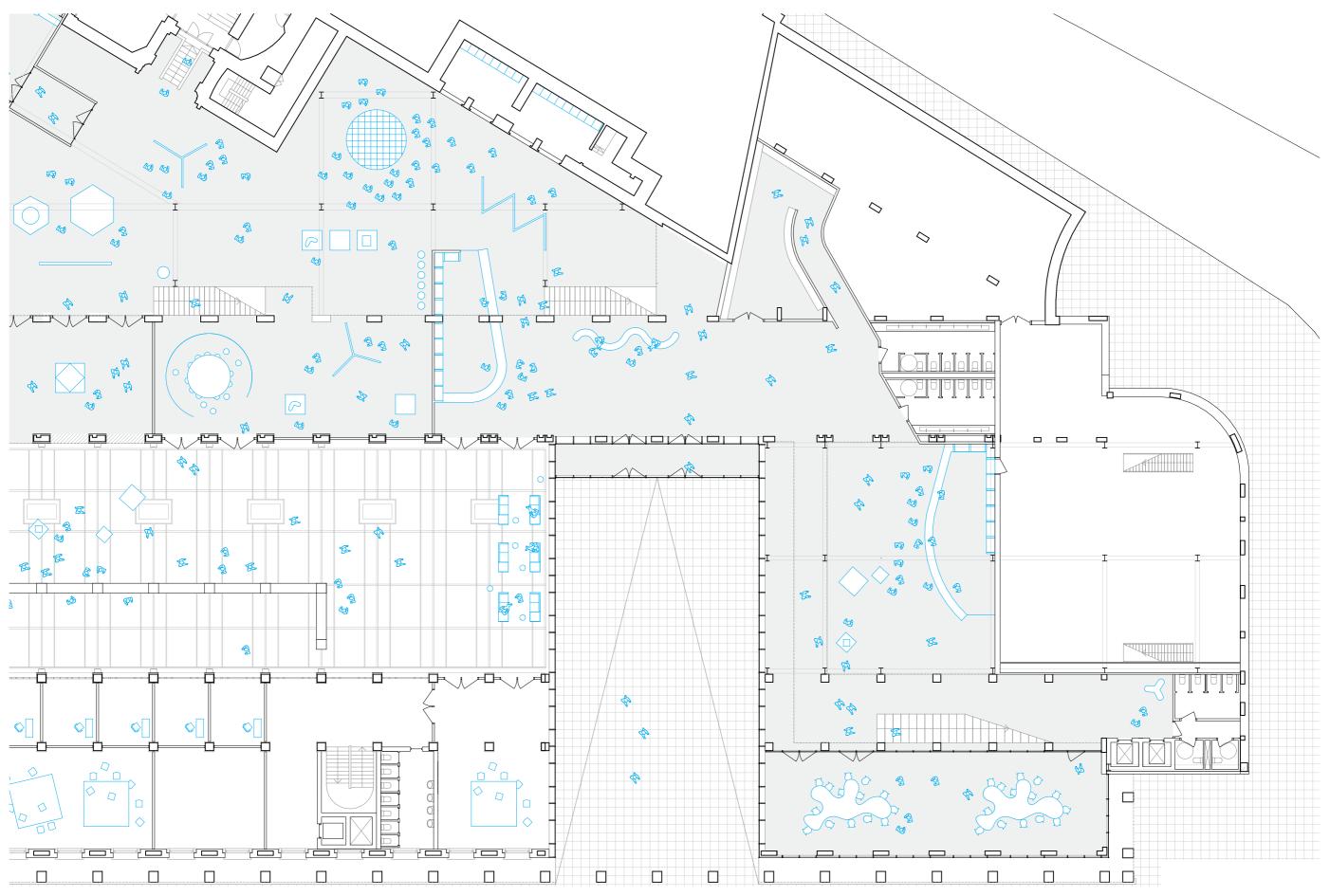




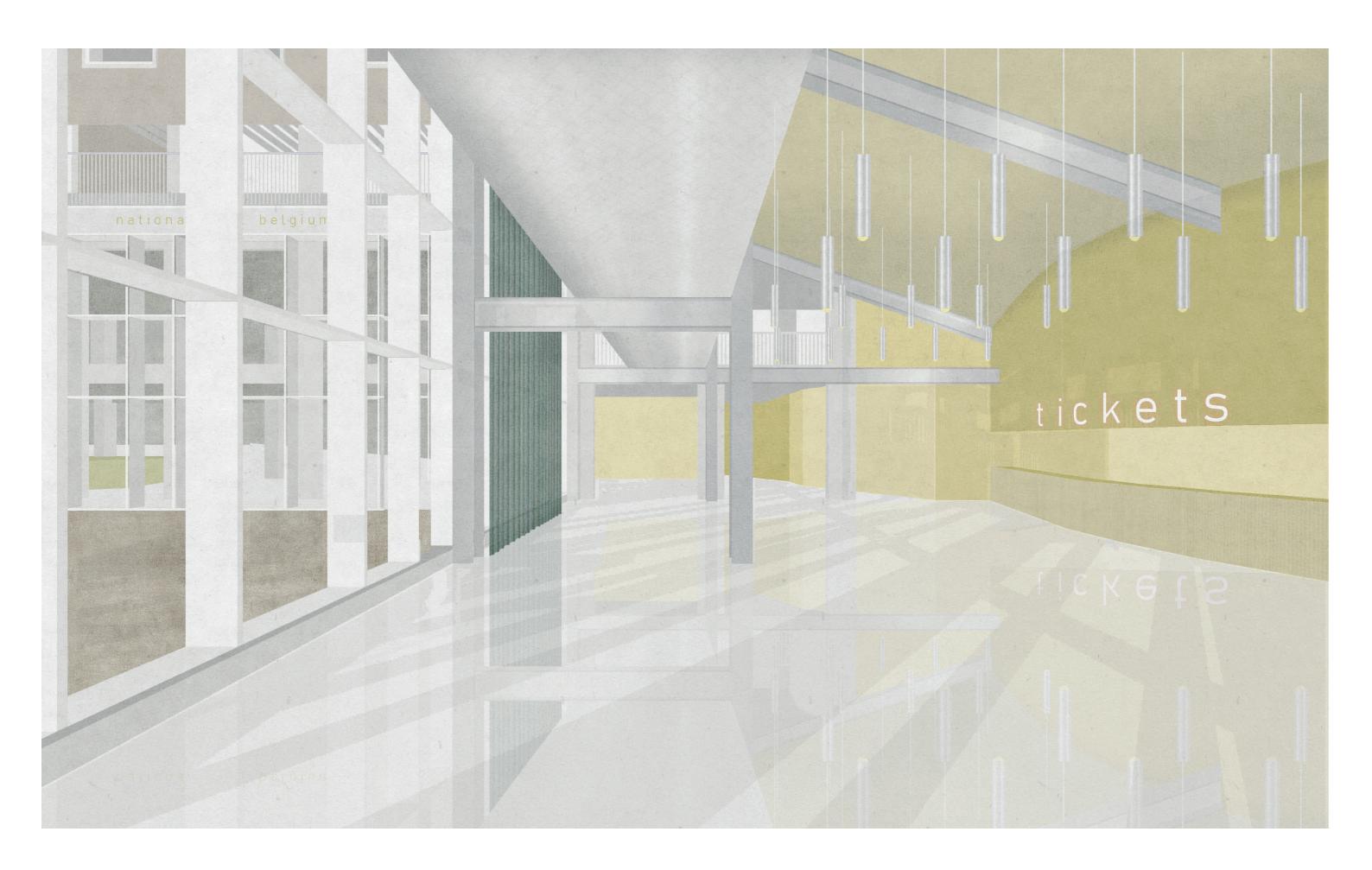




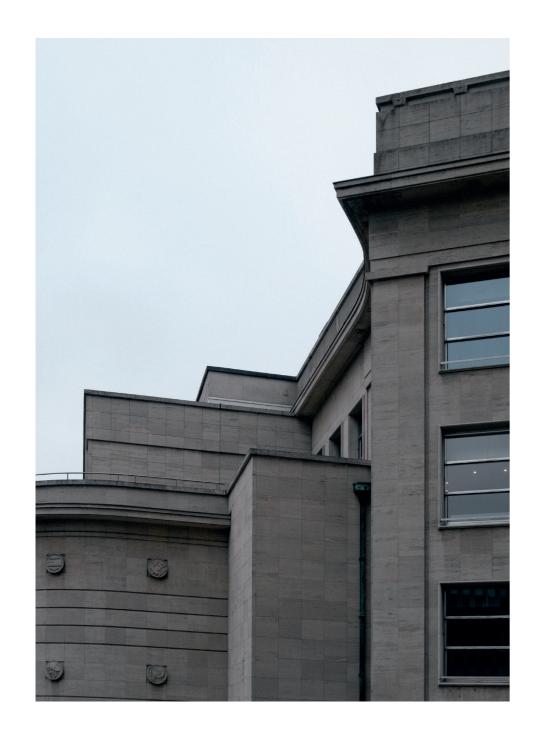
ground floor

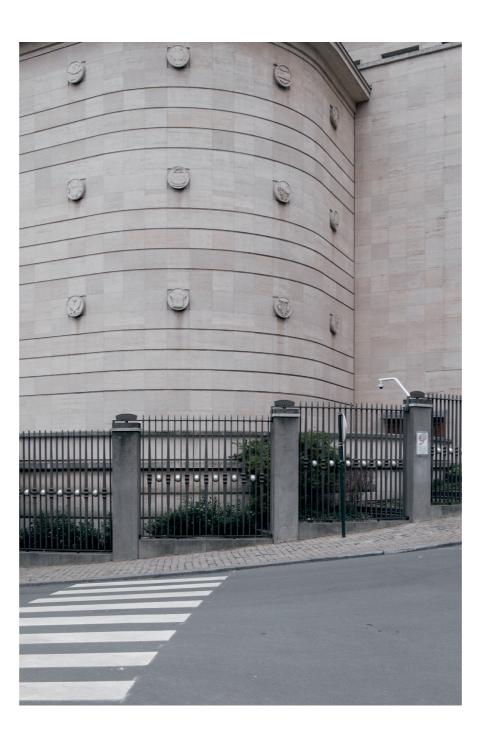


ground floor - the lobby



