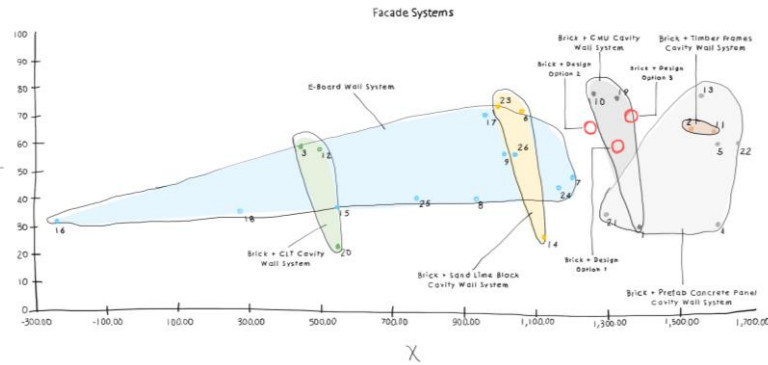




# Redesign of a Facade System Based on an Environmental Impact Assessment Framework

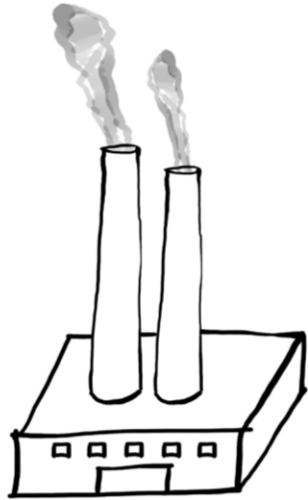


Giancarlo Manzanares (4916352)

Arie Bergsma (First Mentor)

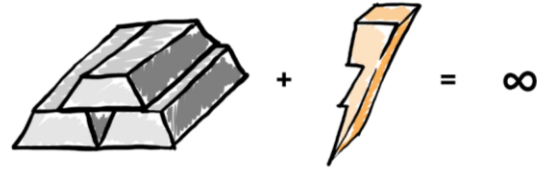
Fred Veer (Second Mentor)

Clara Garcia Sanchez (Delegate Board of Examiners)

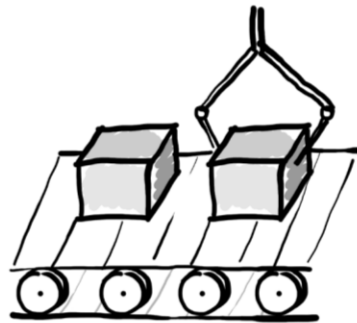


Industrial Revolution

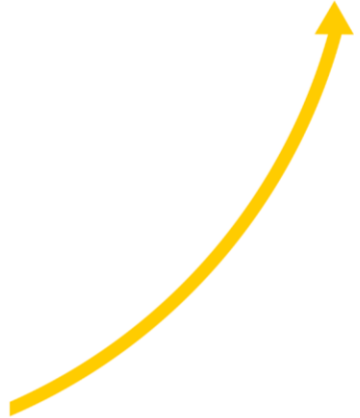
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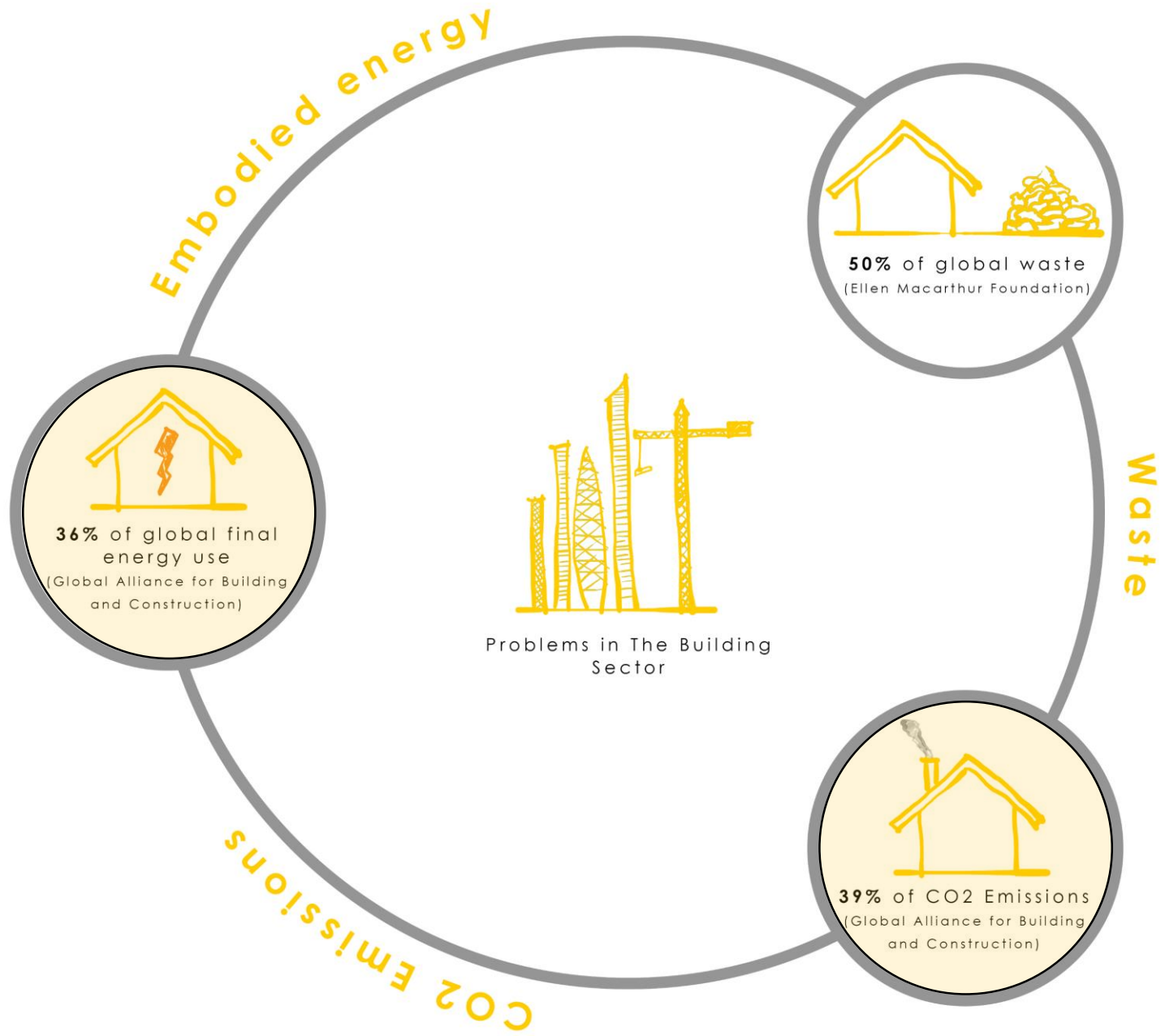


