

# PREFAB SHELL STRUCTURES

## METHOD FOR CHECKING CONNECTIONS



# STRUCTURE

## GENERAL INFORMATION

- What are shell structures
- Problem statement
- Solution

## CASE STUDY

## METHOD

- Connections
- Design
- Prototype construction
- Testing

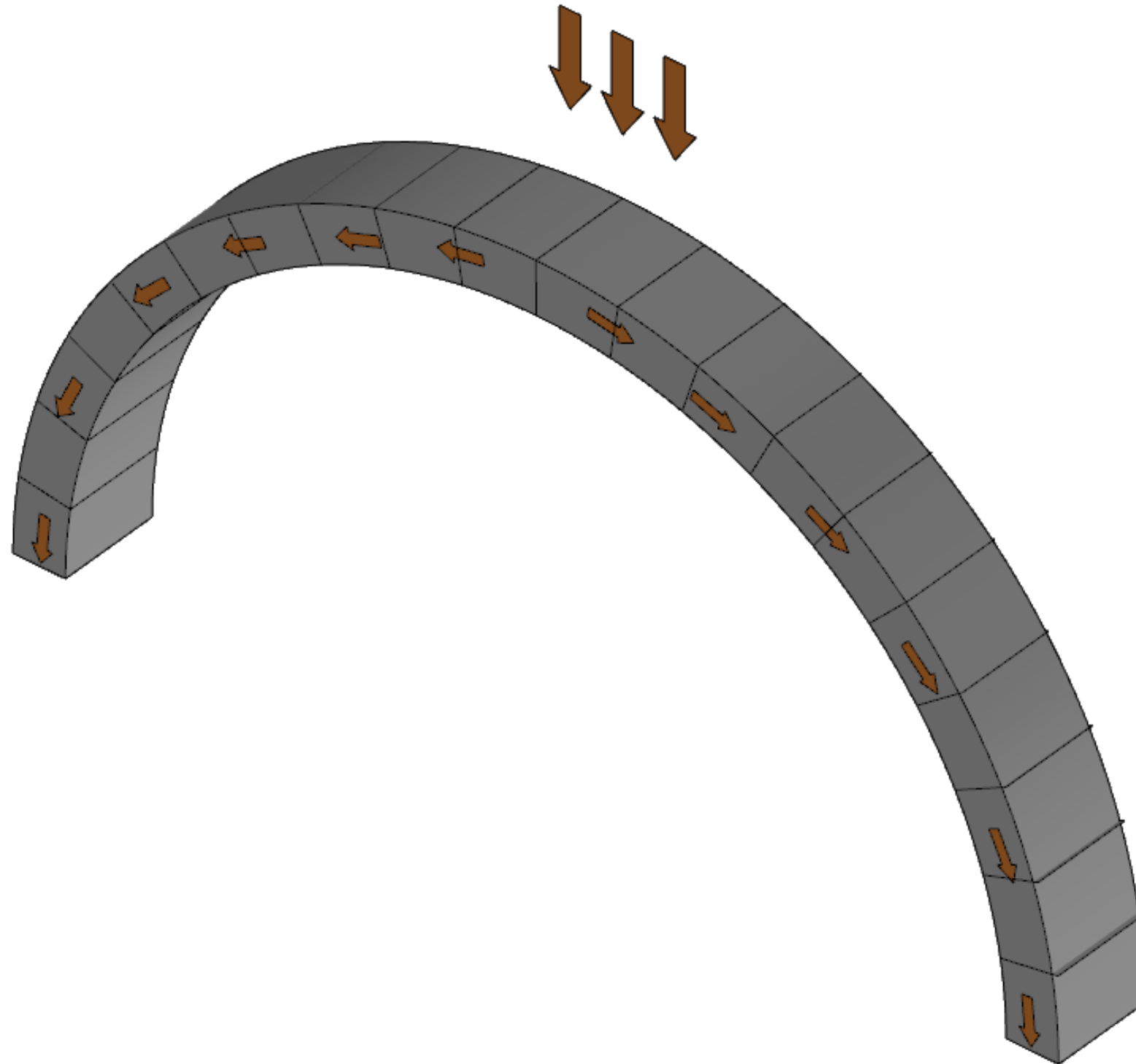
## ANALYSIS

- Prove method
- Extend method

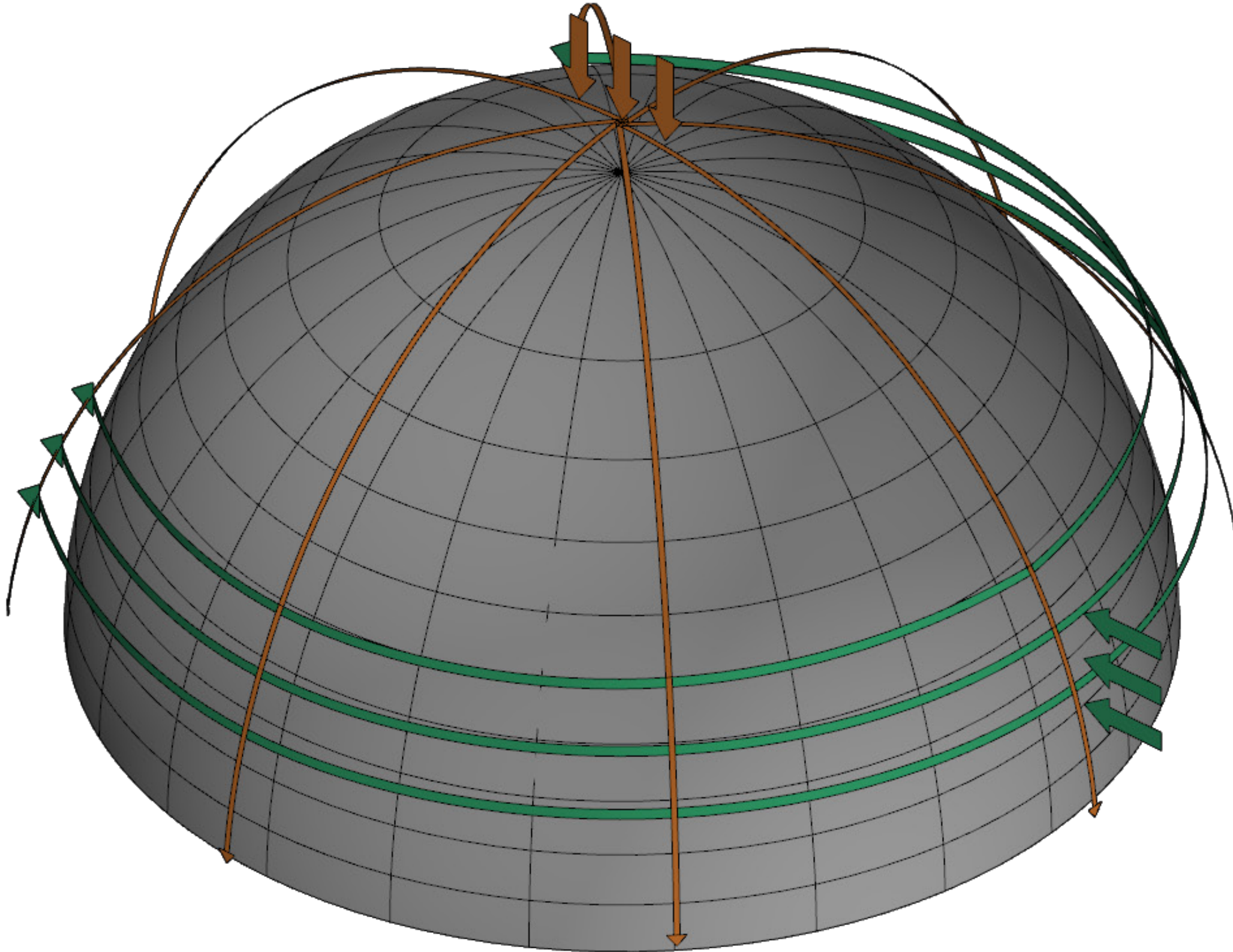
## CONCLUSION

## REFLECTION

# SHELL STRUCTURES

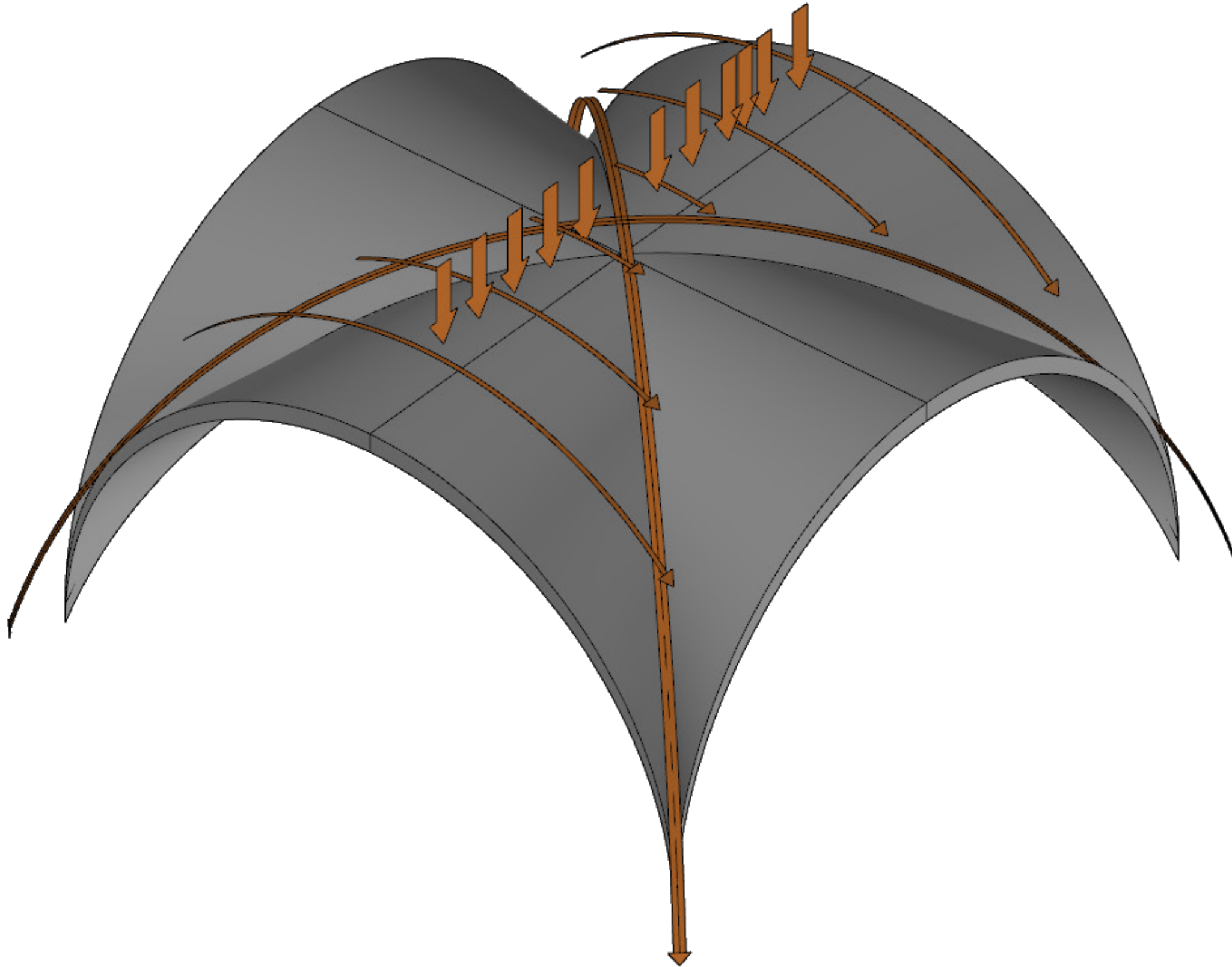


# SHELL STRUCTURES

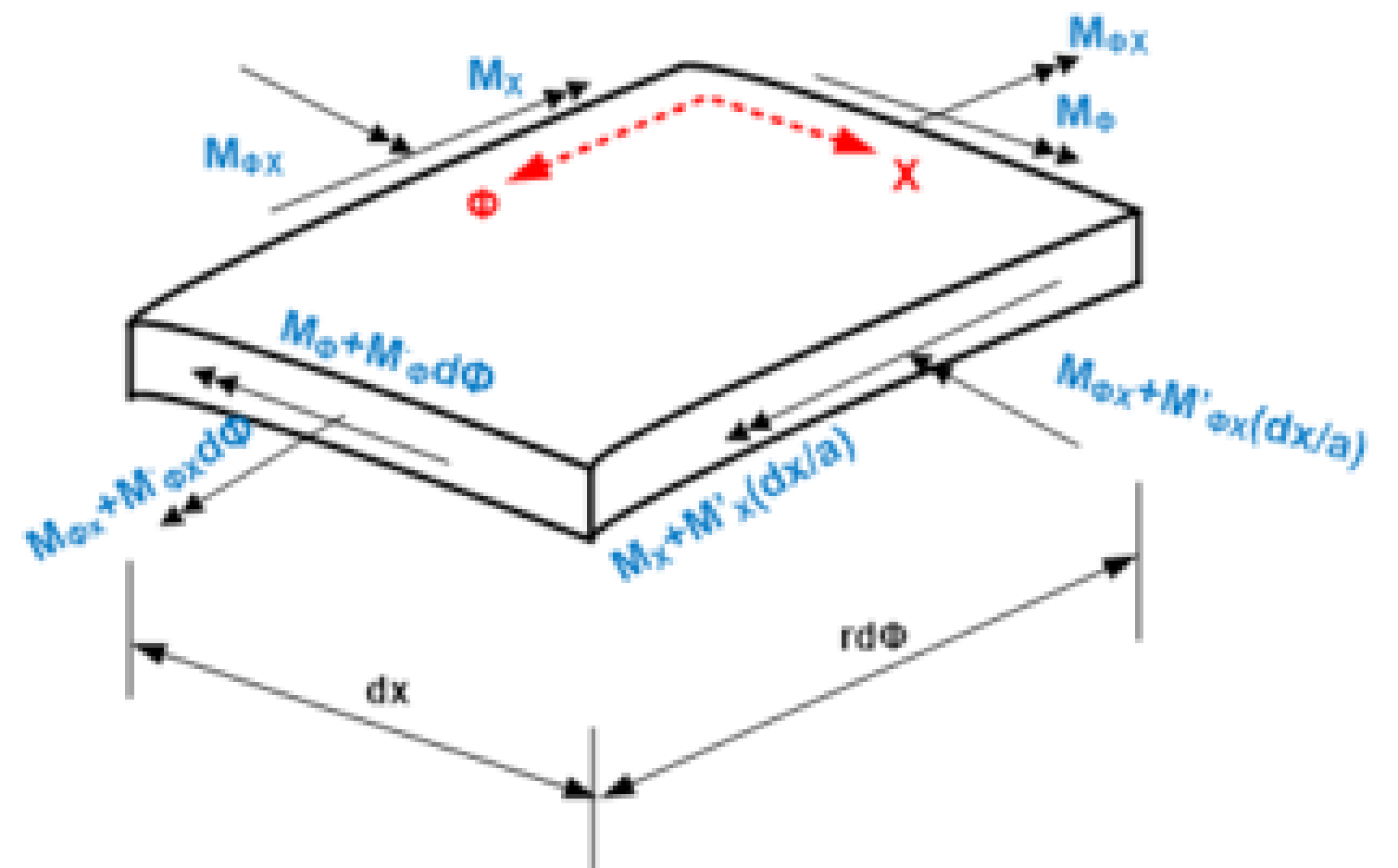
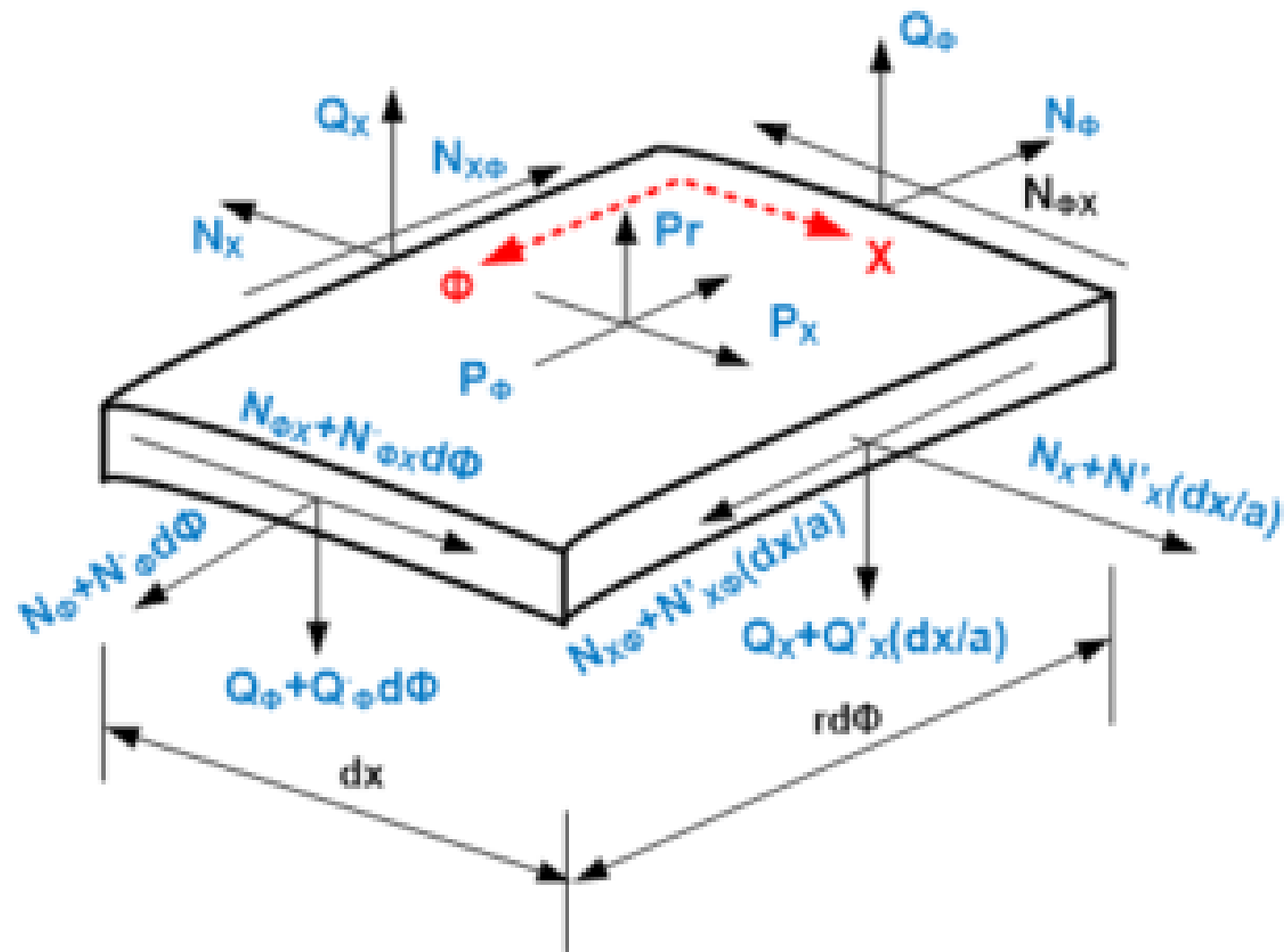