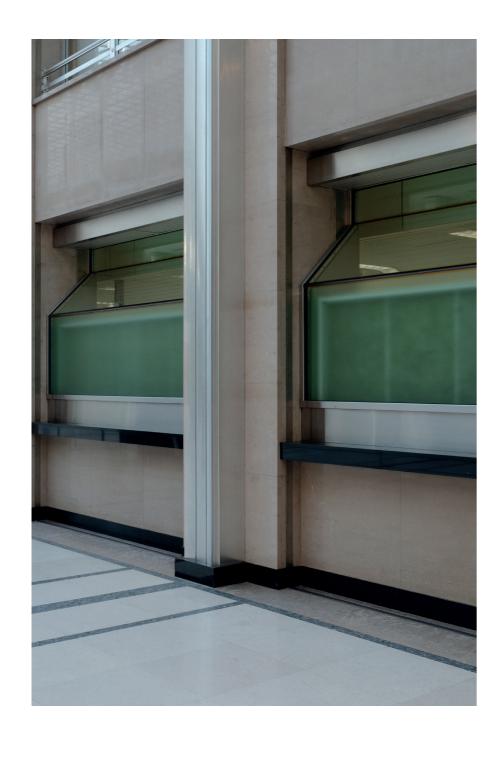
verticality and solidity

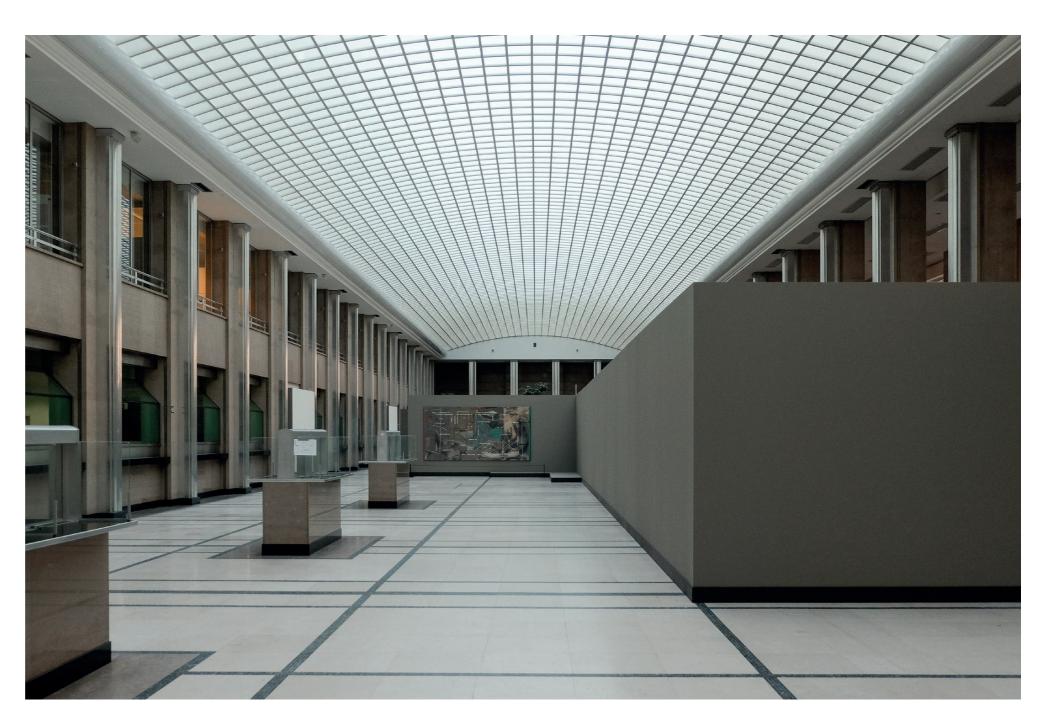


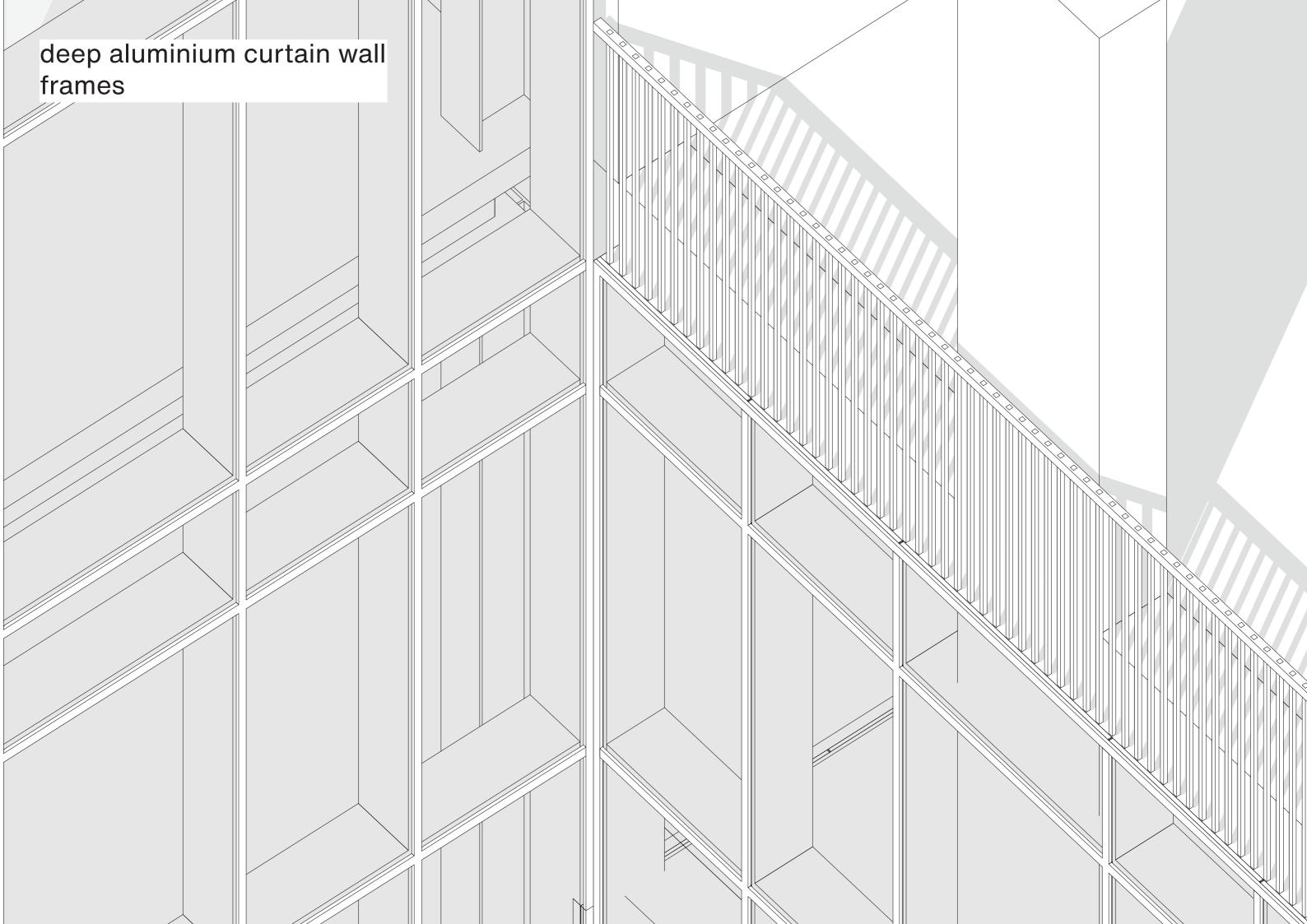


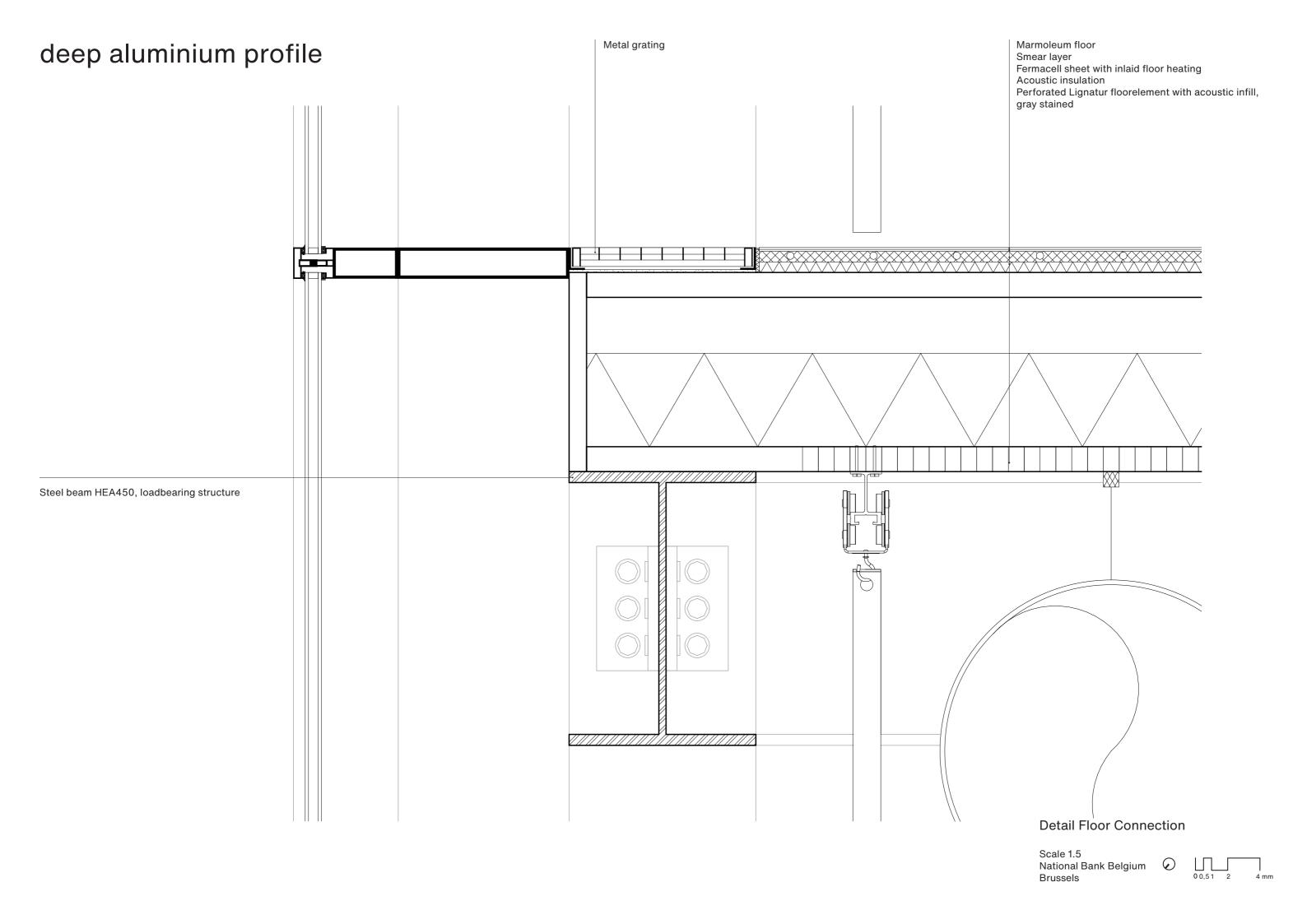


heavy versus light