Materials and Energy

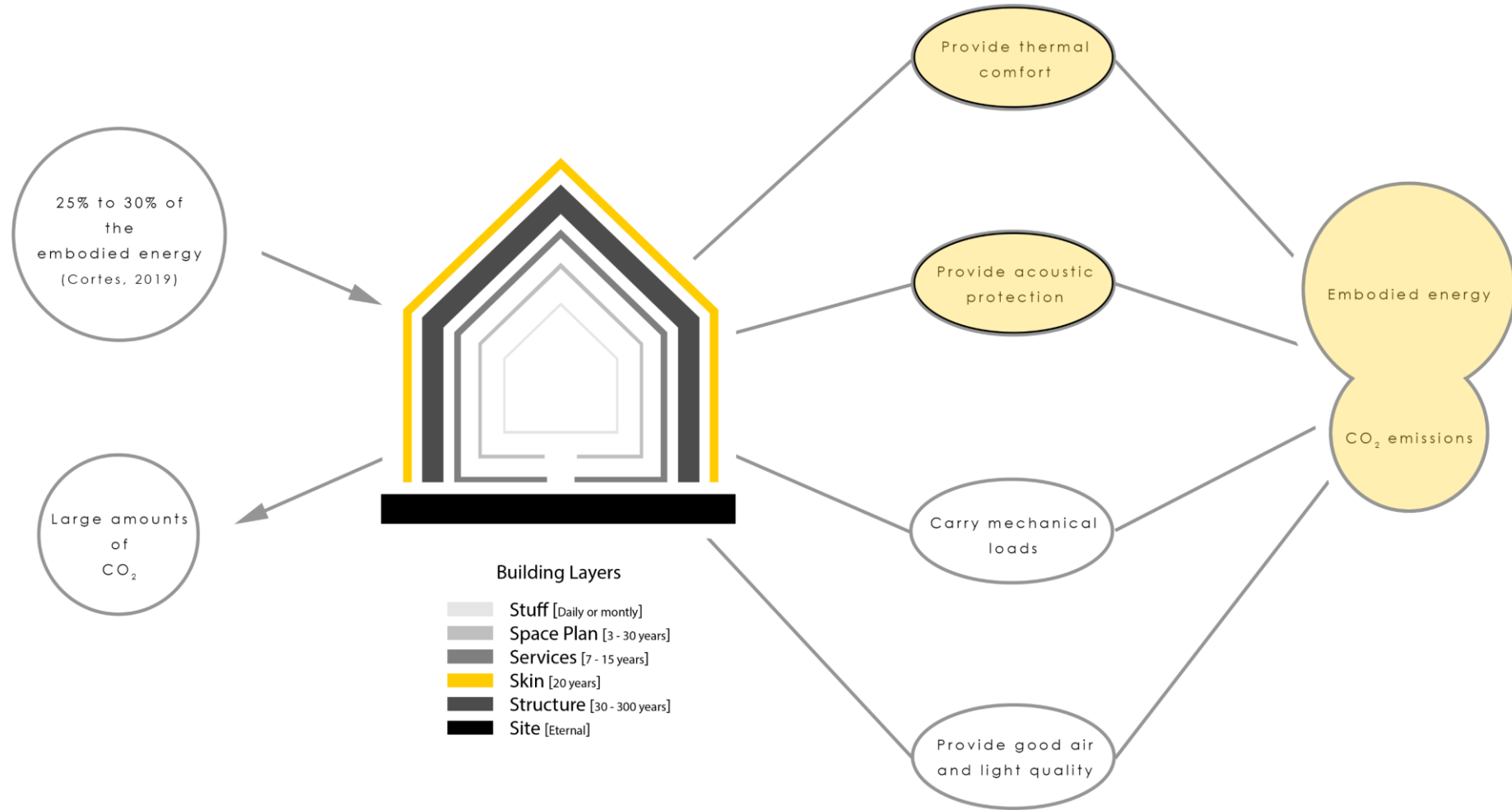


Mass Production of Goods





# Focus at Façade Level



## Main Objective

The development of a framework that can evaluate facade systems regarding their environmental impact, acoustic and thermal performance, and used as an optimization tool for designing an environmentally friendly facade.

## Sub-Objectives

S-O1) Identify which facade system predominates in the Netherlands Today.