# SHELL STRUCTURES



# SHELL STRUCTURES





# EXAMPLES



Deitingen Service Station

- Heinz Isler
- 26 m x 31 m
- 3 supports

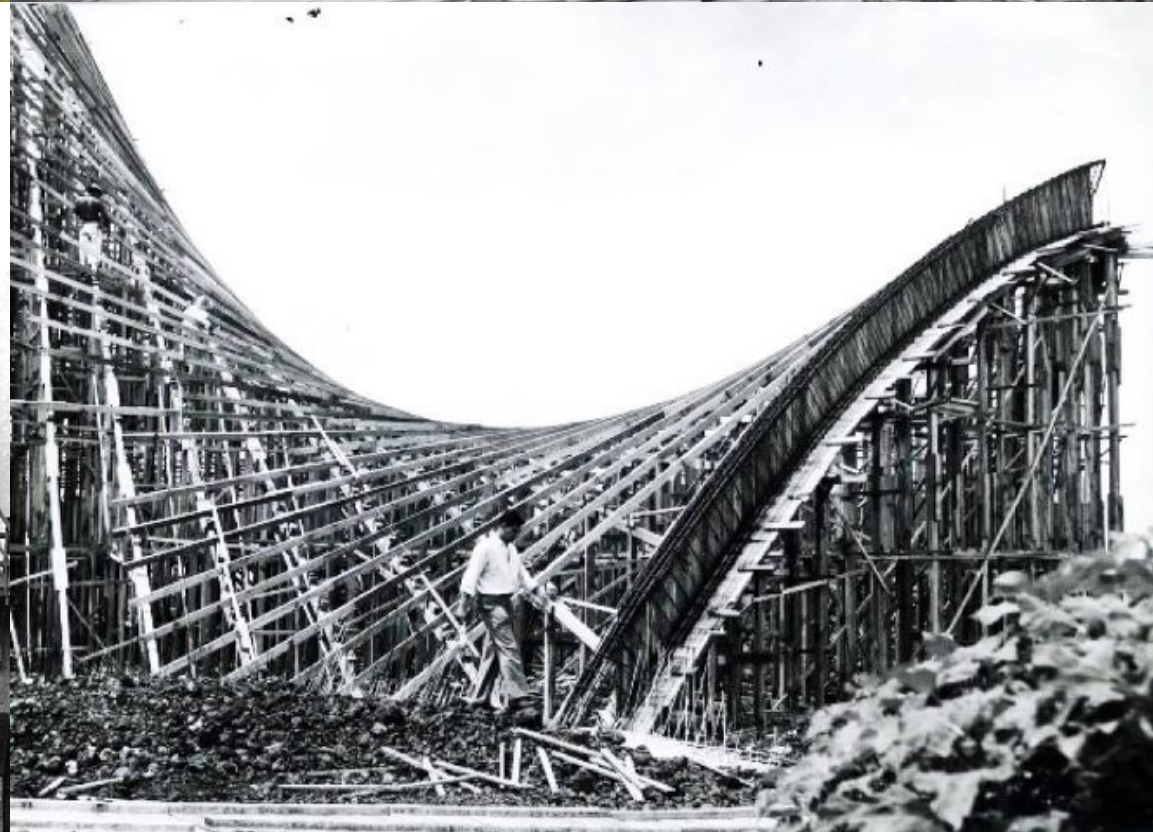
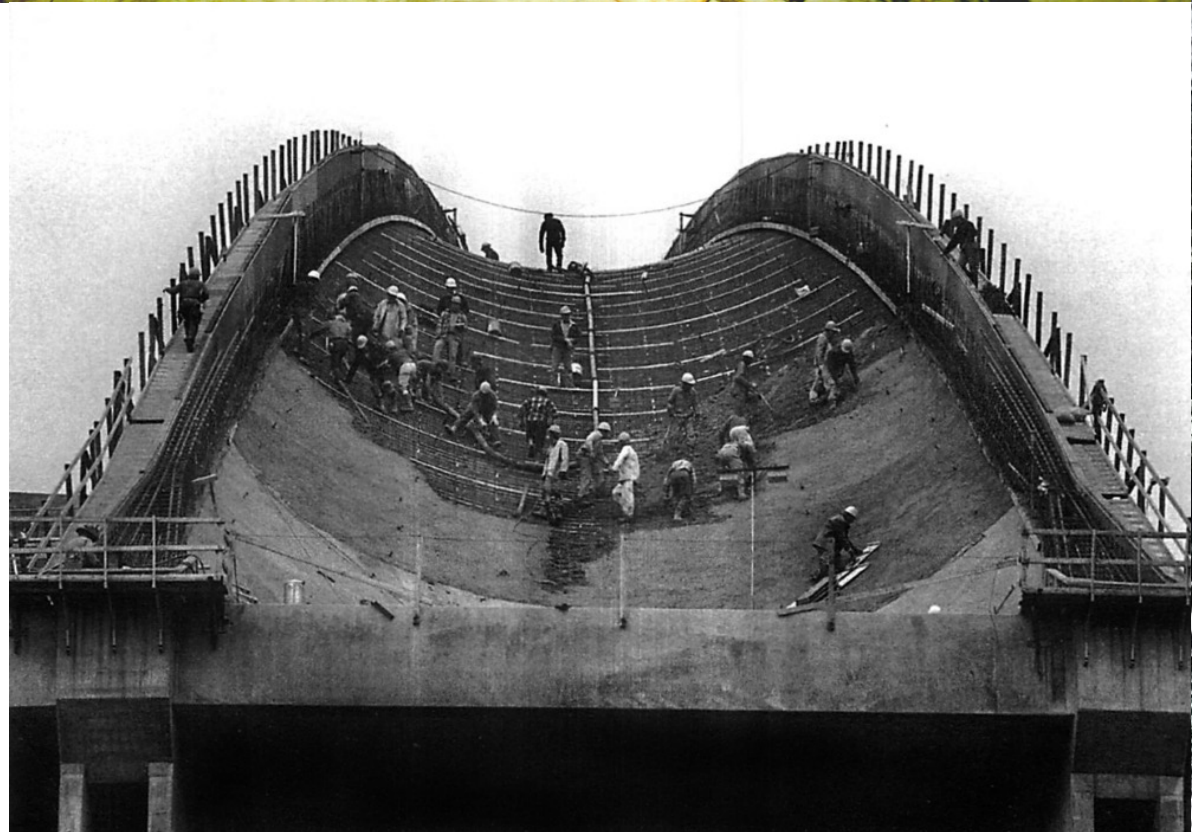
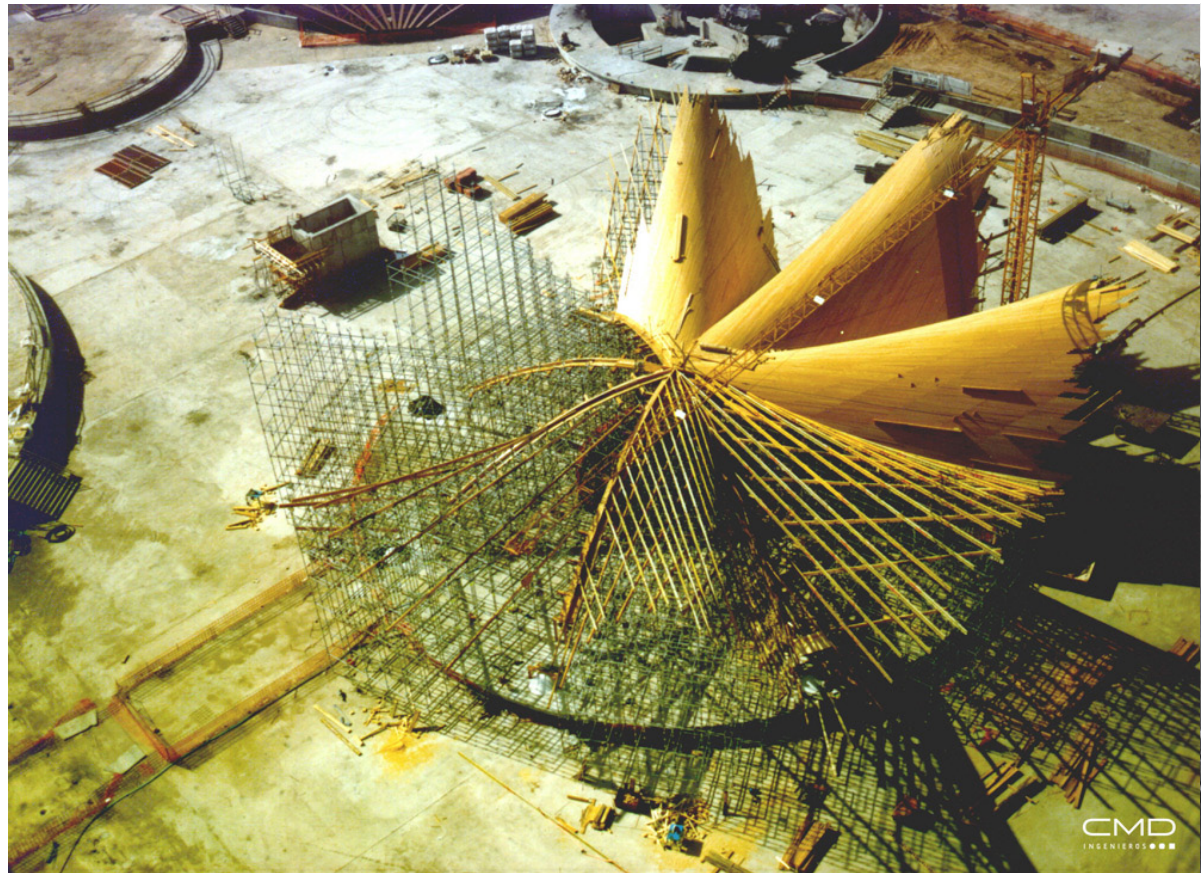


Sagrada Familia

- Antoni Gaudí
- 40 m dome
- 135 m towers



# PROBLEM STATEMENT





# SOLUTION

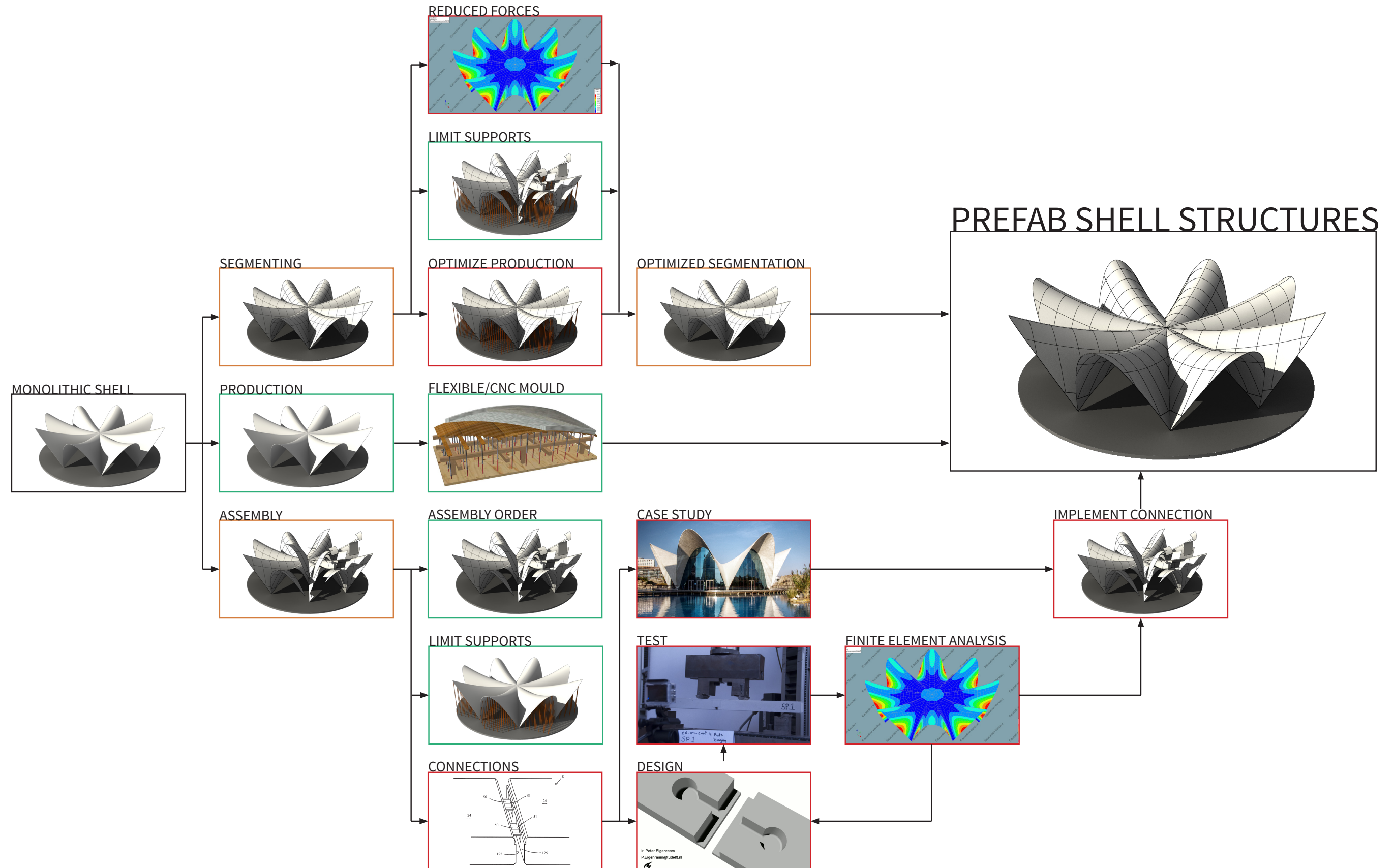




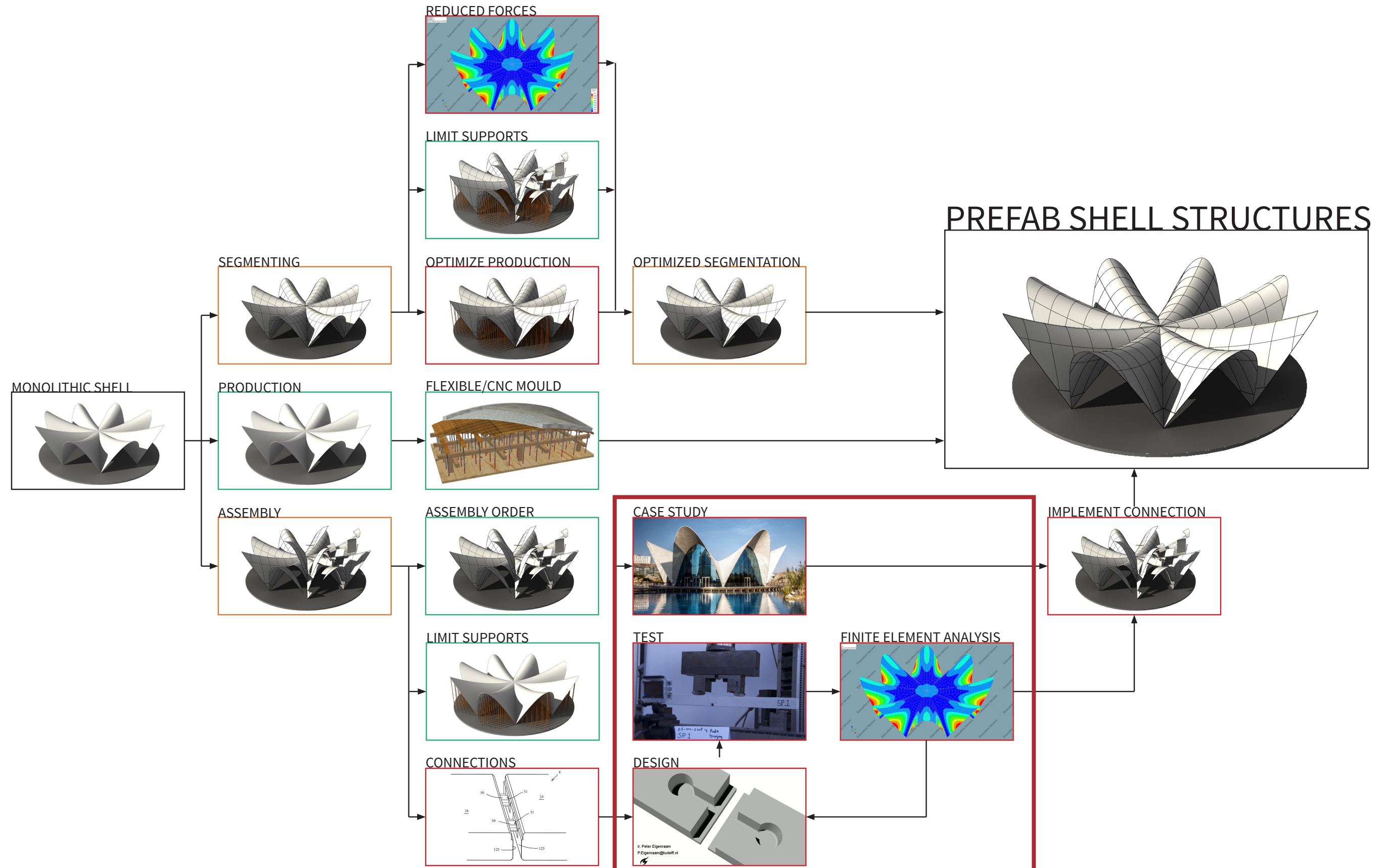
# PREFABRICATING SHELL



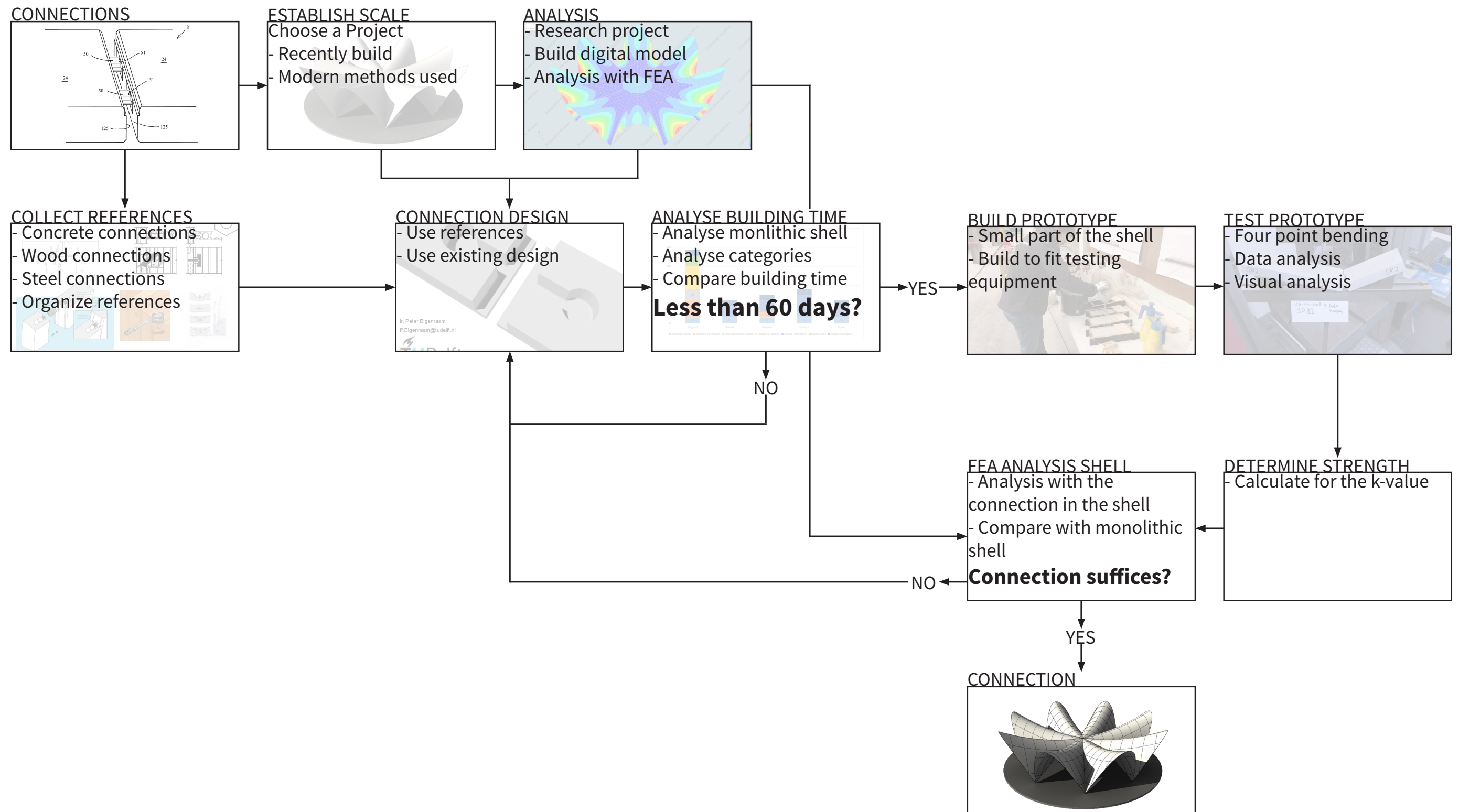
# TOPIC SELECTION



# TOPIC SELECTION

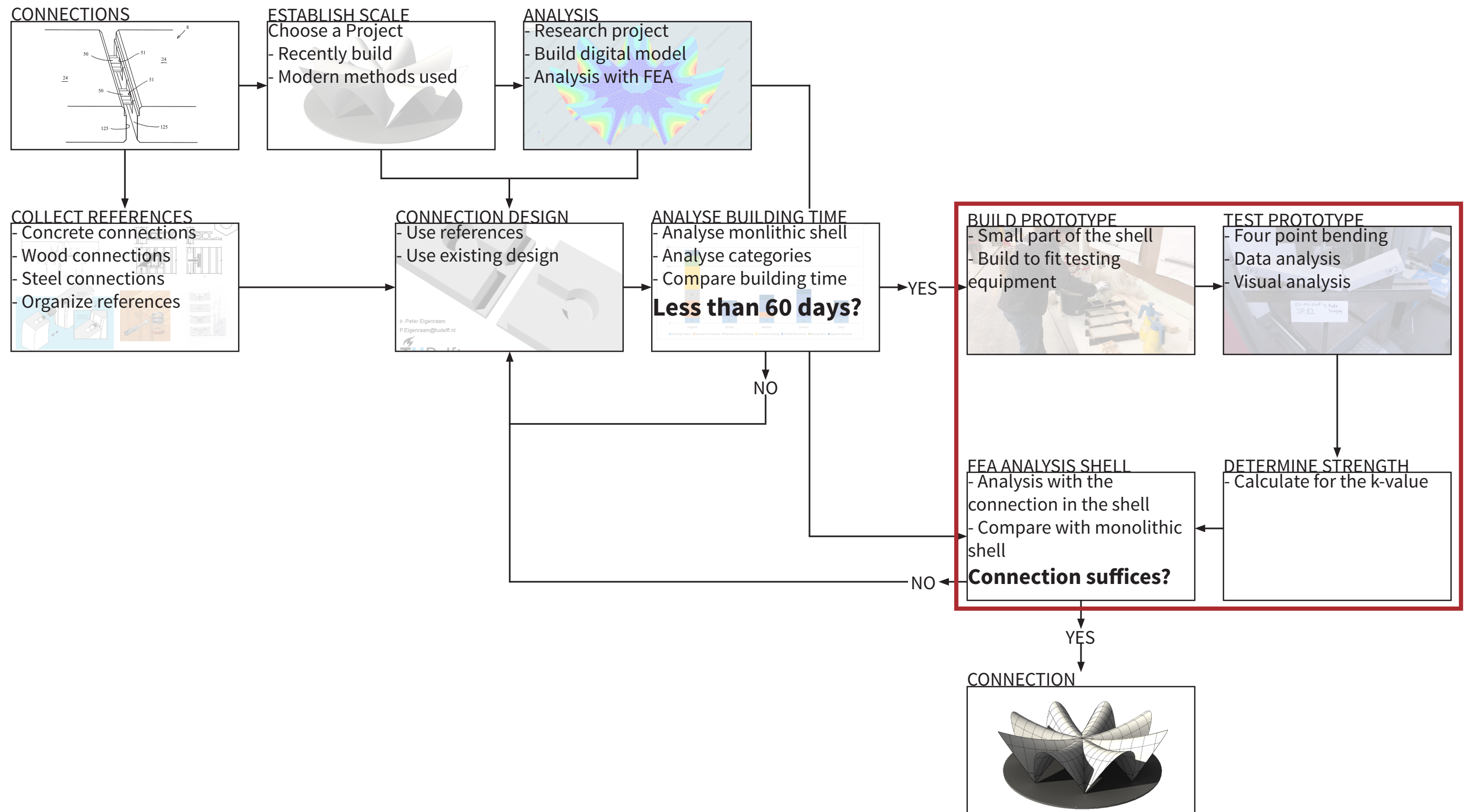


# CONNECTION DESIGN





# CONNECTION DESIGN





# RESEARCH QUESTION

*How can we prove that a connection is suitable for use in a segmented prefabricated shell structure?*

- Which demands are made for a connections in a segmented prefabricated shell structure?
- How can we test the strength of a connection?
- How can we implement a connection in a digital model?



