



**SYSTEMATIC INTEGRATION OF URBAN
FARMING INTO URBAN METABOLISMS**
Waste As A Resource For Urban Food Production

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Presentation 5

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01. Introduction & Research Framework

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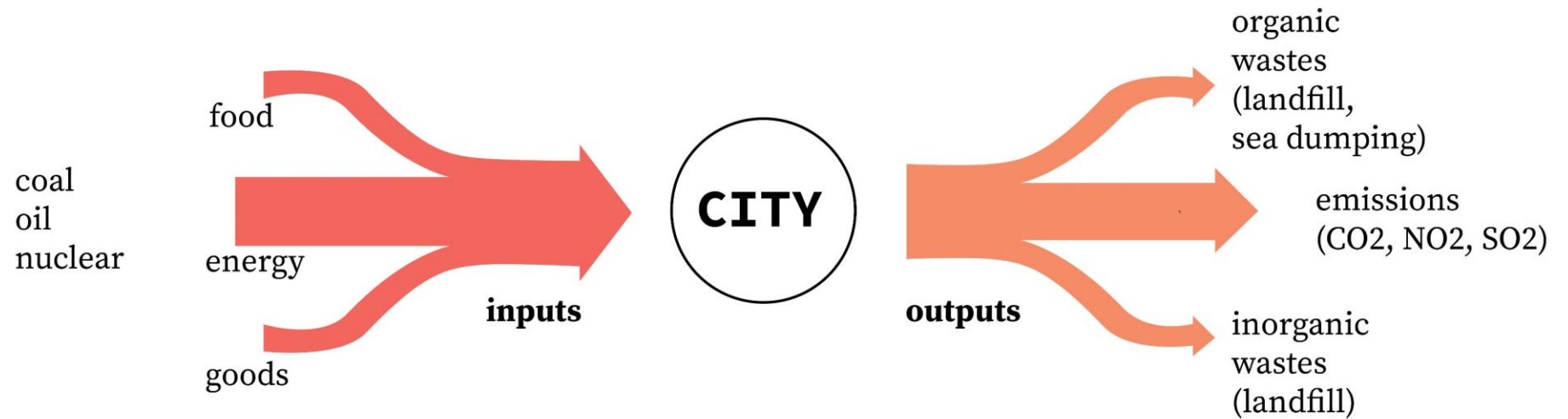
06. Conclusions



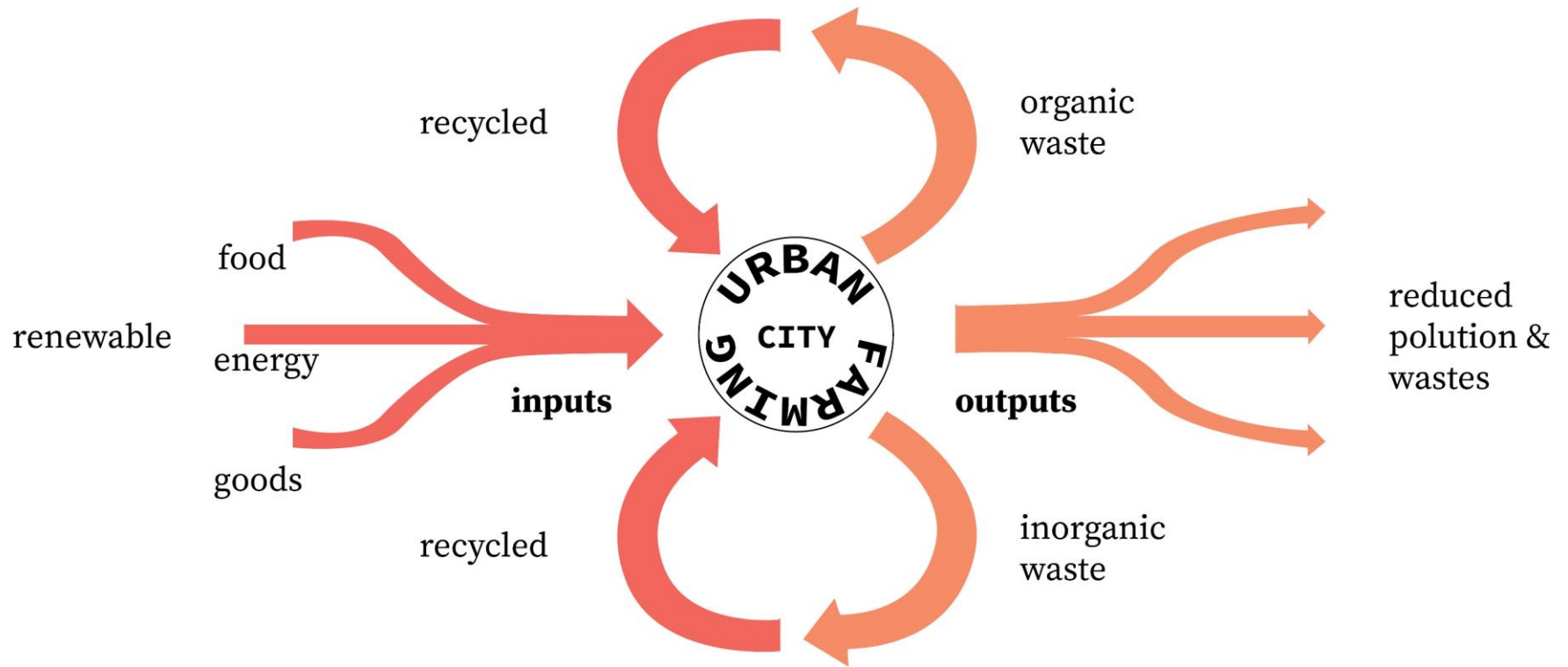
Introduction

Problem
Possible Solution
Why A Decision Making Tool Is Necessary
Research Questions

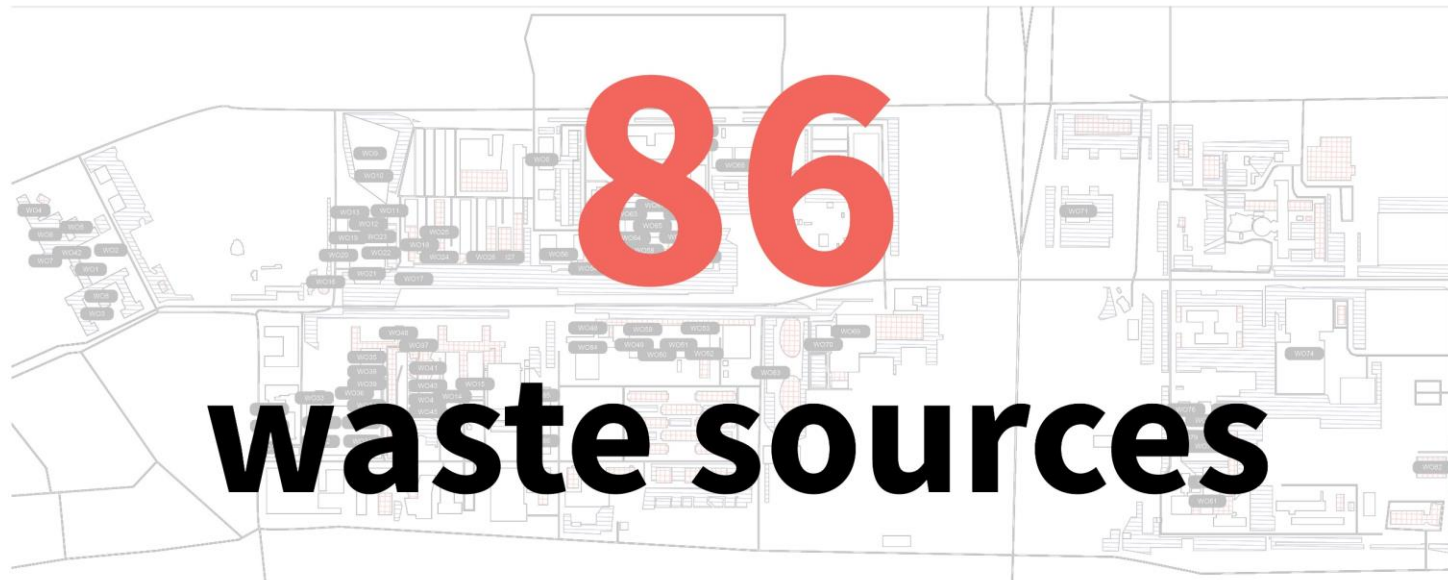
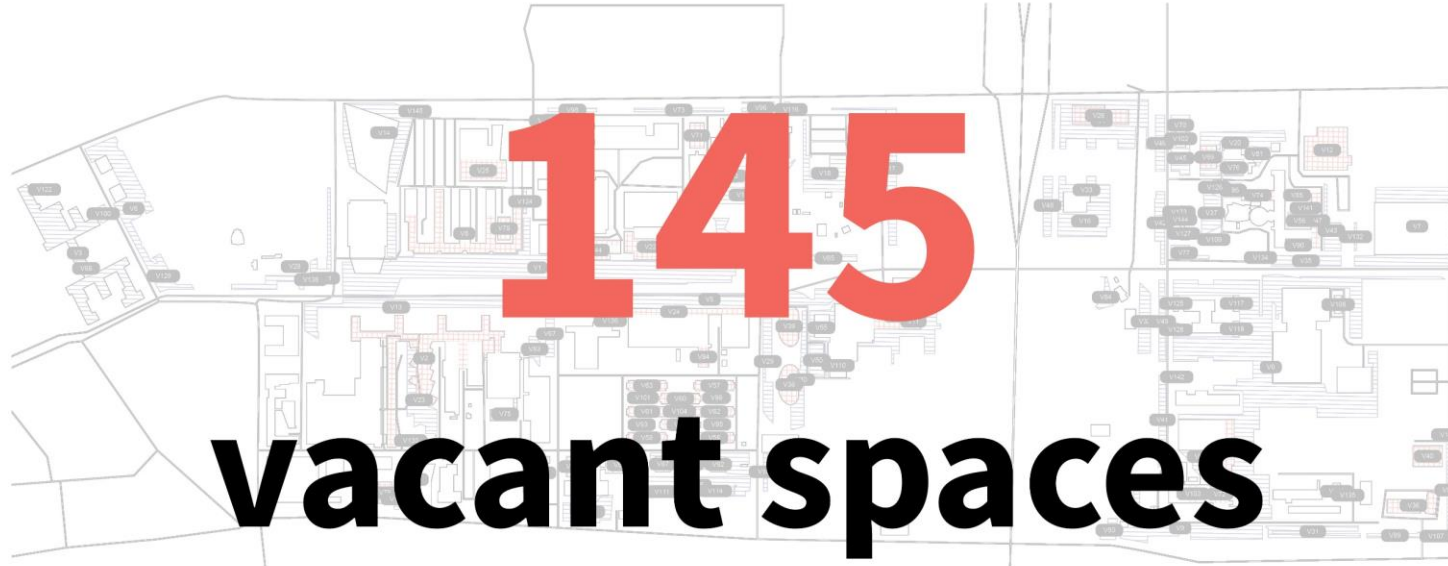
Linear Metabolism



Problem Statement



Problem Statement



Research Question

In which situations can different **URBAN FARMING SYSTEMS** employ different **URBAN WASTE FLOWS** in order to promote the circularity of food production and resources in urban contexts by augmenting the design process with **DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEMS**?

Research Question

Which kind of **WASTE FLOWS** are viable to be utilised by the urban farm economically, environmentally and from a public safety perspective?


Which kind of **URBAN FARMING SYSTEMS** are suitable to repurpose the urban waste flows including water, CO₂, heat, organic waste?

How can urban farming systems be combined and have a **SYMBIOTIC RELATIONSHIP** to close the loop within the urban metabolism?

Which **COMPUTATIONAL APPROACHES** are feasible to construct the decision making tool serving the purpose of generating a network of inputs, outputs, and urban farming systems (operators) with given criteria and rules to design?

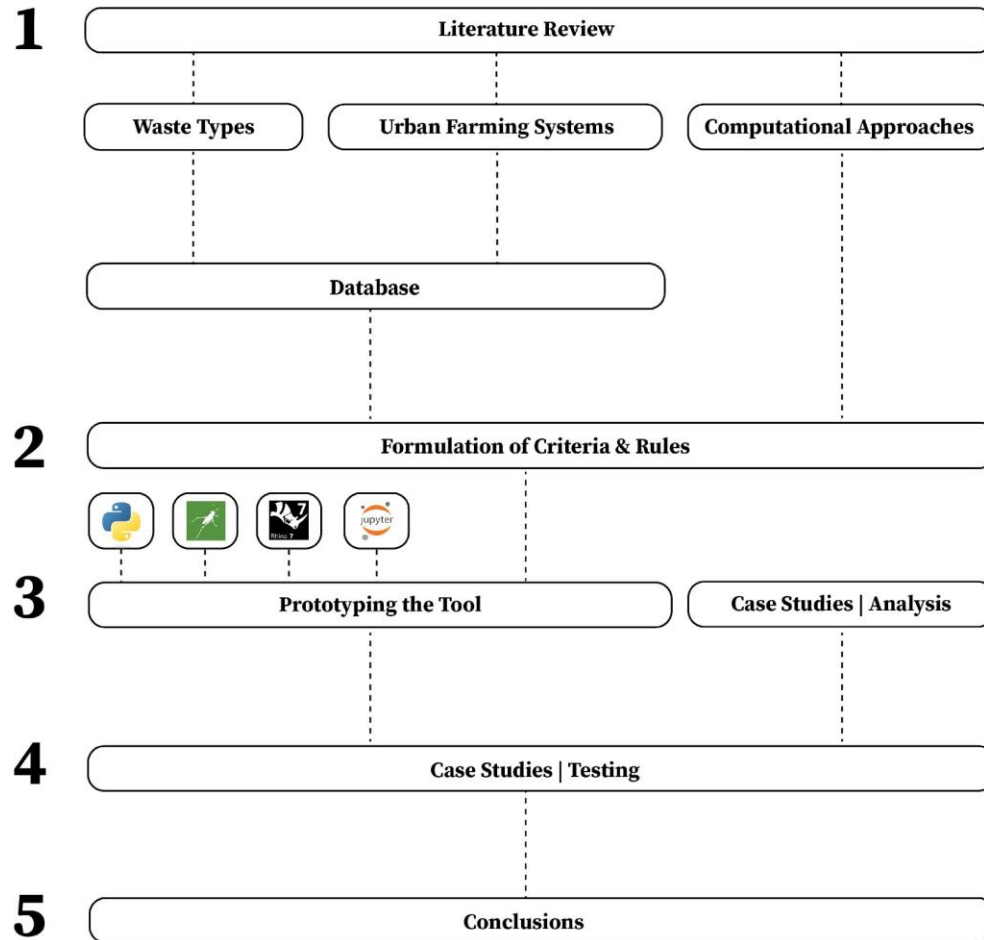


**Research & Design
Approach**



Methodology
Waste As A Sources
Produce
Urban Farming As An Exchange Hub
Database
Rule Based Decision Making

Methodology



Waste As A Resource



Food Waste



**Spent Coffee
Grounds**



Sawdust/Paper/...