S-O2) Analyze the identified facade systems in terms of acoustic and thermal performance, and environmental impact.

S-O3) Provide the evaluation criteria to rate and select potential facade systems to be improved in terms of environmental impact.

S-O4) Define the design requirements to decrease the environmental impact of a facade.

## Main Research Question

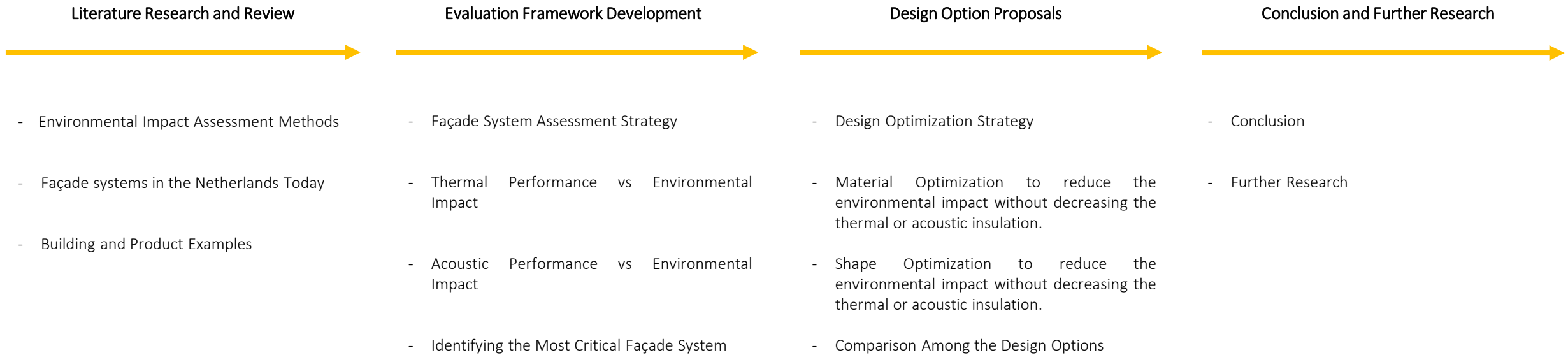
How can a facade system be design or optimized in the most environmentally friendly way without reducing the acoustic and thermal performance?

S-Q1) How can environmental impact, acoustic and thermal performance be related?

S-Q2) How can a facade system be addressed in terms of environmental impact and performance?

S.Q3) How can a framework be provided to identify the opportunities to design or optimize a facade system in order to reduce the environmental impact.

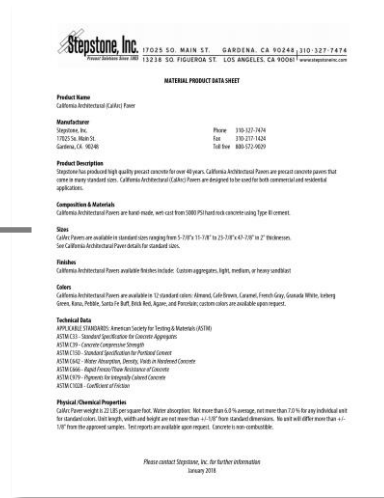
## Methodology



# Environmental Impact Assessment Methods

## Product Data Sheet (PDS)

Self-reported information about a product, provided by the manufacturer.



## Environmental Product Declaration (EPD)

- Shorter version of an LCA
- Contains numerical data on the environmental impact of products:
  - Embodied energy
  - Carbon footprint
  - Fresh water cons.
  - Ozone Layer dep.
  - Others

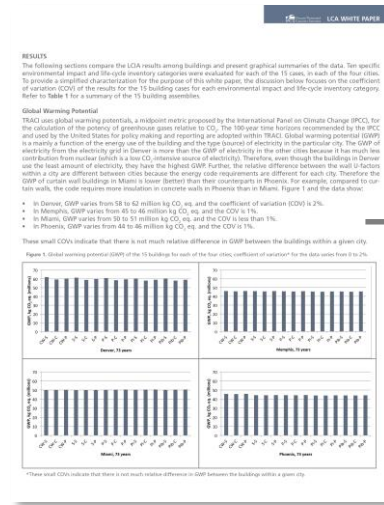
Environmental performance per tonne product

Potential environmental impact

PARAMETER	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	TOTAL 6.1.4.2	A4
Global warming potential (GWP)	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	1,45E+02	3,38E+02	2,77E+02	1,54E+03	1,08E+03
Depletion potential of the atmosphere other than GWP	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	4,88E+04	8,79E+07	5,04E+07	6,29E+06	2,14E+06
Acidification potential (AP)	kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq.	2,91E+01	2,49E+02	1,63E+03	2,34E+03	2,89E+02
Eutrophication potential (EP)	kg P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> eq.	7,39E-02	3,79E-03	1,79E-03	8,19E-02	6,09E-03
Formation potential of inorganic carbon (IP <sub>IC</sub> )	kg C <sub>2</sub> F <sub>4</sub> eq.	2,08E-02	1,79E-03	9,81E-04	2,33E-02	1,71E-03
Abiotic depletion potential - Elements	kg Sb eq.	1,22E-04	1,47E-03	9,25E-07	1,37E-04	2,33E-05
Abiotic depletion potential - Fossil resources	kg oil eq.	4,93E+02	9,25E+01	3,99E+01	6,23E+02	1,79E+02