# OCEANOGRAPHIC VALENCIA



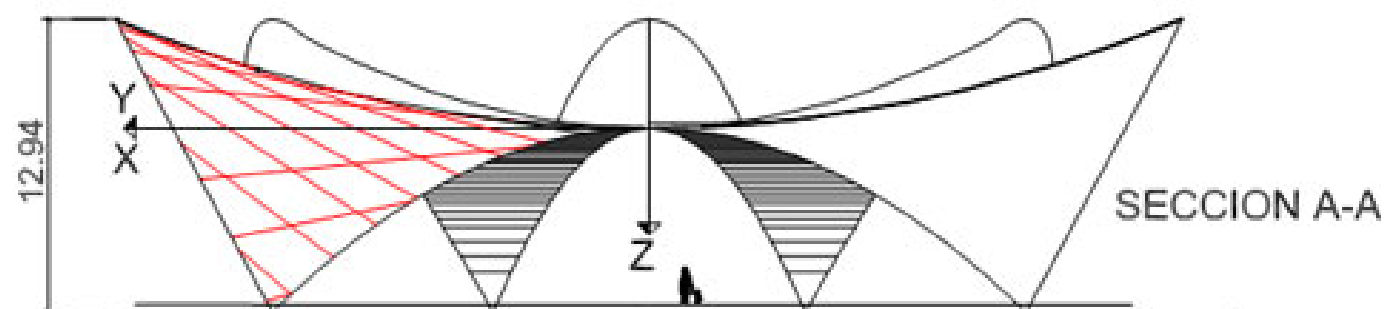
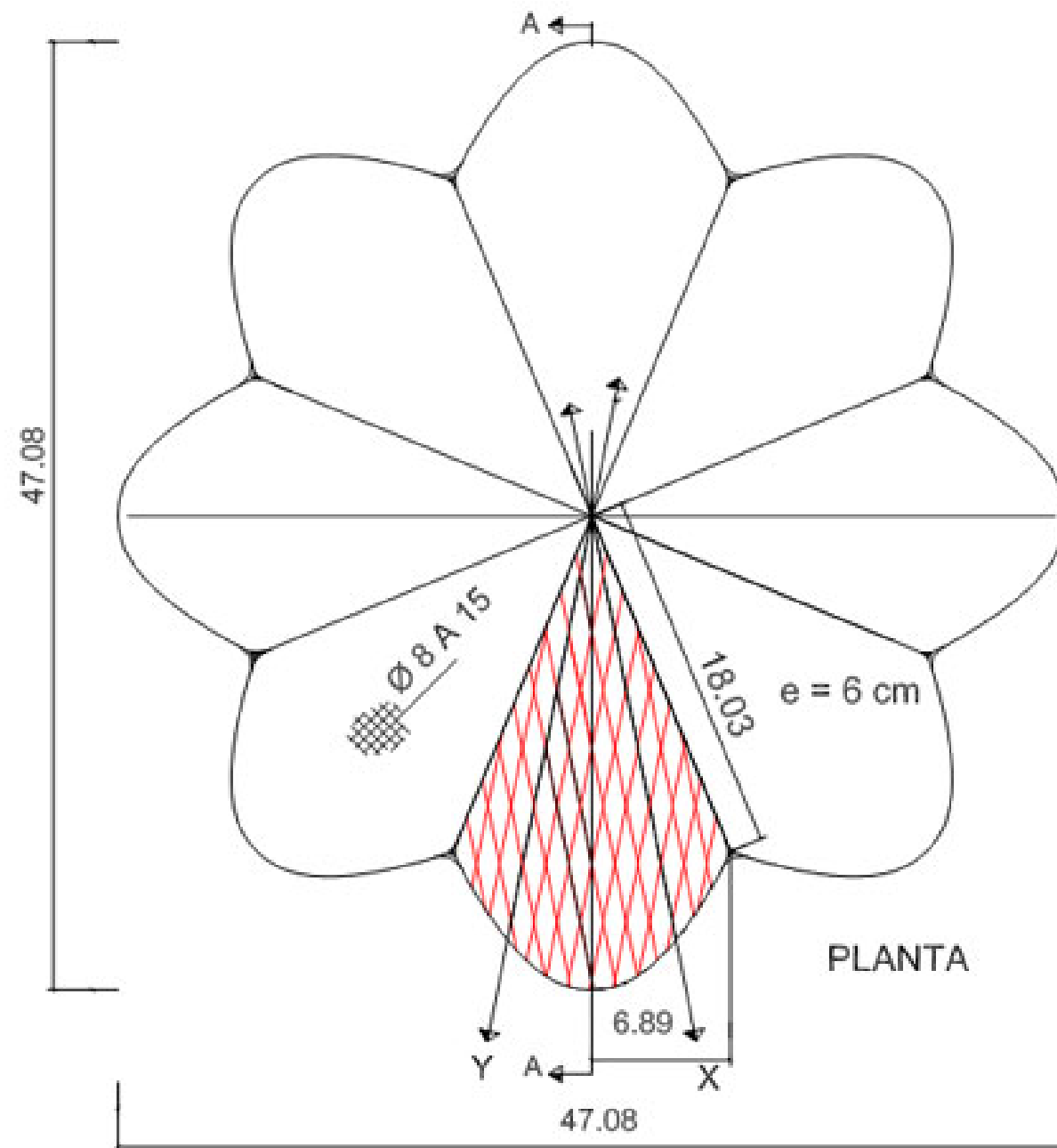


# OCEANOGRAPHIC VALENCIA

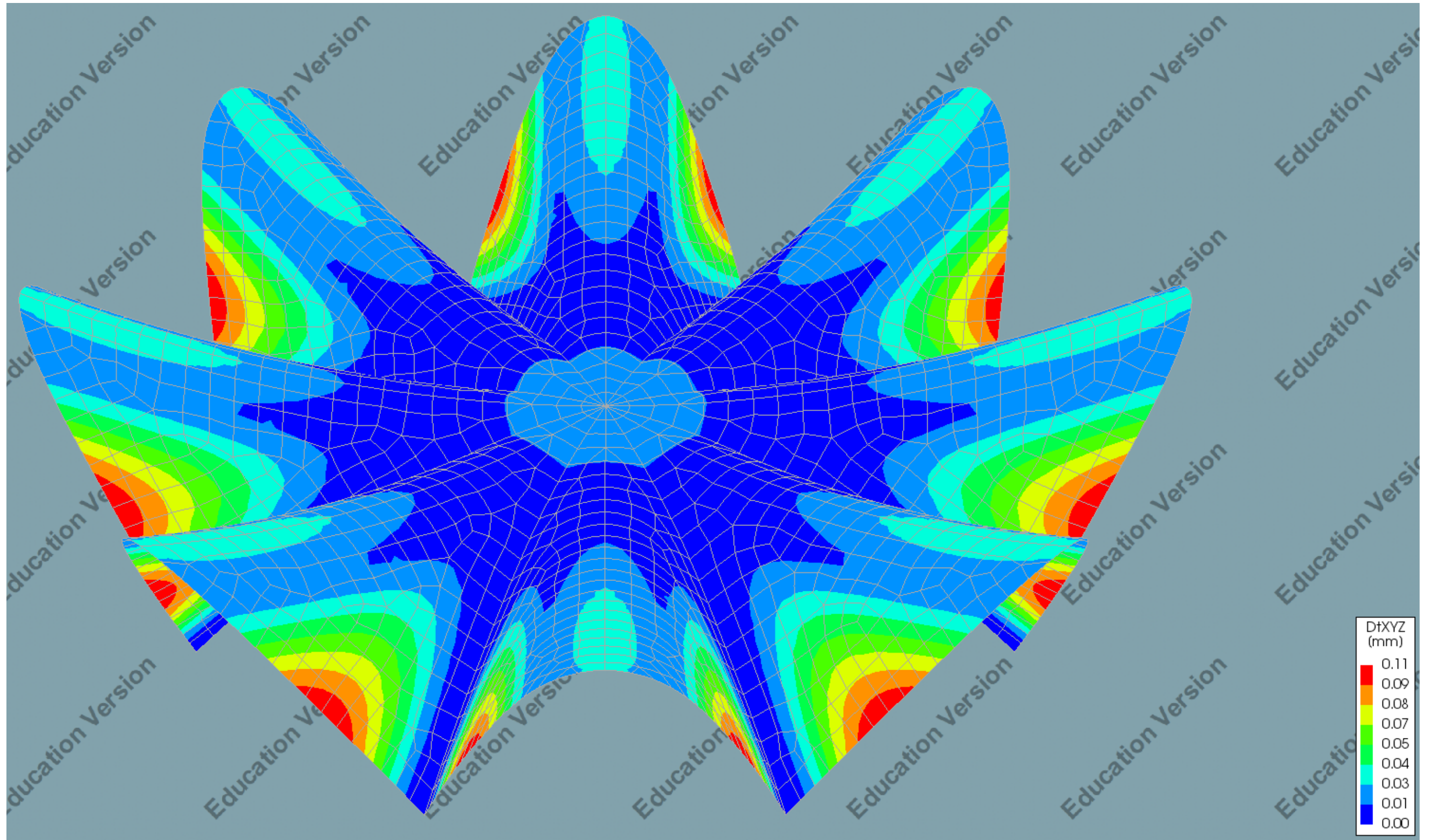


# OCEANOGRAPHIC VALENCIA

- Valencia
- Restaurant
- 47 x 47 m
- 60mm thickness

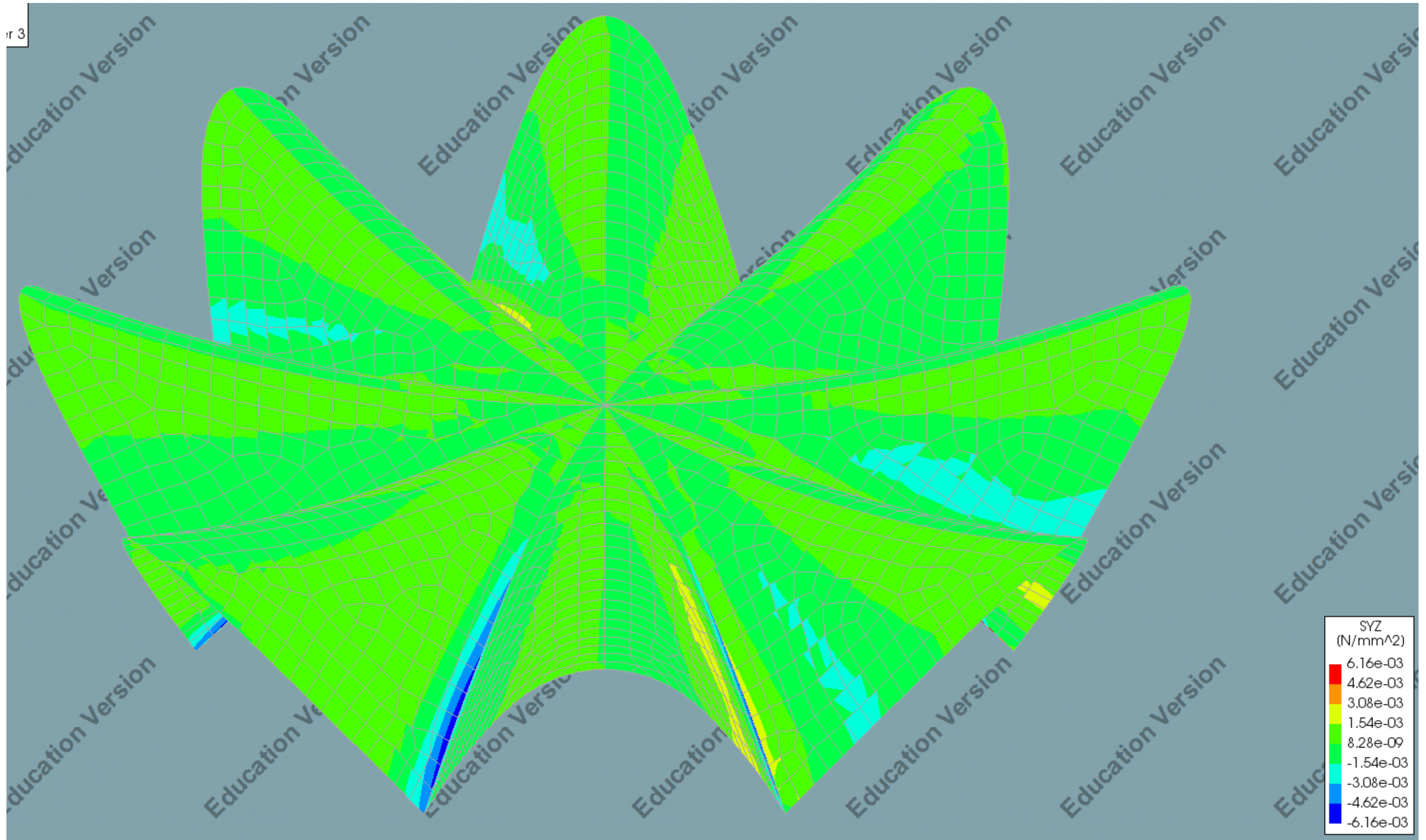


# DISPLACEMENT

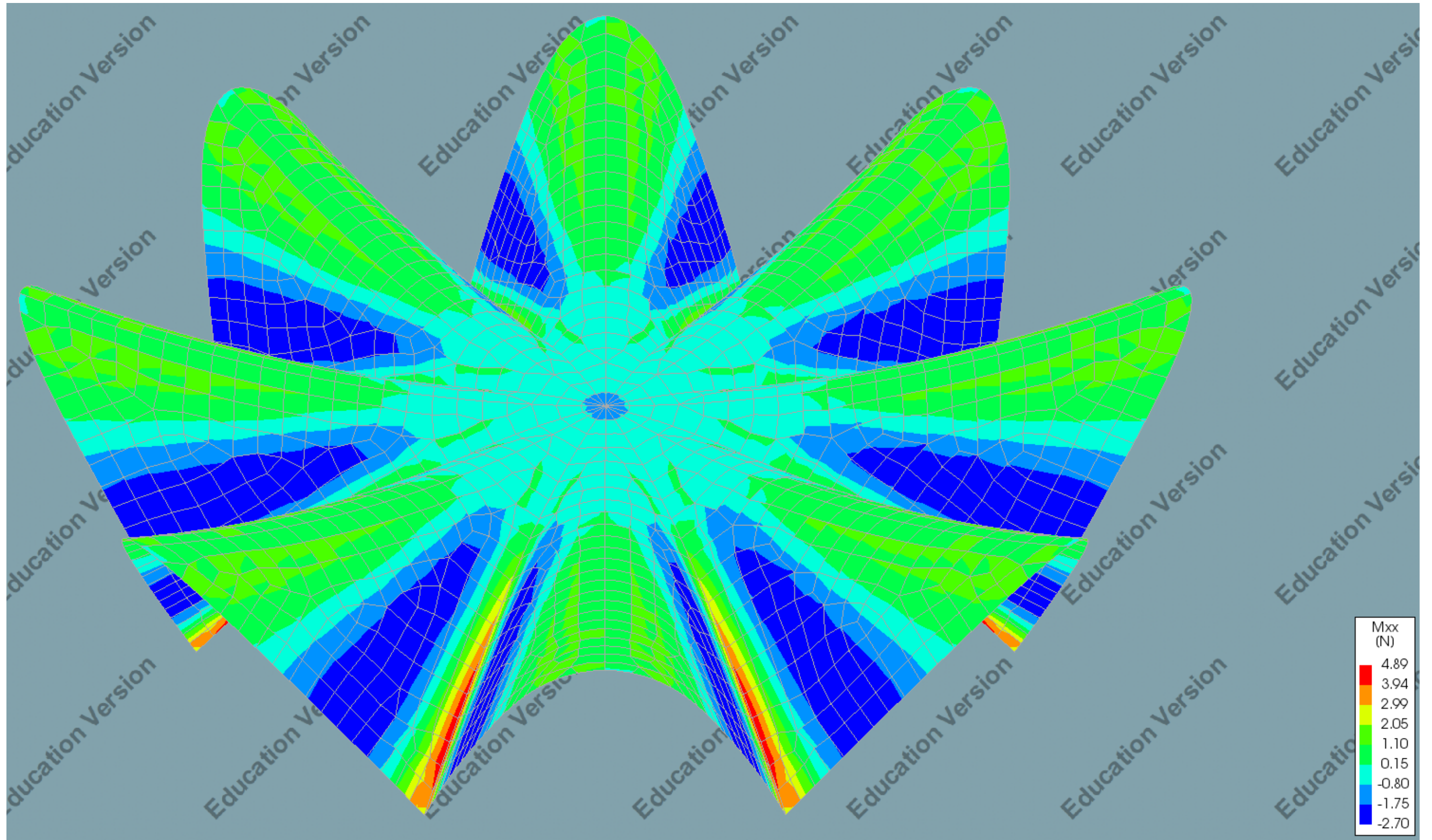




# STRESSES

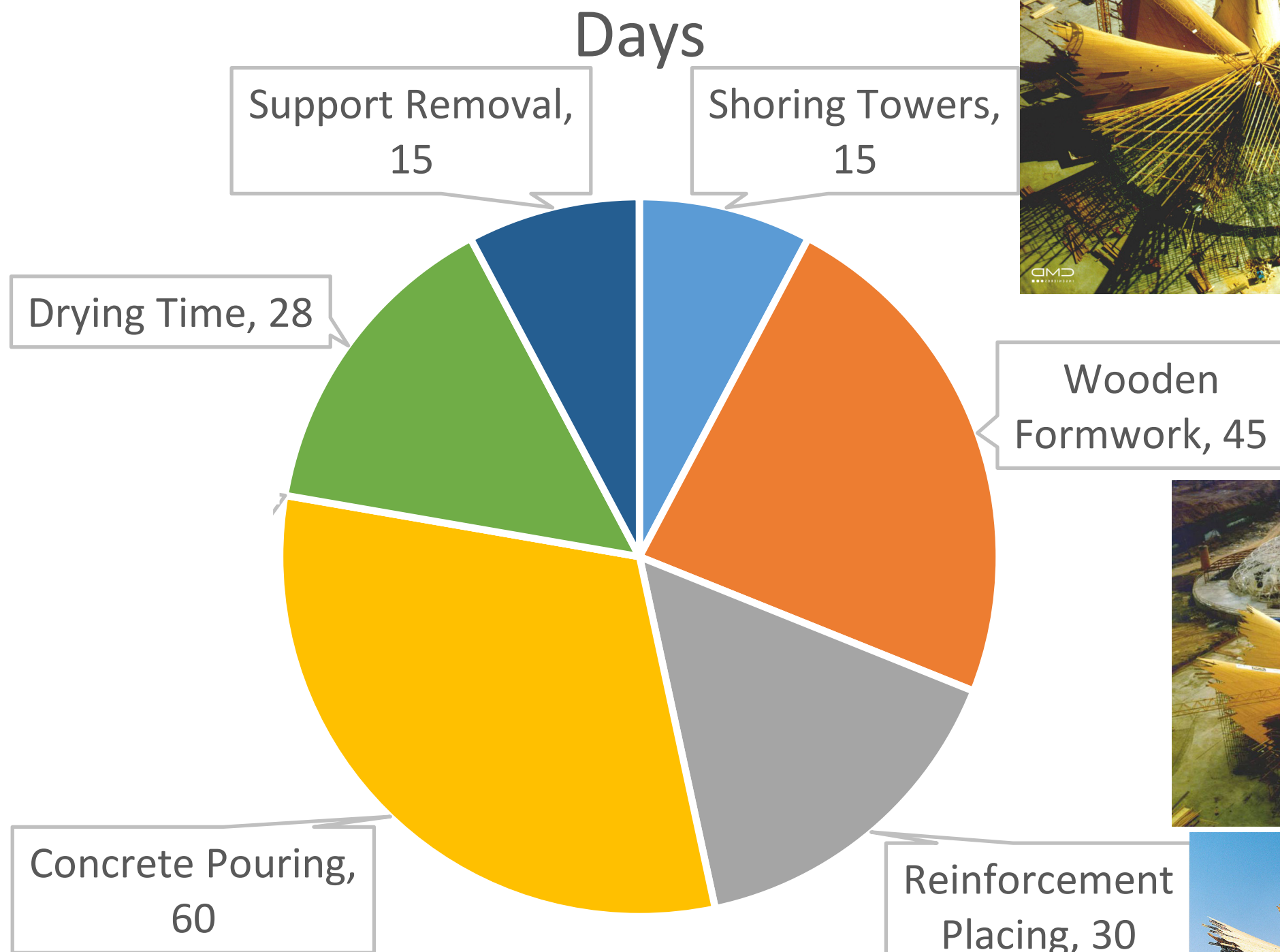
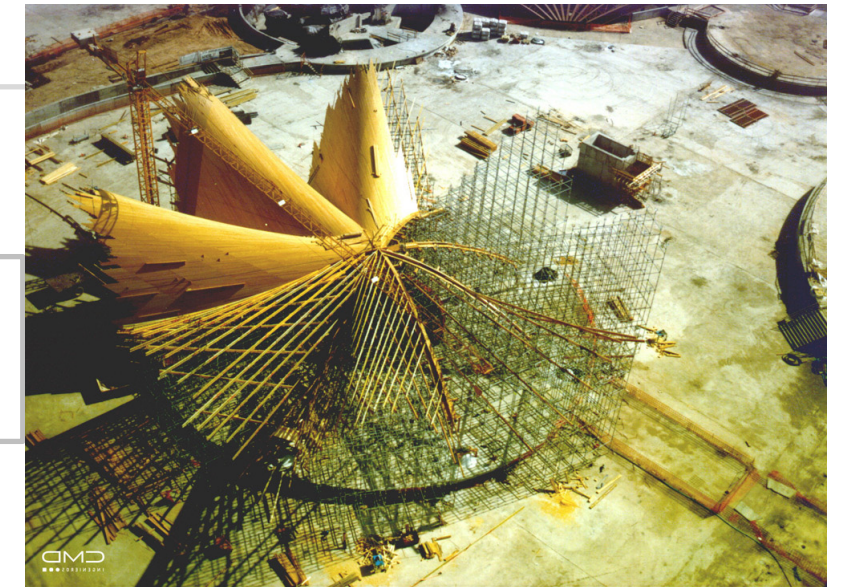