Residual Heat



CO2



Rainwater

Product Types



Fruits & Vegetables



Fish

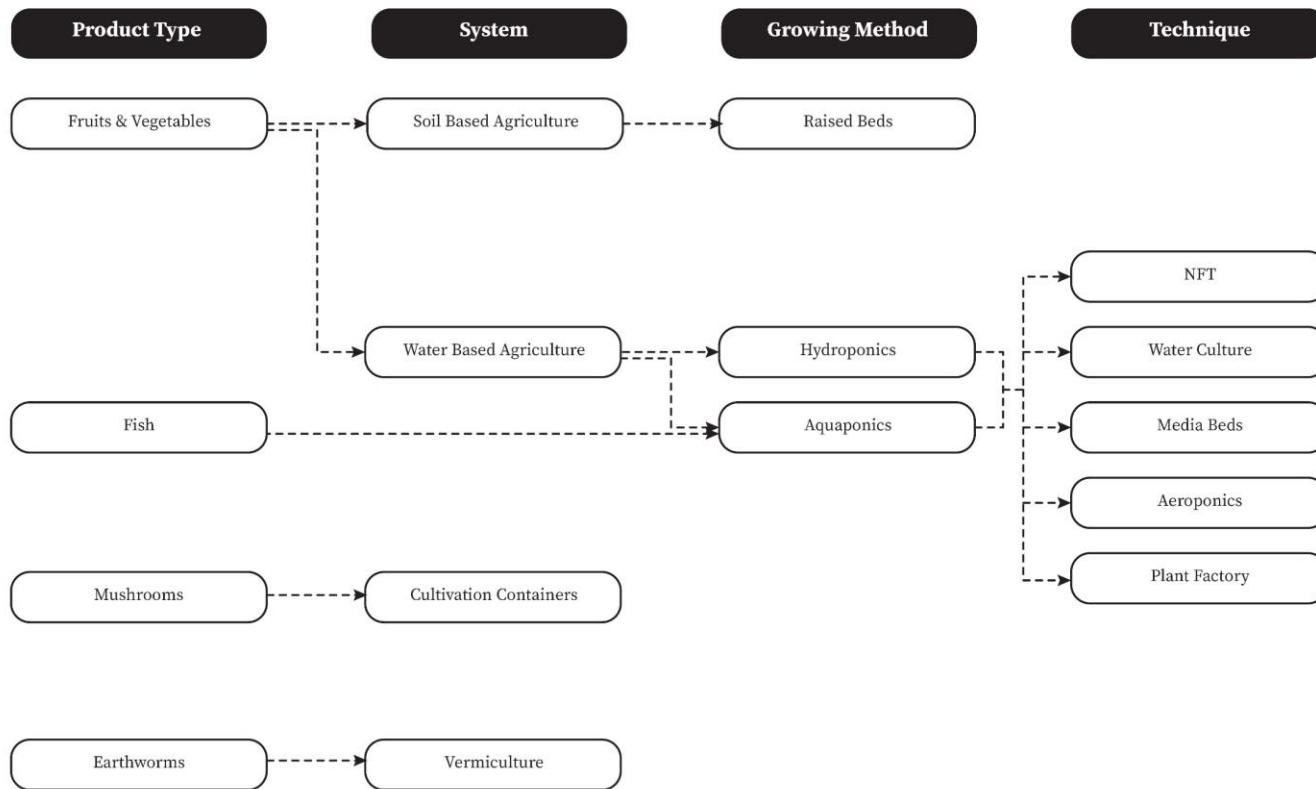


Mushrooms

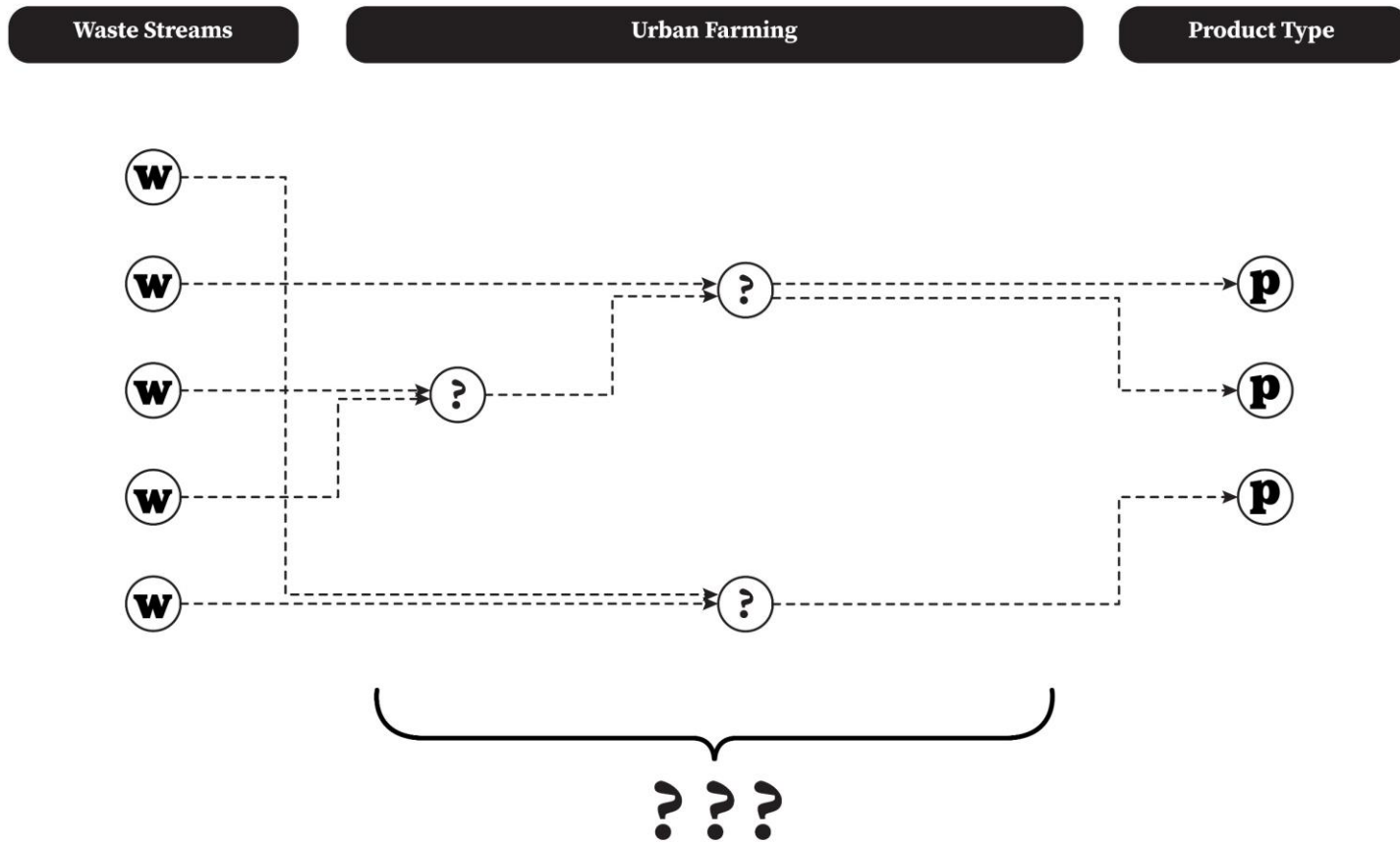


Earthworms

Different Systems



Exchange Hub



Database

Space	Waste	Supplement	Medium	Growing Technique	Design Characteristic	System Type	Main Product	Bi-Product
Rooftop	Food Waste	Fertiliser	Soil	Compost	Fish Tank	Food Production	Small Crops	Heat
Facade	Coffee Waste	Nutrient Solution	Water	Spawning	Tank	Supplementary	Large Crops	Food Waste
Intermediate Floor	Other Waste	Calcium	Fish Tank Water	Aquaculture	Stacked System	Food Producing Supplementary	Mushrooms	Spent Mushroom Substrate
Ground Floor	CO2	Lime Bath*	Air	Raised Beds	Horizontal		Worms	Fertiliser
Basement	Rainwater		Food Waste	NFT	Vertical		Fish	Fish Tank Water
	Heat		Coffee Waste	Aeroponics	Modular Frame			
			Other Waste	EBB & Flow				
			Clay Balls	Gravity Trickle				

inputs

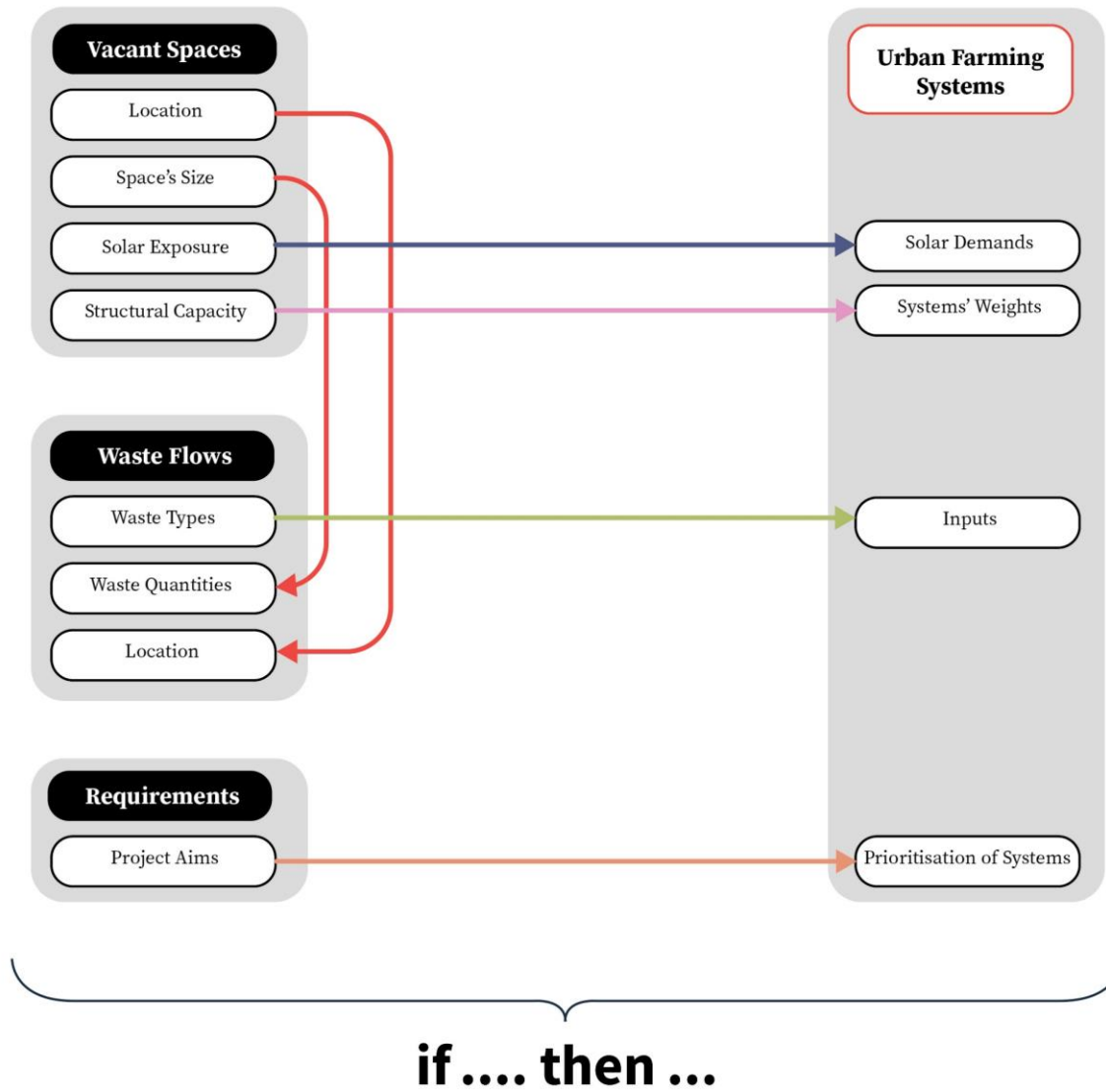
system

outputs

* Lime Bath is used for pasteurization of substrate.


- Vermiculture
- Mushroom
- Plant Factory
- Aquaculture
- Raised Bed
- Aeroponics
- Hydroponic - NFT
- Hydroponic - Water Culture
- Hydroponic - Media Bed

Rule Based Decision Making



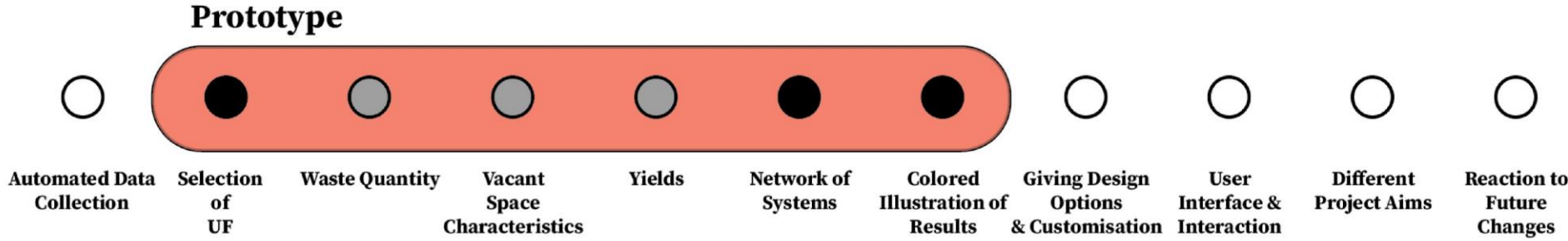


Foodcycle



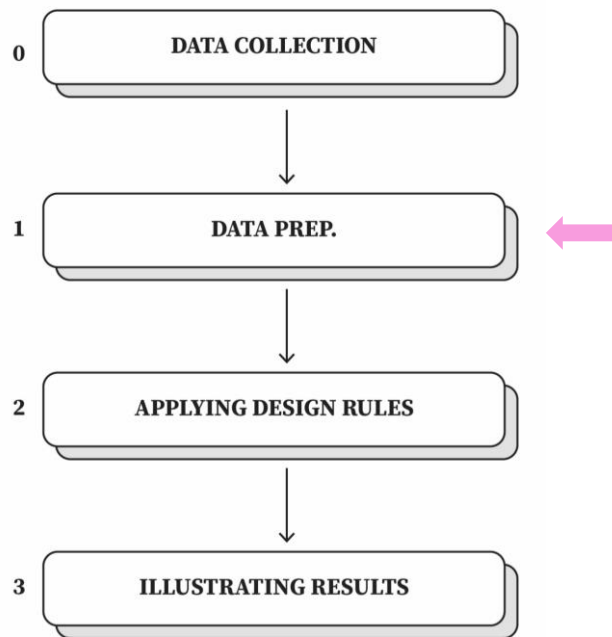
Aim / Scope
Data Flow
Design Rules
User - Tool Interaction
Design Process

Project Scope



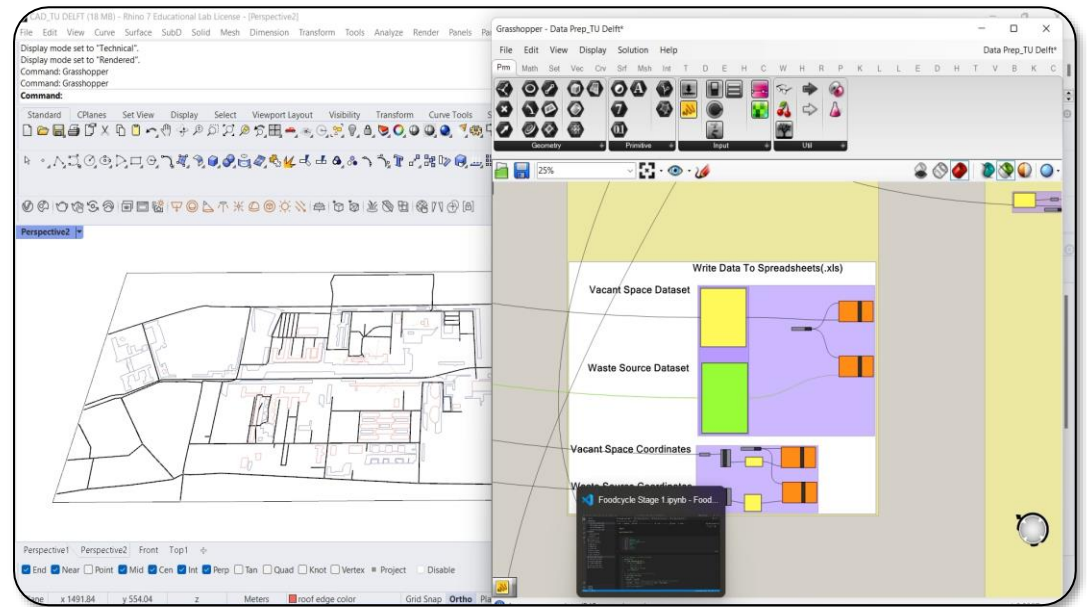
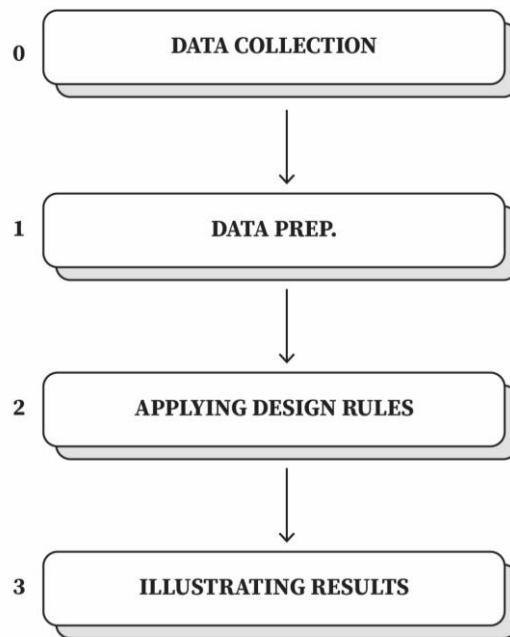
● Included ● Simplified ○ In theory

Decision Making Flow

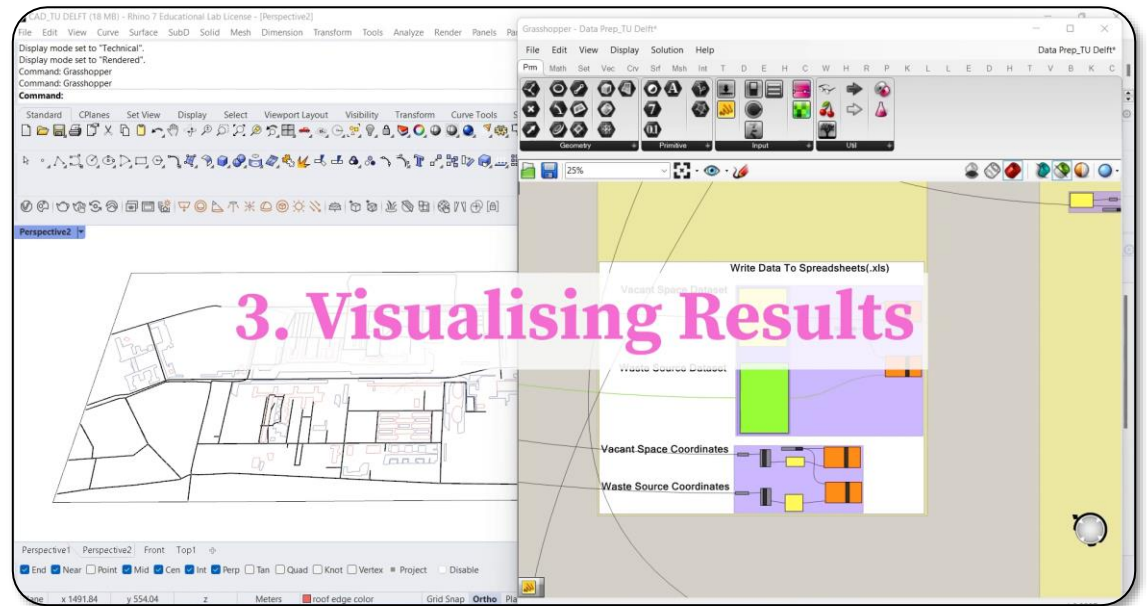
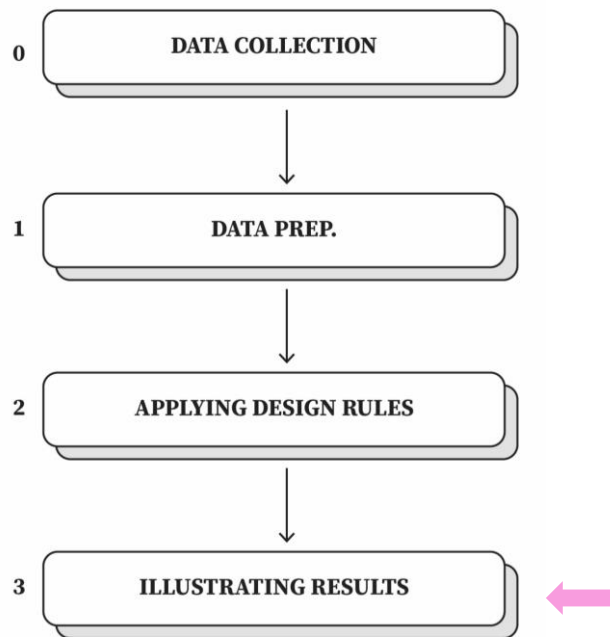


Welcome To FoodGycle!