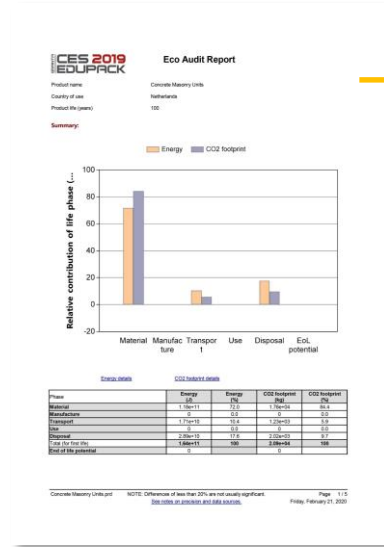
Use of resources

PARAMETER	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	TOTAL 6.1.4.2	A4
Primary energy resources - Non-renewable	kg oil eq.	9,68E+02	1,64E+01	1,54E+01	4,23E+02	2,98E+02
Renewable resources	kg oil eq.	2,43E+02	3,00E+02	3,00E+02	2,43E+02	3,00E+02
Renewable resources - Total	kg oil eq.	3,66E+02	1,64E+01	3,34E+01	4,83E+02	3,38E+02
Primary energy resources - Non-renewable	kg oil eq.	9,25E+02	9,81E+01	4,28E+01	6,18E+02	1,89E+02
Renewable resources	kg oil eq.	9,48E+01	3,00E+02	3,00E+02	5,48E+01	3,00E+02
Renewable resources - Total	kg oil eq.	4,79E+01	9,81E+01	4,28E+01	6,18E+01	1,89E+02
Renewable resources - Total	kg oil eq.	9,81E+01	3,00E+02	3,00E+02	9,81E+01	3,00E+02
Non-renewable resources - Total	kg oil eq.	1,43E+02	3,00E+02	3,00E+02	1,43E+02	3,00E+02
Non-renewable resources - Total	kg oil eq.	2,43E+02	3,00E+02	3,00E+02	2,43E+02	3,00E+02
Net use of fossil fuels	kg oil eq.	7,43E+02	4,93E+01	1,38E+01	7,99E+02	1,19E+02



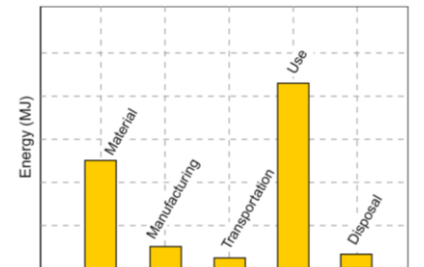
## Life - Cycle Assessment (LCA)

Most extensive form of environmental assessment, but expensive and hard to interpret by a designer.

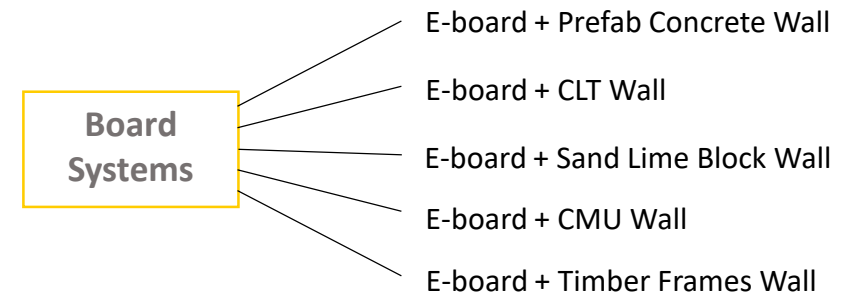
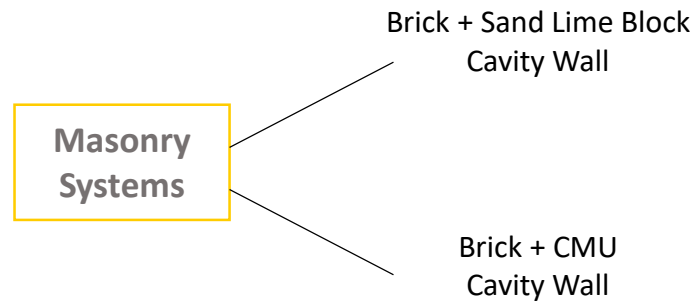
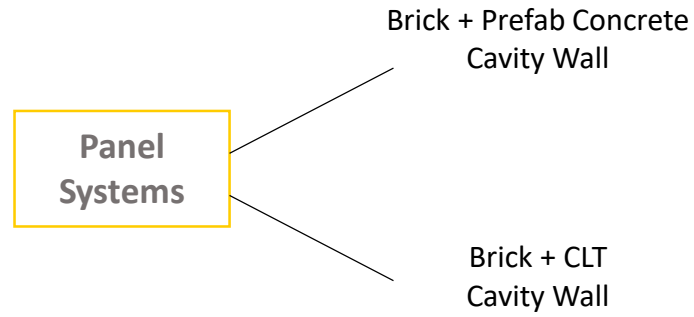


## Eco - Audit (Tool)

- Adopts simple metrics of environmental stress: Embodied energy and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
- Distinguish the phase of life of most concern.