# DISTRIBUTED MOMENT





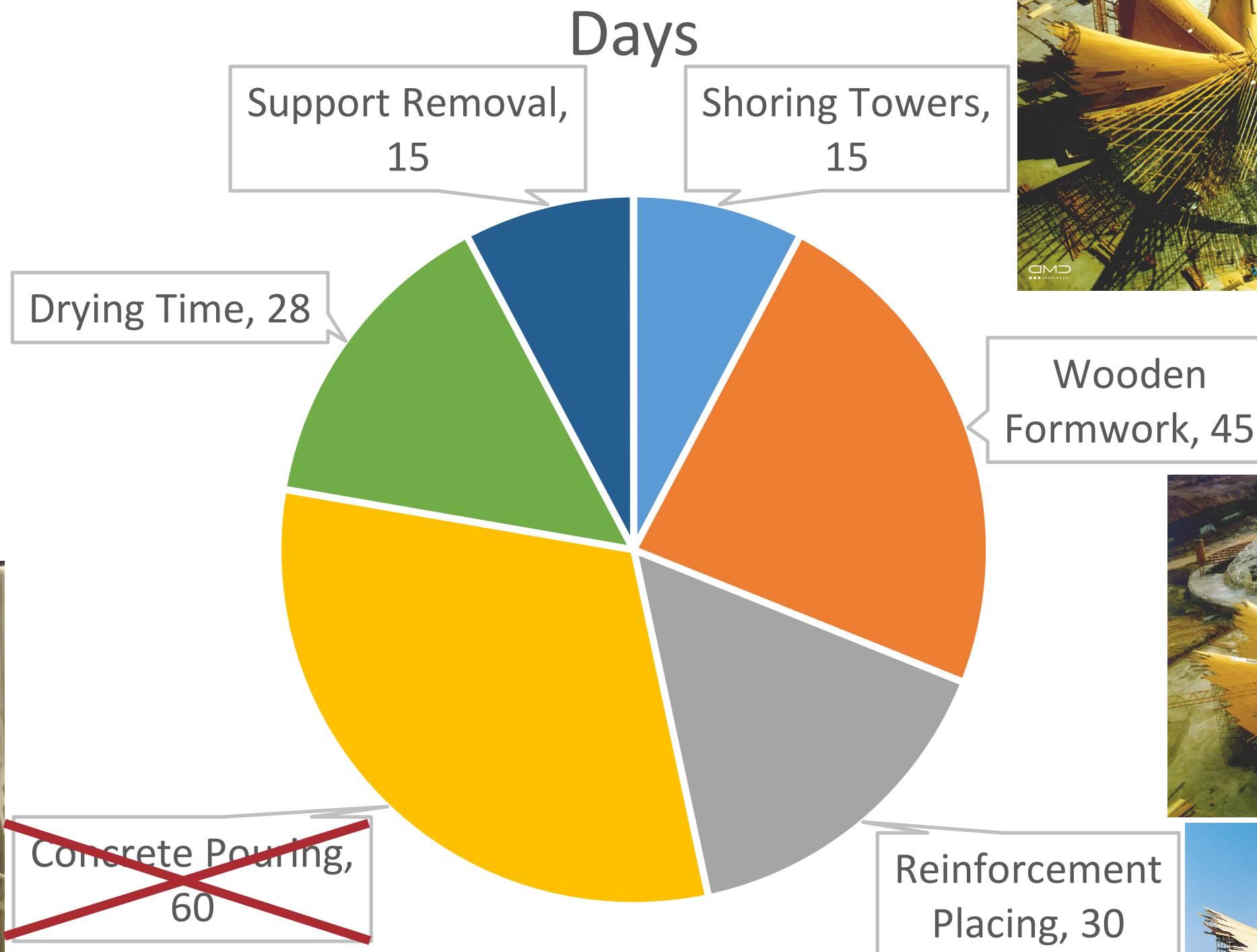
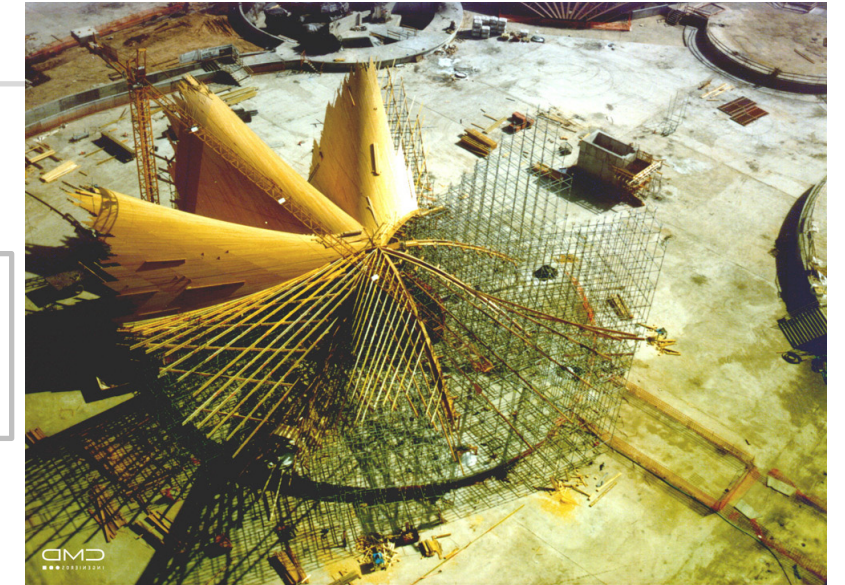
# CONSTRUCTION TIME



Total: 200 days

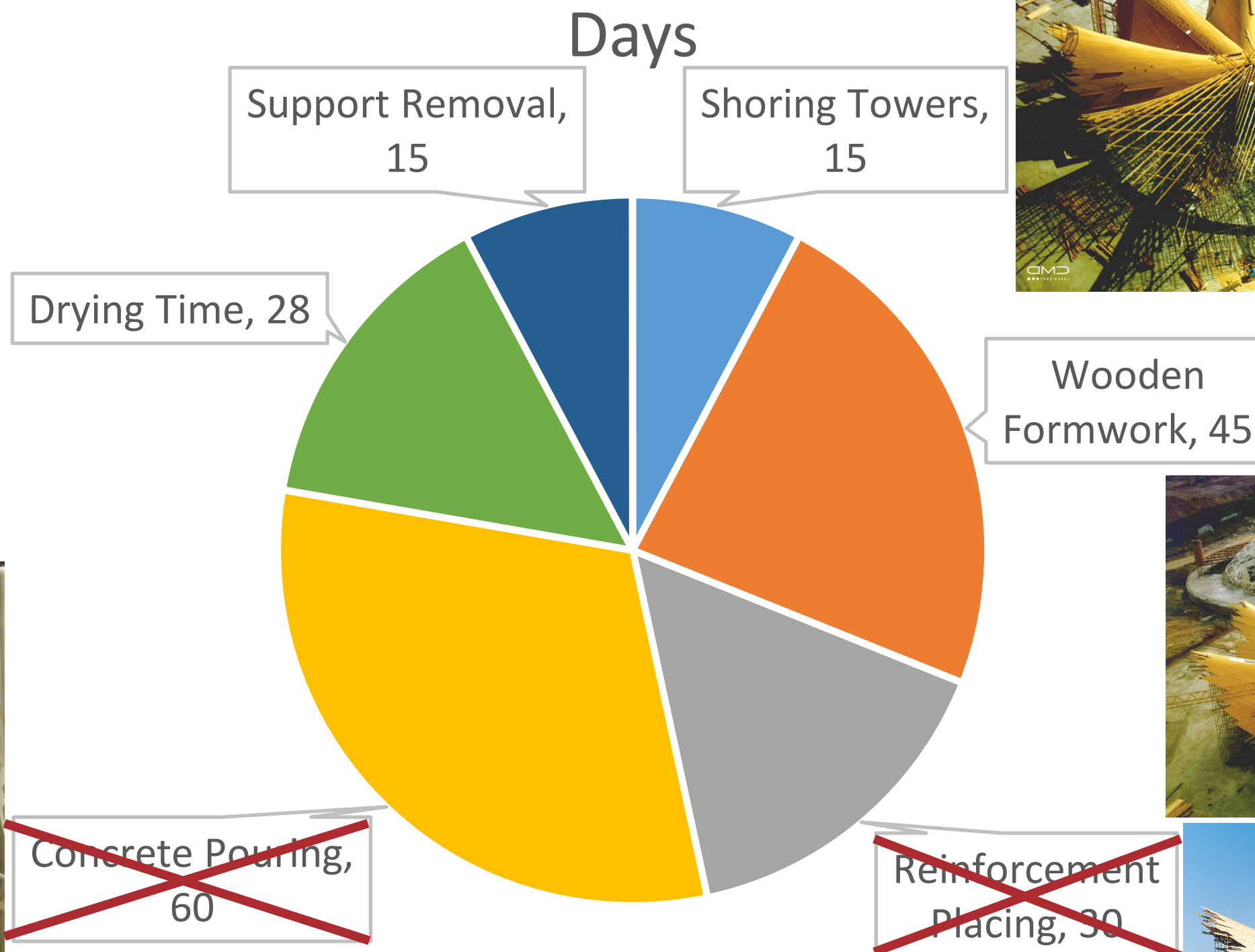
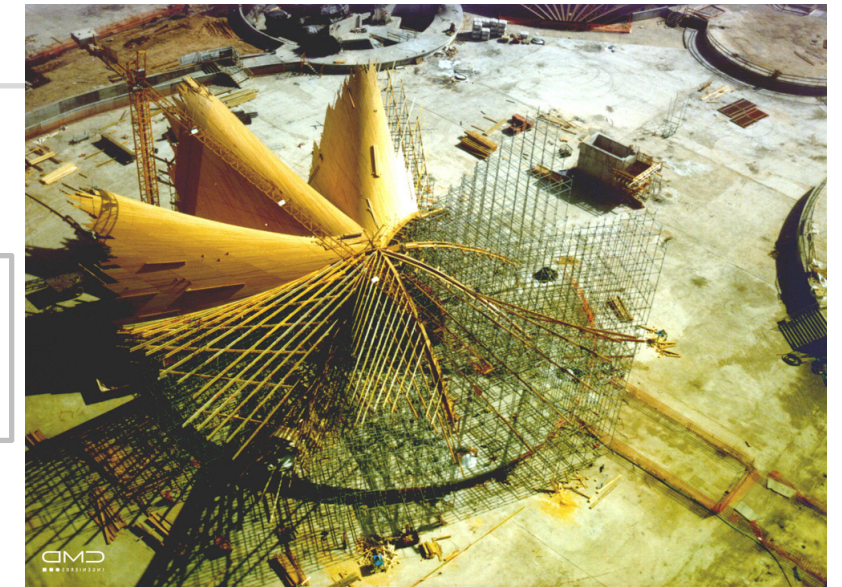


# CONSTRUCTION TIME





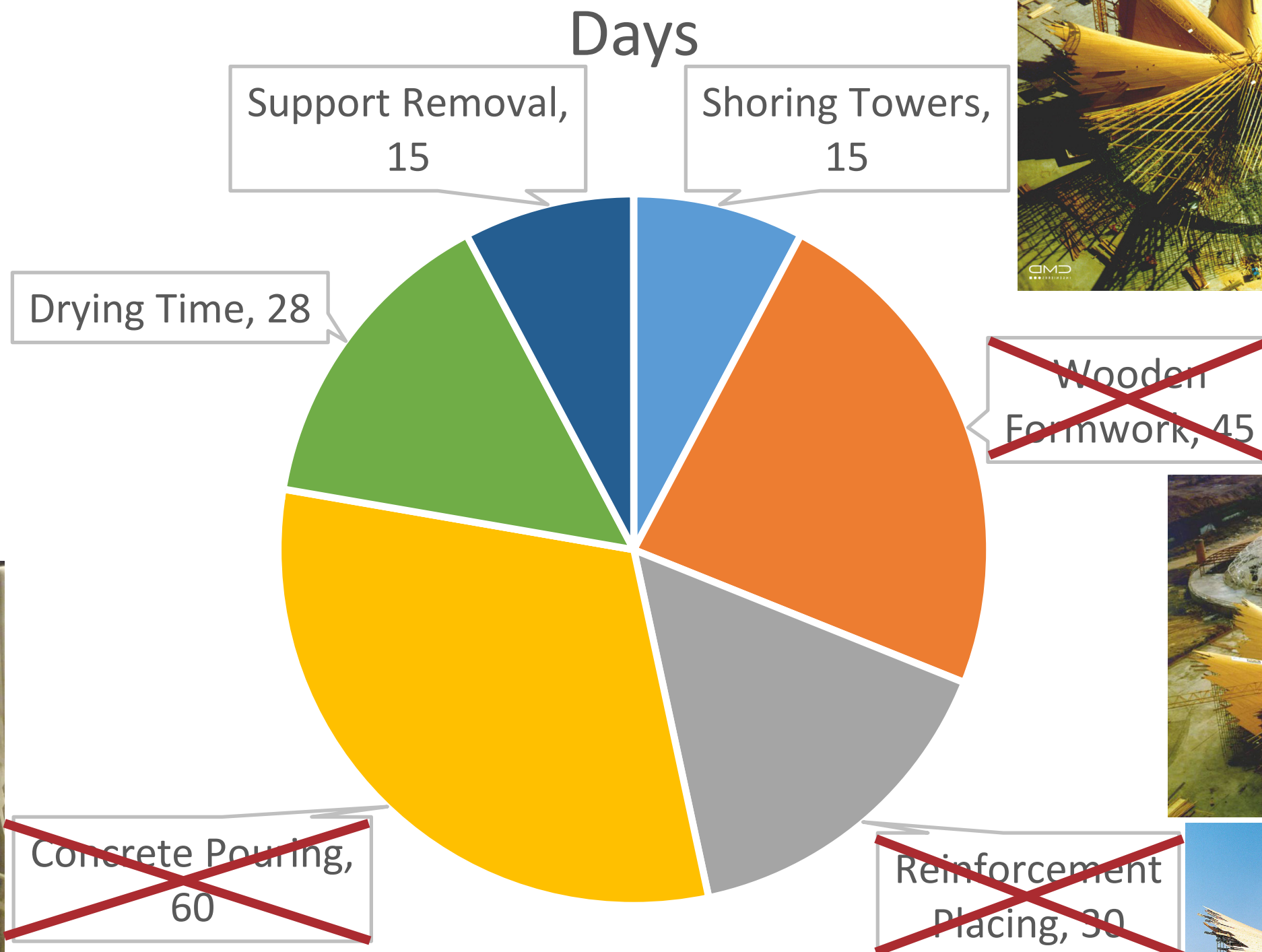
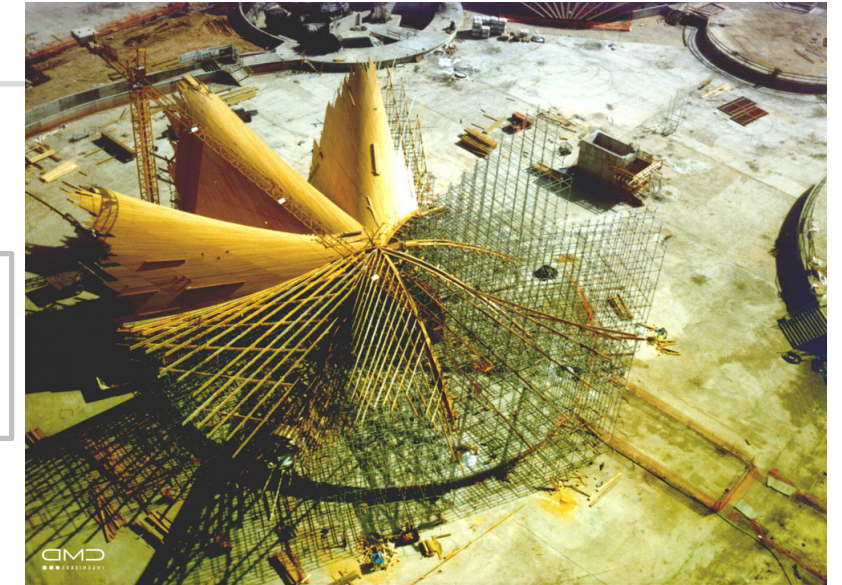
# CONSTRUCTION TIME



Total: 110 days

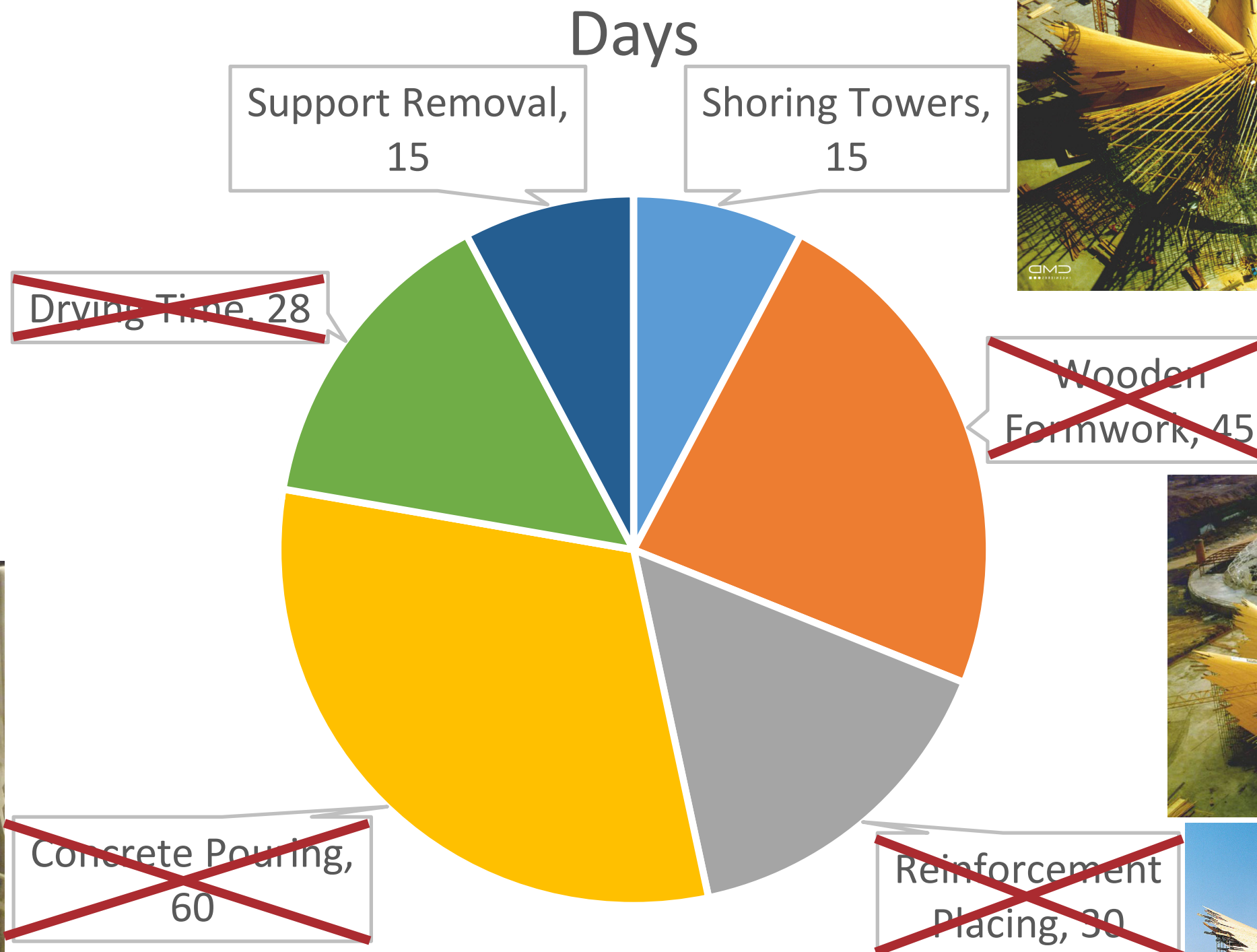
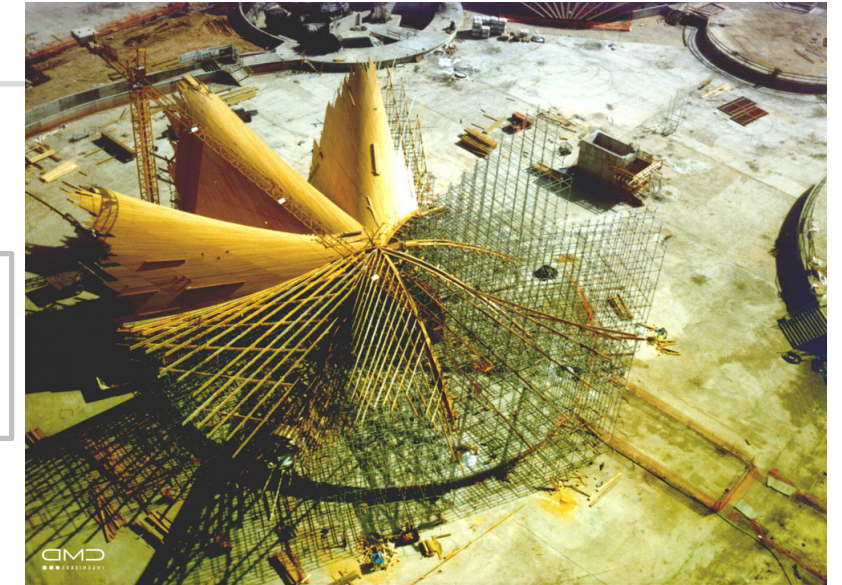