Decision Making Flow



Decision Making Flow



Design Rules

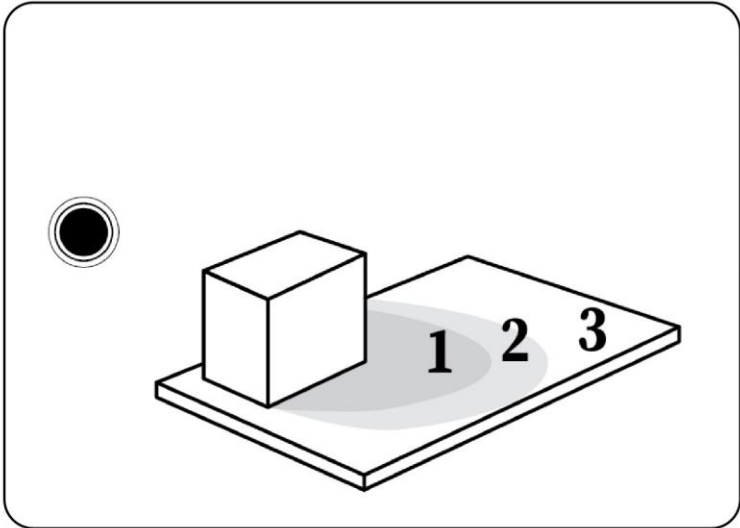
**Vacant Space
Characteristics**

Waste Demand

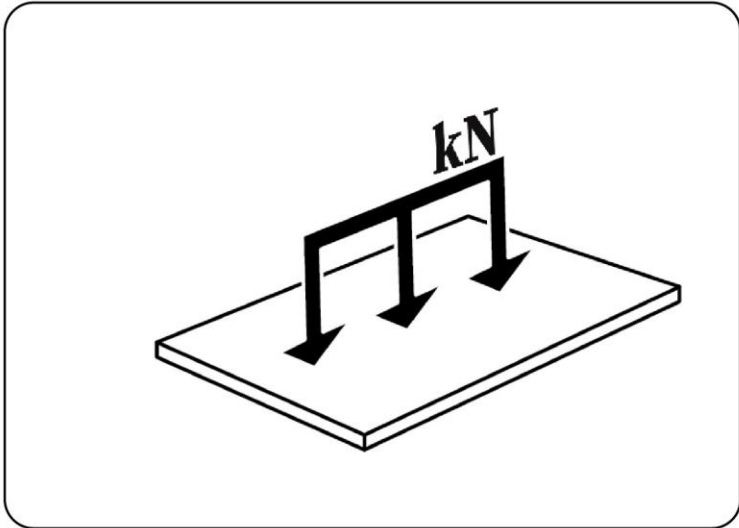
Availability

Search Radius

Vacant Space Characteristics

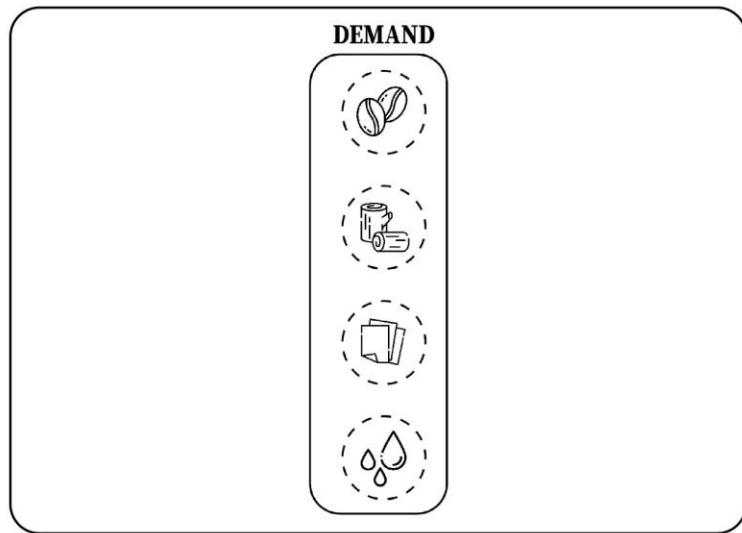


Solar Exposure

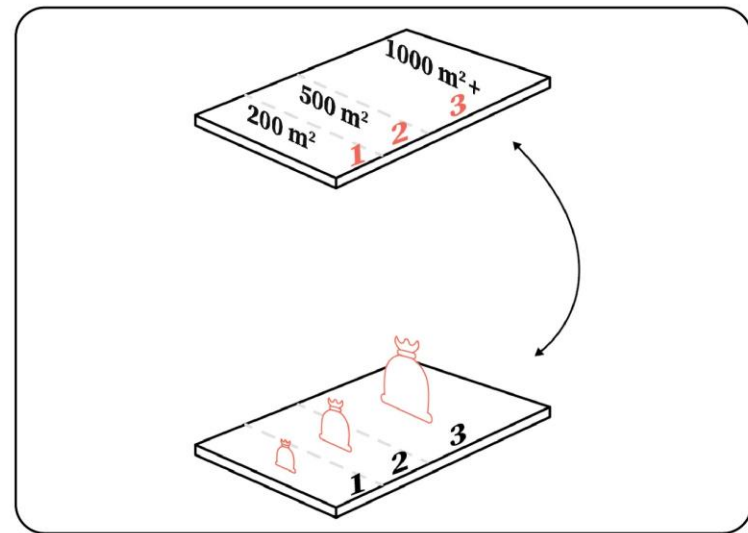


Structural Capacity

Waste Demands

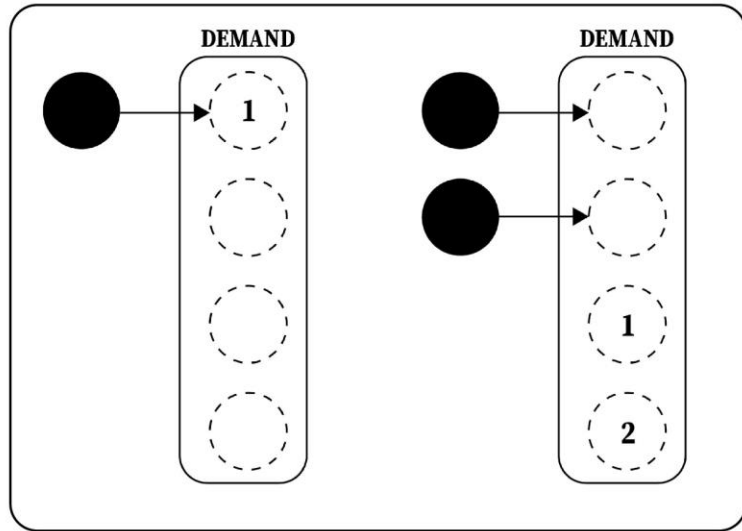


Demanded Waste Types

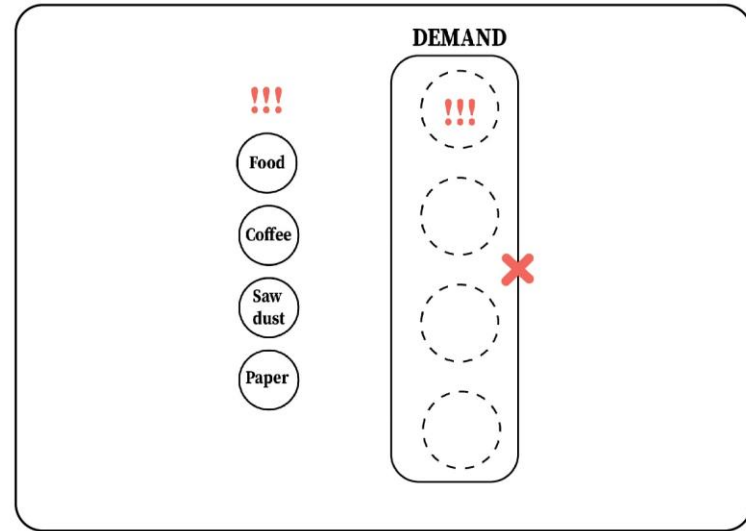


Demanded Waste Quantity

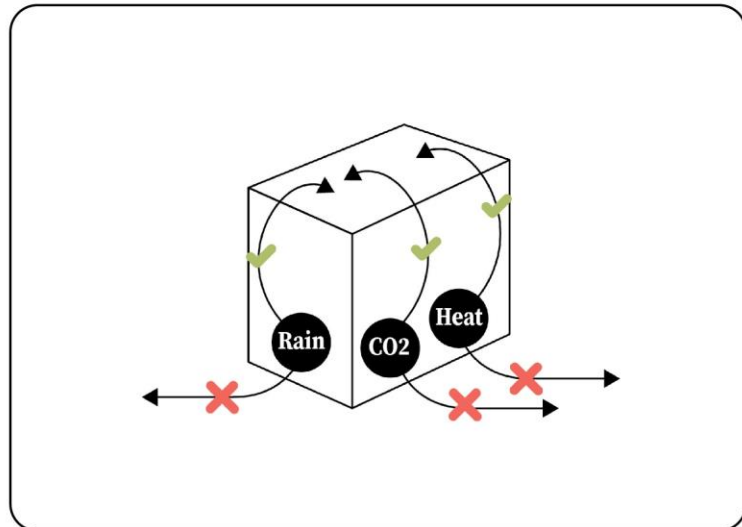
Waste Availability



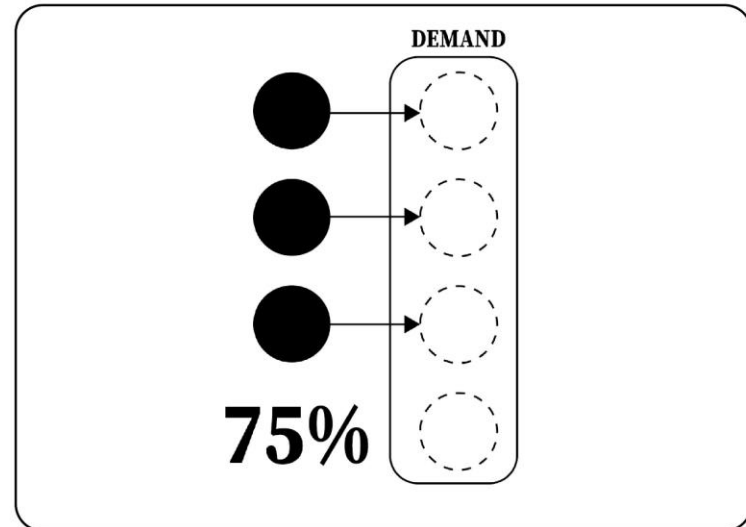
Found & Missing Items



Critical Items

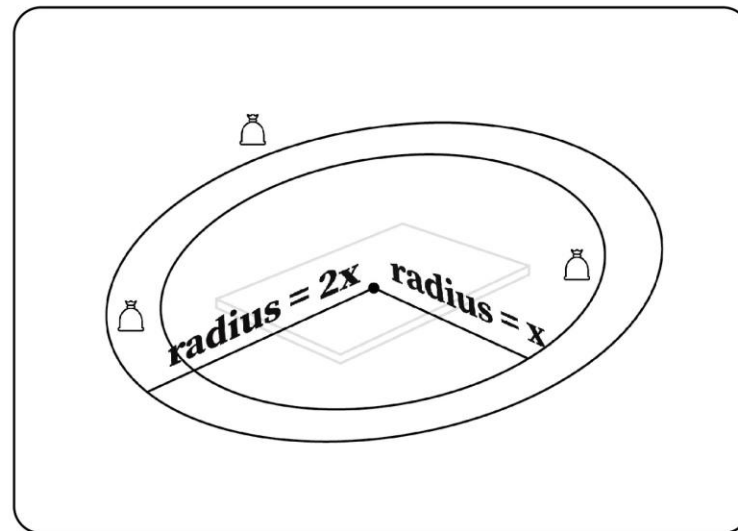


Non - Transferable Items



Symbiosis Rate

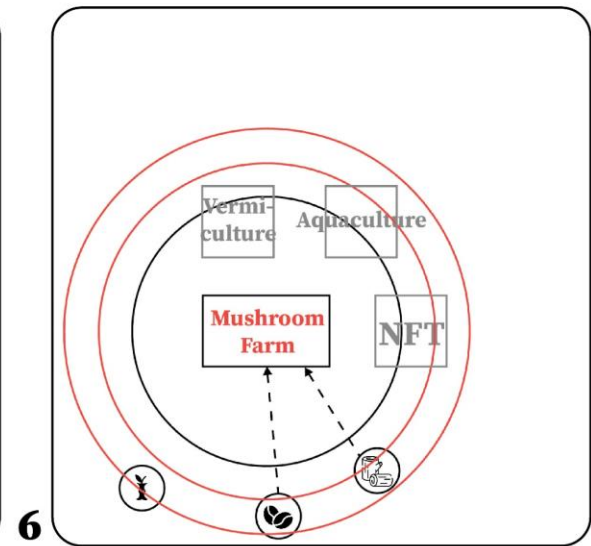
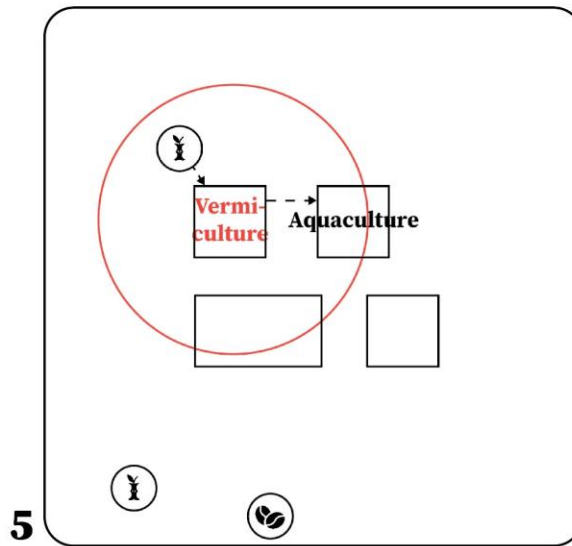
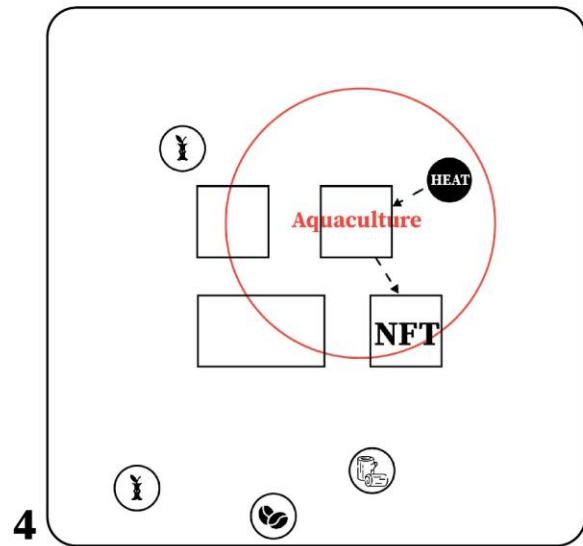
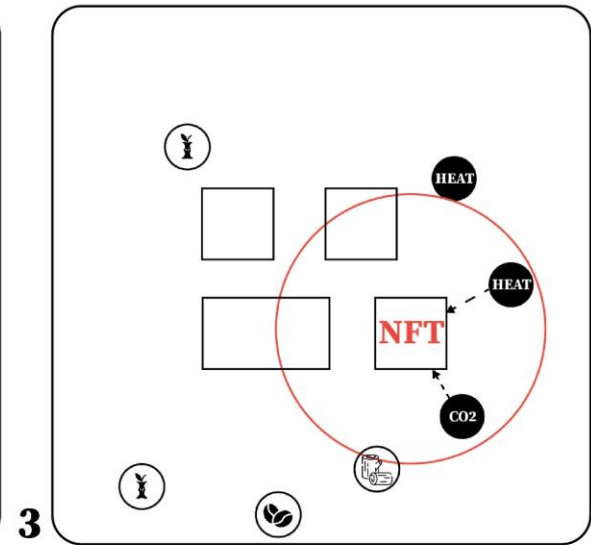
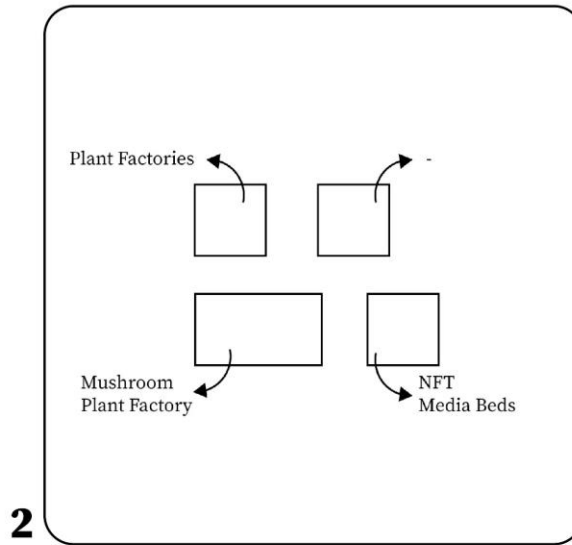
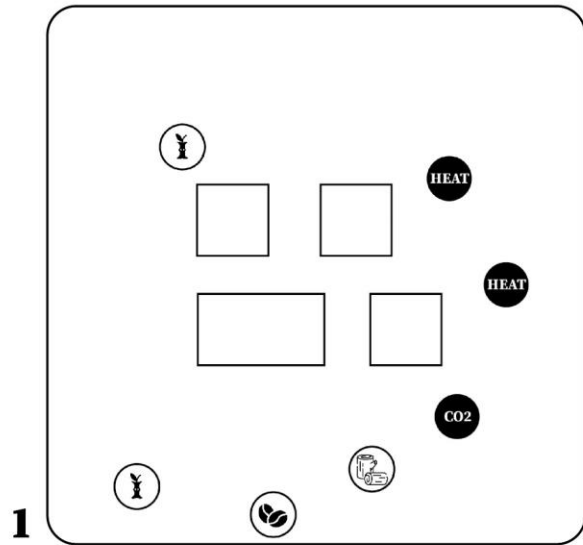
Search Radius