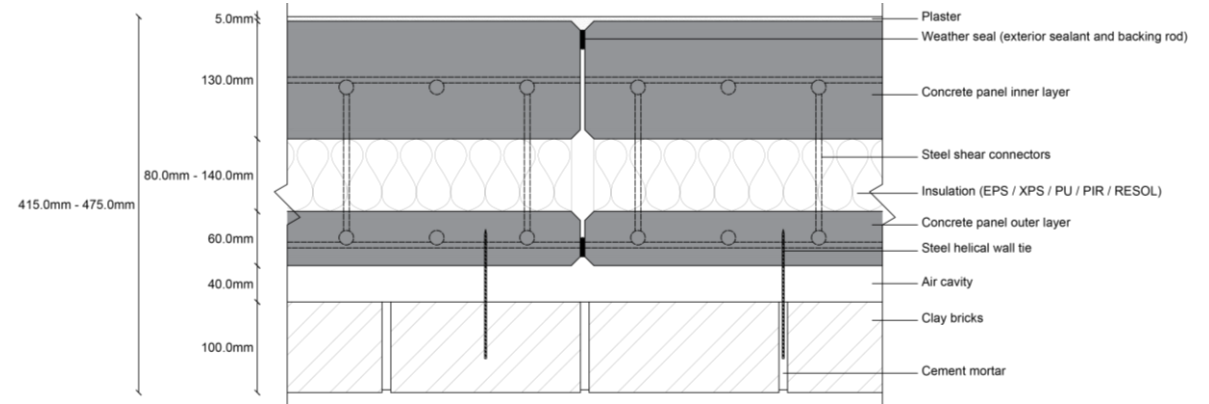
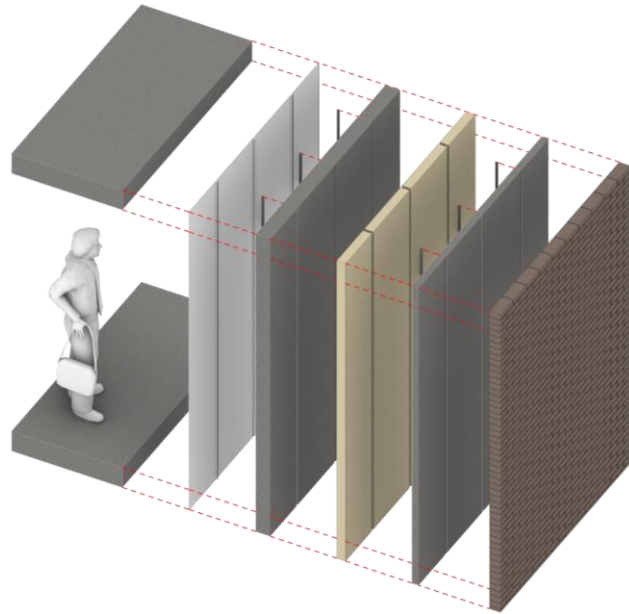
## Façade Systems in the Netherlands Today



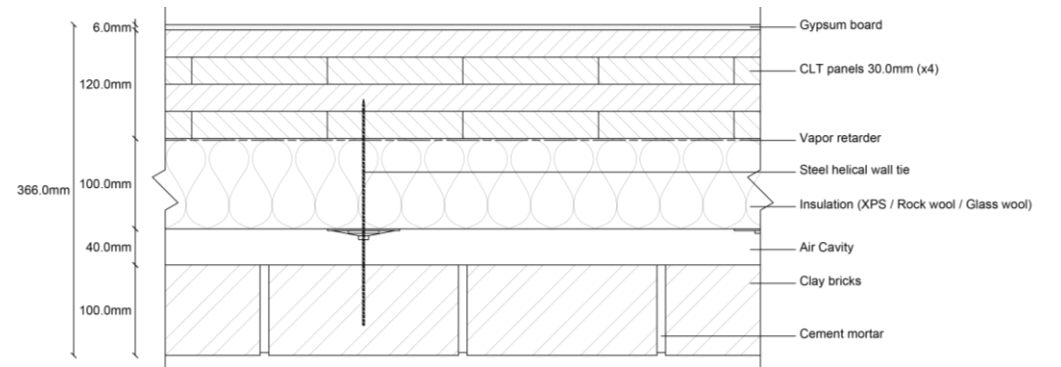
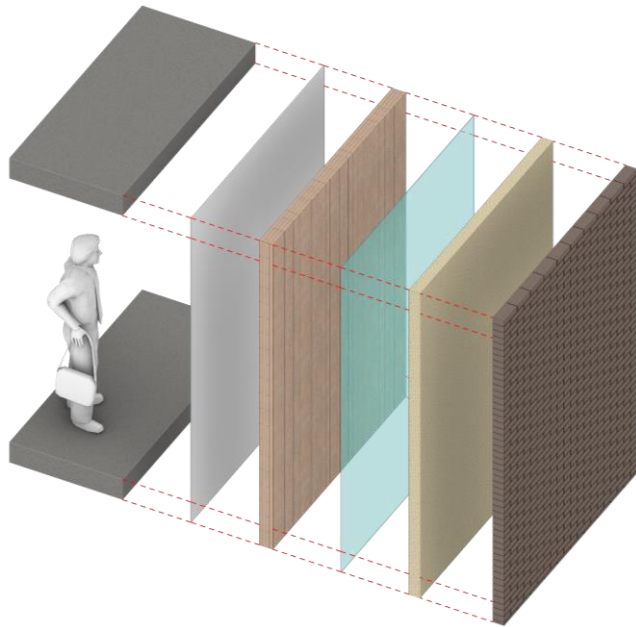