# CONSTRUCTION TIME



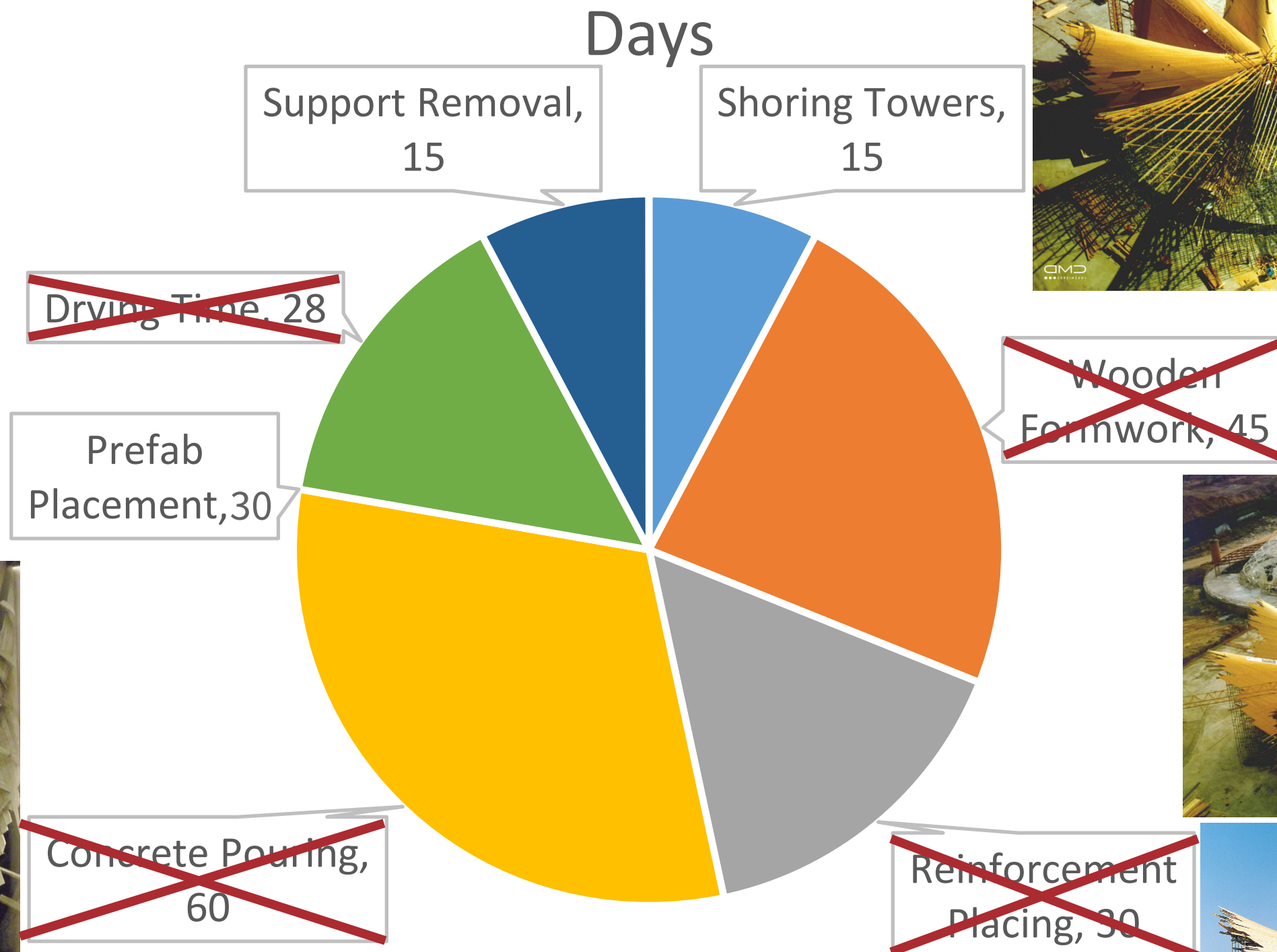
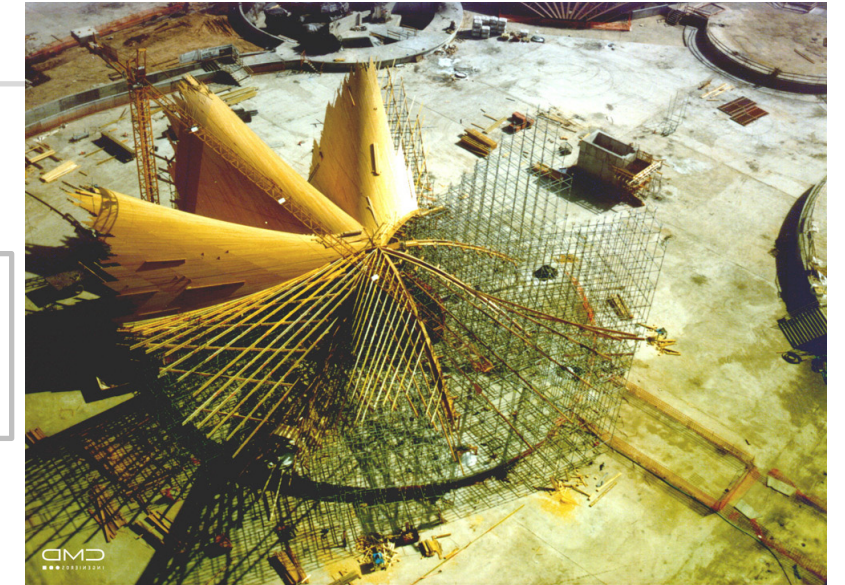


# CONSTRUCTION TIME



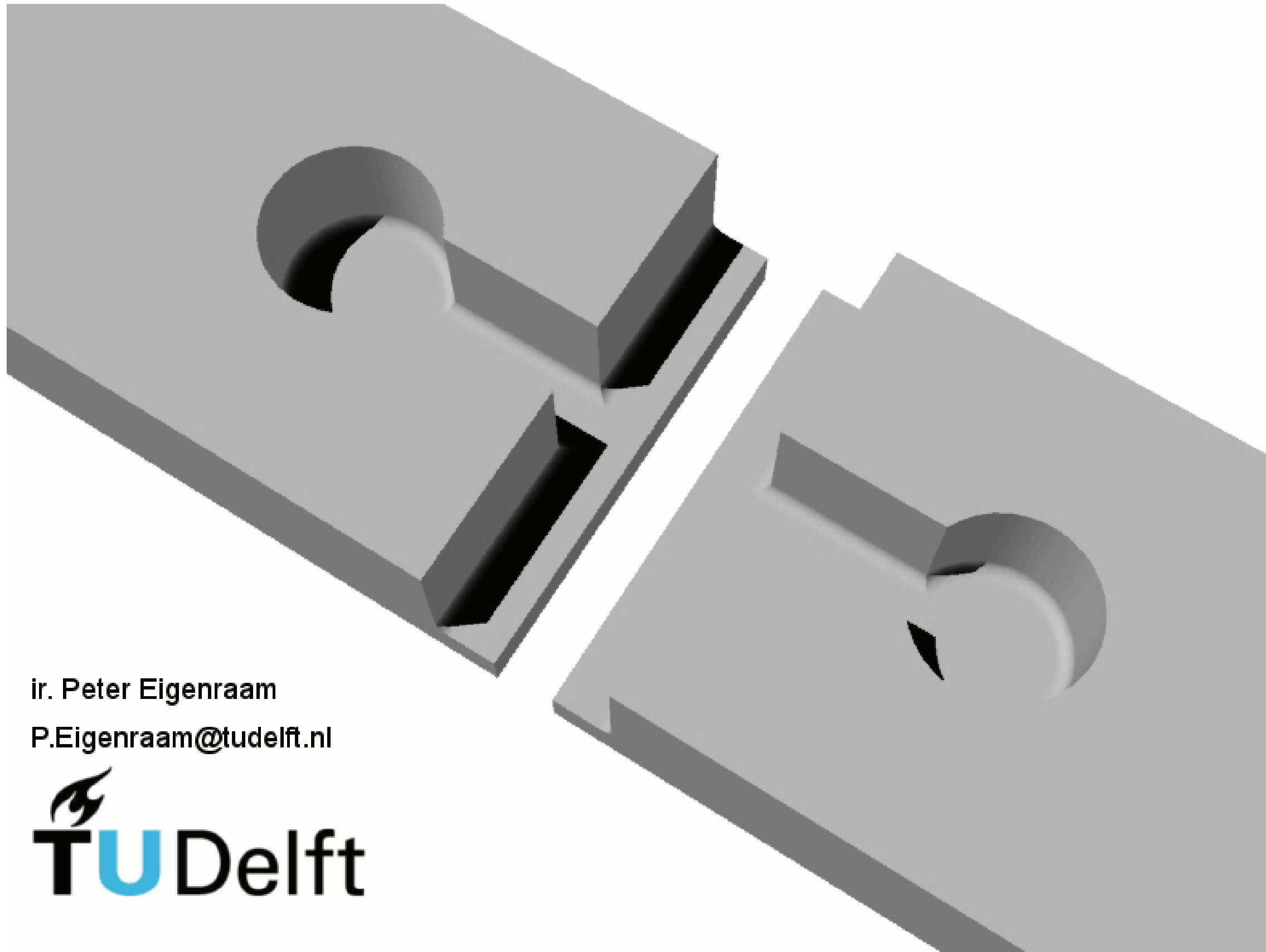


# CONSTRUCTION TIME



Total: 60 days

# CONNECTION



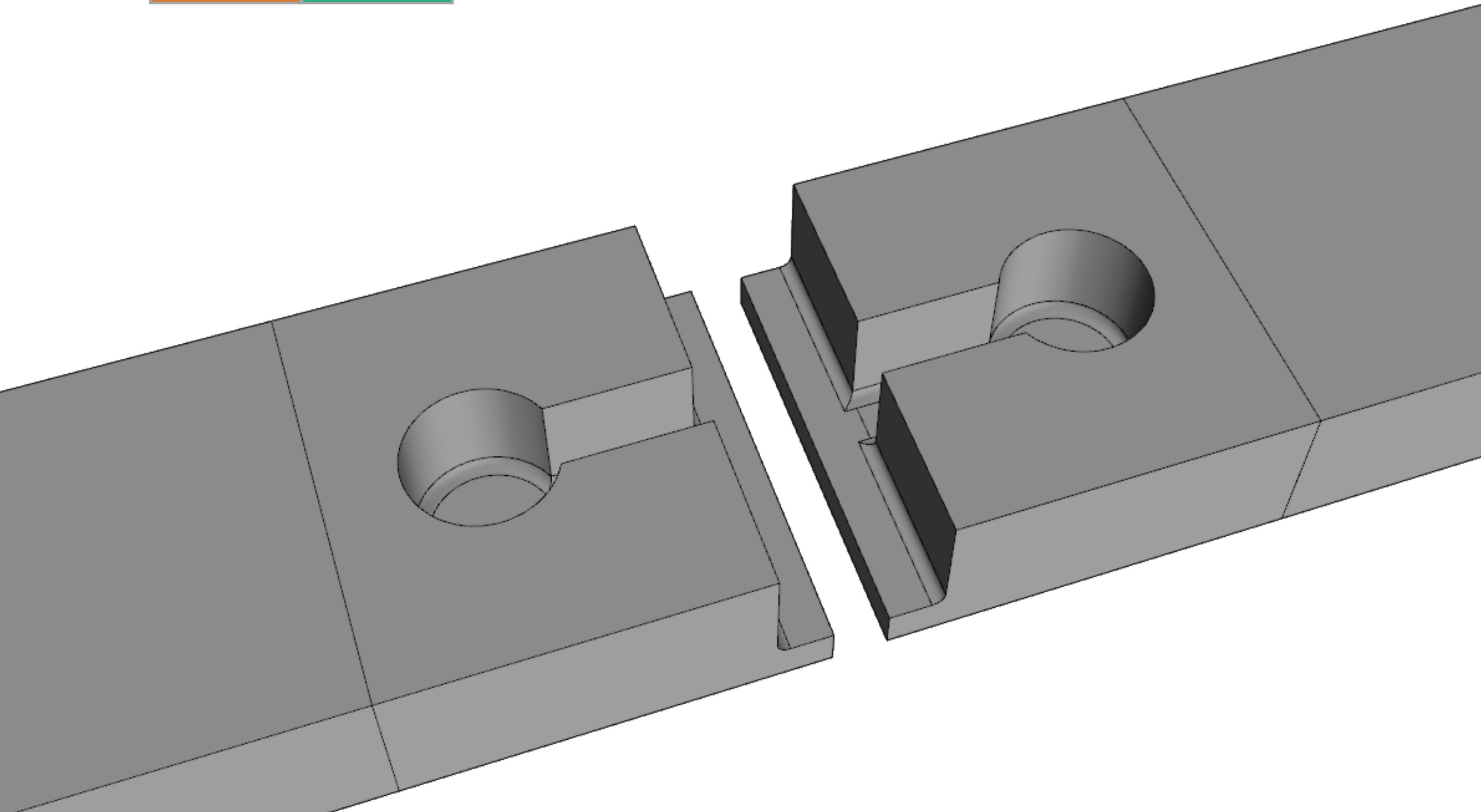
ir. Peter Eigenraam

[P.Eigenraam@tudelft.nl](mailto:P.Eigenraam@tudelft.nl)