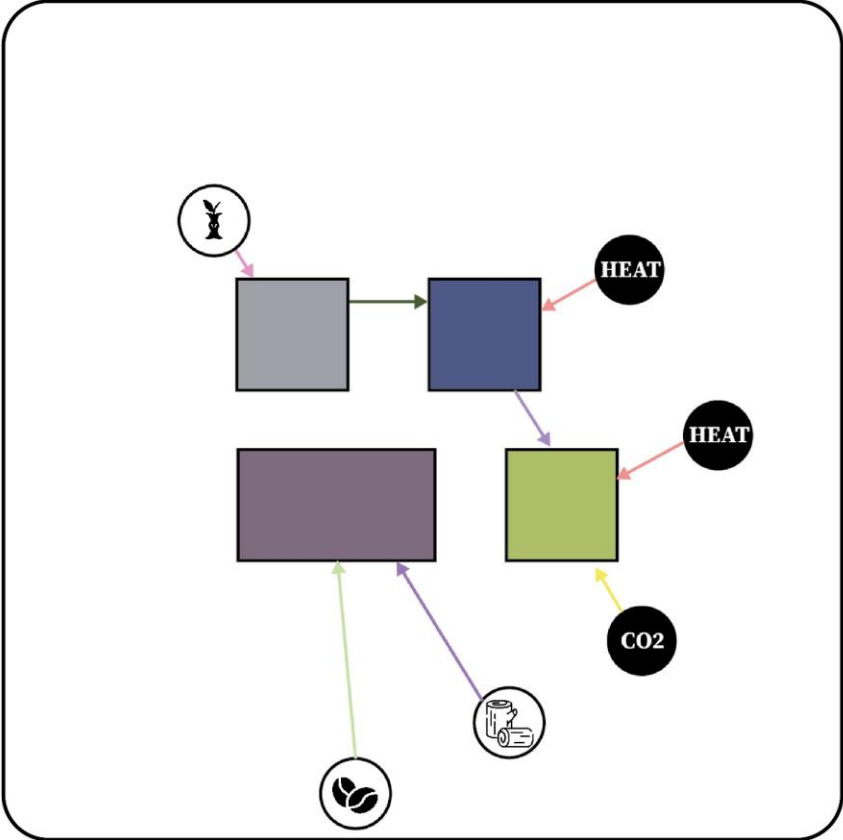
Minimum & Maximum Radius

How to make decisions?

Step By Step Decision Making



Illustrating Decisions



- Food Waste (W1) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- Sawdust (W2) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- Paper (W3) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- Coffee Waste (W4) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- CO2 (W5) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- Rainwater (W6) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- Heat (W7) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- N.D. Water (S2) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- Fertiliser (S4) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- Fish Food (S5) → Vermicompost (UF1)
- Vermicompost (UF1) → Aquaculture (UF2)
- Heat (W7) → Aquaculture (UF2)
- Aquaculture (UF2) → Mushroom Farm (UF3)
- CO2 (W5) → NFT (UF4)
- Heat (W7) → NFT (UF4)
- CO2 (W5) → Mediabeds (UF5)
- N.D. Water (S2) → Mediabeds (UF5)
- Fertiliser (S4) → Mediabeds (UF5)
- Mediabeds (UF5) → Raised Beds (UF6)
- Water Culture (UF7) → Plant Factory (UF8)
- Plant Factory (UF8) → Aeroponics (UF9)



Using Foodcycle

User - Tool Interaction
Design Process

How to Interact with Foodcycle?



Welcome To FoodCycle!

Please wait while we are restarting the kernels ...

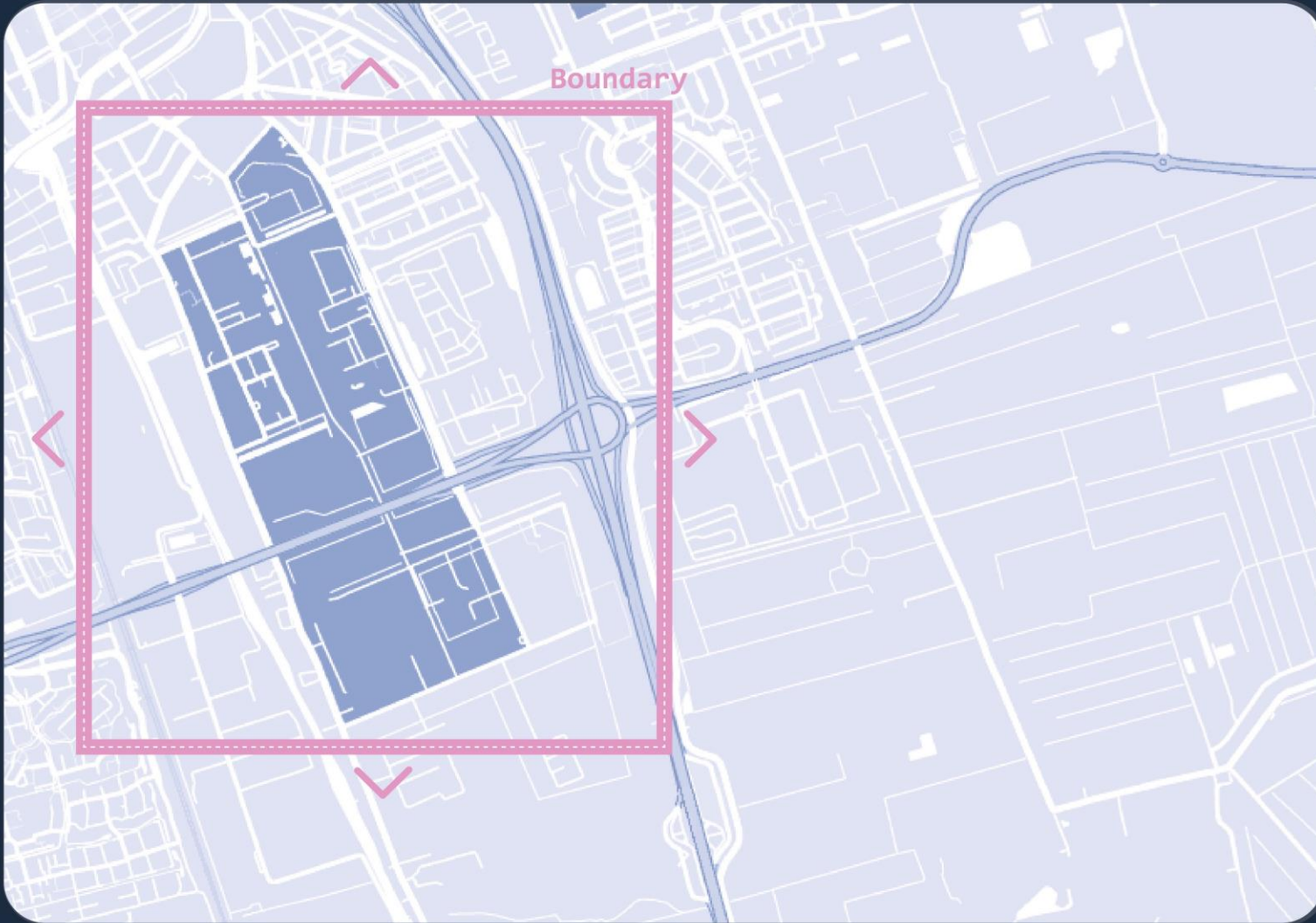


Start New

Open File



Help Me



Location

TU Delft 

Boundary

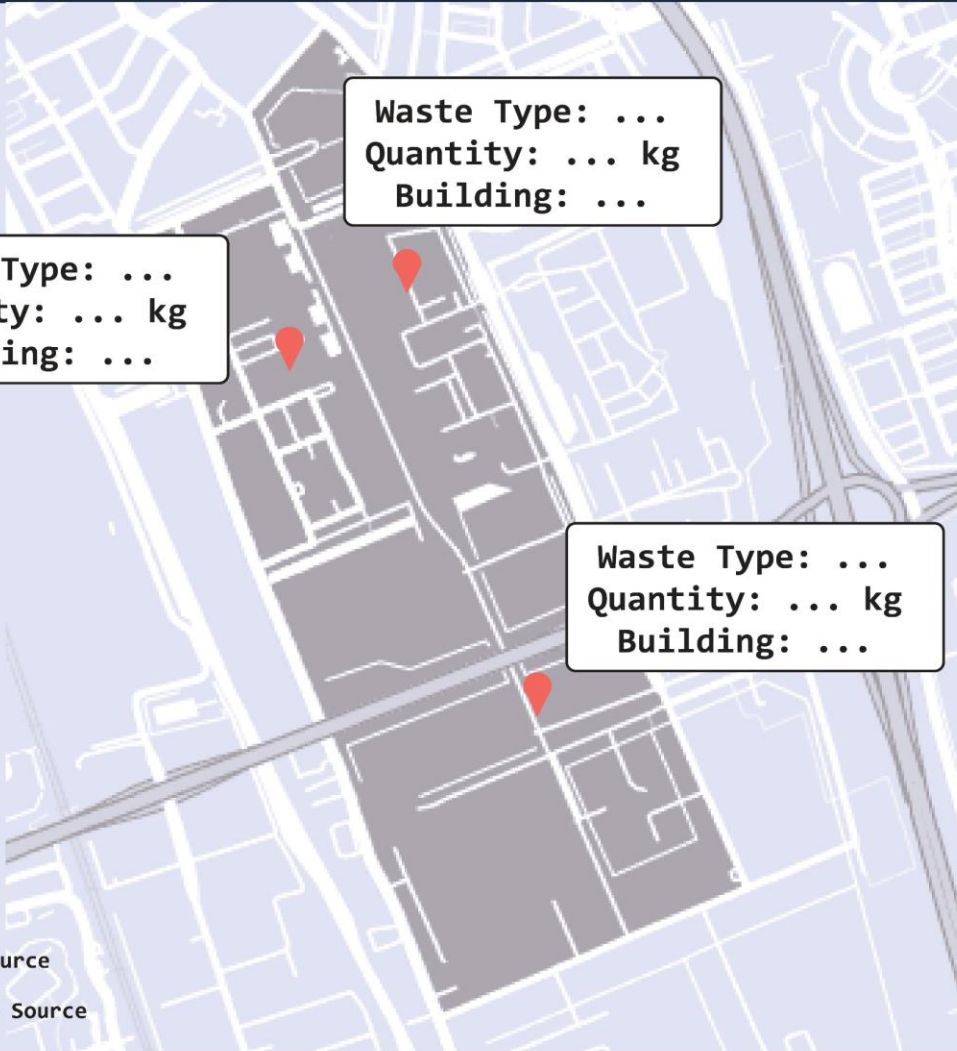
Tip! Drag Corners
To Resize Boundary
Box

Coordinates :
x , y , z

Area : ... m²

Elevation Difference
: ... m

NEXT



Waste Type: ...
Quantity: ... kg
Building: ...

Waste Type: ...
Quantity: ... kg
Building: ...

Waste Type: ...
Quantity: ... kg
Building: ...

Add Waste Source

Remove Waste Source

Include Waste Types:

- Coffee Waste
- Food Waste
- Paper Waste
- Sawdust
- CO2
- Excess Heat
- Rainwater Harvesting

Tip! Drop Pin & Fill In The Details For Manual Input

Data Collection Method:

- GIS Data Import
- Manual Input

NEXT



Include Spaces For Farming:

Ground Floor ▼

Roof Top ▼

Indoor ▼

Tip! Click on the areas to include

Data Collection Method:

- GIS Data
- Drone Footage
- Manual Input

NEXT

Design Questionnaire



What is the aim of the project?

Research

Holistic Food
Production

Maximum
Productivity

Questions 4/14

Should all the waste sources be found for food
production systems?

Both Critical
and Non-Critical
Items

Only Critical
Items

**Holistic Food
Production**

Uf systems are
sorted according to
ease of application
in existing urban
contexts.

**All of the vacant
spaces** will be
occupied based on
the number of
missing items even
if there is not any
found item.

How many missing resources is acceptable?

1

2

3

Critical Items:

Resources which are
a must for a system
to function

Vermiculture: Food
waste, sawdust,
paper

Should all the waste sources be found for food producing
supplementary systems?

Both Critical
and Non-Critical
Items

Only Critical
Items

NEXT



Should all the waste sources be found for supplementary systems?

Both Critical
and Non-Critical
Items

Only Critical
Items

How far can the waste sources be from vacant spaces?

100 [m]



Can this distance be increased if there are vacant spaces left?

No

Yes

What is the maximum distance waste sources can travel?

500 [m]



Questions 8/14

Food Production Systems:

Systems which only produce food including mushrooms, soft fruits and leafy greens.

Food Producing Supplementary Systems:

Systems which produce supplements in addition to food.

Supplementary Systems:

Systems which only produce supplementary items but no food items.

NEXT



Can search radius be increased if there are vacant spaces left?

No

Yes!

How many times?

0

1

2

Is there a possibility to add infrastructure to transfer CO₂, heat and Rainwater?

No

Yes!

Questions 11/14

Search Radius:
Search radius is the distance between each vacant space and waste sources around it.

Non Transferable Items:
CO₂, Heat, Rainwater

These resources are only used if they are available in the same building as the vacant space.

NEXT



How many steps should there be until it reaches the maximum value?

2

3

4

How Is there a possibility to add infrastructure to transfer CO2, heat and rainwater?

No

Yes!

Should all the vacant spaces be occupied even if there are not any found items?

No

Yes!