# Panel Systems

Brick + Prefab Concrete Cavity Wall

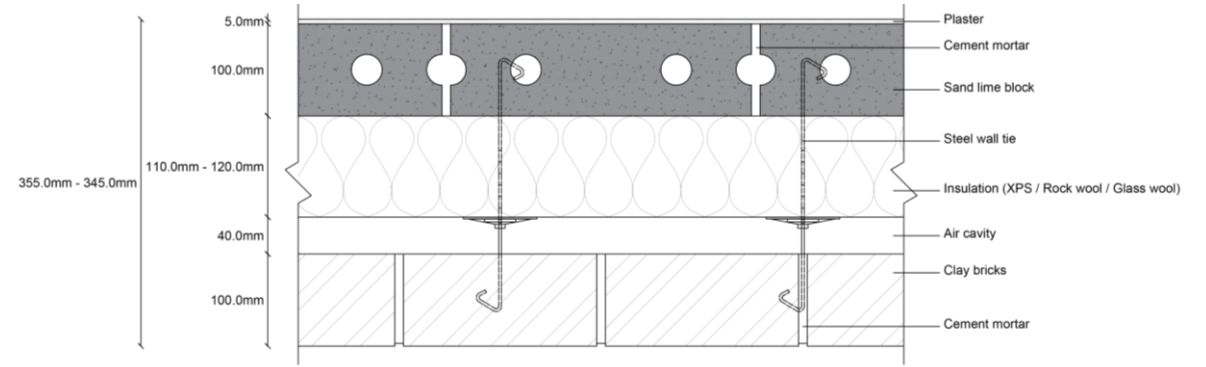
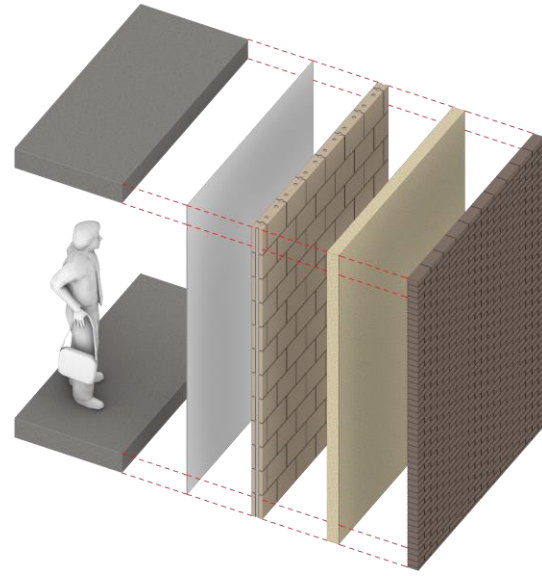


Brick + CLT Cavity Wall

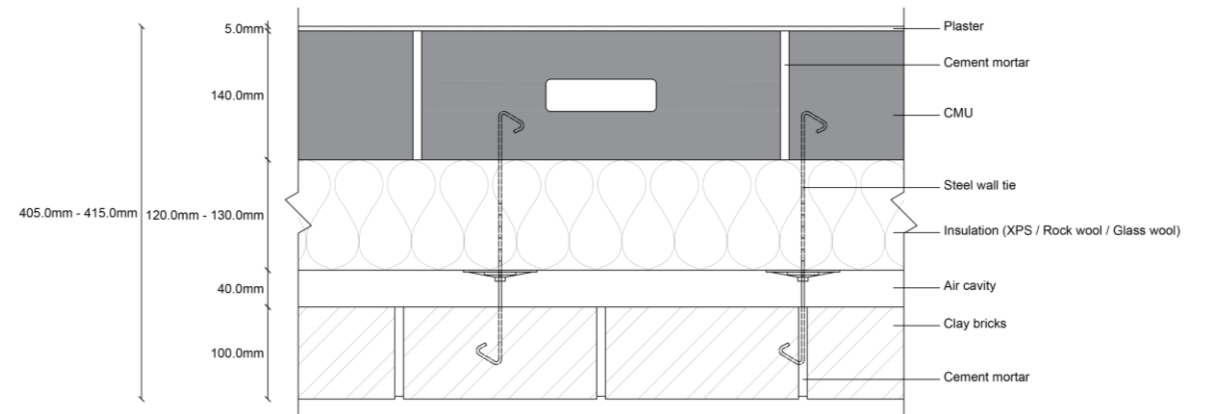
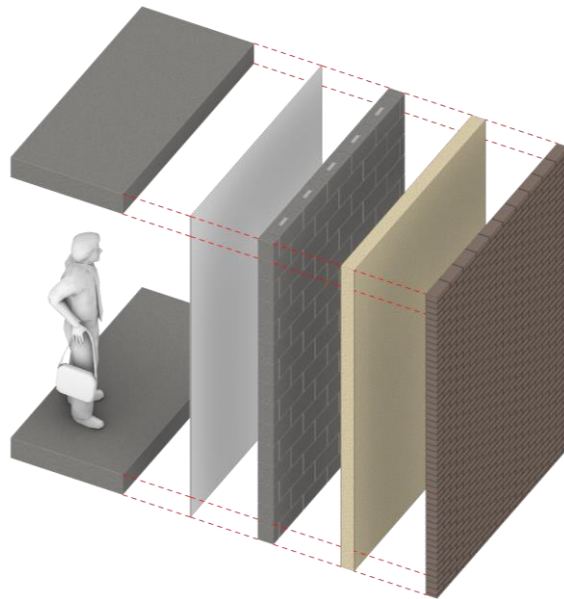