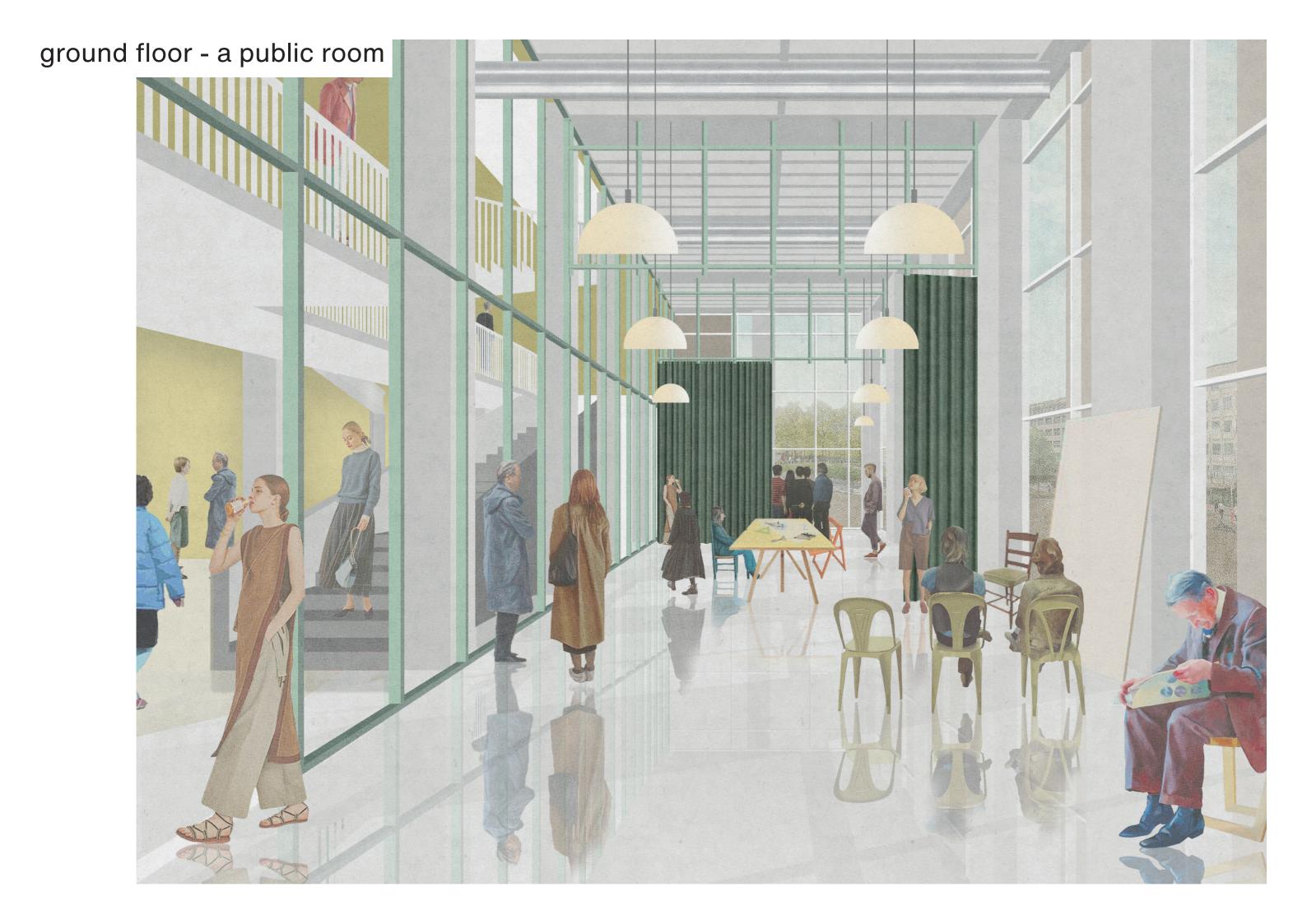
ground floor - the lobby



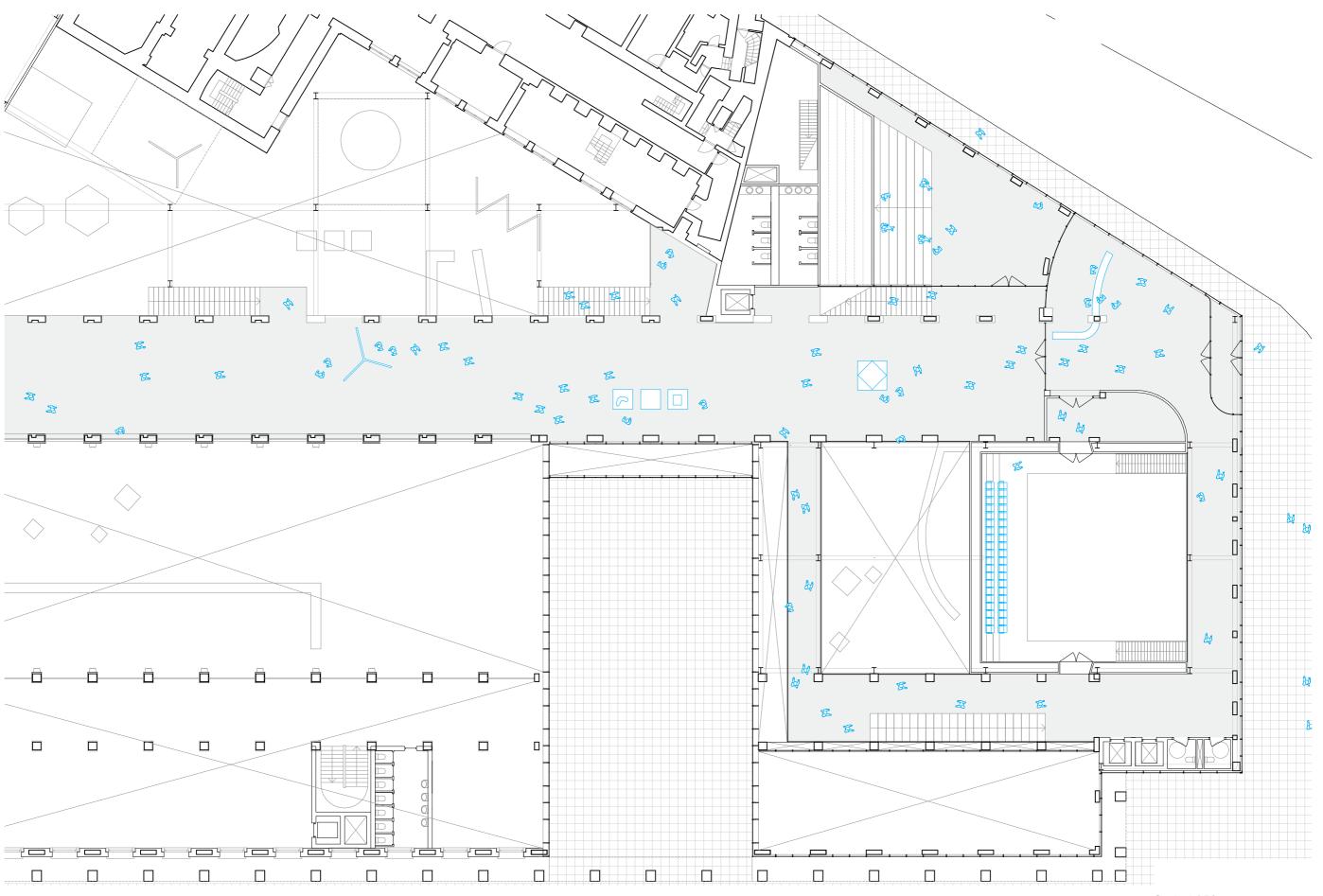
transparants and solids

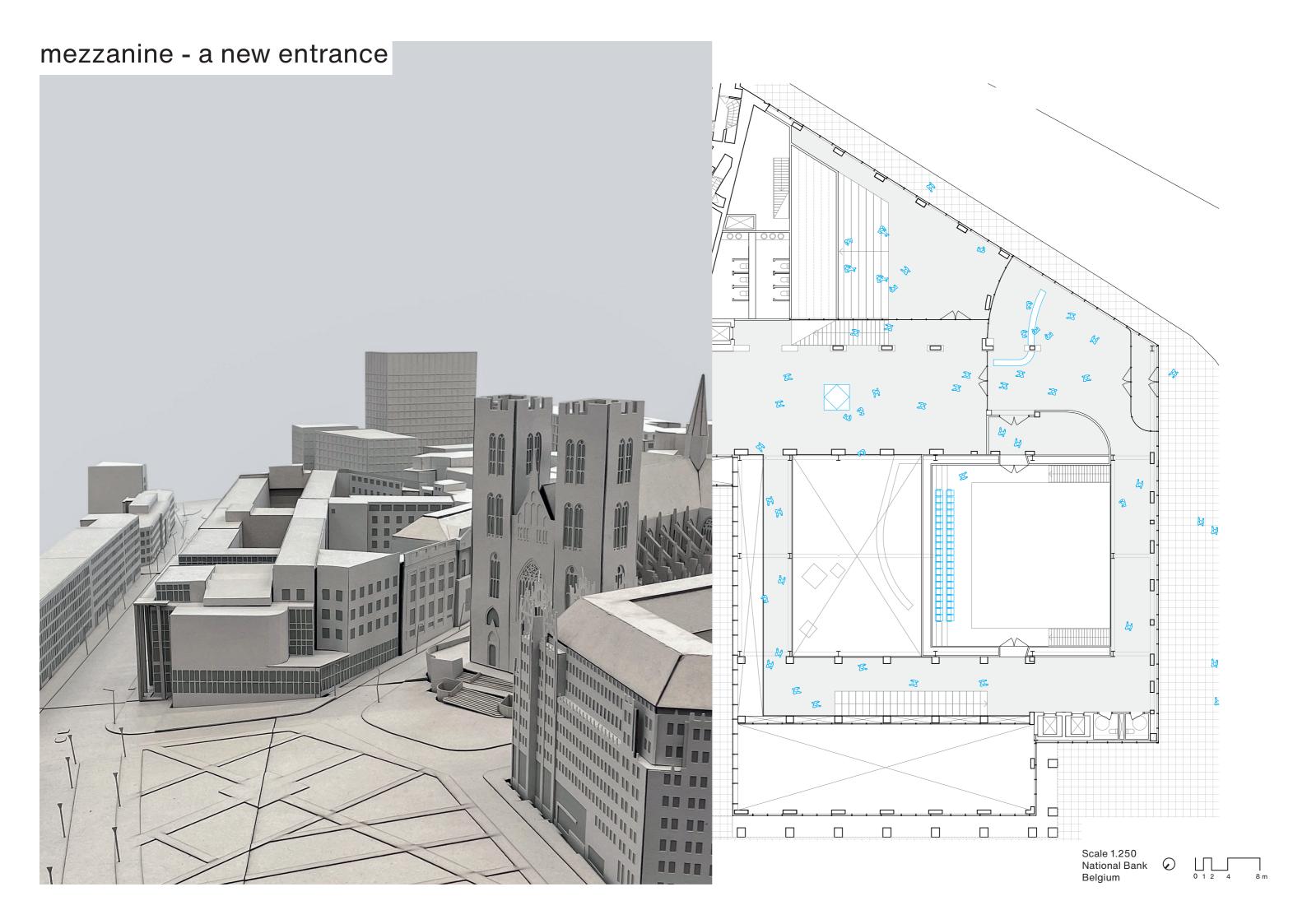