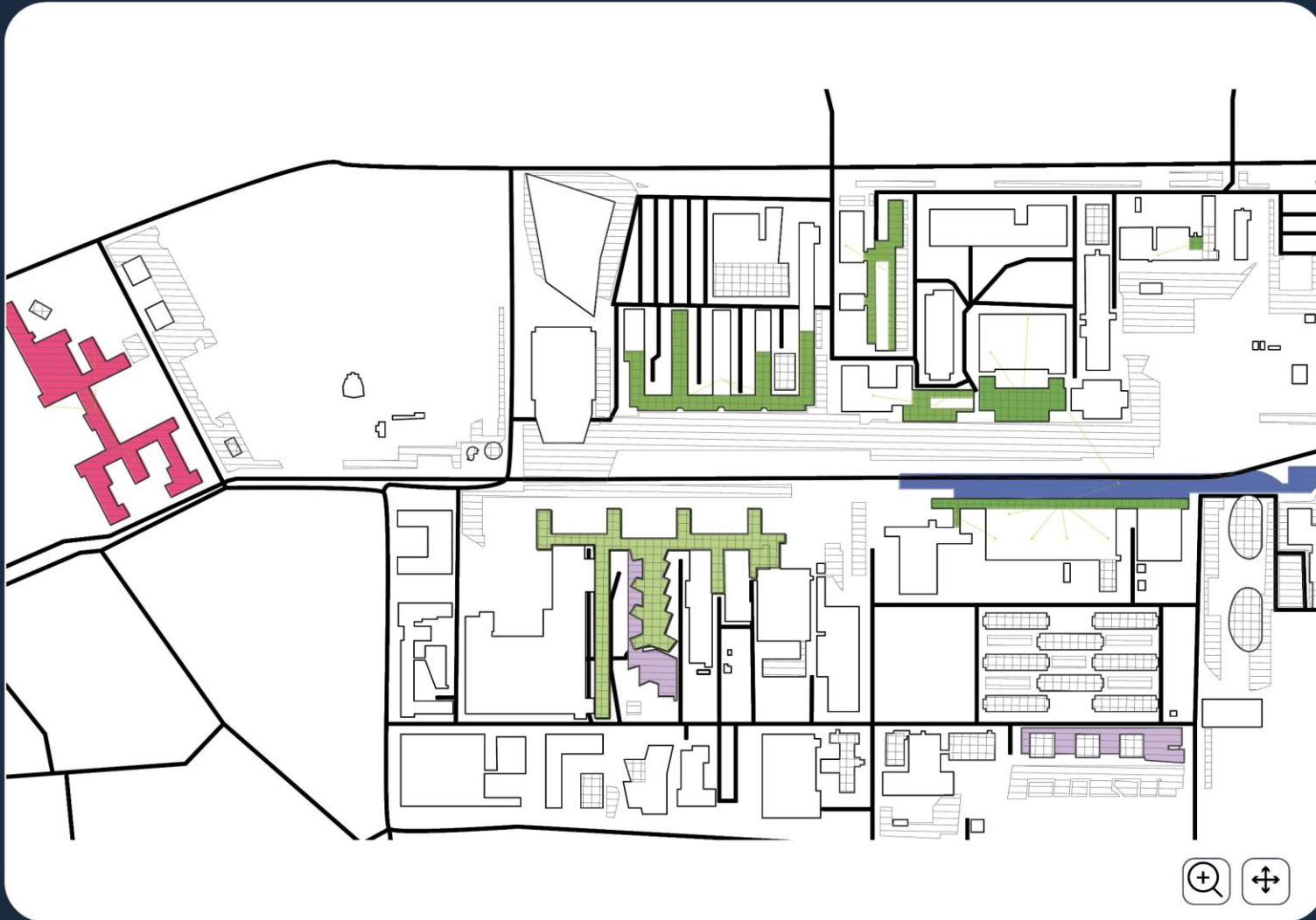
Questions 14/14

Search Radius:
Search radius is the distance between each vacant space and waste sources around it.

Non Transferable Items:
CO2, Heat, Rainwater

These resources are only used if they are available in the same building as the vacant space.

NEXT



Initial Search Radius

Increased Search Radius

Increased Search Radius



Maximum 2 missing resources

Min. 1 found resource

Critical Items Cannot Be Supplied Externally

Average Symbiosis Rate:
... %

Number of Vacant Spaces:
... spaces

Number of Used Waste Sources:
... sources

NEXT



Initial Search Radius

Increased Search Radius

Increased Search Radius



Maximum 2 missing resources

Min. 1 found resource

Critical Items Cannot Be Supplied Externally

Average Symbiosis Rate:
... %

Number of Vacant Spaces:
... spaces

Number of Used Waste Sources:
... sources

NEXT



Initial Search Radius

Increased Search Radius

Increased Search Radius



Maximum 2 missing resources

Min. 1 found resource

Critical Items Cannot Be Supplied Externally

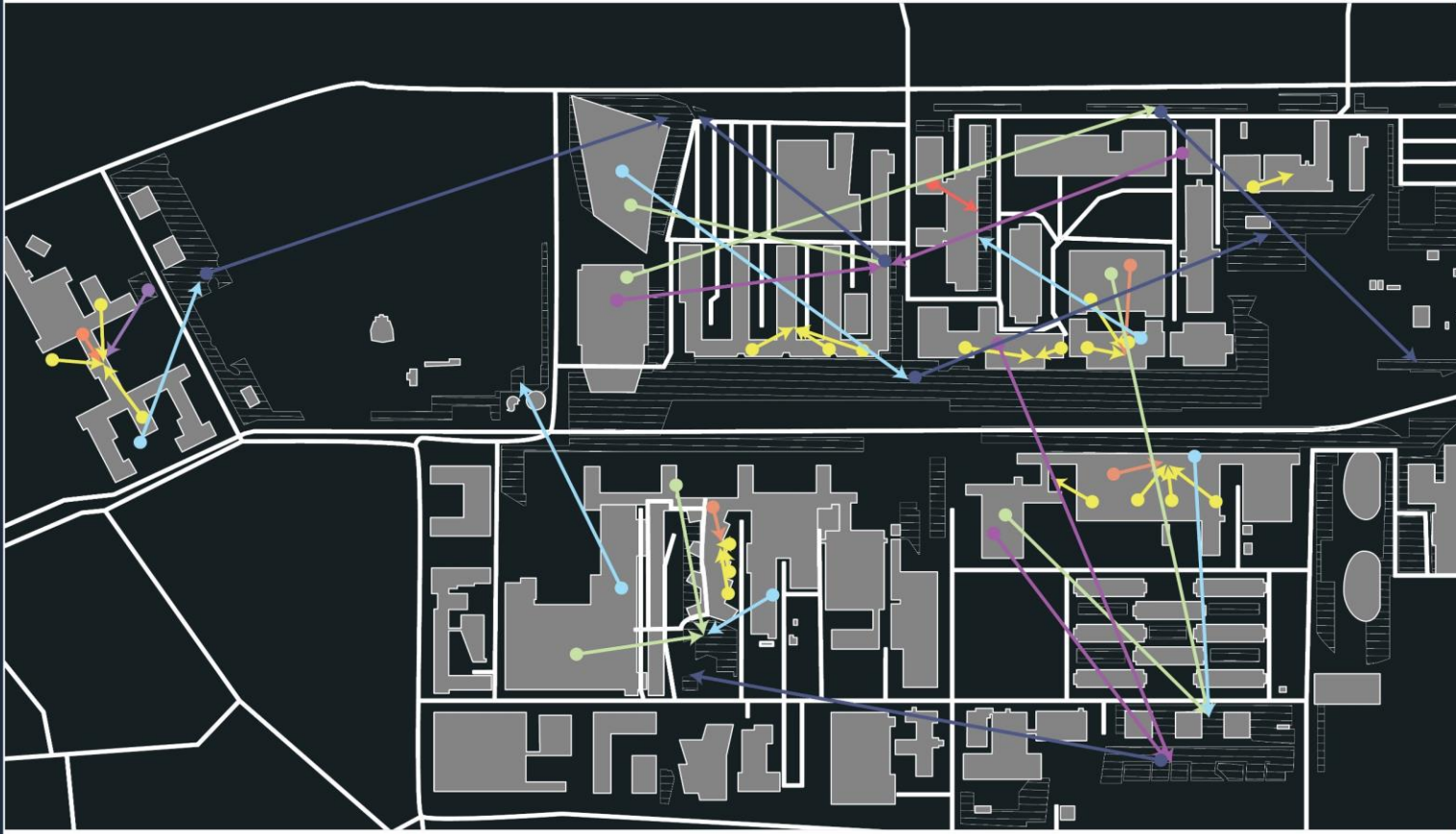
Assign a system to every vacant space

Average Symbiosis Rate:
... %

Number of Vacant Spaces:
... spaces

Number of Used Waste Sources:
... sources

NEXT



Initial Search Radius ▼

Increased Search Radius ▼

Increased Search Radius ▼



Maximum 2 missing resources

Min. 1 found resource

Critical Items Cannot Be Supplied Externally

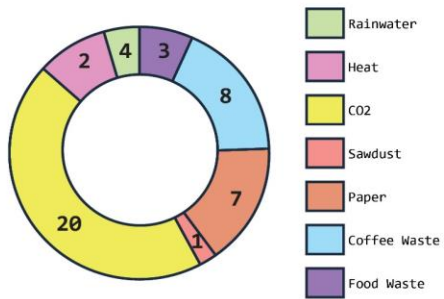
Assign a system to every vacant space

Average Symbiosis Rate:
... %

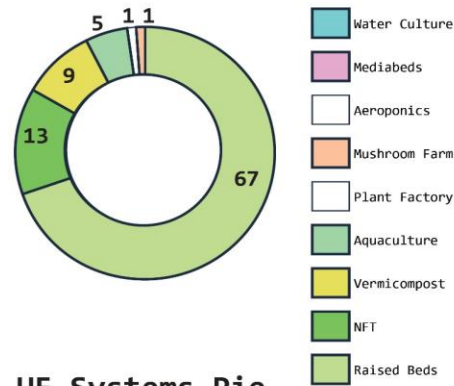
Number of Vacant Spaces:
... spaces

Number of Used Waste Sources:
... sources

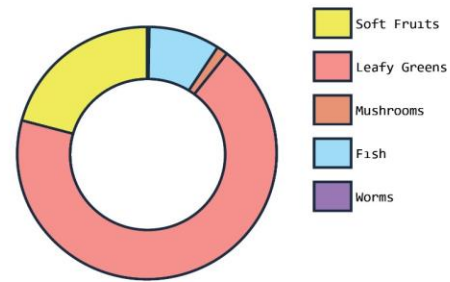
NEXT



Used Waste Types
Pie Chart



UF Systems Pie
Chart



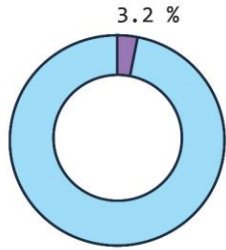
Food Production
Pie Chart

Enough Vegetables to
Feed 72093 People
(Daily)

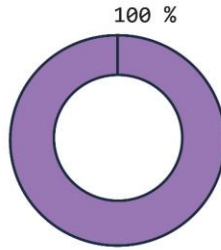
Delft Population :
101,030
250 gr Fruit & Veg

90 % of Delft
Population

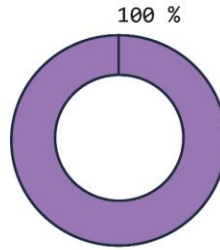
NEXT



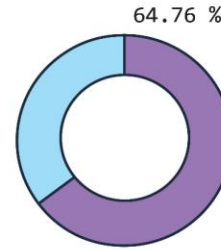
Food Waste



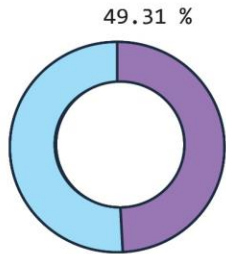
Sawdust



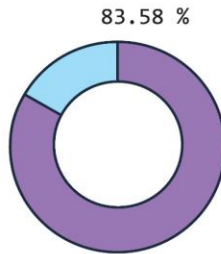
Paper



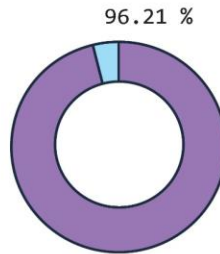
Spent Coffee Grounds



CO2



Rainwater



Excess Heat



Food Waste :
4237 / 131542
[kg/year]

Sawdust :
592000 / 592000
[kg/year]

Paper :
812601 / 812601
[kg/year]

Spent Coffee Ground :
13020 / 201040
[kg/year]

CO2 :
1962 / 3979
[kg/year]

Rainwater :
41050300 / 49116800
[L/year]

Excess Heat :
44000000 / 45732320
[kWh/year]

NEXT



Change UF System

- Vermiculture
- Aquaculture
- Mushroom
- NFT
- Mediabed
- Water Culture
- Raised Bed
- Plant Factory
- Aeroponics

Warning! The system you picked is too heavy for a rooftop

Tip! Click on the system to change it

NEXT

Average Symbiosis Percentage:
...% -> ...%

Food Yield :
... kg -> ...%

Number of Vacant Spaces:
... spaces ->... spaces



Removing Waste Source

Warning! The waste source you removed provides a critical resource. The productivity will be affected significantly!

Tip! Click on the node to remove it

NEXT

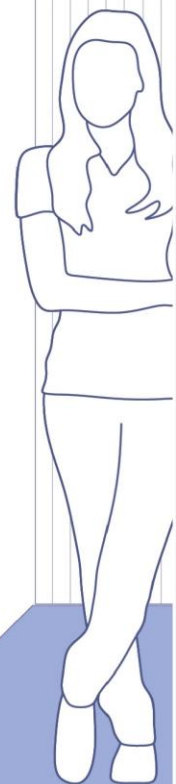
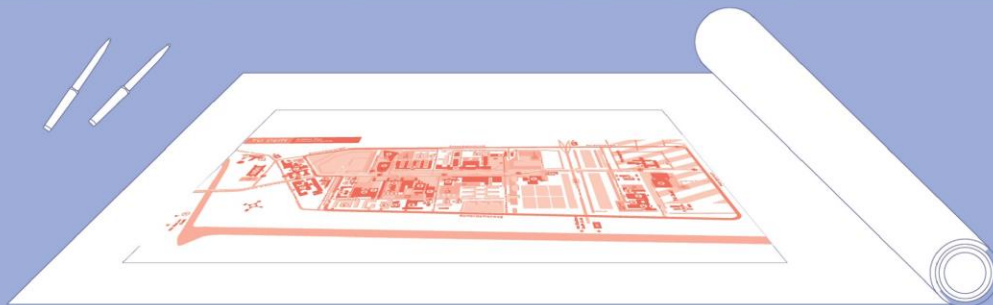
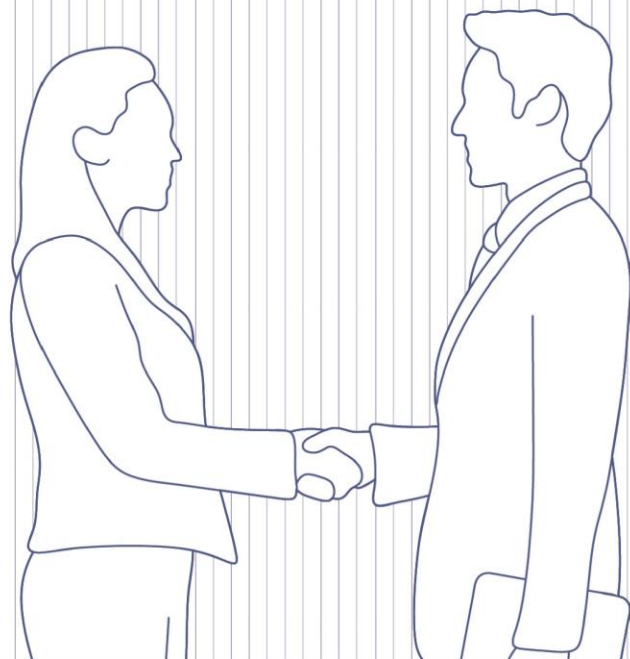
Average Symbiosis Percentage:
...% -> ...%

Food Yield :
... kg -> ...%

Number of Vacant Spaces:
... spaces ->... spaces

When to use Foodcycle?

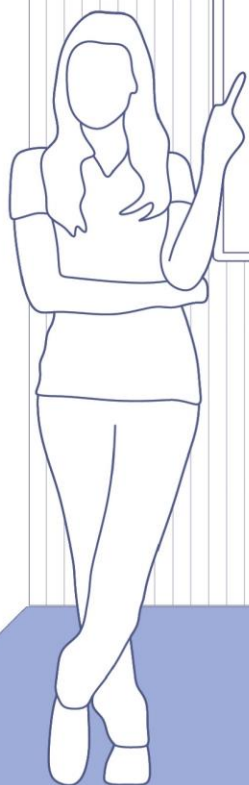
Step 0



Step 1

GOALS:

Holistic Food Production!



