# On the Influence of Cost and Time on the Willingness to Share a Ride: A Scenario Analysis



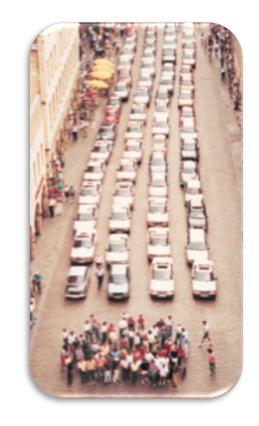


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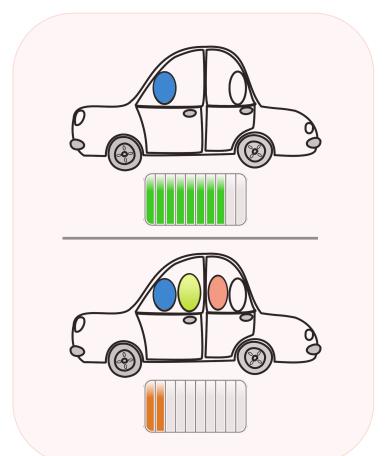
Transportation Research Board 99th Annual Meeting

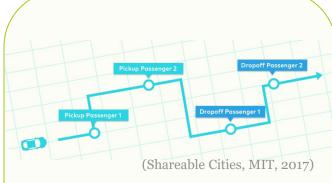












There is a massive potential of sharing rides with little incurred delays, and this applies to very different urban settings – *Tachet et al*, 2017





## Why are there not more pooled rides?







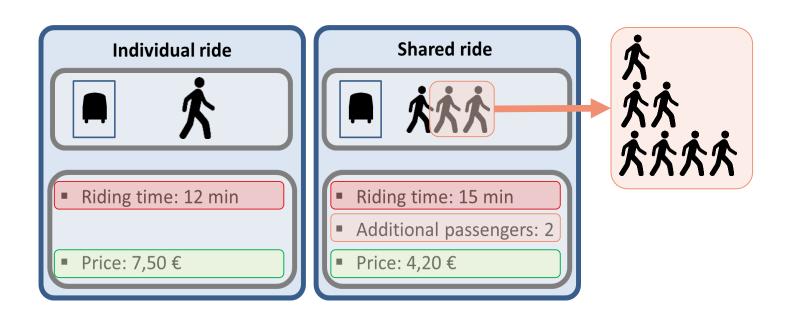








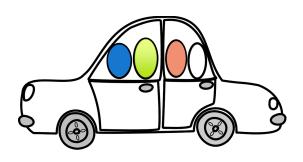
SAFETY CONCERNS
LACK OF PRIVACY
REDUCED COMFORT

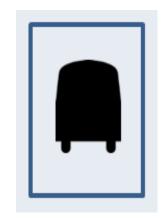
































- Non-working individuals: 12.00 €/h (16.25 €/h)
- Working individuals: 14.50 €/h (20.08 €/h)



- > 1 add. pax: 0.44 €/trip (0.52 €/trip)
- > 2 add. pax: 0.44 €/trip (0.52 €/trip)
- → 4 add. pax: 2.40 €/h
   (2.85 €/h)