# Masonry Systems

Brick + Sand Lime Block Cavity Wall

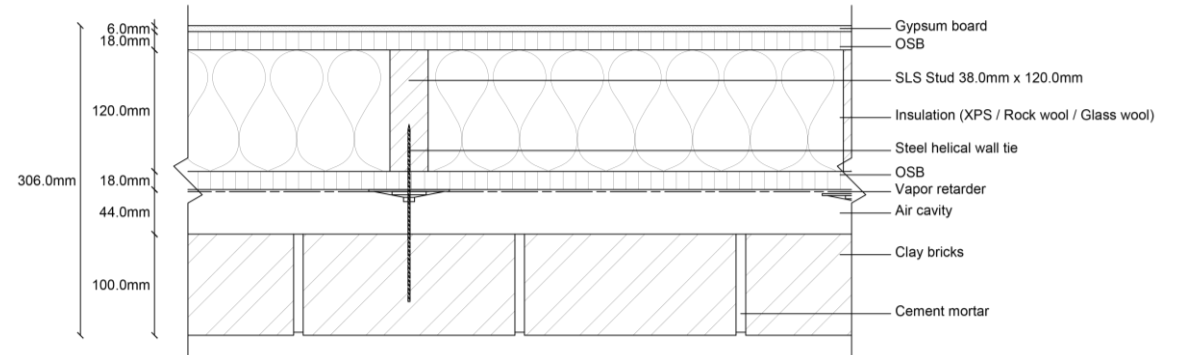
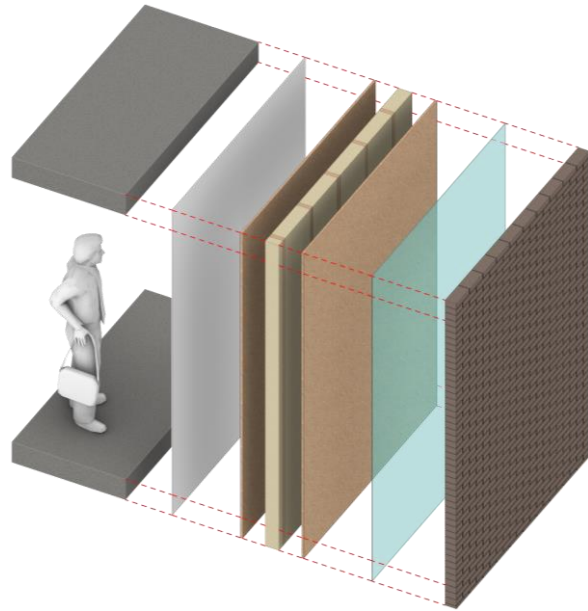


Brick + CMU Cavity Wall



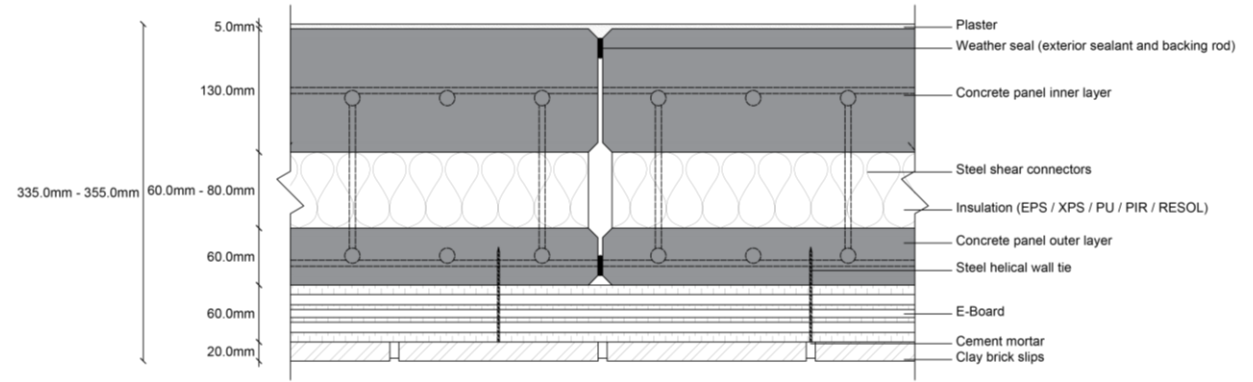
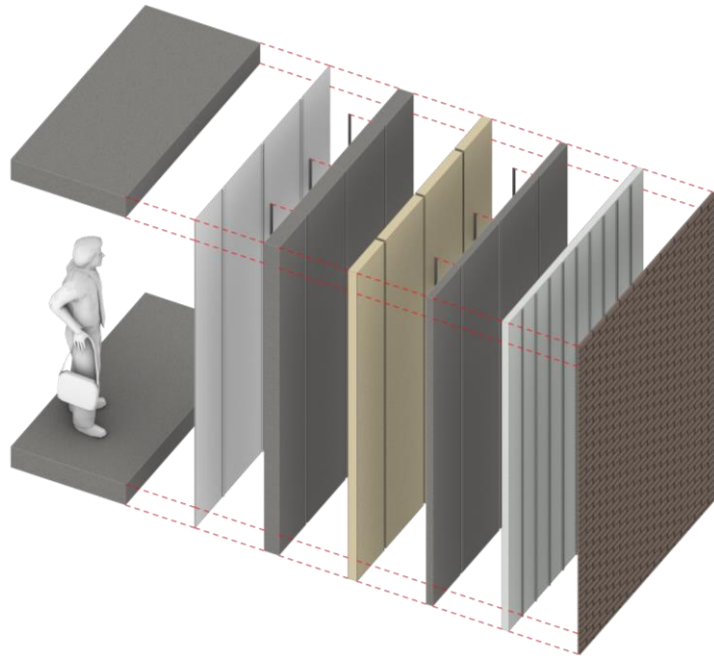
# Frame Systems