Step 2

Foodcycle

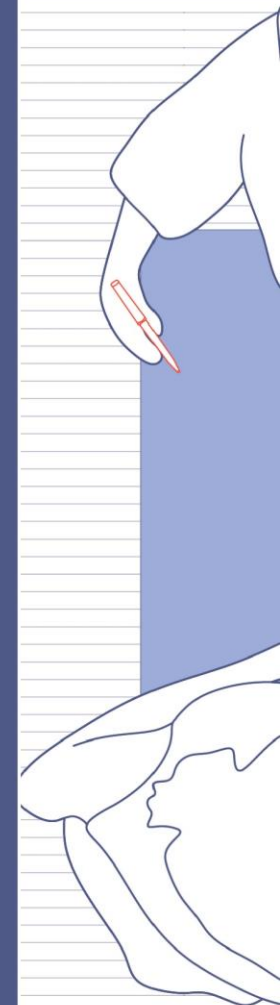
new project ↴



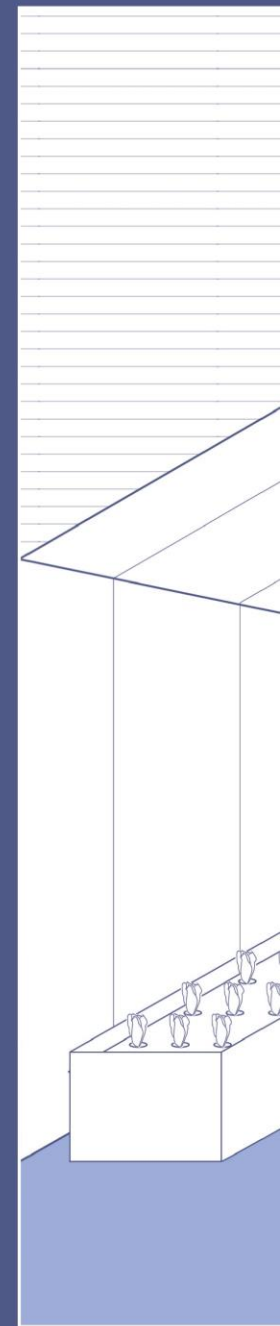
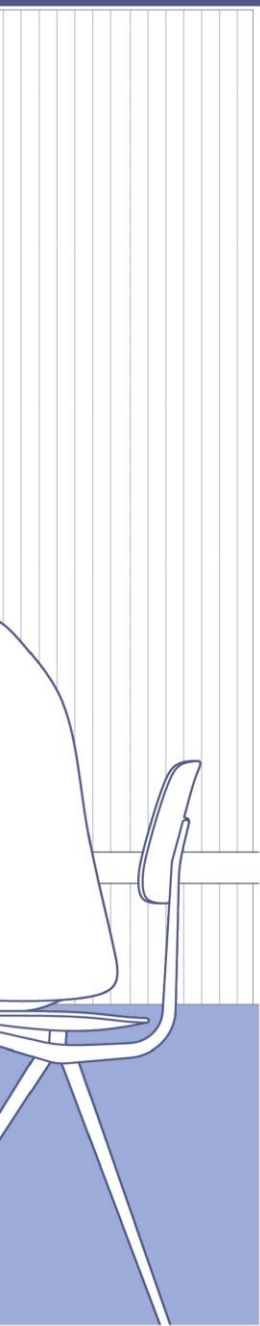
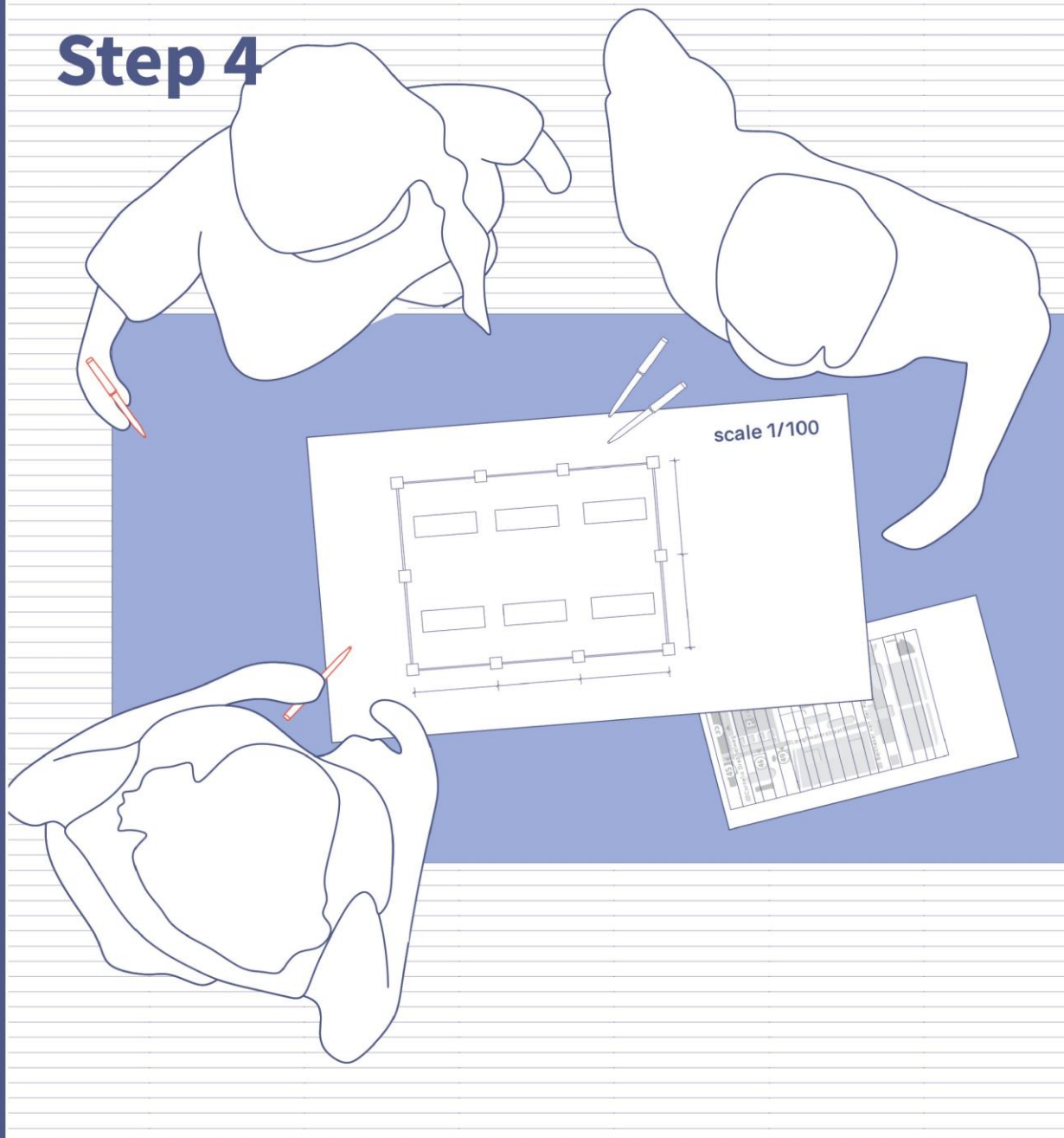
Step 3

The digital display is divided into two main sections. On the left is a detailed campus map with various buildings and streets. Labels on the map include 'Schwanenstr.' at the top, 'Ritterstr.' at the bottom right, and 'Schwanenstr.' at the top right. On the right side of the display is a 'Rules:' section containing four items, each with a red checkmark and a wavy line below it:

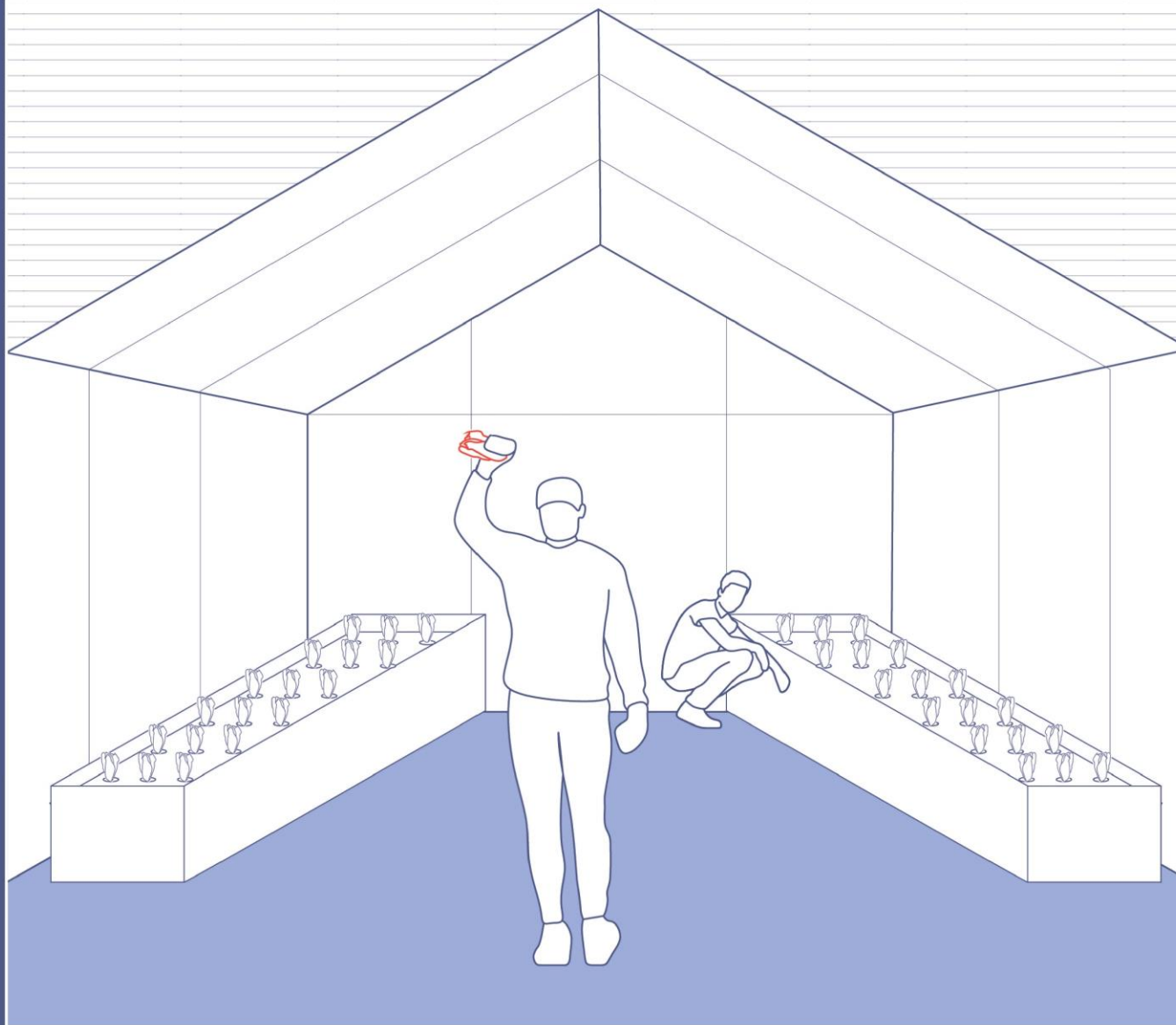
- ~~~~~
- ~~~~~
- ~~~~~
- ~~~~~



Step 4




Step 5





TU Delft Case Study

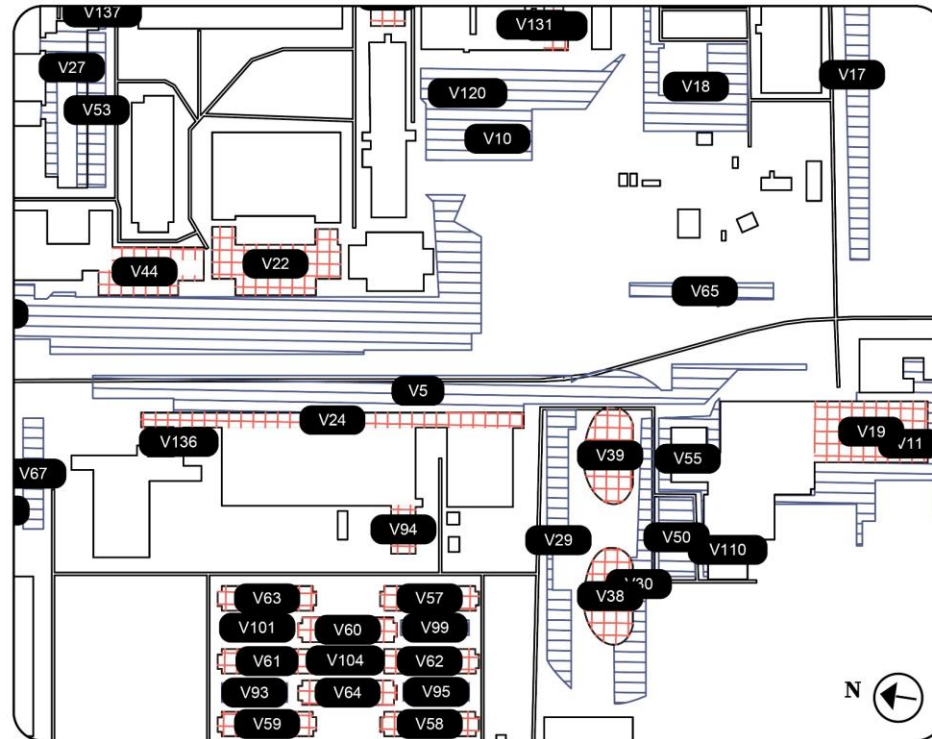


- Vacant Spaces & Site Analysis
- Waste Sources & Site Analysis
- Rules For Tu Delft
- Outcomes / Results
- Waste Storyboard & Numerical Results
- Impressions

TU Delft Campus



Available Spaces



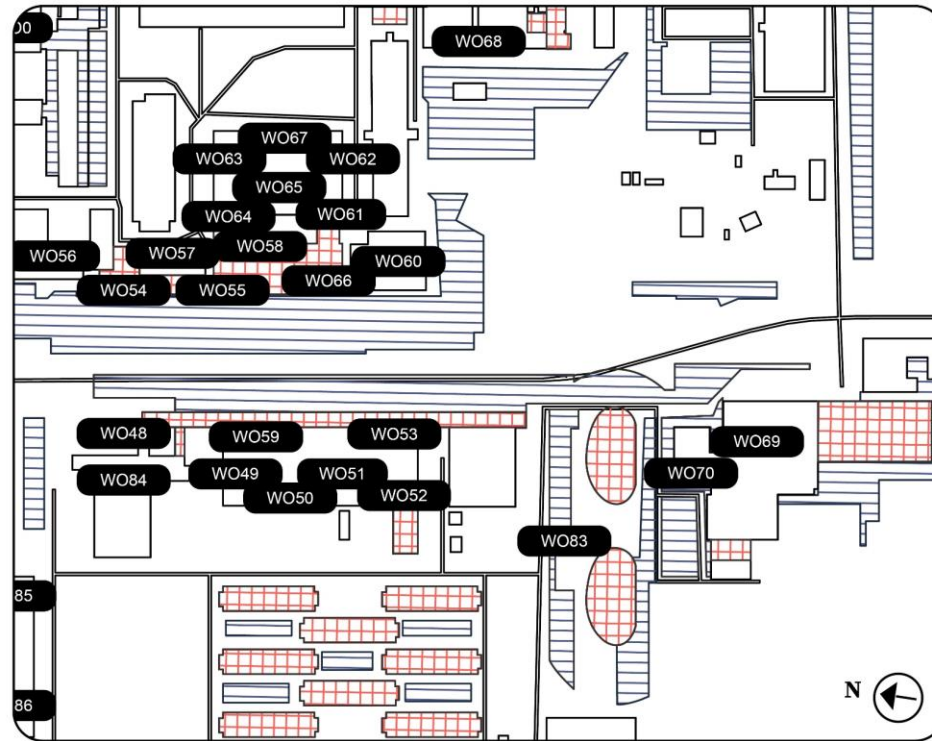
Vacant Rooftop



Vacant Ground Floor

Identifier	Coordinates	Size	Building	Location	Orientation	Tag	Node Type
V94	{1180.528137, 402.278761, 12.0}	444	EEMCS2	roof	S	V94	vacant space
V95	{1200.66369, 302.439976, 0}	440	outside	outside	E	V95	vacant space

Available Waste Sources



Vacant Rooftop



Vacant Ground Floor

Identifier	Coordinates	Building	Type	Quantity	Tag	Node Type	Waste Type
WO84	{1008.117463, 432.481923, 0}	EEMCS2	W1	1257	WO84	waste	food
WO85	{938.062517, 361.587996, 0}	education	W5	148	WO85	waste	co2

Design Rules (Stage 1 - 3)

Availability

found items ≥ 1
missing items ≤ 2
critical items
non - transferable

Search Radius

100 meters
200 meters
500 meters

Stage 1 Results

Radius 100 m

13 farms (4.3 hectares)

Symbiosis Rate = 53 %



- Vermicompost (UF1)
- Aquaculture (UF2)
- Mushroom Farm (UF3)
- NFT (UF4)
- Mediabeds (UF5)
- Raised Beds (UF6)
- Water Culture (UF7)
- Plant Factory (UF8)
- Aeroponics (UF9)

Stage 1 Results

Radius 100 m

29 Used Waste Sources



Stage 2 Results

Radius 200 m

13 + 1 farms (4.3 + 0.2 hectares)

Symbiosis Rate = 50 %



- Vermicompost (UF1)
- Aquaculture (UF2)
- Mushroom Farm (UF3)
- NFT (UF4)
- Mediabeds (UF5)
- Raised Beds (UF6)
- Water Culture (UF7)
- Plant Factory (UF8)
- Aeroponics (UF9)

Stage 2 Results

Radius 200 m

29 + 3 Used Waste Sources



Stage 3 Results

Radius 500 m

14 +1 farms (4.5 + 0.25 hectares)

Symbiosis Rate = 50 %



- Vermicompost (UF1)
- Aquaculture (UF2)
- Mushroom Farm (UF3)
- NFT (UF4)
- Mediabeds (UF5)
- Raised Beds (UF6)
- Water Culture (UF7)
- Plant Factory (UF8)
- Aeroponics (UF9)

Stage 3 Results

Radius 500 m

33 + 3 Used Waste Sources



Design Rules (Stage 4)

Availability

found items ≥ 0
critical items
non - trasferable

Search Radius

500 meters










Stage 4 Results

Radius 500 m

15 + 110 farms (4.75 + 17.4 hectares)