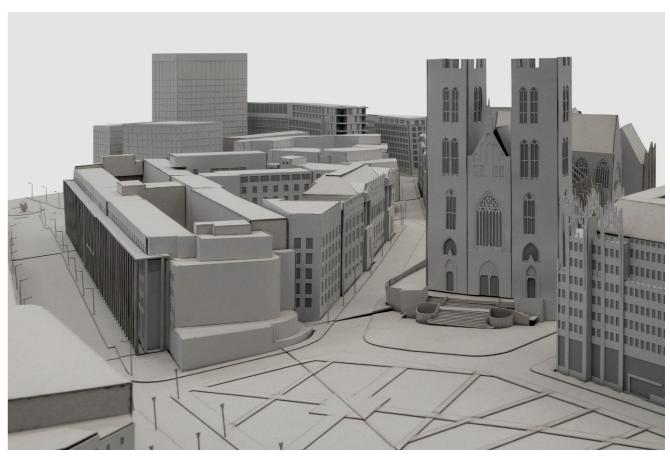


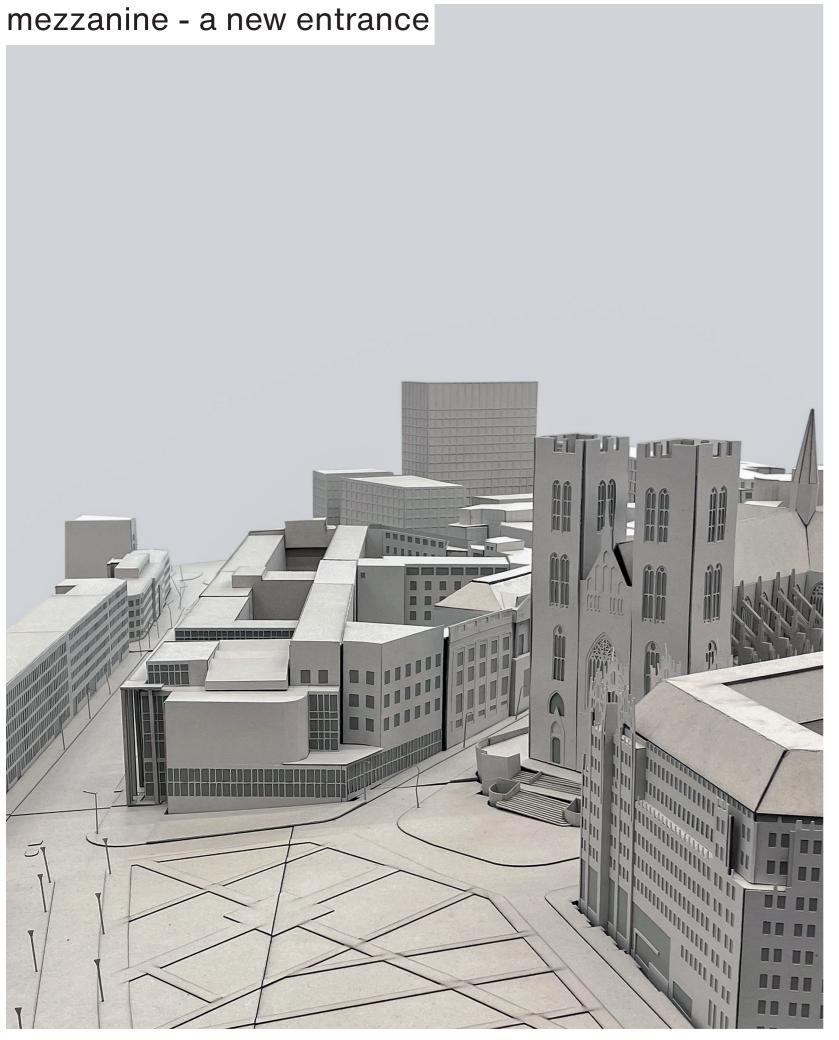
mezzanine +01





mezzanine - a new entrance



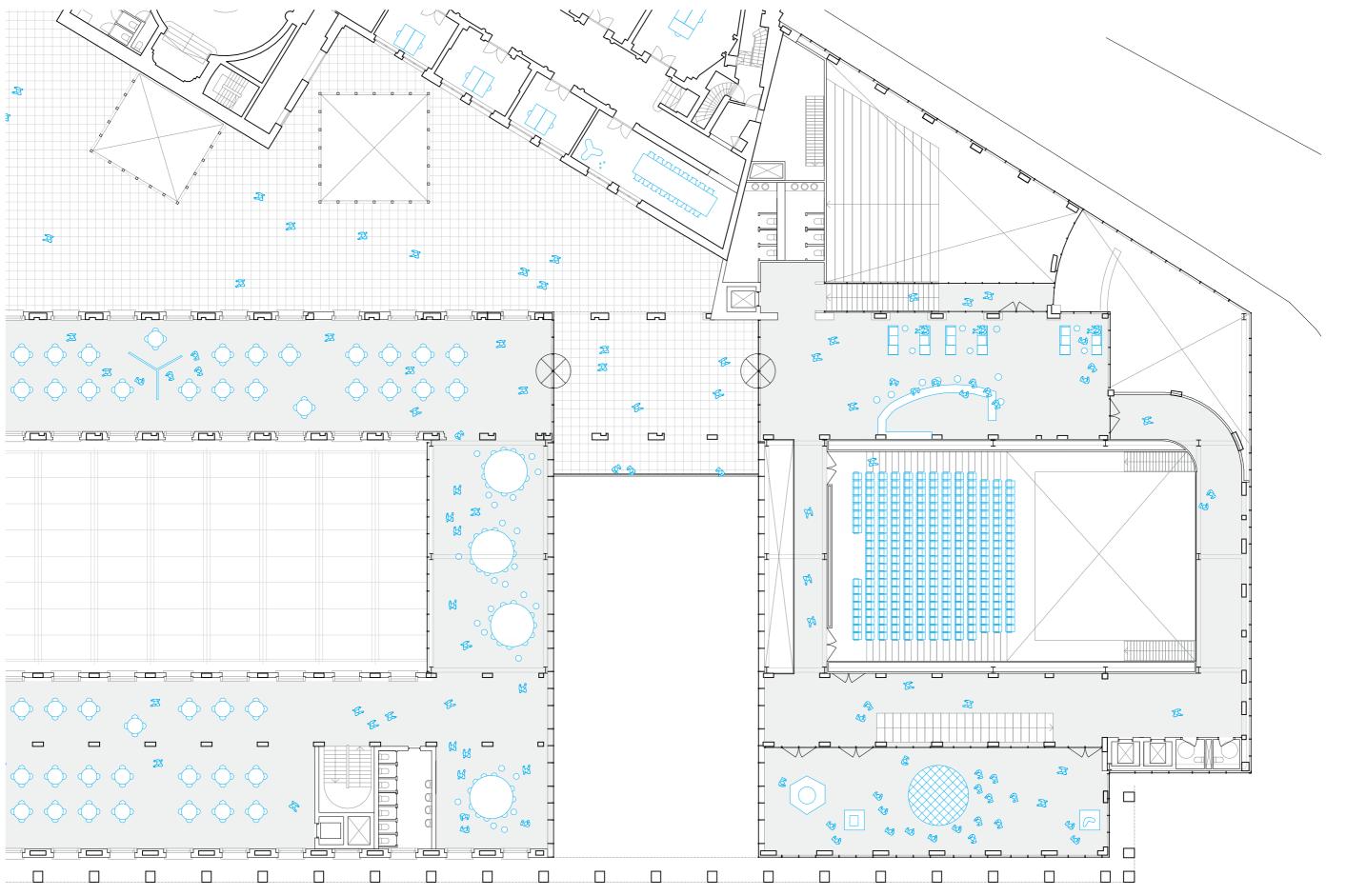


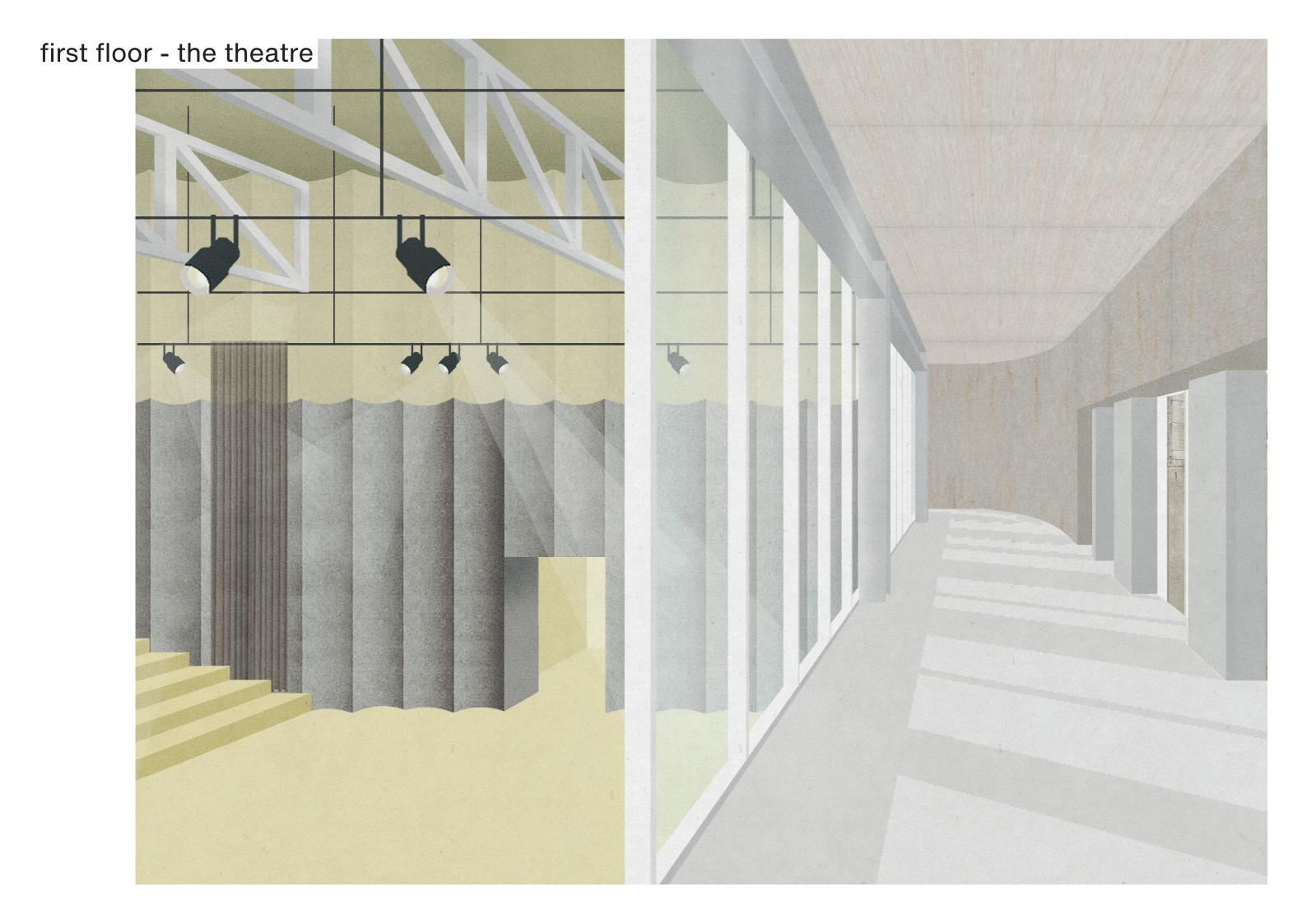