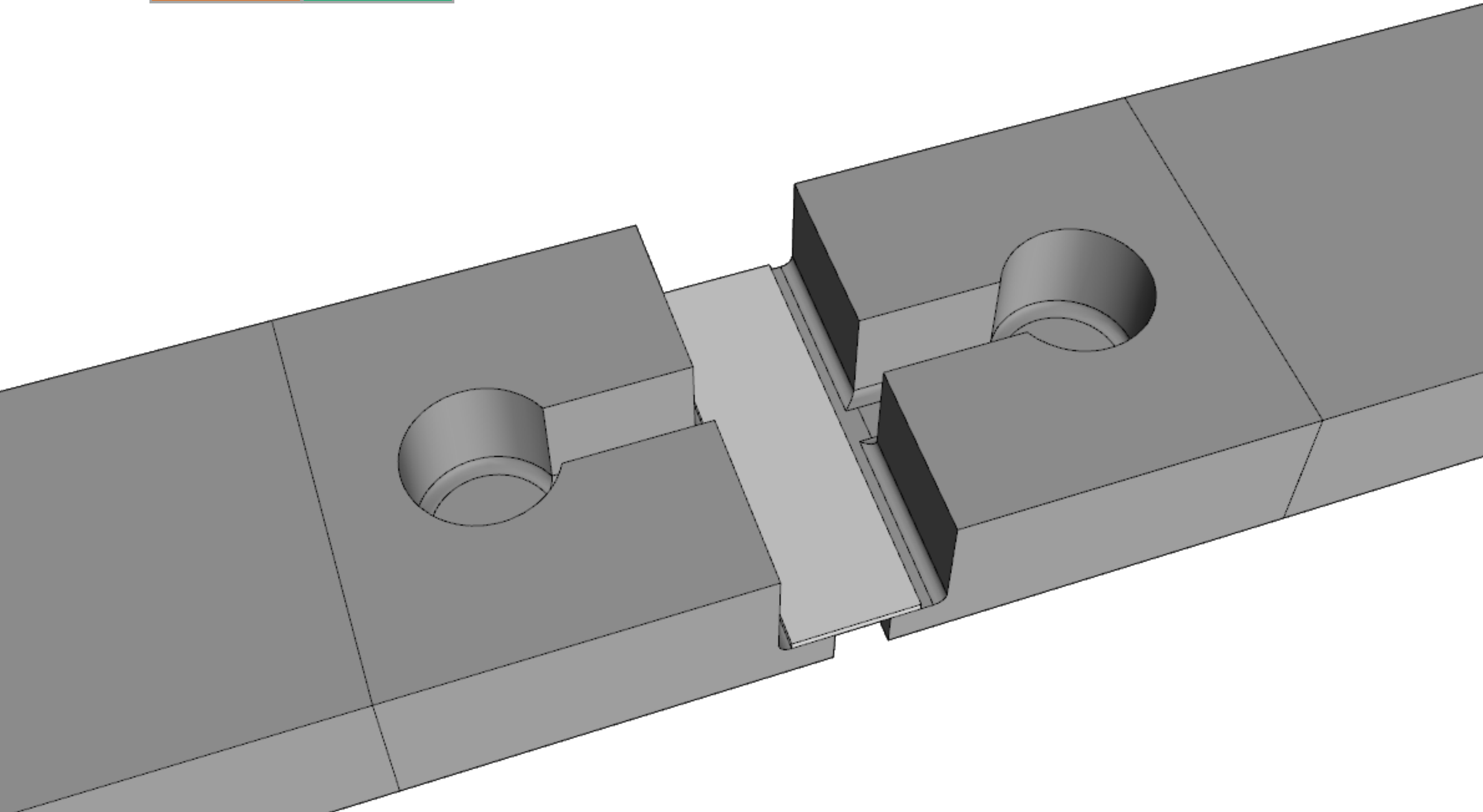


# COUNTERTOP CONNECTOR

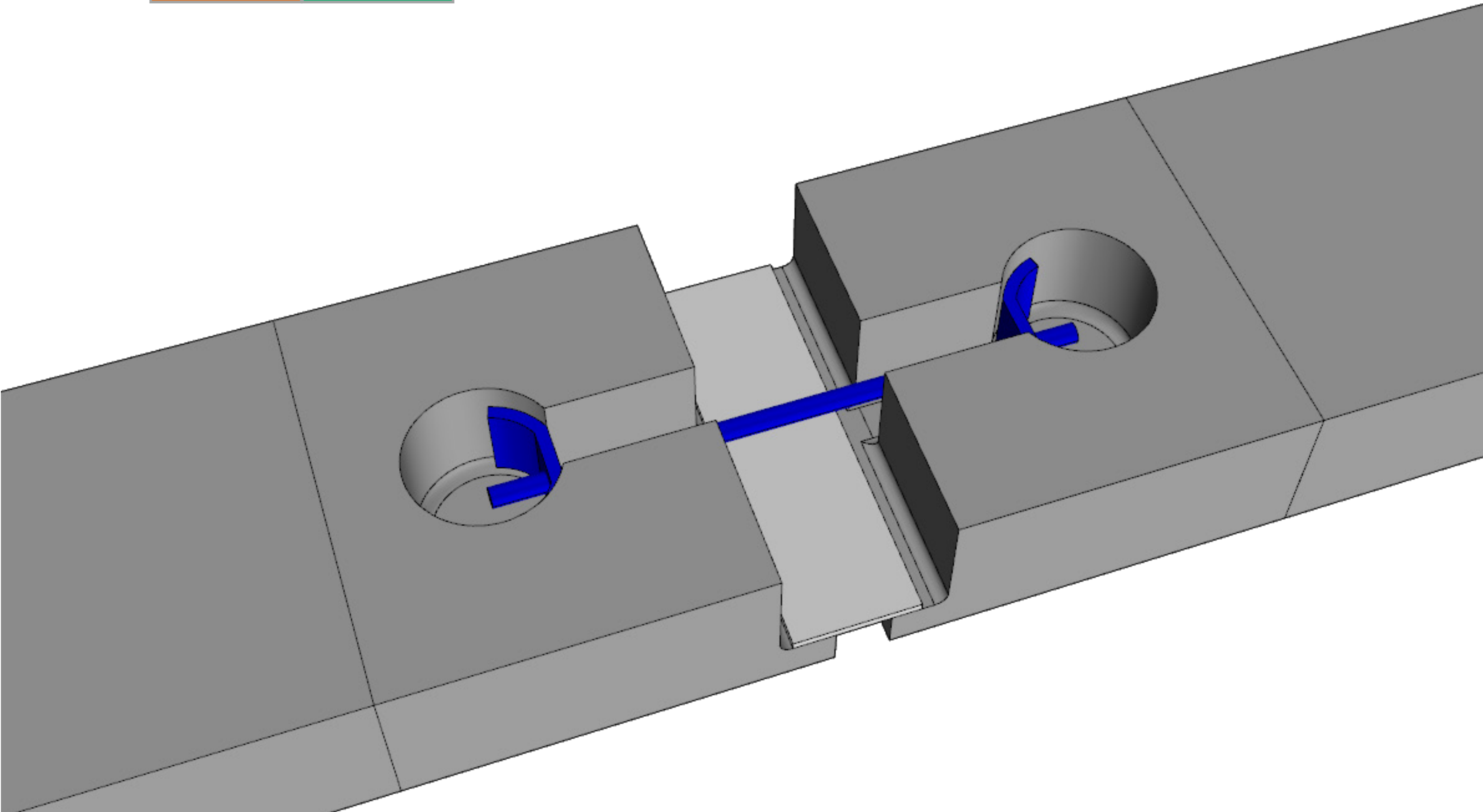




# COUNTERTOP CONNECTOR

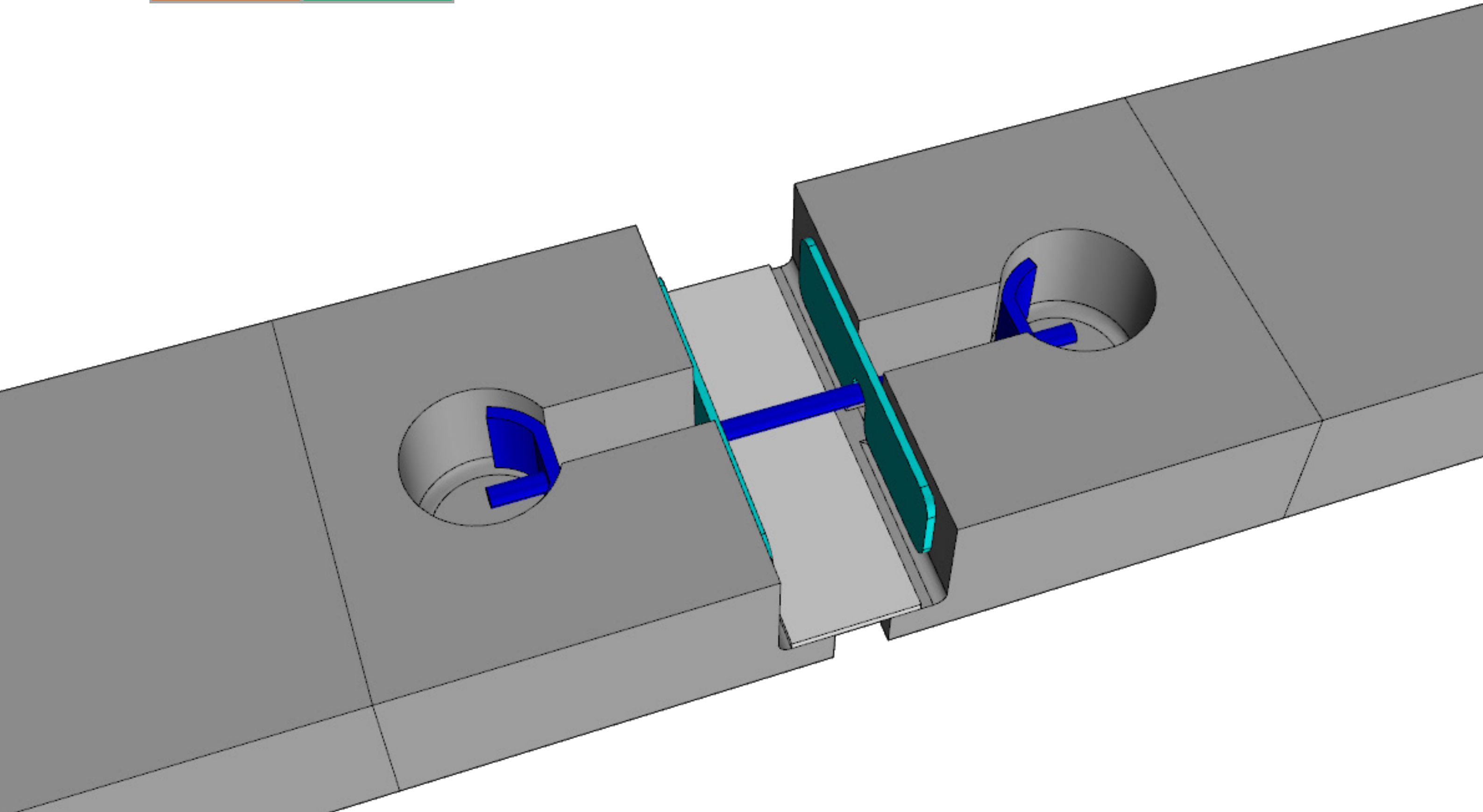


# COUNTERTOP CONNECTOR

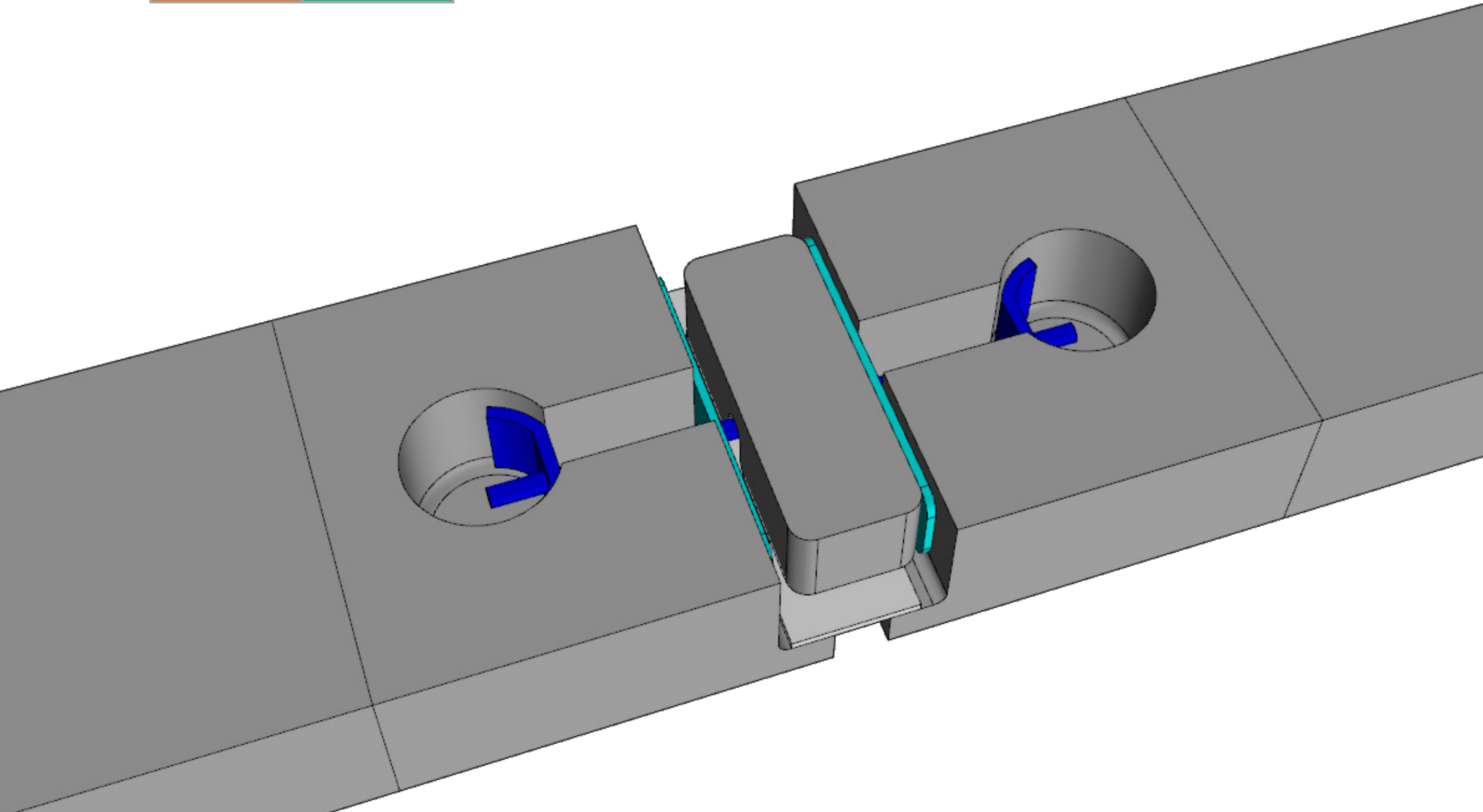




# COUNTERTOP CONNECTOR

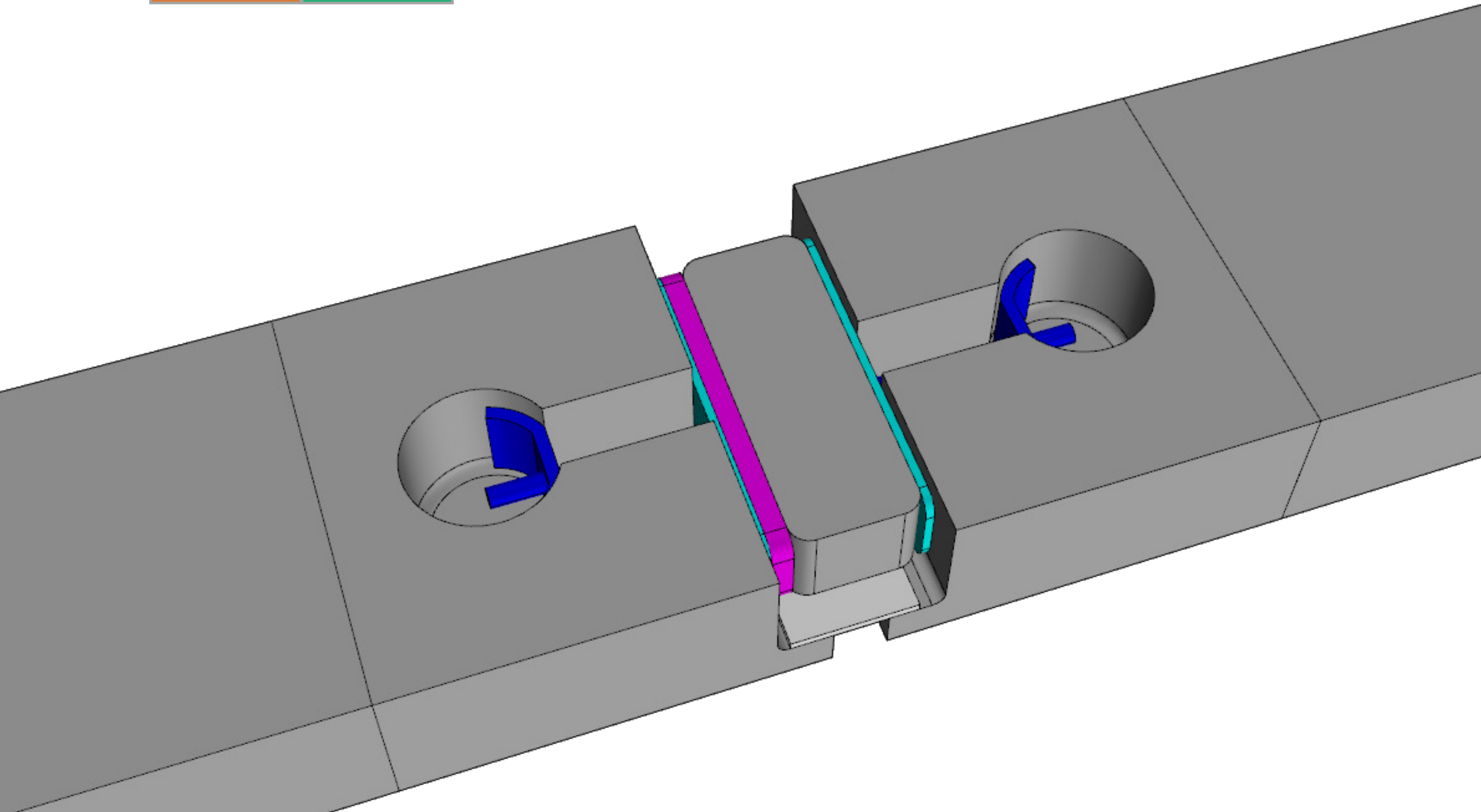


# COUNTERTOP CONNECTOR

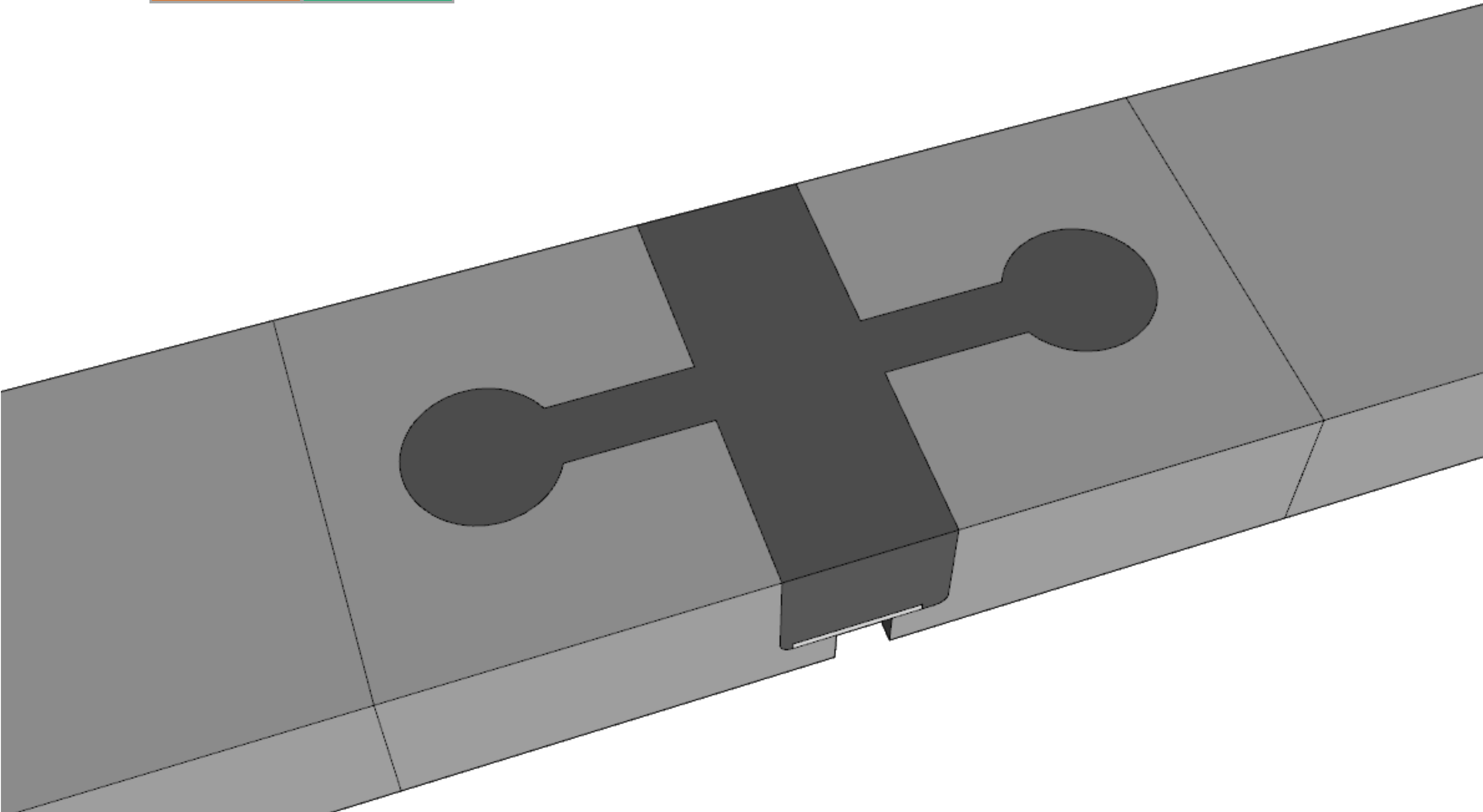




# COUNTERTOP CONNECTOR

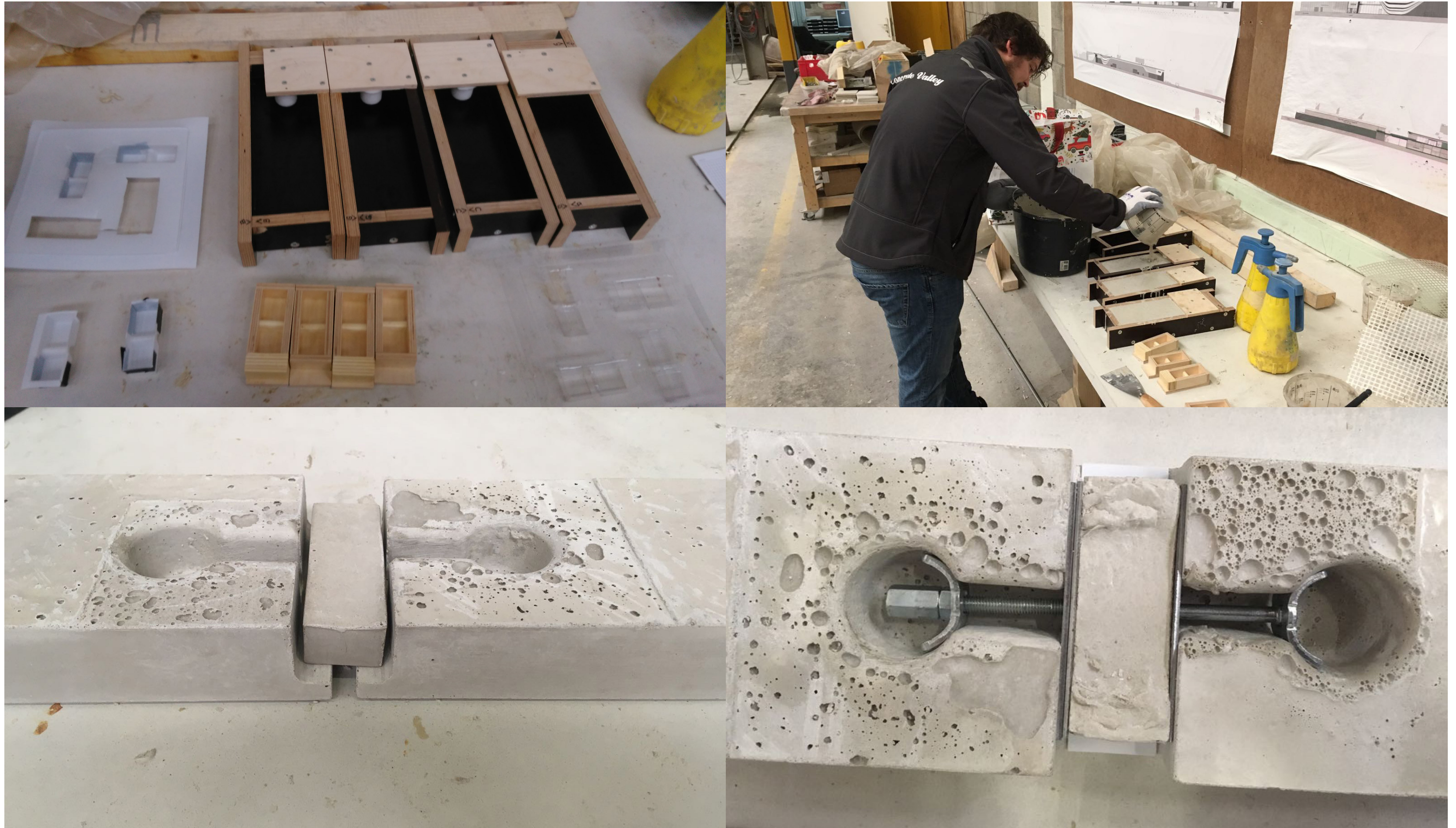


# COUNTERTOP CONNECTOR





# PROTOTYPE PRODUCTION



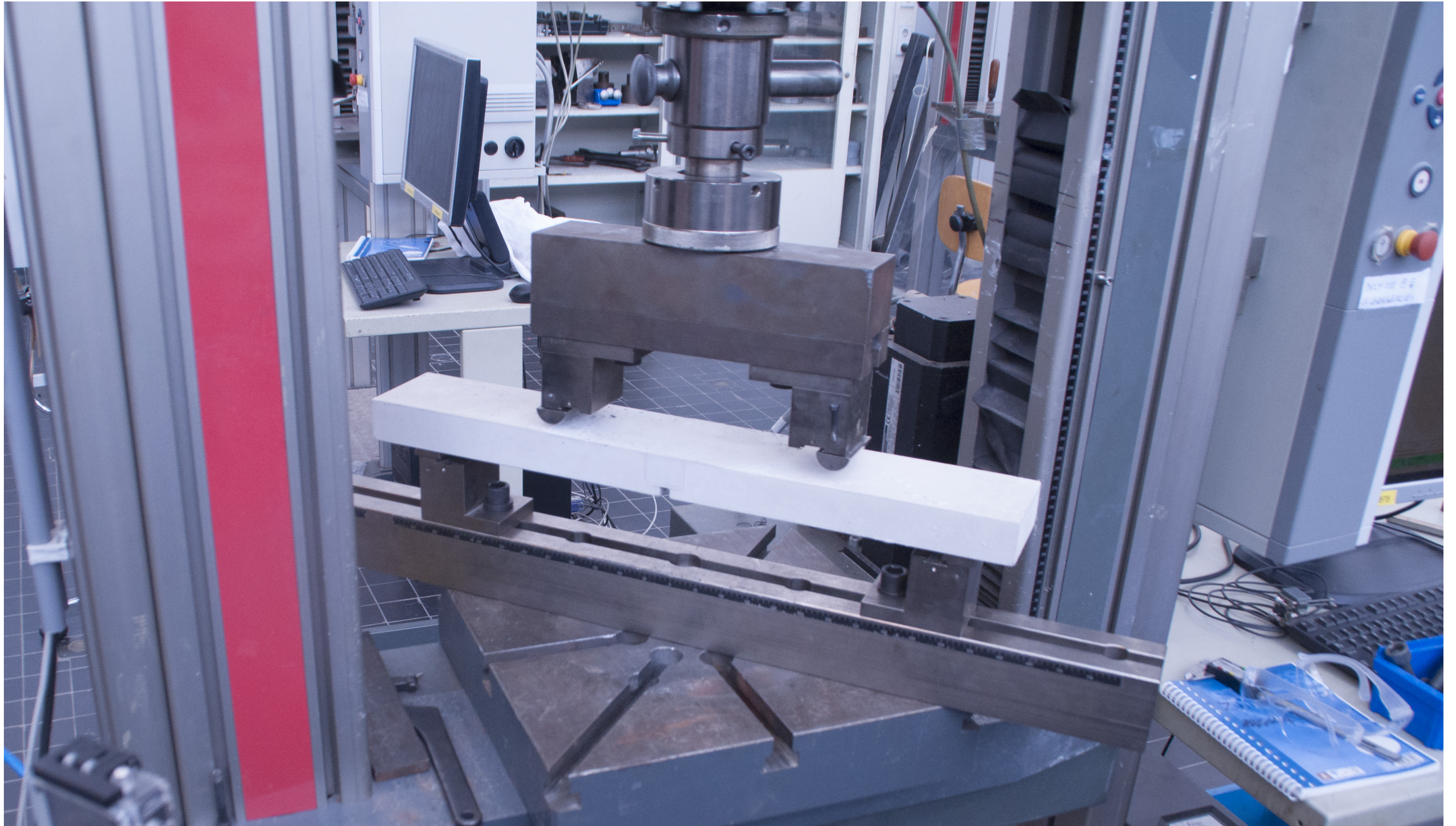


# PROTOTYPE PRODUCTION



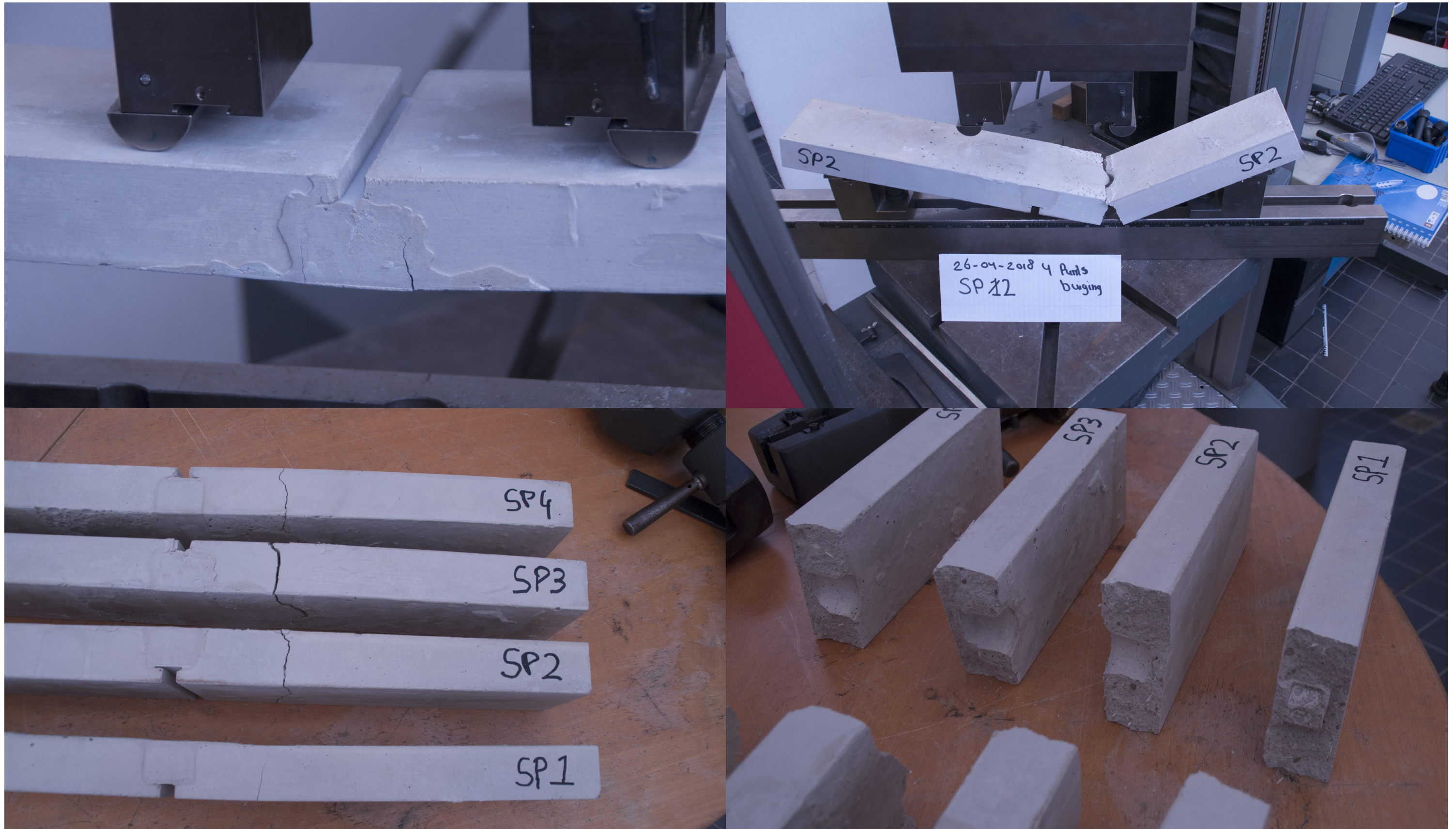


# TESTING



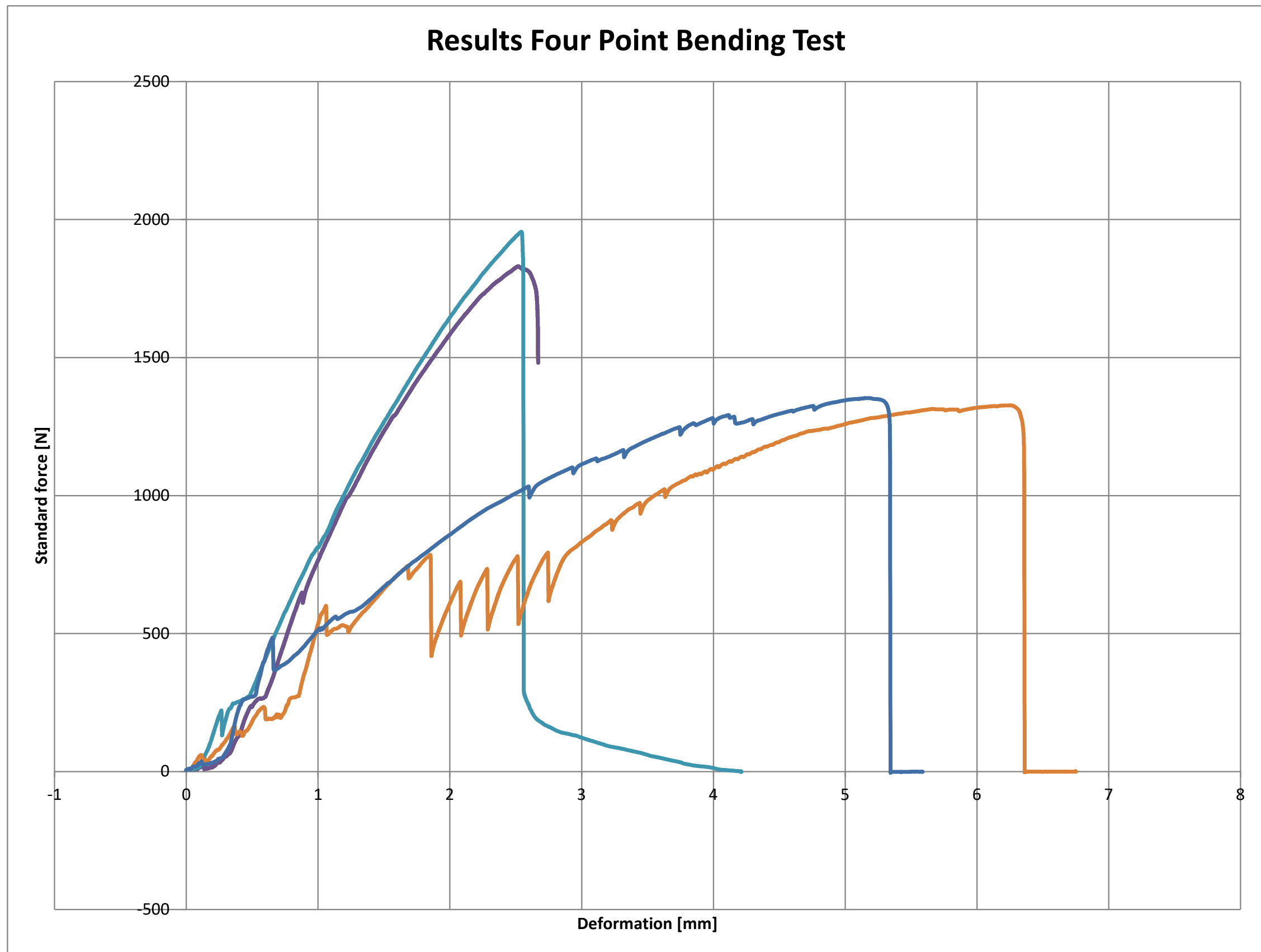


# RESULTS

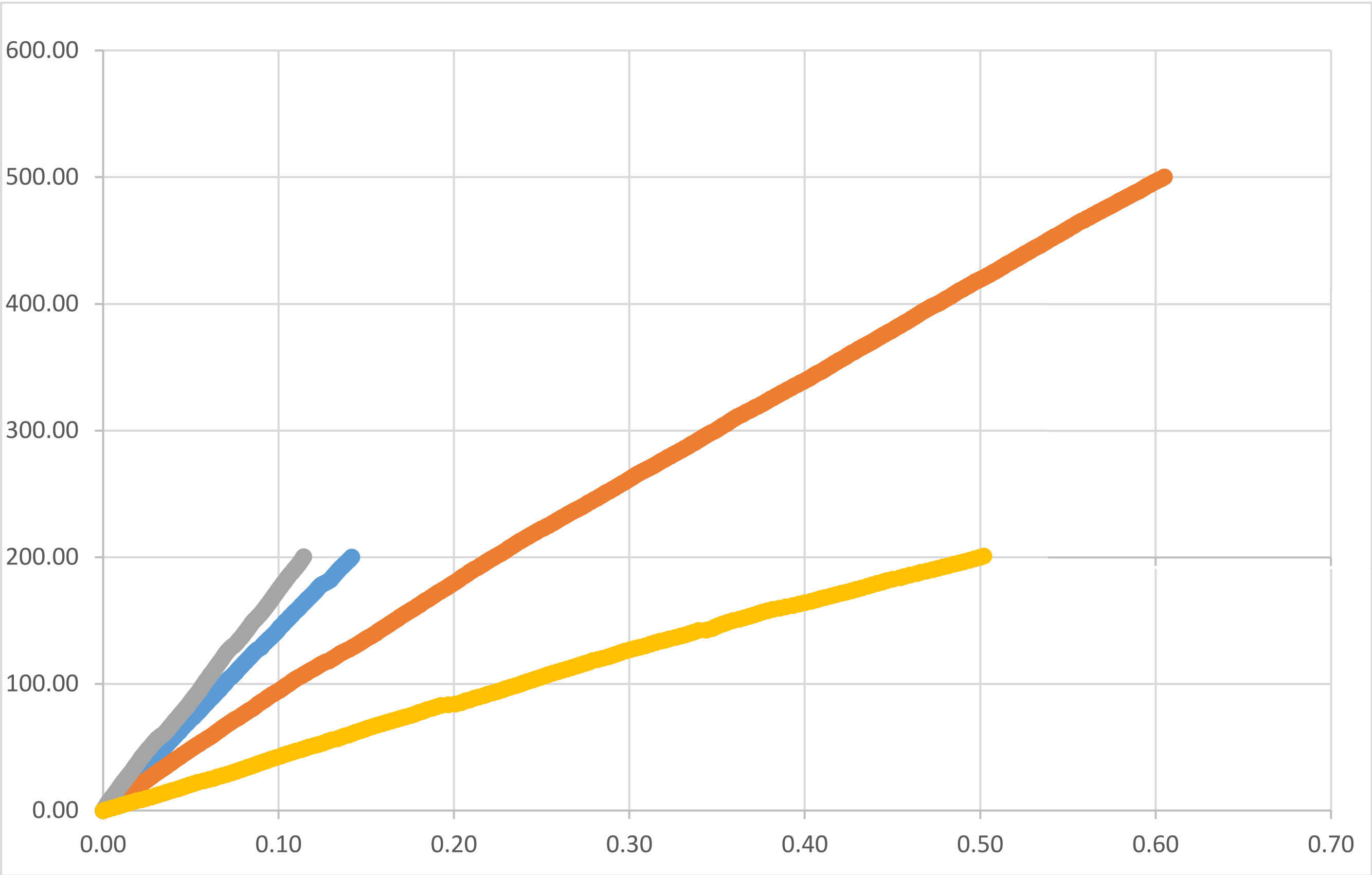




# RESULTS



# RESULTS COMPARISON





# K-CONSTANT CALCULATION

$$\theta_B^{AB} + \theta_B^{BC} + \Delta\theta_B = 0$$

$$\theta_B^{AB} = \frac{M_B * l}{3EI} - \theta$$

$$\theta_B^{BC} = \frac{M_B * l}{3EI} - \theta$$

$$\Delta\theta_B = \frac{M_B}{k}$$

Substitueeren geeft:

$$\left(\frac{M_B * l}{3EI} - \theta\right) + \left(\frac{M_B * l}{3EI} - \theta\right) + \left(\frac{M_B}{k}\right) = 0$$

$$M_B = R_A * x - F(x - a) \text{ (Zie afbeelding 1)}$$

$$\theta = 2 \frac{\omega_B}{l}$$

Substitueeren geeft:

$$\frac{(R_A * x - F(x - a)) * l}{3EI} - 2 \frac{\omega_B}{l} + \frac{(R_A * x - F(x - a)) * l}{3EI} - 2 \frac{\omega_B}{l} + \frac{(R_A * x - F(x - a))}{k} = 0$$