Symbiosis Rate = 17 %

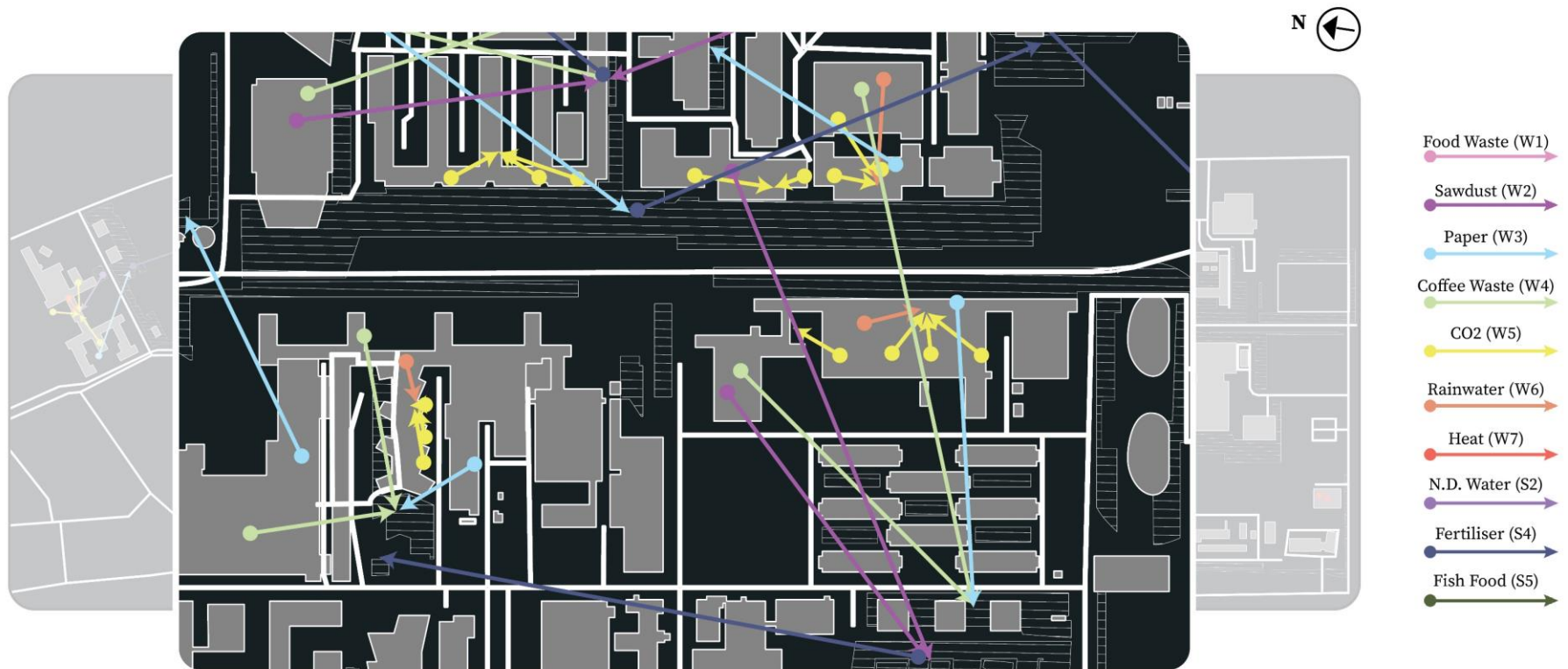


-  Vermicompost (UF1)
-  Aquaculture (UF2)
-  Mushroom Farm (UF3)
-  NFT (UF4)
-  Mediabeds (UF5)
-  Raised Beds (UF6)
-  Water Culture (UF7)
-  Plant Factory (UF8)
-  Aeroponics (UF9)

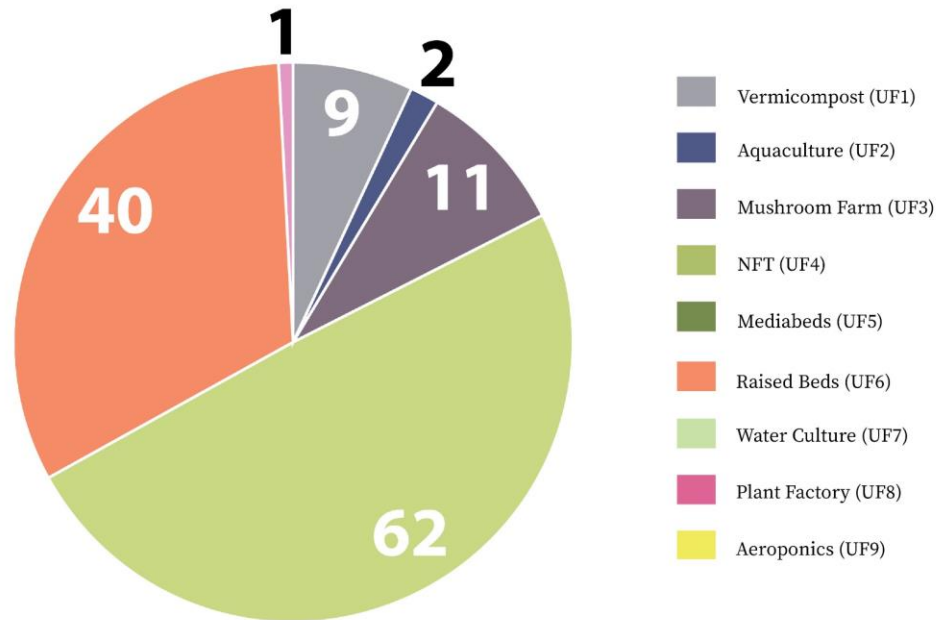
Stage 4 Results

Radius 500 m

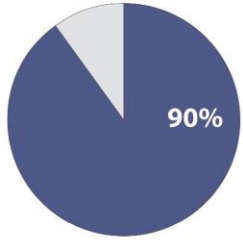
36 + 29 Used Waste Sources



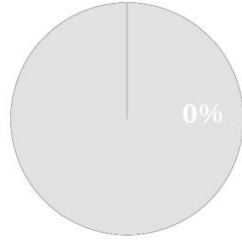
Assigned Urban Farming Systems



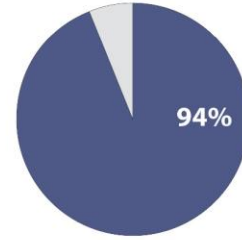
Waste Use Percentage



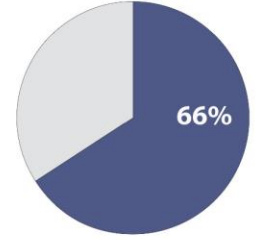
Food Waste (W1)



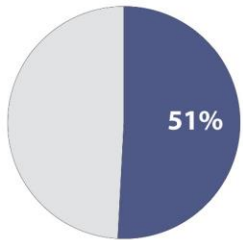
Sawdust (W2)



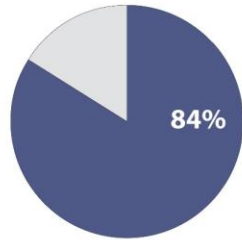
Paper (W3)



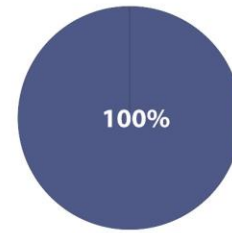
Coffee Waste (W4)



CO2 (W5)



Rainwater (W6)

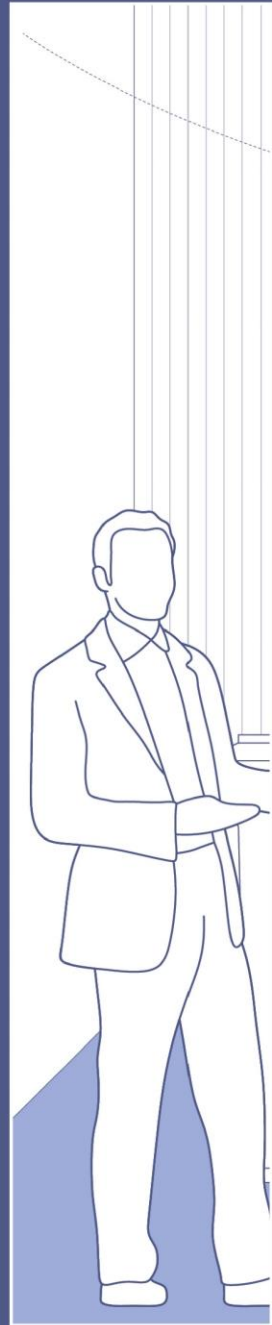
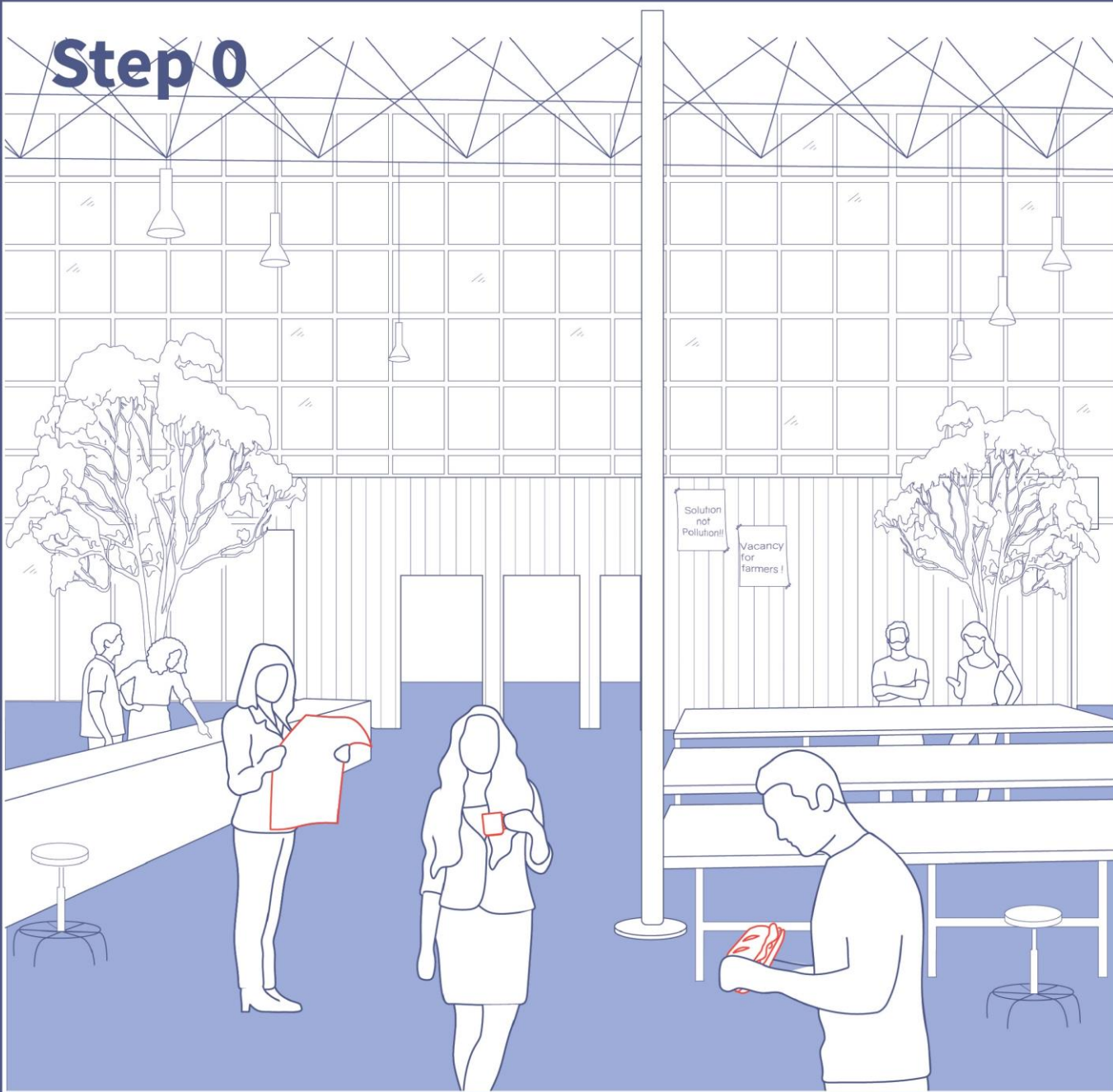


Residual Heat (W7)



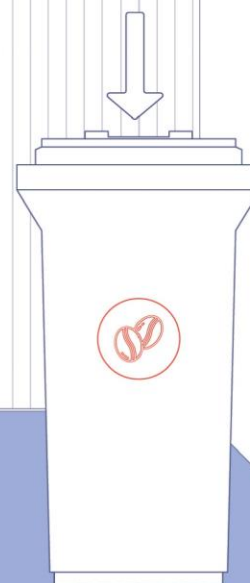
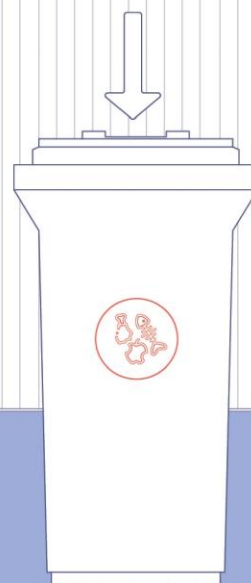
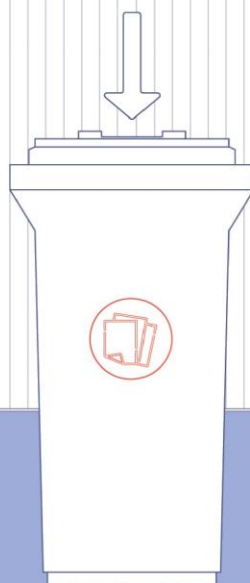
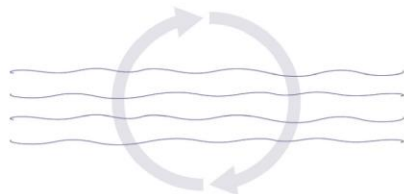
How to transfer waste?

Step 0

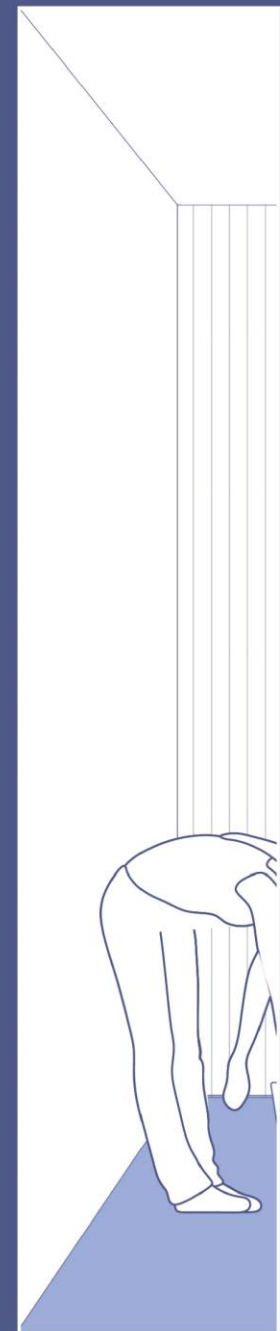
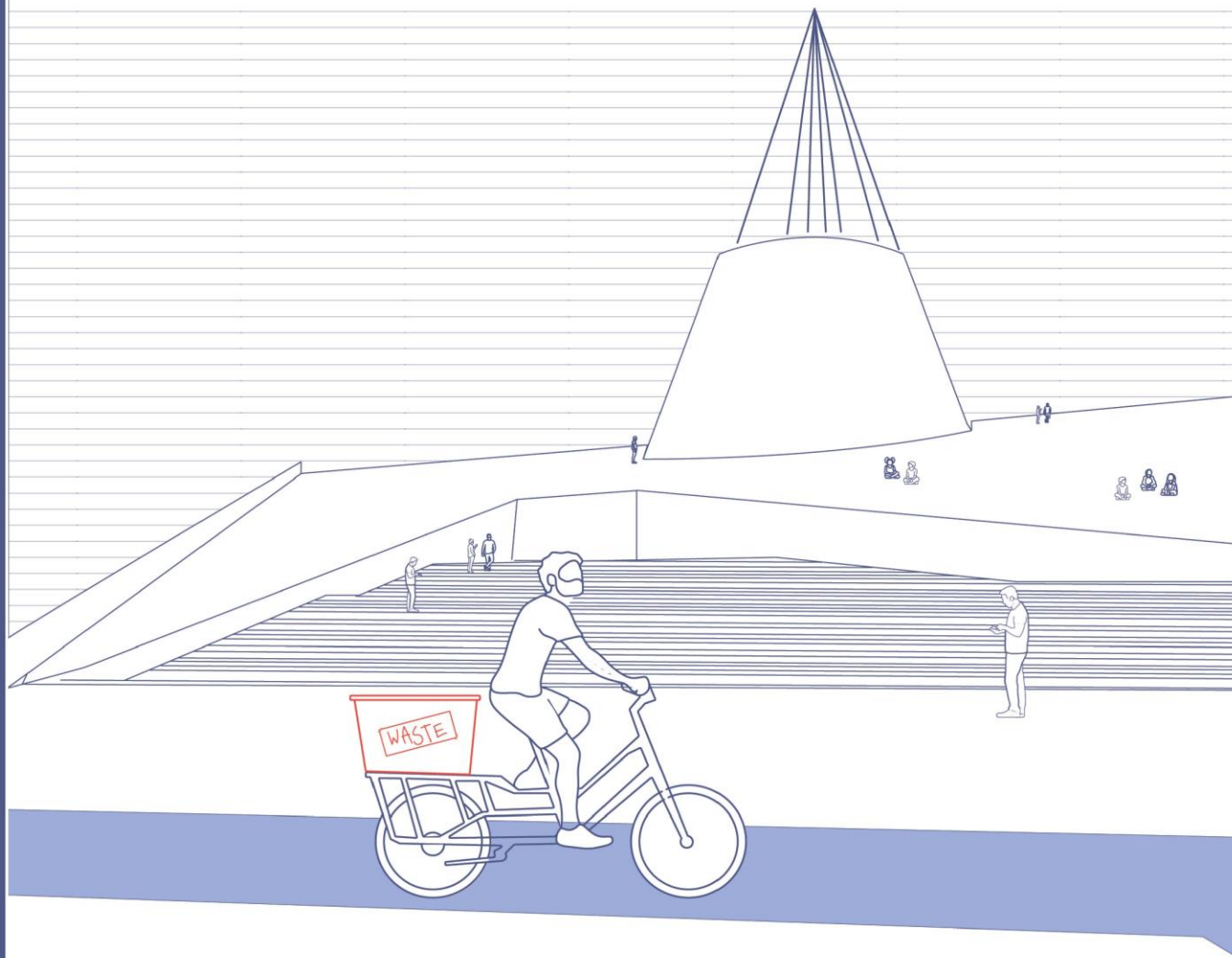