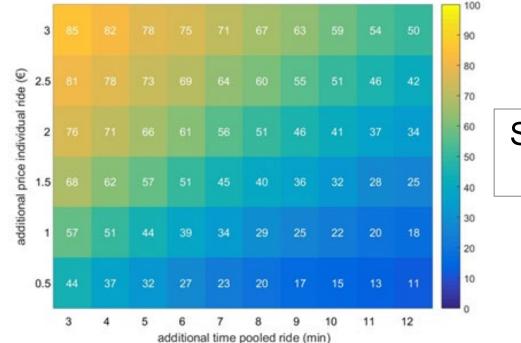
# SCENARIO ANALYSIS





# Share of pooled trips for different timecost trade-offs

> 20 min individual trip length; 1 or 2 extra passengers



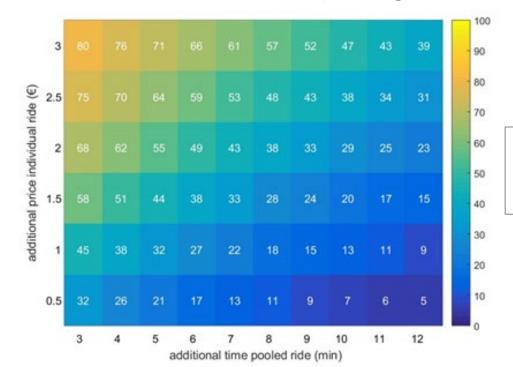
Shares between 11% and 85%





# Share of pooled trips for different timecost trade-offs

> 20 min individual trip length; 4 extra passengers



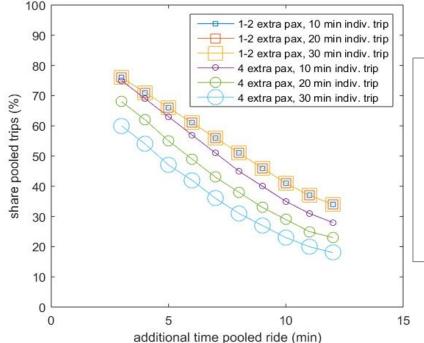
Shares between 5% and 80%





# Share of pooled trips for different trip lengths

➤ Pooled trip: 2 € discount

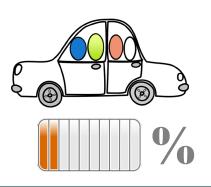


- 1 or 2 add. pass.:No influence
- 4 add. pass.:~7% drop per add.10 minutes





#### **CURRENT SITUATION**



- > + 10 min average added time
- > 25-60% price savings
- > 1 or 2 additional passengers

#### **SELECTED SCENARIO**



- ➤ Individual ride: 20 min, 6 €
- > Pooled ride: +10 min, -2 € (-33%)

41% with 1-2 add. pass. / 29% with 4 add pass.





#### **SELECTED SCENARIO**



- ➤ Individual ride: 20 min, 6 €
- ➤ Pooled ride: +10 min, -2 € (-33%)

41% with 1-2 add. pass. / 29% with 4 add pass.

#### **INCREASE IN PRICE DIFFERENCE**

- ➤ Additional 1 € price difference (3 € price difference in total)
- > E.g., through tax in individual rides or subsidy in pooled rides

59% with 1-2 add. pass. / 47% with 4 add pass (i.e., +18% / +18%)





#### **SELECTED SCENARIO**



- ➤ Individual ride: 20 min, 6 €
- ➤ Pooled ride: +10 min, -2 € (-33%)

41% with 1-2 add. pass. / 29% with 4 add pass.

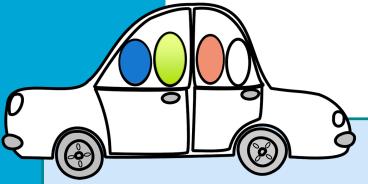
#### **DECREASE IN TIME DIFFERENCE**

- ➤ Total time difference between alternatives: 3 min (possible according to simulation studies)
- > E.g., allocating dedicated and visible curb space

$$76\%$$
 with 1-2 add. pass. /  $68\%$  with 4 add pass (i.e., +35% / +39%)







### **Conclusions**

- > Potential for an increasing uptake of pooled rides
- > Cost-time trade-offs more important than pooling per-se
- > The concrete number of fellow passengers plays a role







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# Explanation of the pooled on-demand service



#### Step 1: Book your ride with your smartphone or tablet

- When you need a ride, introduce your desired start and end trip locations.
- Your smartphone/tablet shows the possible availabilities.
- You confirm your trip.



#### Step 2: Walk to the pick-up point

- Your current location is 1 minute walking distance to the pick-up point.
- A map in your smartphone/tablet shows you rhe exact pick-up point.





**Smart Public Transport** 

#### Step 3: The ride

- You travel together with up to 5 other people.
- You may need to make a small detour to pick-up or drop-off other passengers.



House

## Attribute levels

	Sh	ort versi	on	Ме	edium version	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Expected time (Individual ride) [min]	10	15	18	20	20 25	
Extra expected time (Shared ride) [min]	3	6	9	4	7	12
Number of other additional passengers (Shared ride) [add. passenger]	' I 1		4	1	2	4
Cost (Shared ride) [Euro]	2	4	6	3	5	7
Extra cost (Individual ride) [Euro]	0.5	2.2	3	0.6	2.2	3





# Sample description

Socio-		Dutch (very)			
economic		Total sample	high urbanised	Dutch 2018	
variable	Category	(N=1006)	areas	shares	
Gender	Male	48,2%	48.9%	49,6%	
	Female	51,8%	51.1%	50,4%	
Age	18* to 39	38,1%	38.1%	31,8%	
	40 to 64	35,6%	42.0%	44,0%	
	65 and above	26,3%	19.8%	24,2%	
Education	Low	25,2%		31,5%	
	Average	32,5%		37,8%	
	High	42,0%		29,2%	
	Unknown	0,2%		1,4%	
Work status	Working	59,9%		50,9%	
	No working	40,1%		49,1%	
Household	1 person household	49,0%		38,2%	
	> 1 person household	51,0%		61,8%	
Urbanisation	>2500 inhab./km²	46,9%	48,2%	23,3%	
level	1500-2500 inhab./km²	53,1%	51,8%	25,1%	

<sup>\* 18</sup> to 39 for the share sample, but 20 to 39 for the Dutch population 2018 values