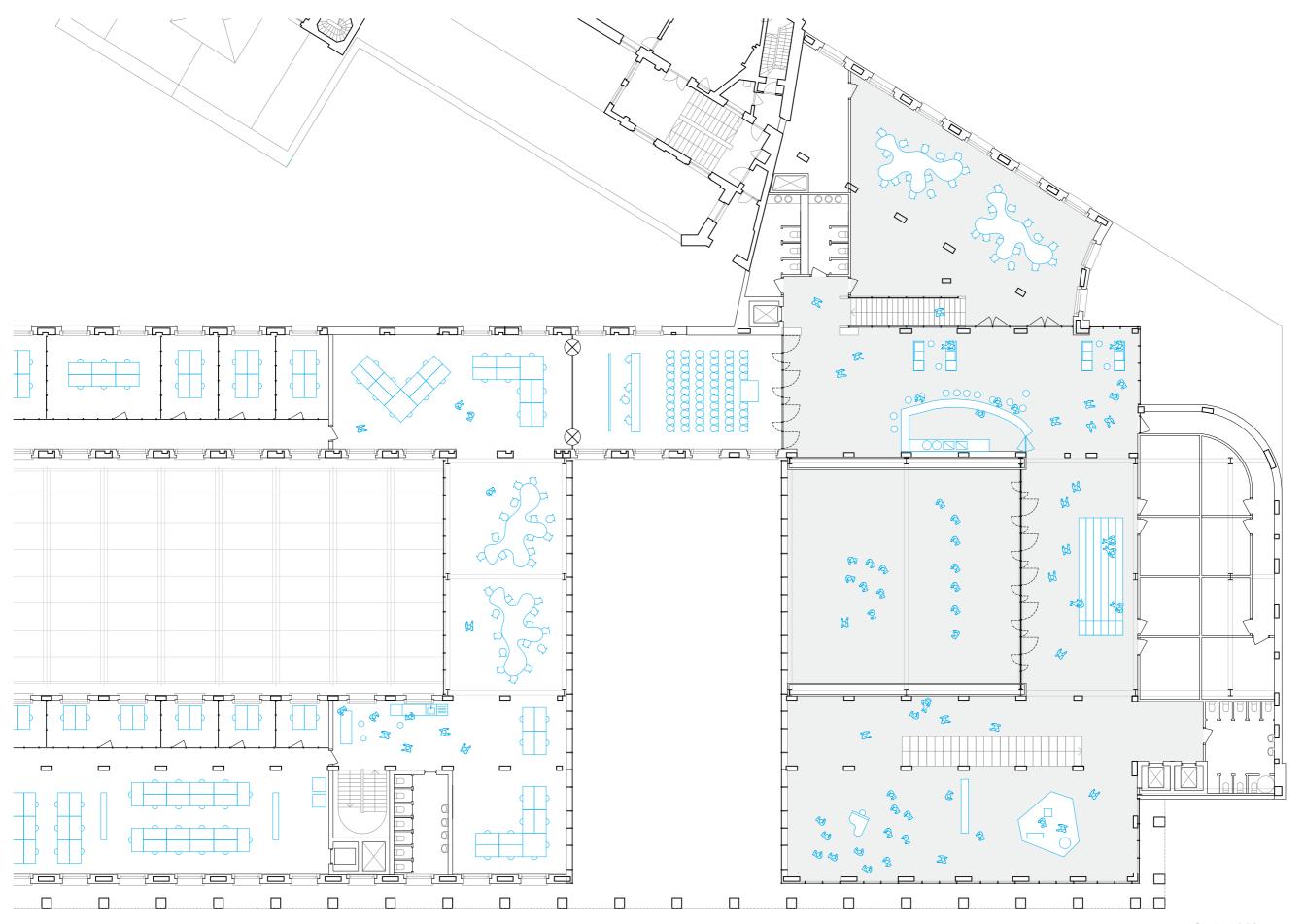
first floor +1

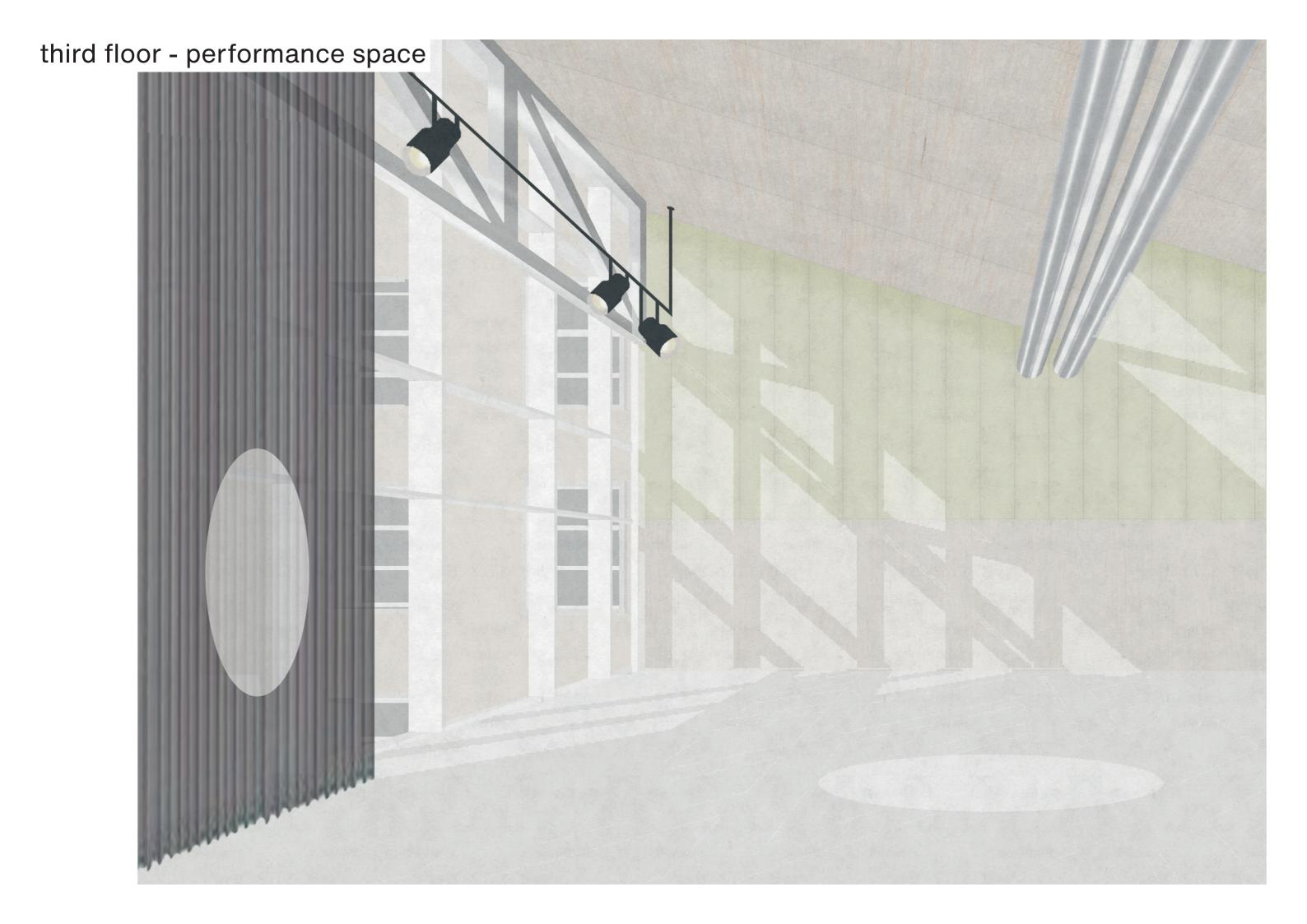


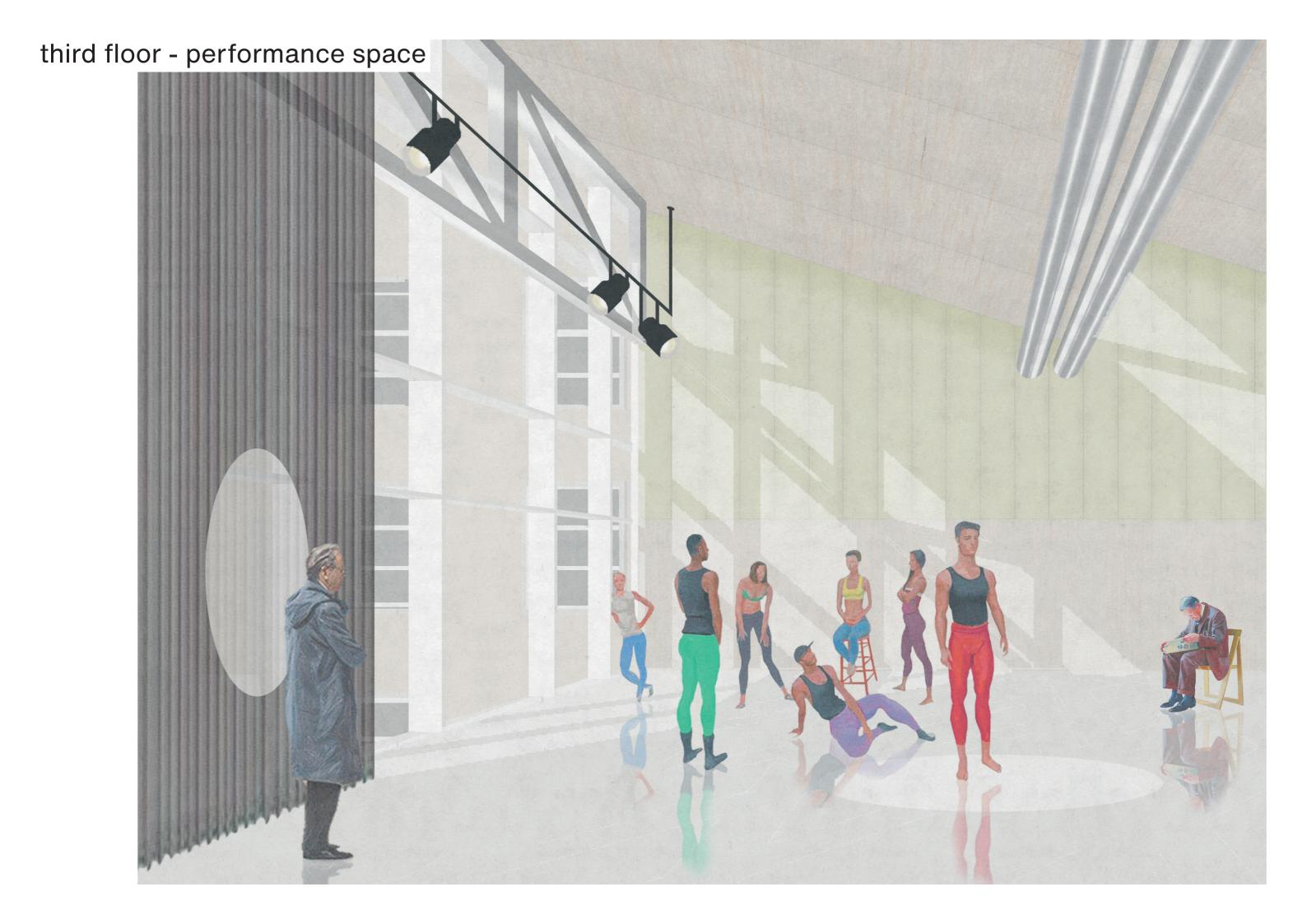




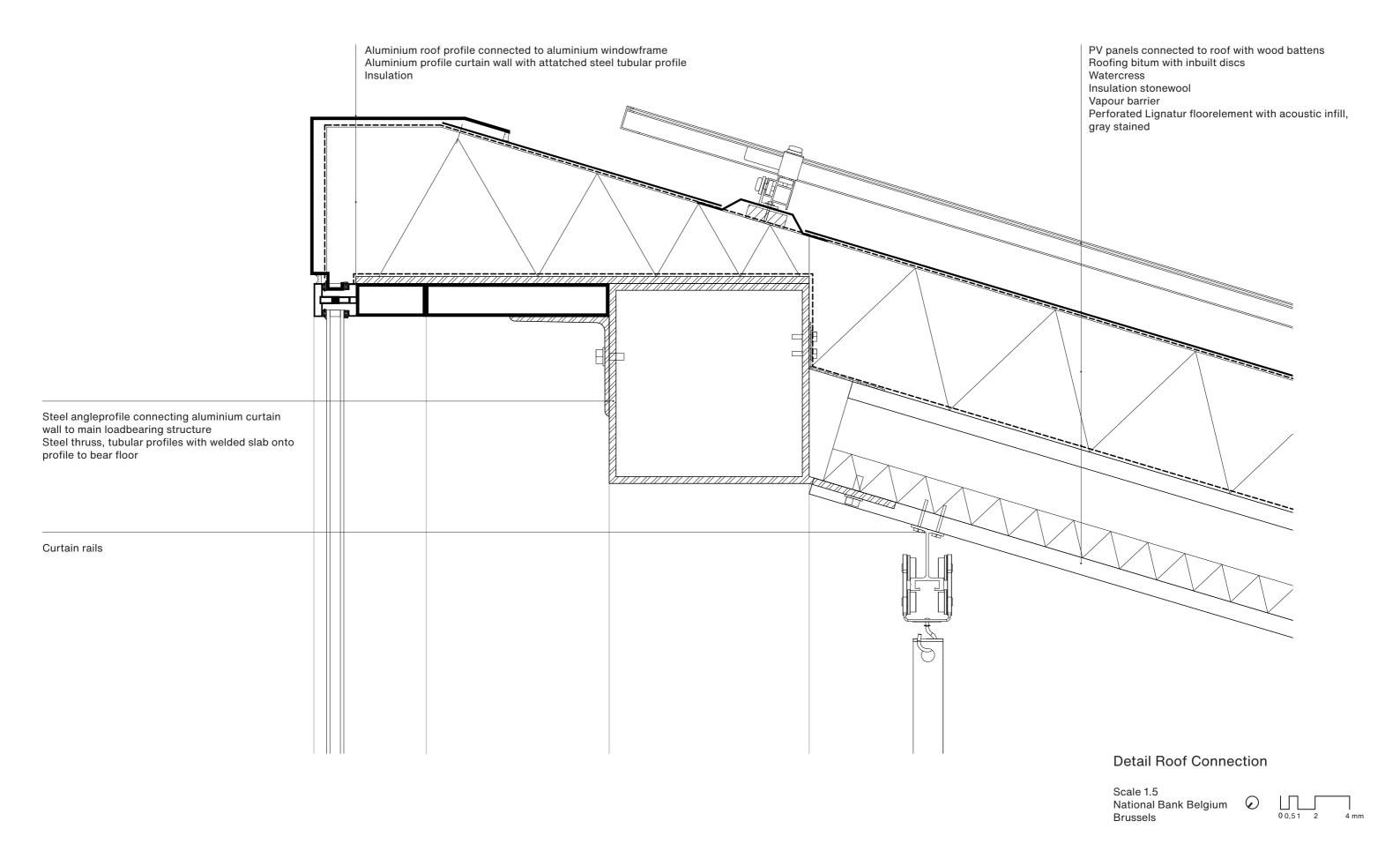
third floor +3