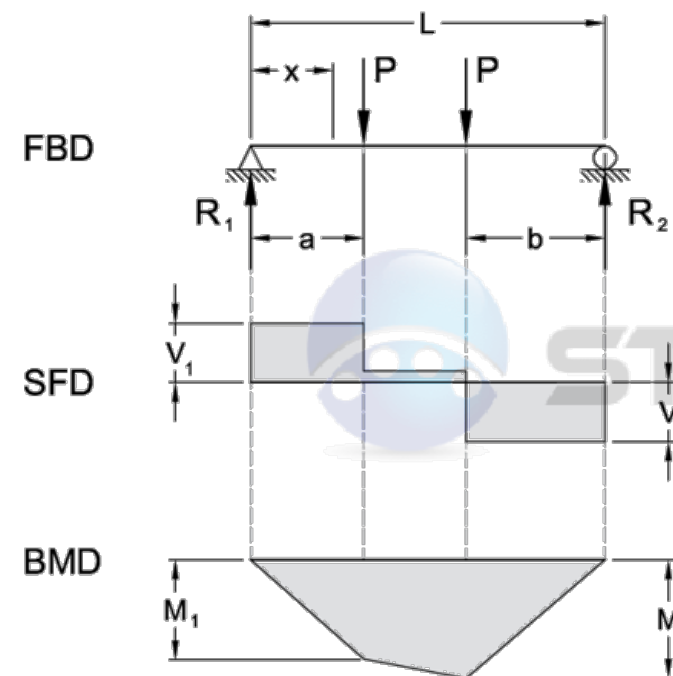
Veerconstante naar een kant halen geeft:

$$2 \left( \frac{(R_A * x - F(x - a)) * l}{3EI} - \frac{2 * \omega_B}{l} \right) = - \frac{(R_A * x - F(x - a))}{k}$$

$$k = - \frac{(R_A * x - F(x - a))}{2 \left( \frac{(R_A * x - F(x - a)) * l}{3EI} - \frac{2 * \omega_B}{l} \right)}$$

$$R_A = \frac{F}{l} (l - a + b)$$

$$k = - \frac{\left( \frac{F}{l} (l - a + b) * x - F(x - a) \right)}{2 \left( \frac{\left( \frac{F}{l} (l - a + b) * x - F(x - a) \right) * l}{3EI} - \frac{2 * \omega_B}{l} \right)}$$



$$R_1 = V_1 \text{ (max when } a < b) \dots\dots\dots = \frac{P}{L} (L - a + b)$$

$$R_2 = V_2 \text{ (max when } a < b) \dots\dots\dots = \frac{P}{L} (L - b + a)$$

$$V_x \text{ ( } a < x < (L - b) \text{ ) } \dots\dots\dots = \frac{P}{L} (b - a)$$

$$M_1 \text{ (max. when } a > b) \dots\dots\dots = R_1 a$$

$$M_2 \text{ (max. when } a < b) \dots\dots\dots = R_2 b$$

$$M_x \text{ (max. when } x < a) \dots\dots\dots = R_1 x$$

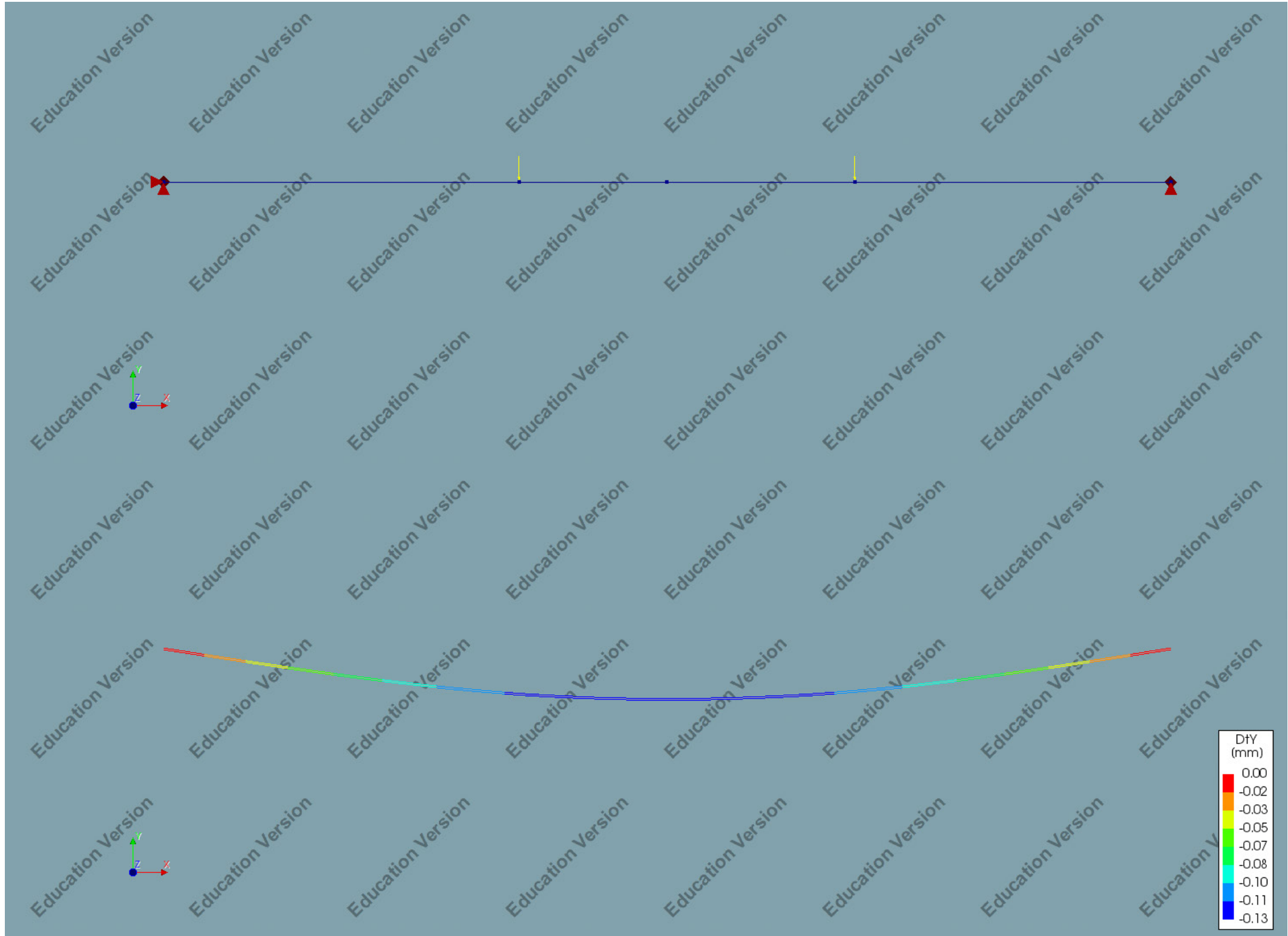
$$M_x \text{ (max. when } a < x < (L - b) \text{ ) } \dots\dots\dots = R_1 x - P(x - a)$$

K-Constant (spring stiffness)

=

10702026.94 N/mm

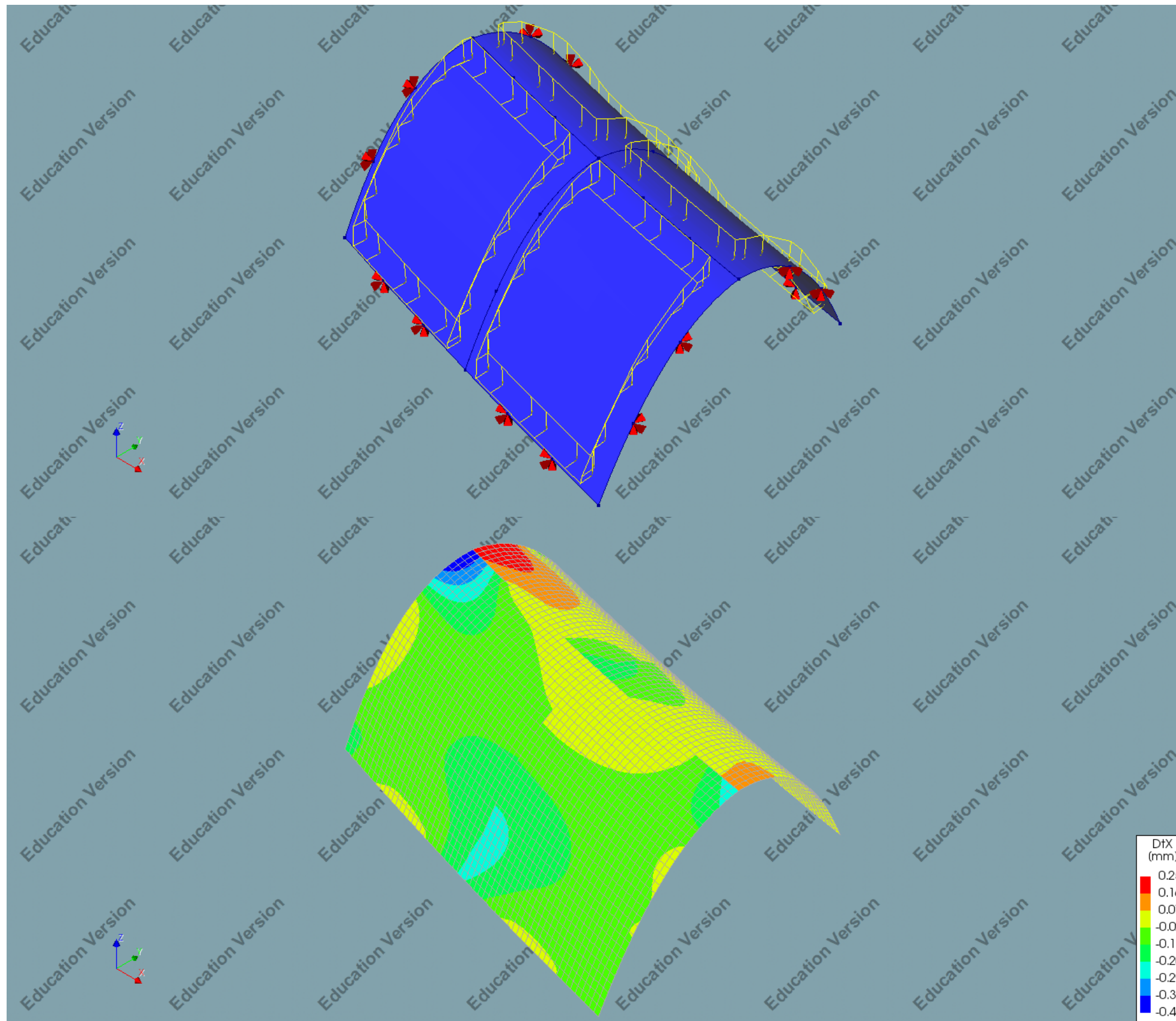
# VERIFYING RESULTS



	Test 1	Test 2	DIANA
Applied Force	200.7787	200.092	200.347
Deformation	0.143249	0.192506	0.13104