Step 1

Recycle For A Life Cycle



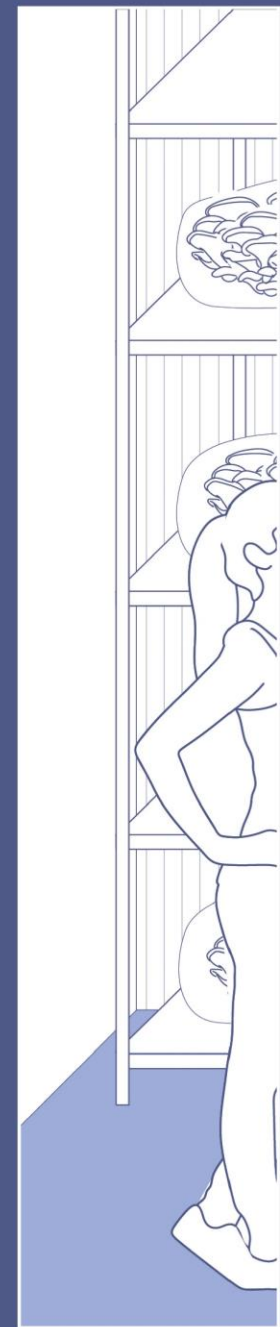
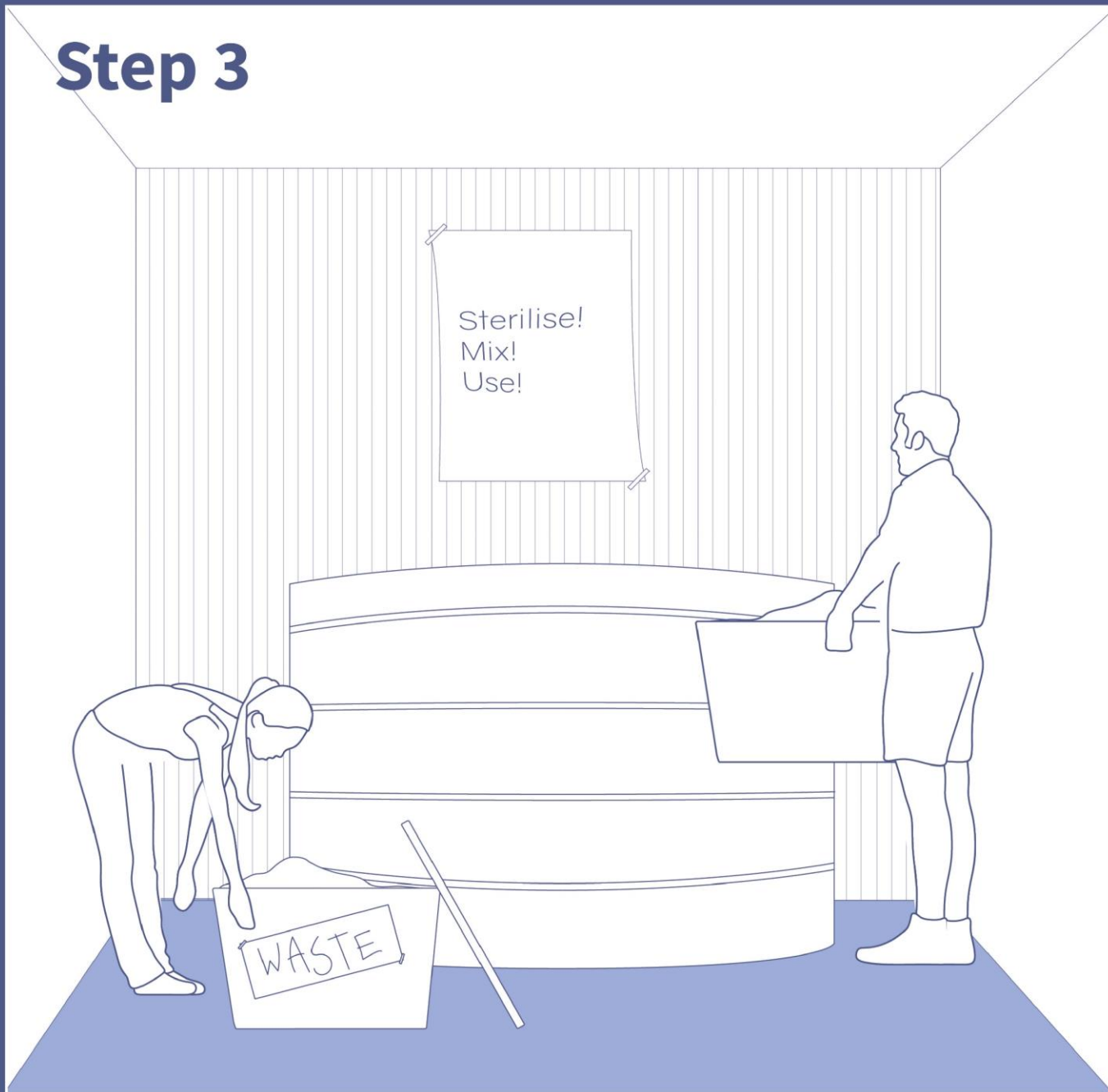
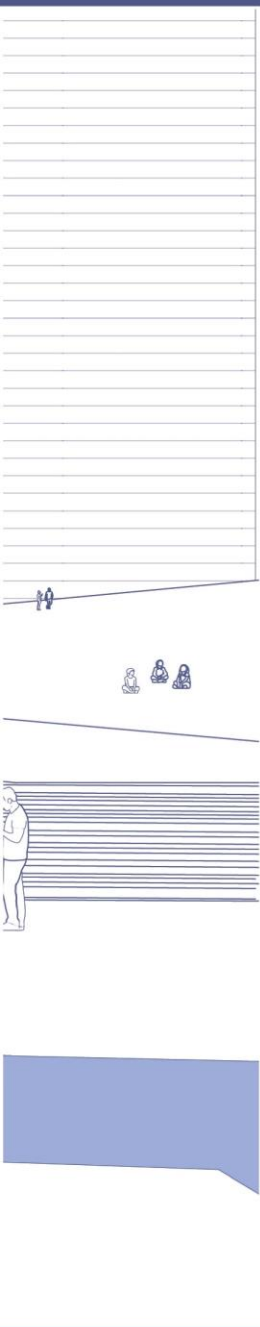
Step 2



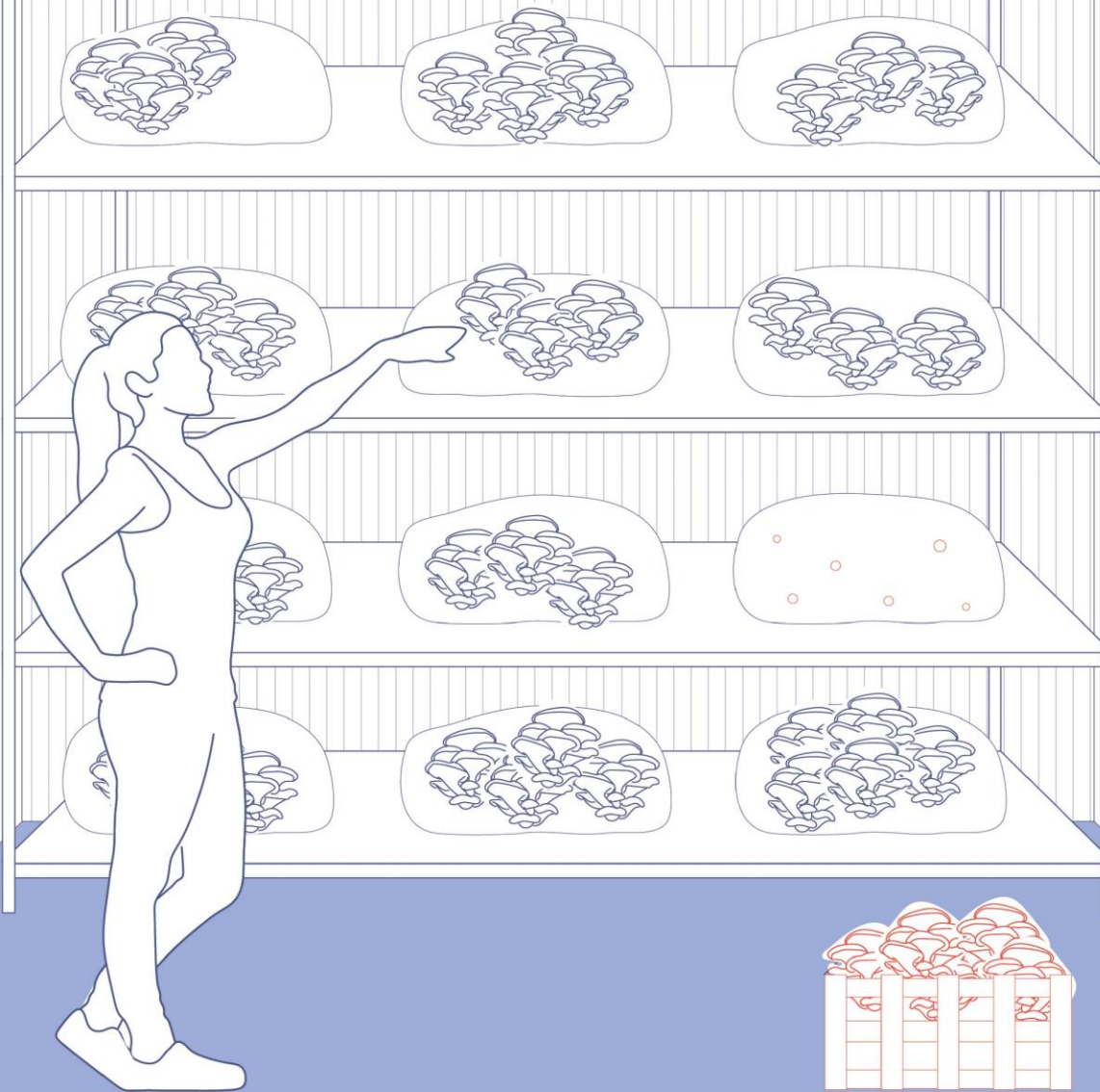
Step 3

Sterilise!
Mix!
Use!

WASTE



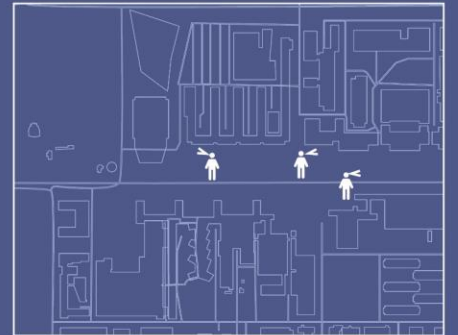
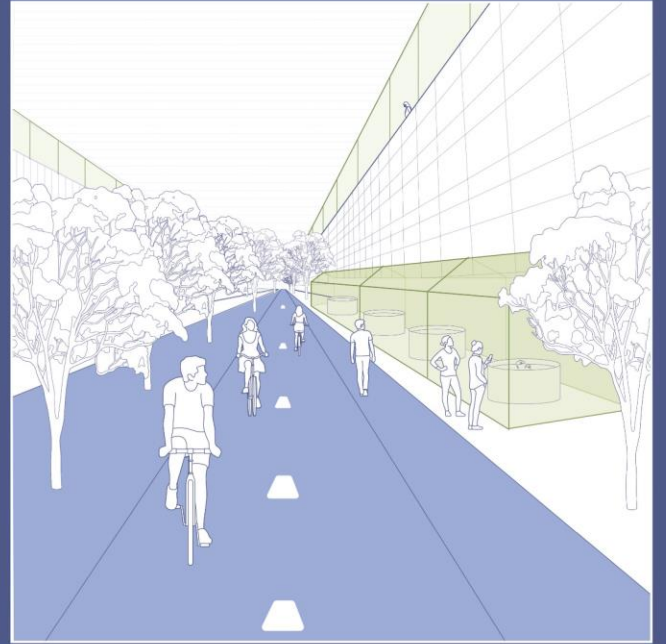
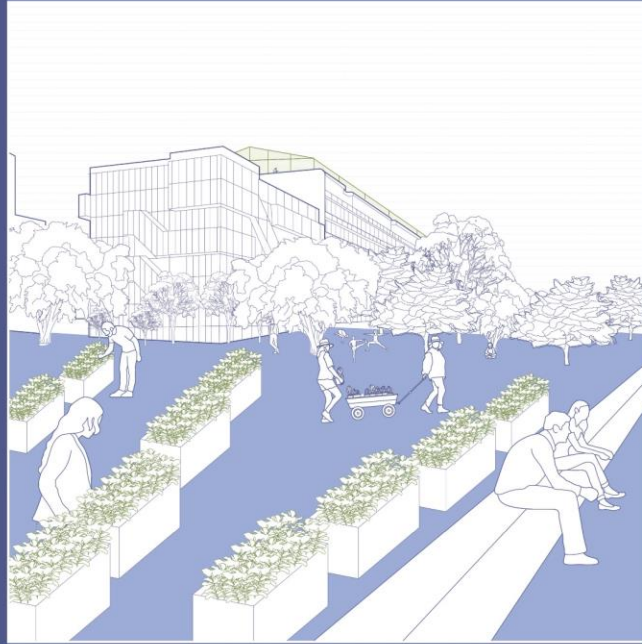
Step 4



Step 5



What is the potential of TU Delft Campus?





22 Hectares of Farmed Land

23 Tonnes of Leafy Greens

+ 4.8 tonnes of mushrooms
+ 346 kg fish
+ 3.1 tonnes soft fruits



based on recommended 250 gr of fruits&veg consumption daily



Conclusions

SWOT
Comparison With Other Tools
Learnings

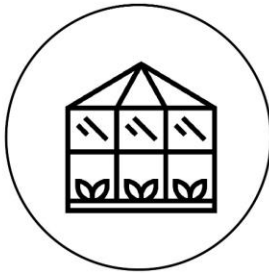
SWOT Analysis



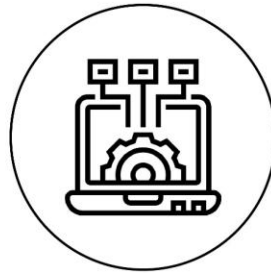
Agritecture vs Delphy QMS vs Foodcycle

Features	Agritecture Designer	Delphy - QMS	Foodcycle
Energy calculations	+	+	-
Yield estimation	+	+	+
Profit estimation	+	+	-
Business plan	+	+	-
Comparison between models	+	+	+
Using waste as a resource	-	-	+
Building a network of farms	-	-	+
Suggests growing techniques	-	?	+
Suggesting farming systems	+	?	+
Designing for more than one space at once	-	-	+
Different project aims	+	?	-
Designing with a budget	+	?	-
Different crops to select	urban/peri urban/ rural	?	urban
Site	+	+	-
Different design stages	+	-	-
Includes ease of running the farm	+	-	-
Concept report	+	+	+
Advice regarding farm design	+	+	-
Climate control	-	+	-

Learnings



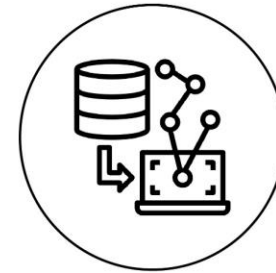
Urban Farming



Thinking
Methodologically



Waste Sources

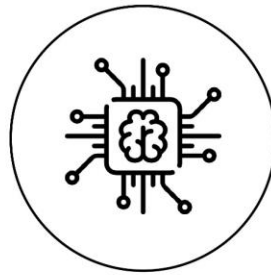


Datasets Influence

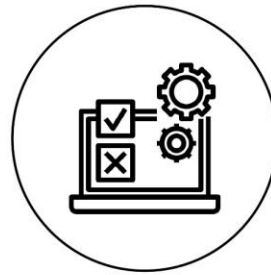
Further Improvements



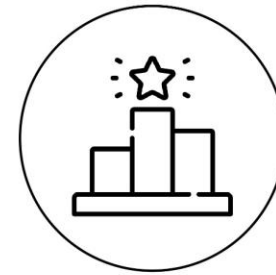
Weaknesses



Automated Data
Collection



More Tests



Optimisation



Thank you !!