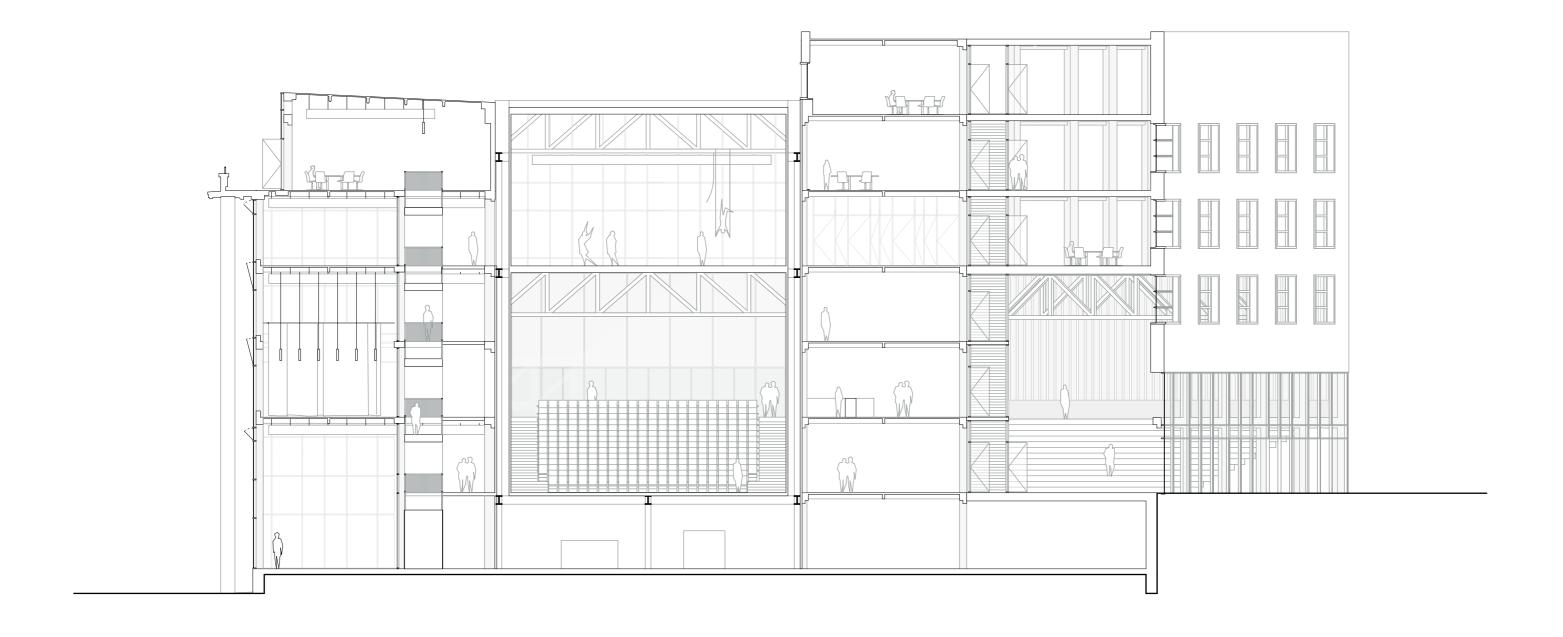




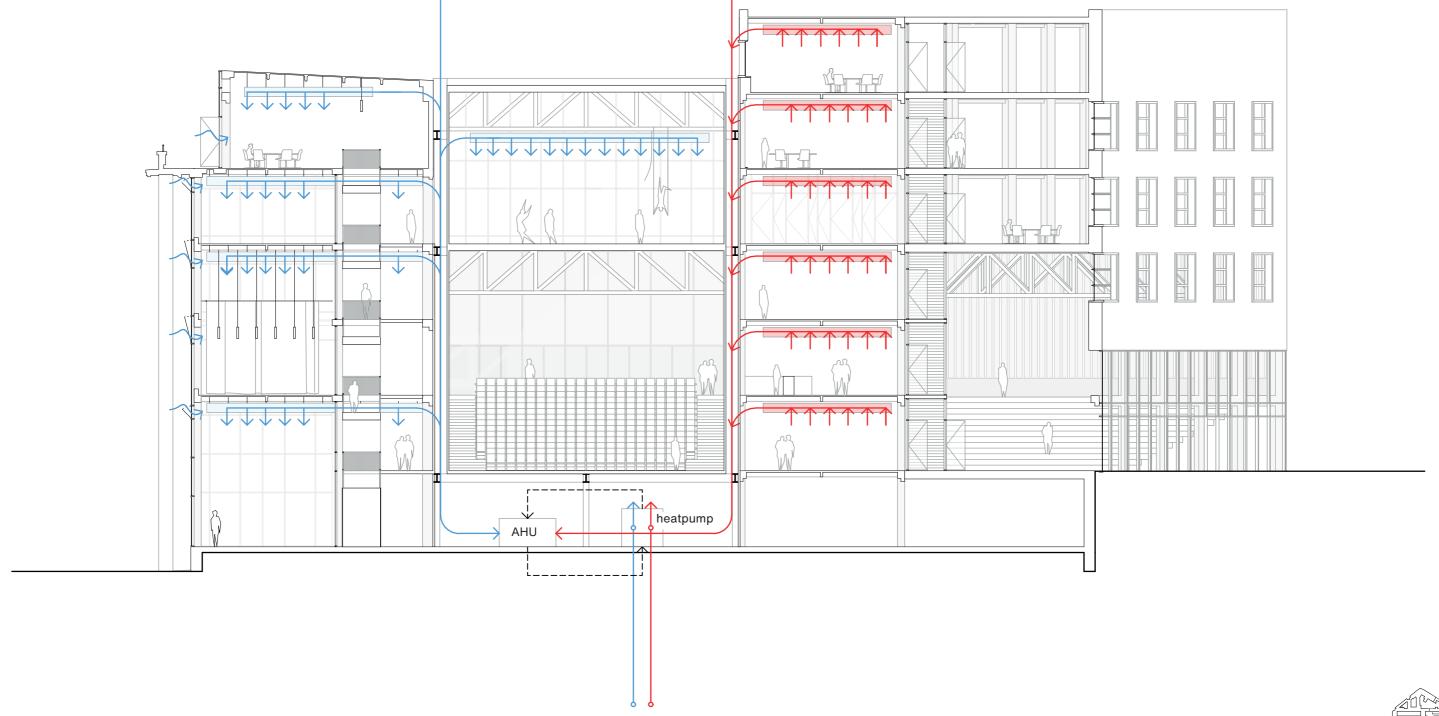
construction

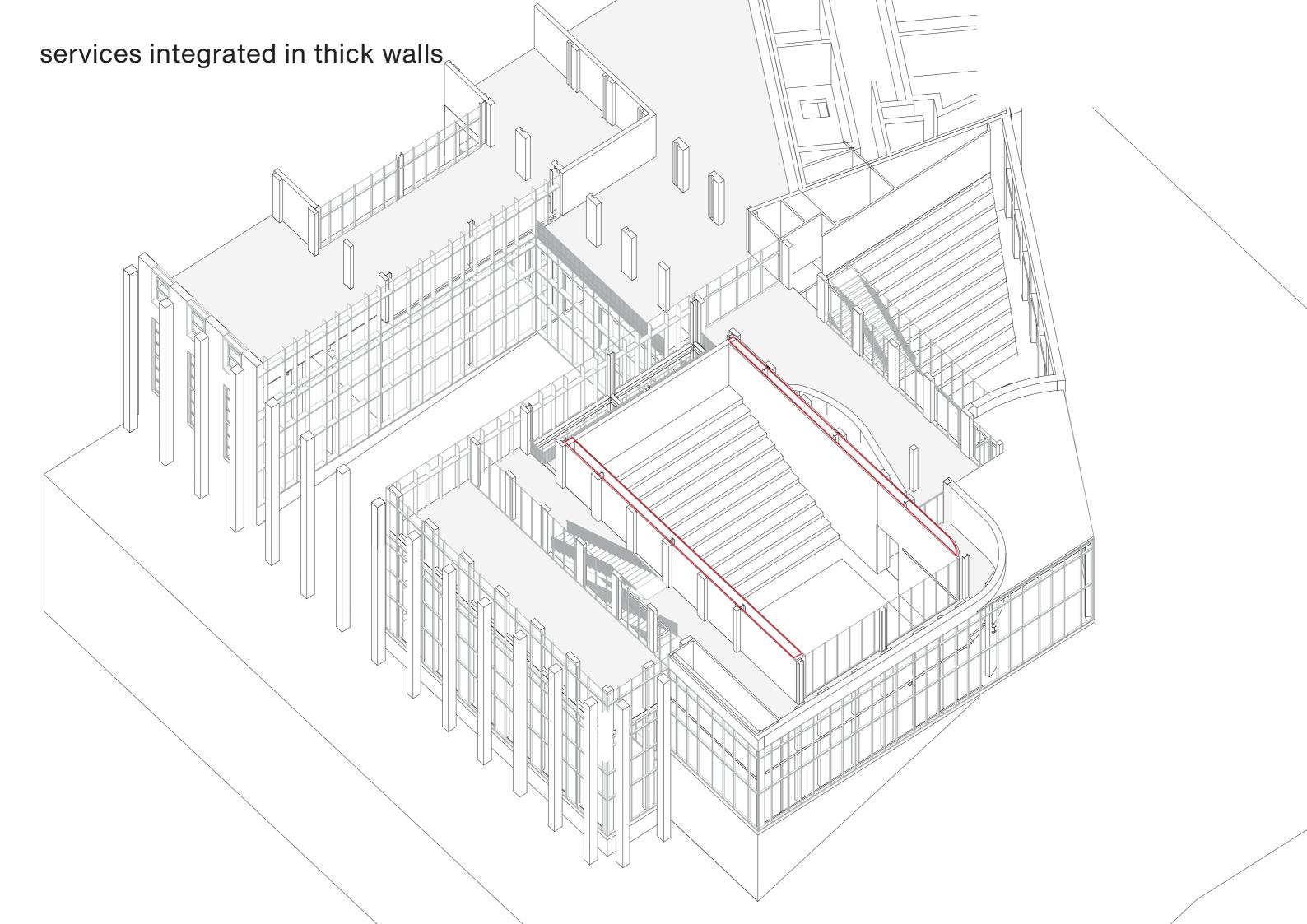


section xx

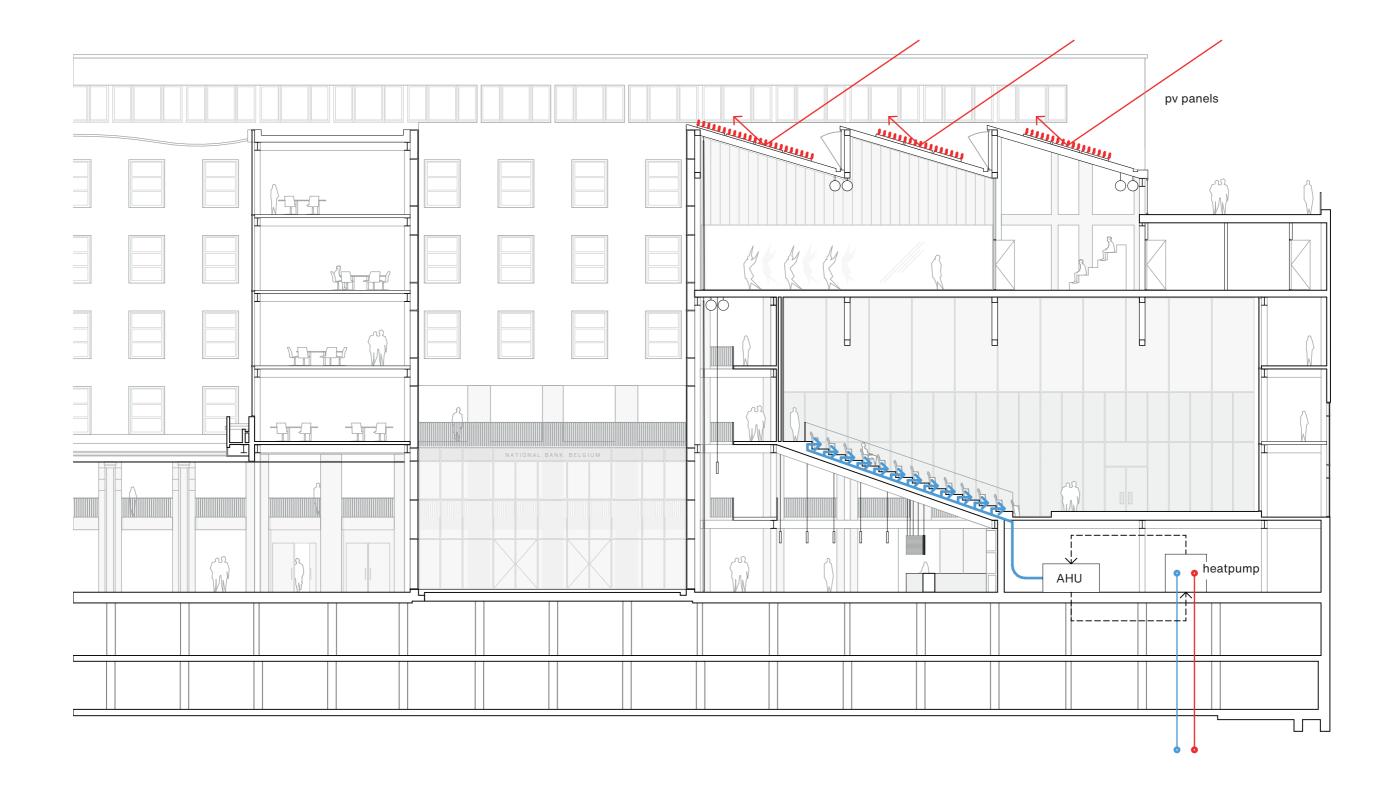


section xx - climate