# VERIFYING RESULTS



- 4 Segments
- 2 Connections per edge
- Own weight and Windload

- Deformation at the corners
- Max 0.46 mm

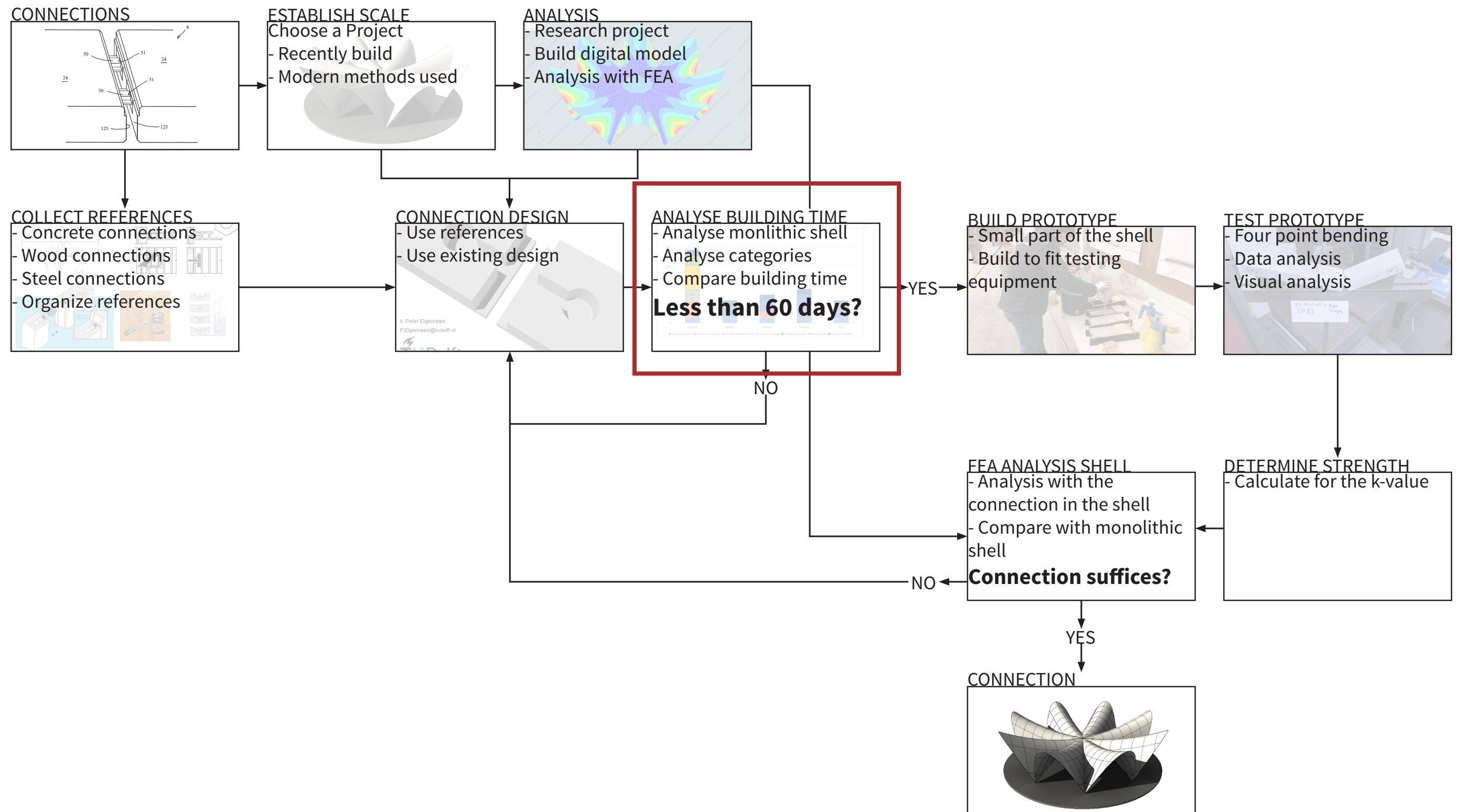
# CONCLUSION

*How can we prove that a connection is suitable for use in a segmented prefabricated shell structure?*

- Which demands are made for a connections in a segmented prefabricated shell structure?
- How can we test the strength of a connection?
- How can we implement a connection in a digital model?

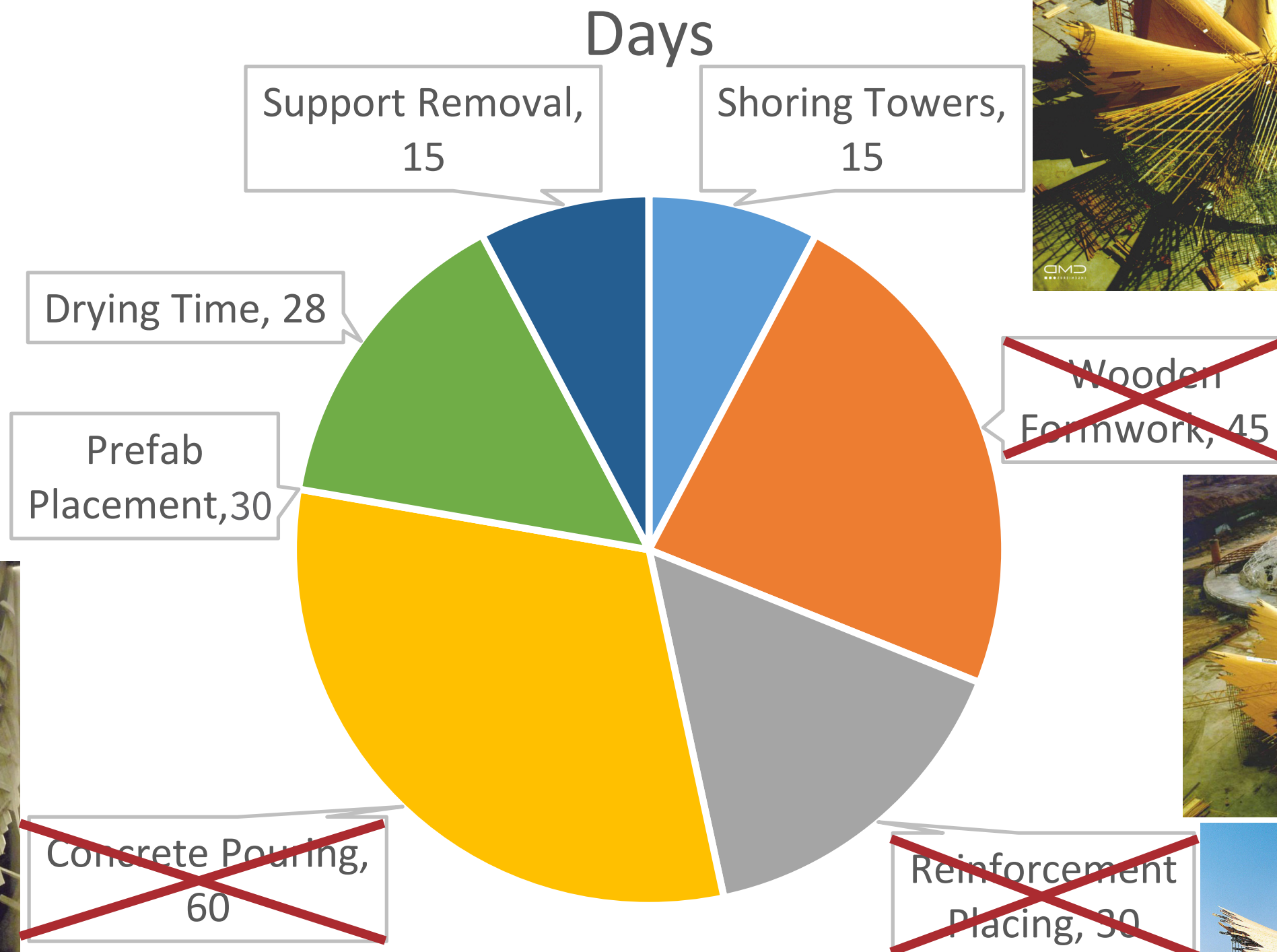
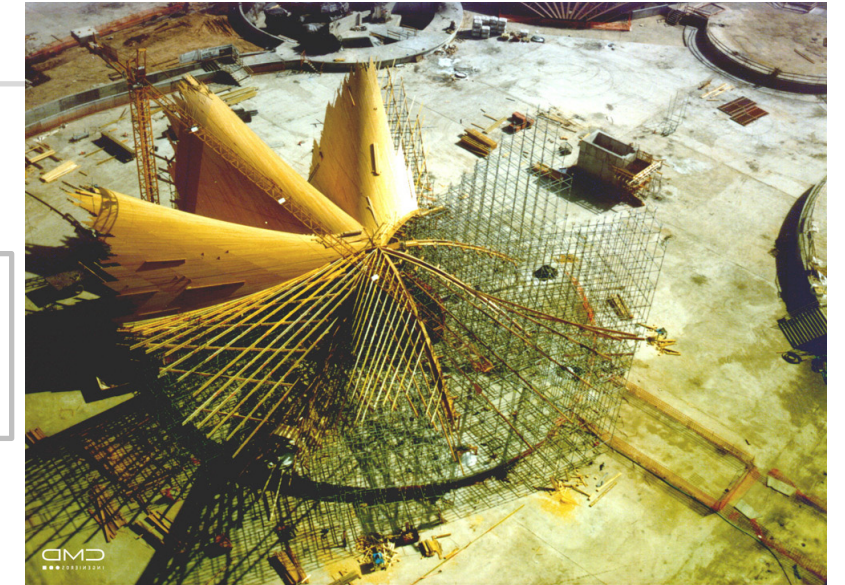


# CONCLUSION





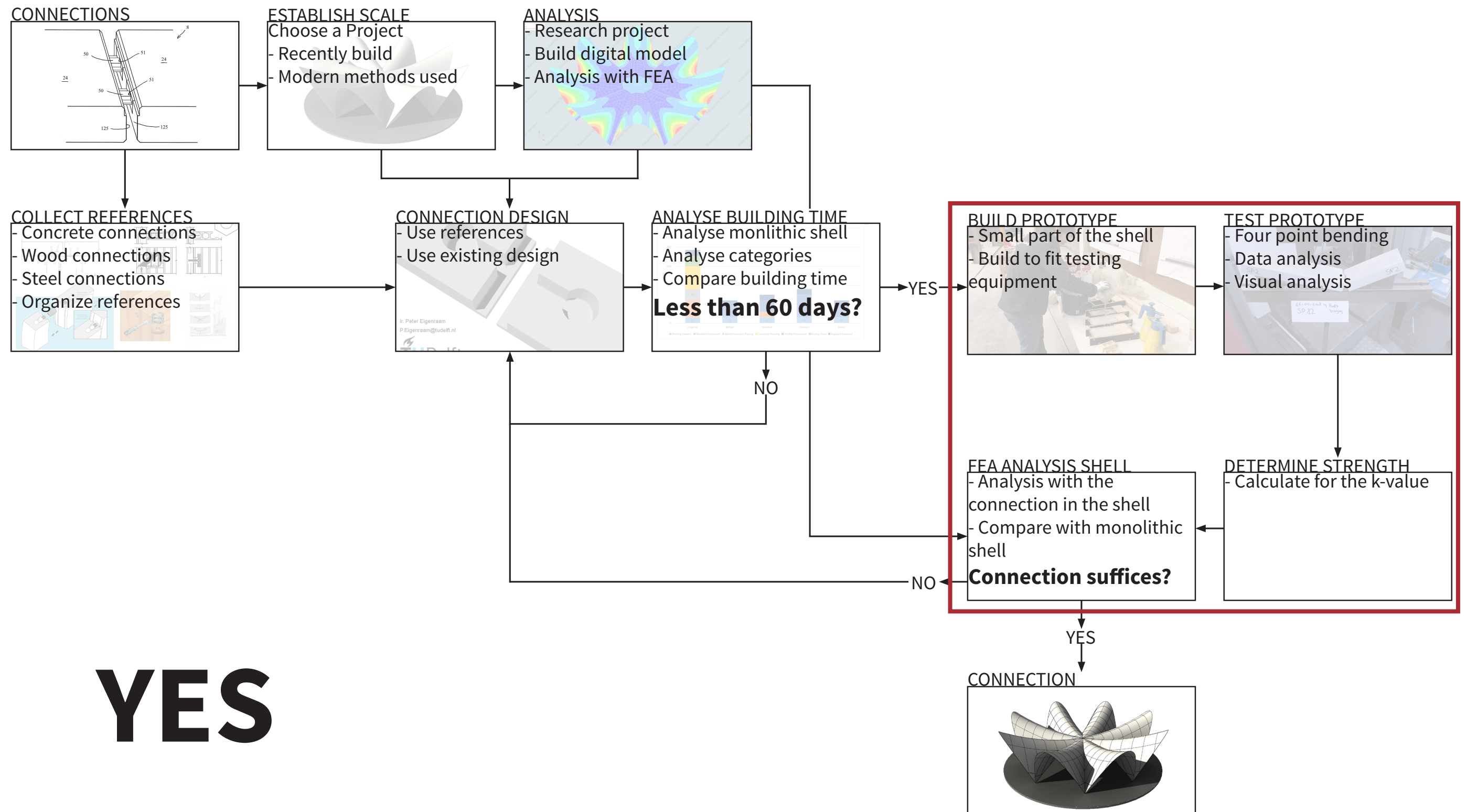
# CONSTRUCTION TIME



**Total: 88 days**

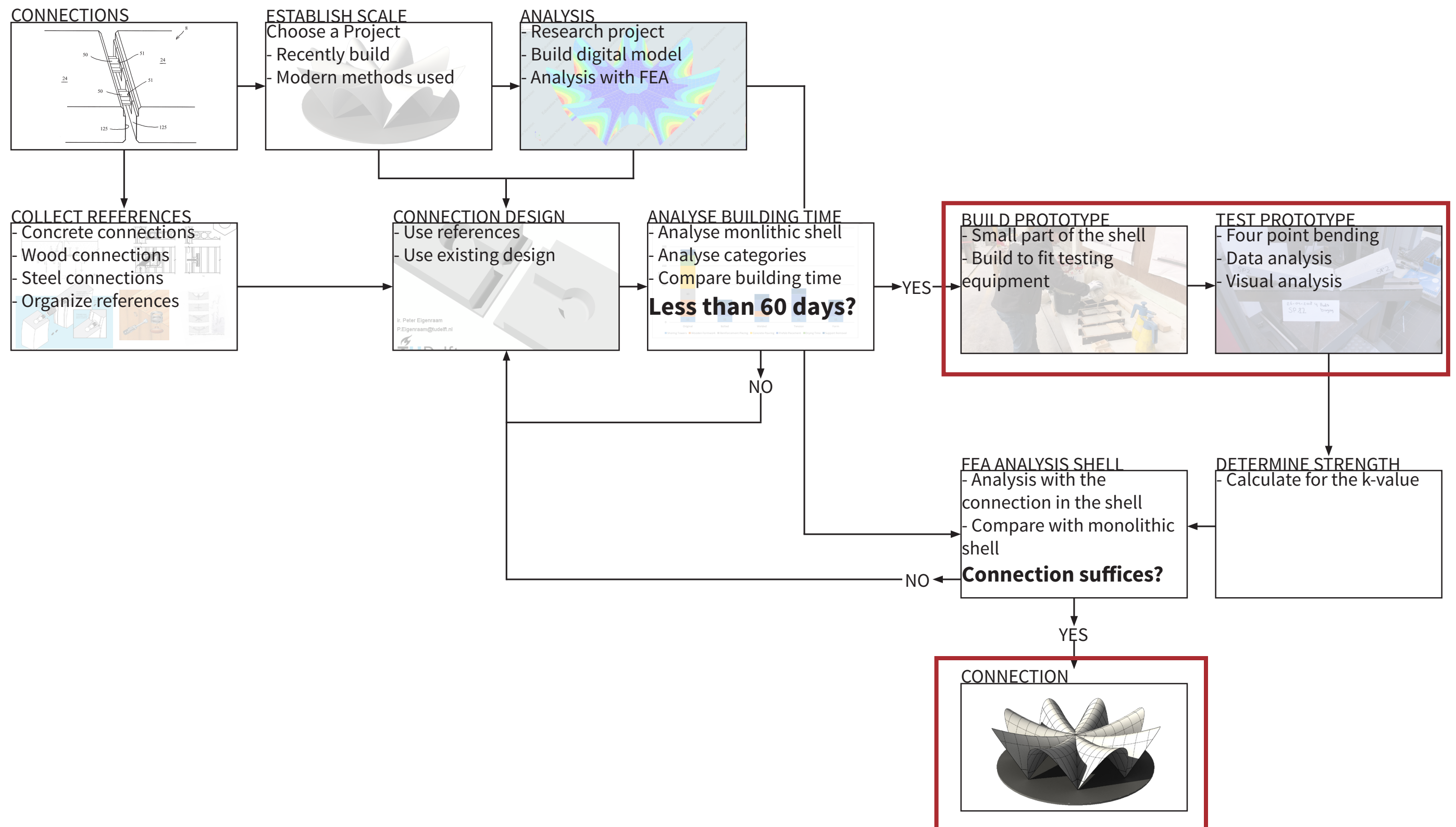


# CONCLUSION



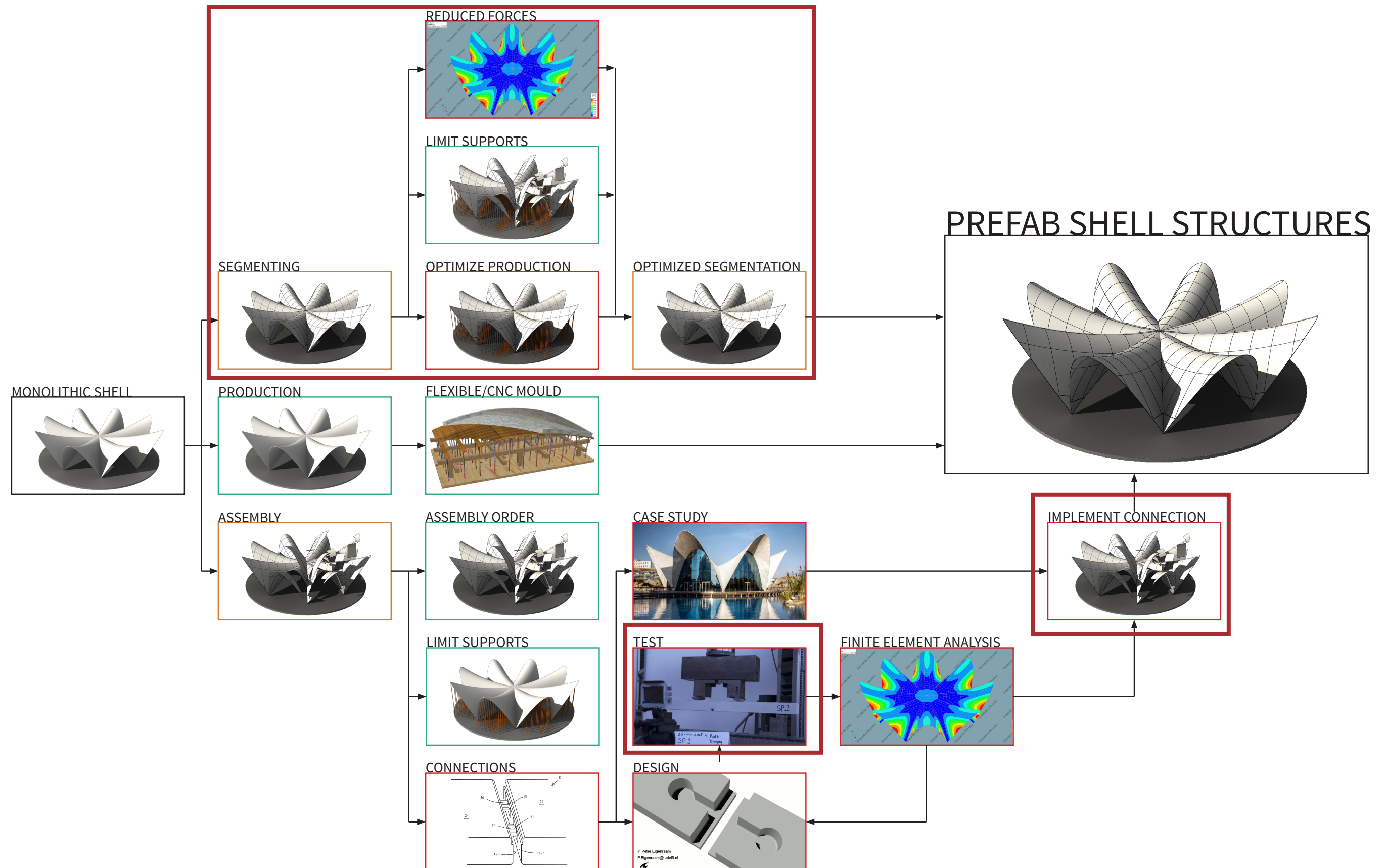
YES

# REFLECTION





# REFLECTION





# QUESTIONS