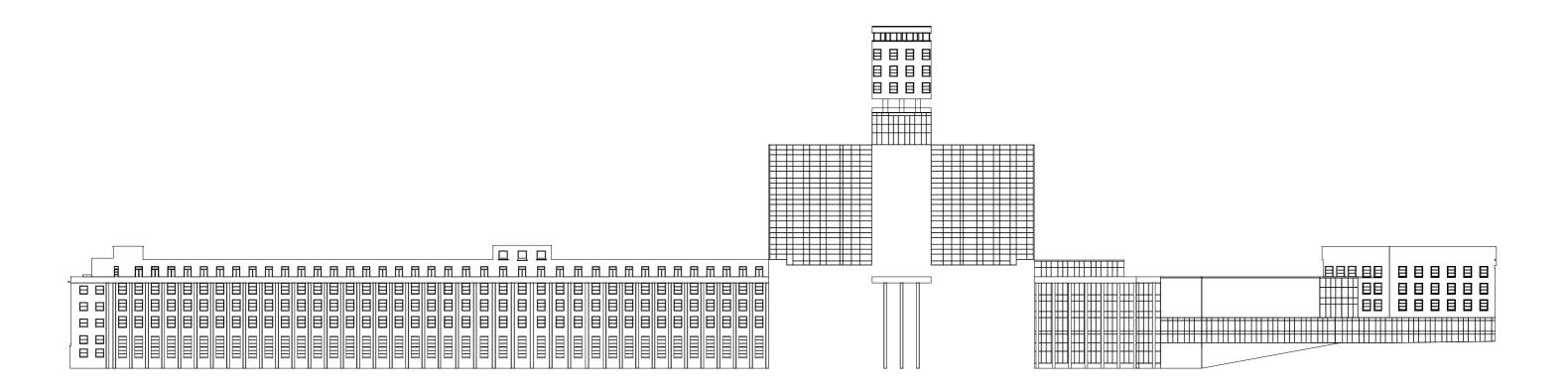




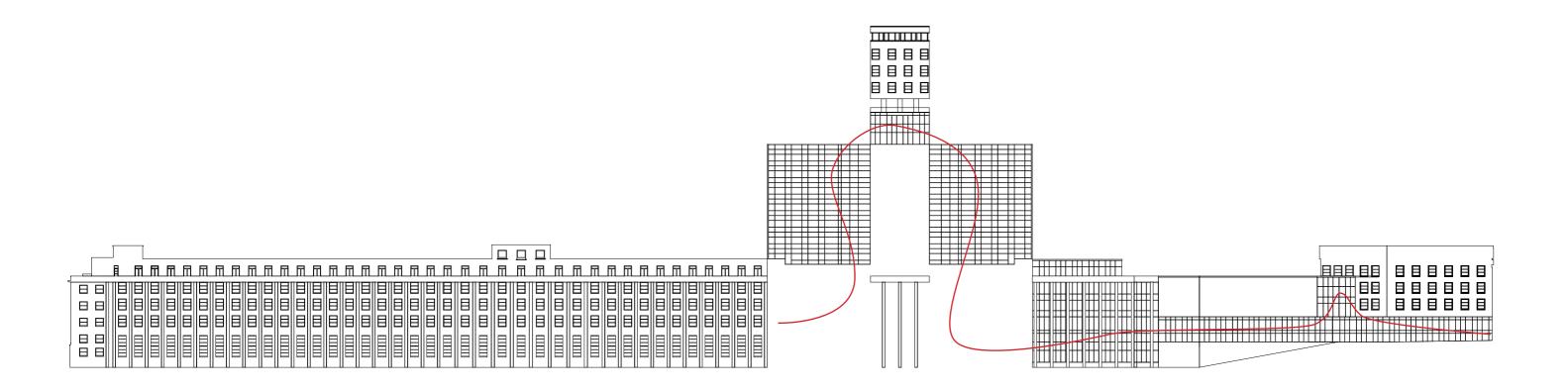
section yy - climate



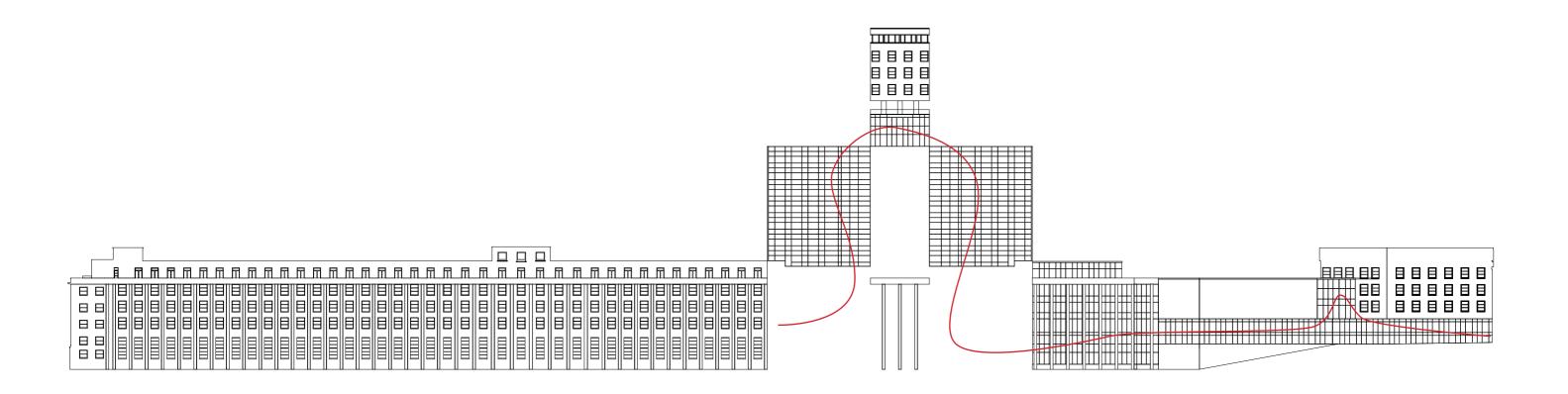
the ribbon: the stitching together of the facades through curtain wall



the ribbon: the stitching together of the facades through curtain wall

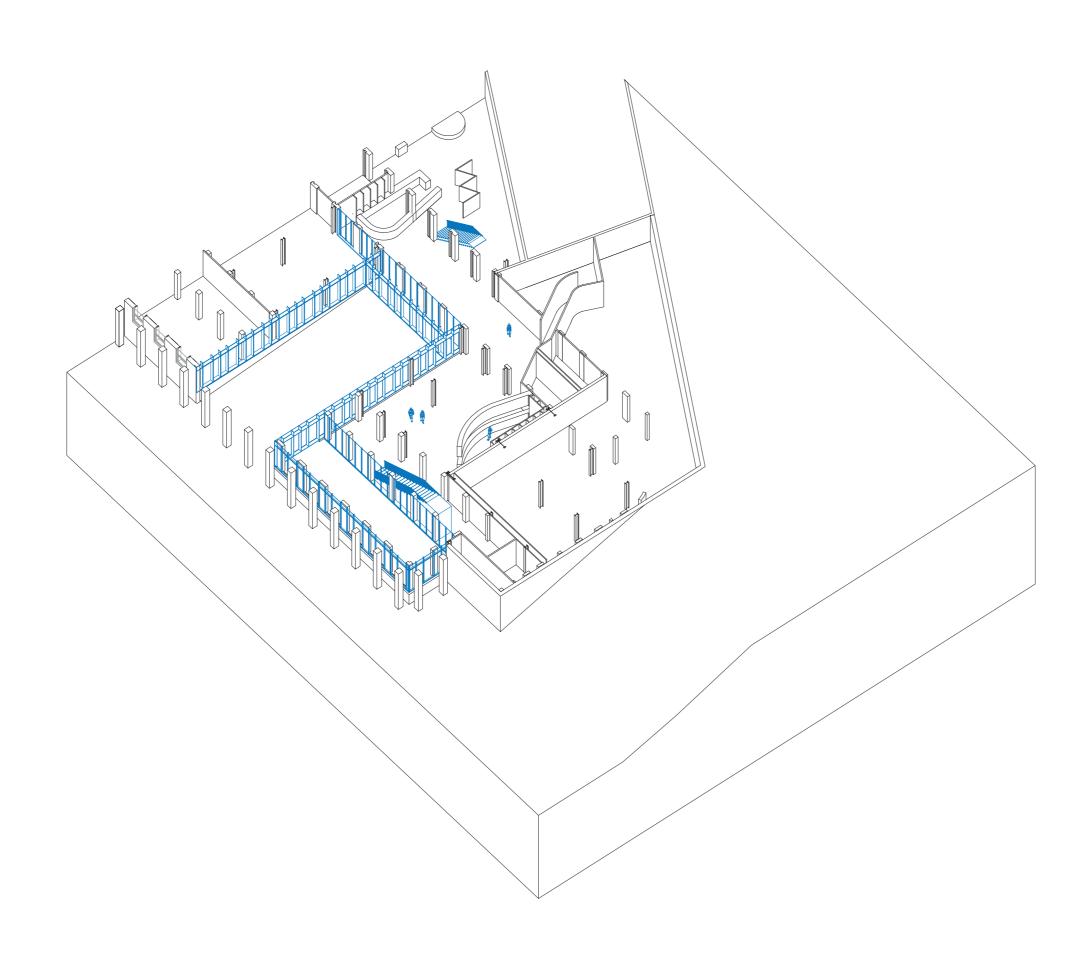


the ribbon: the stitching together of the facades through curtain wall

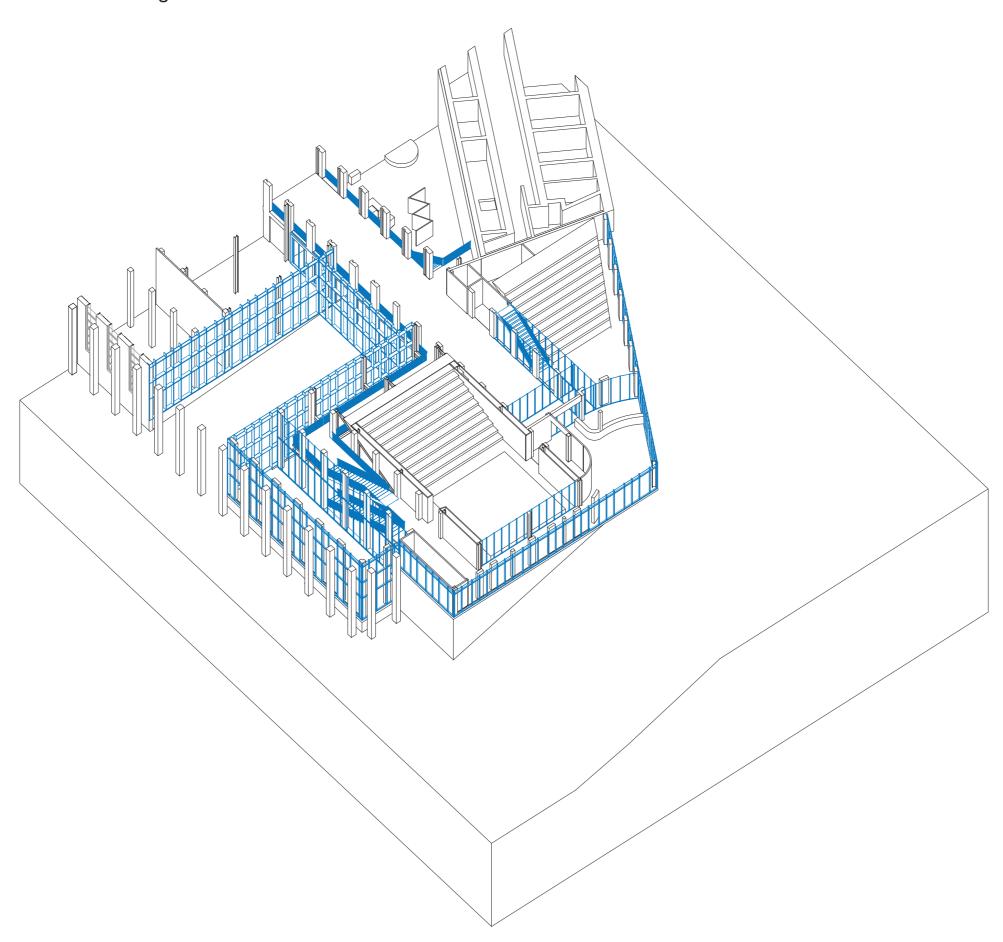


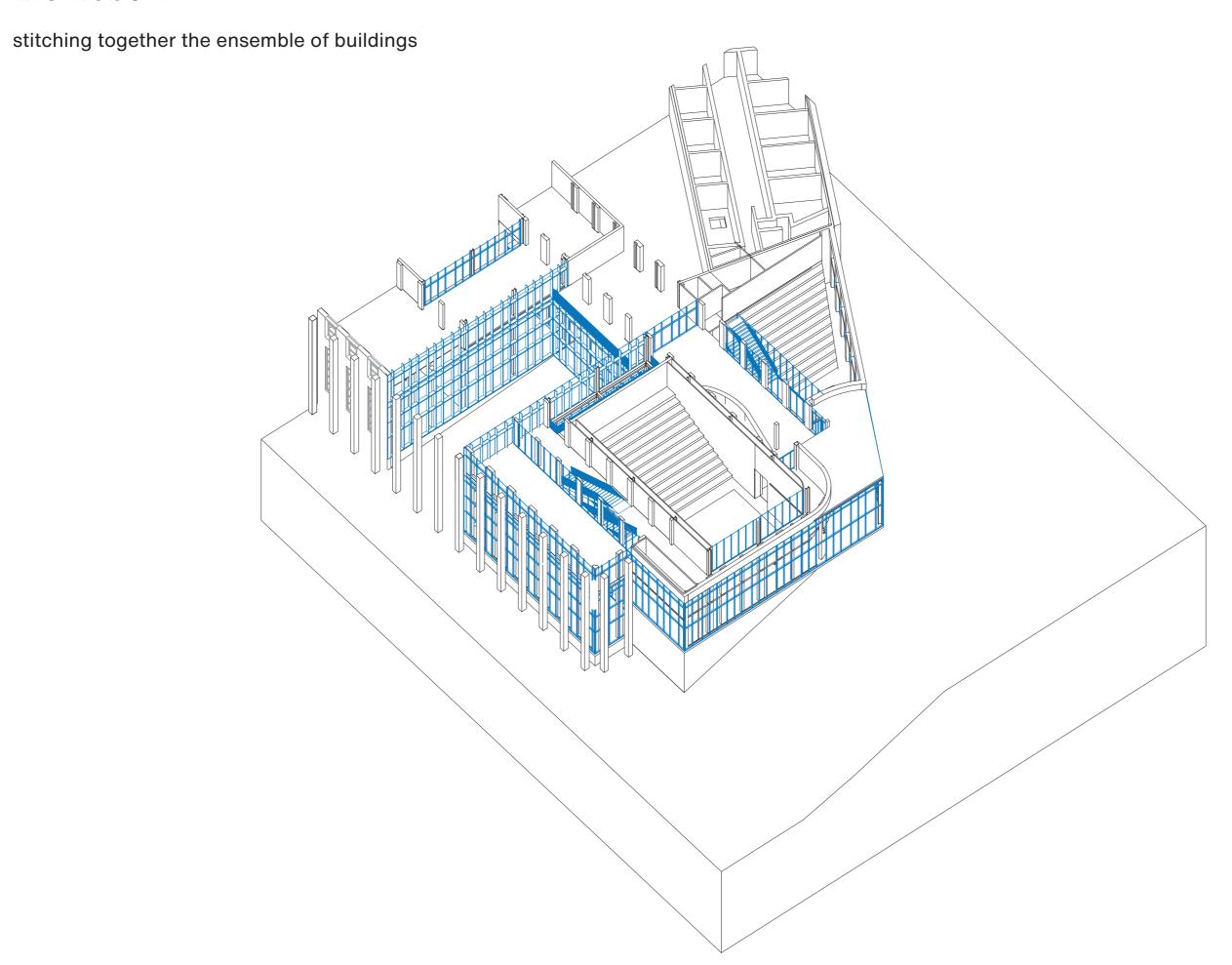
permeability

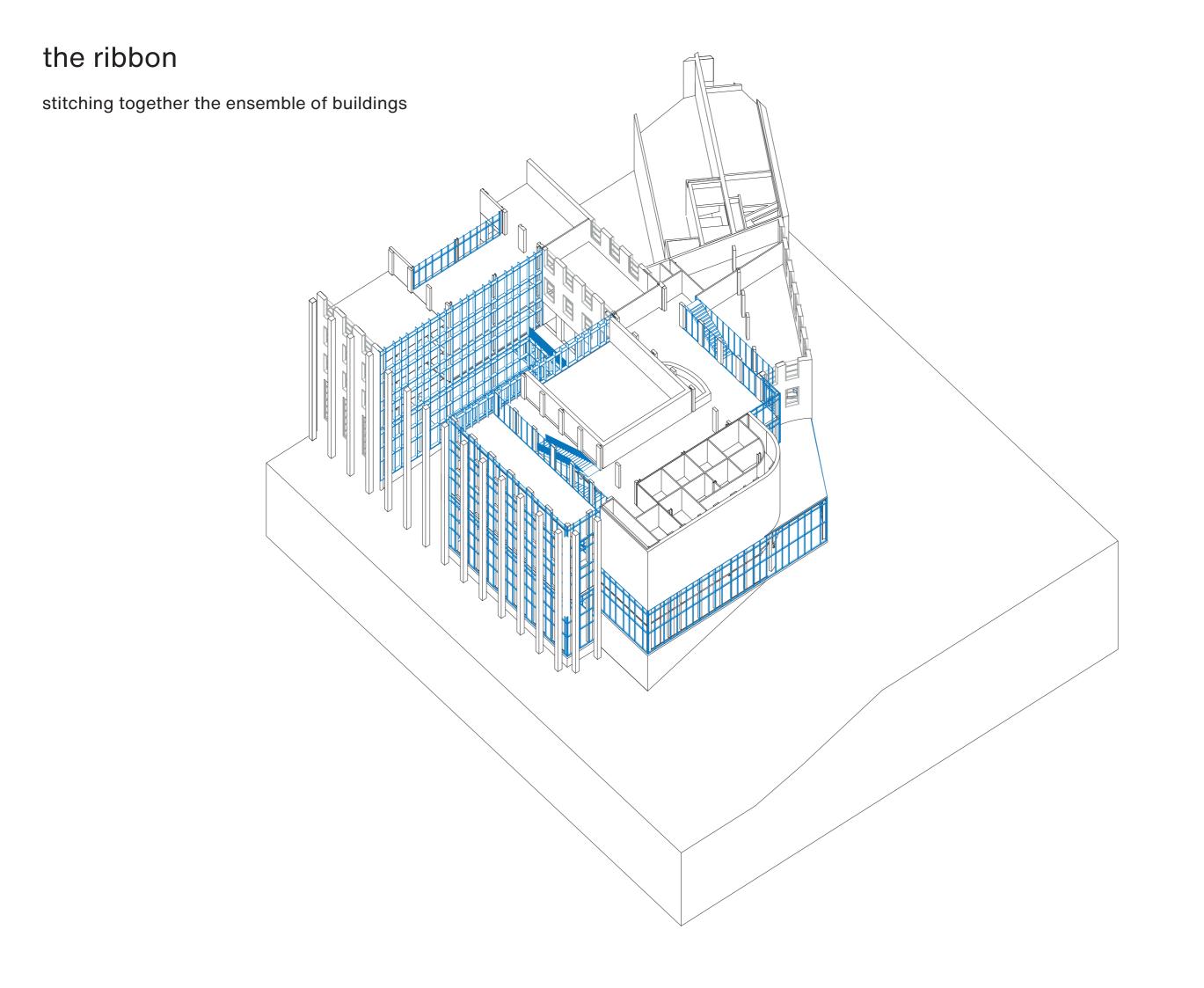
stitching together the ensemble of buildings

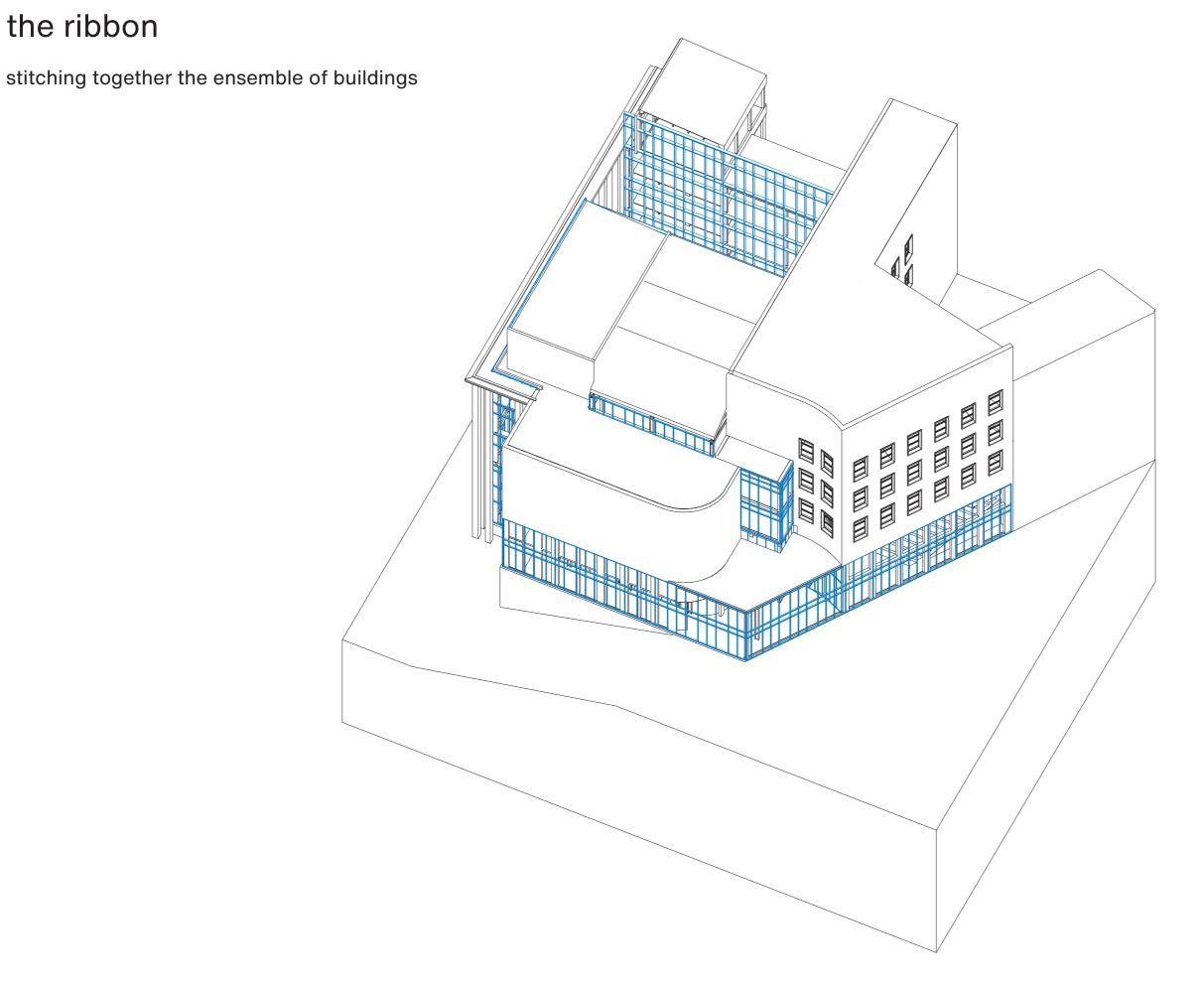


stitching together the ensemble of buildings









three types of facades