## Brick + Timber Frames Cavity Wall

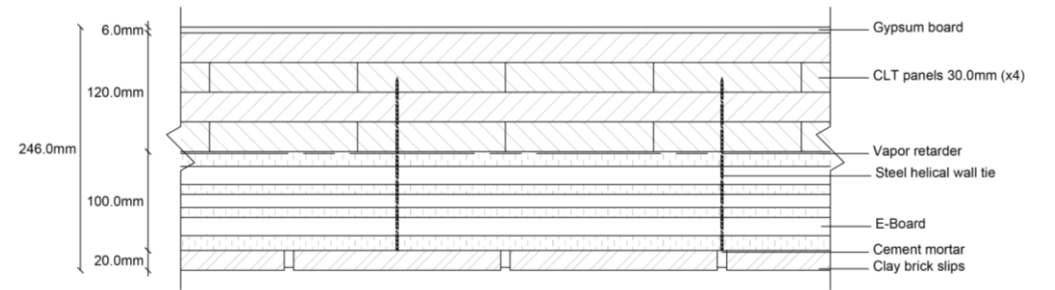
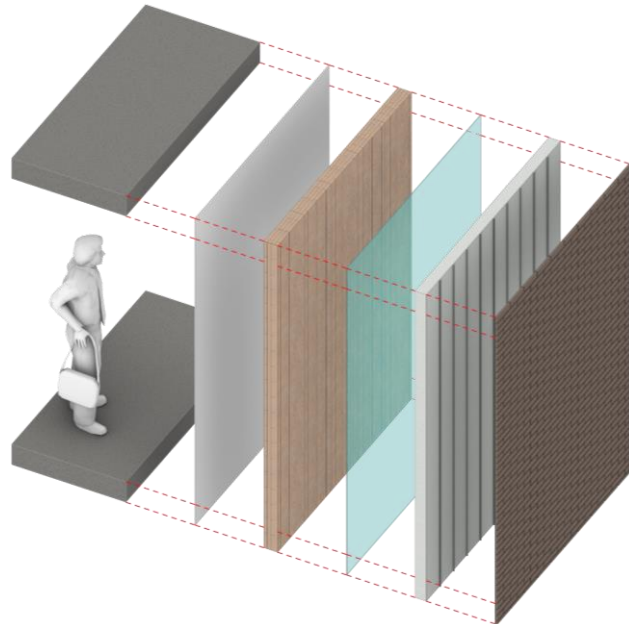


# Board Systems

E-Board + Prefab Concrete Wall

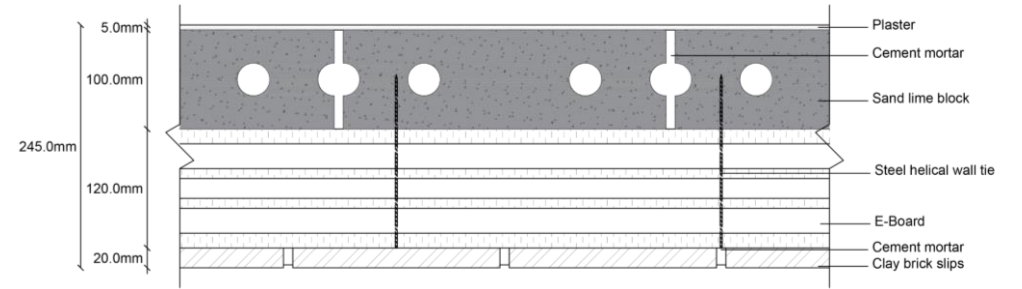
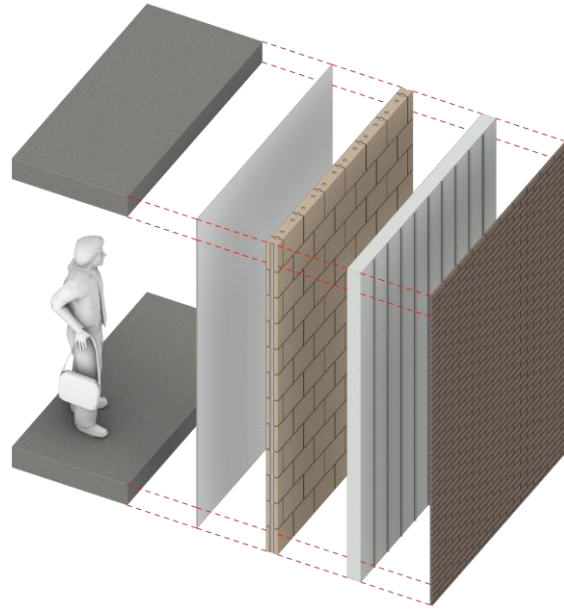


E-Board + CLT Wall

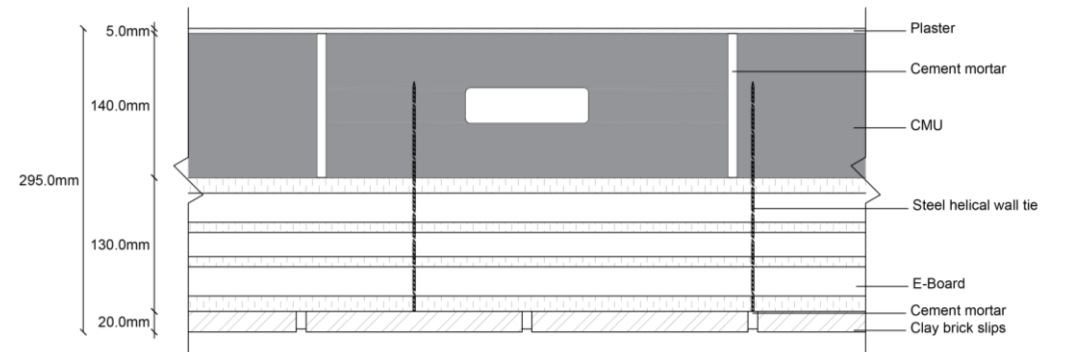
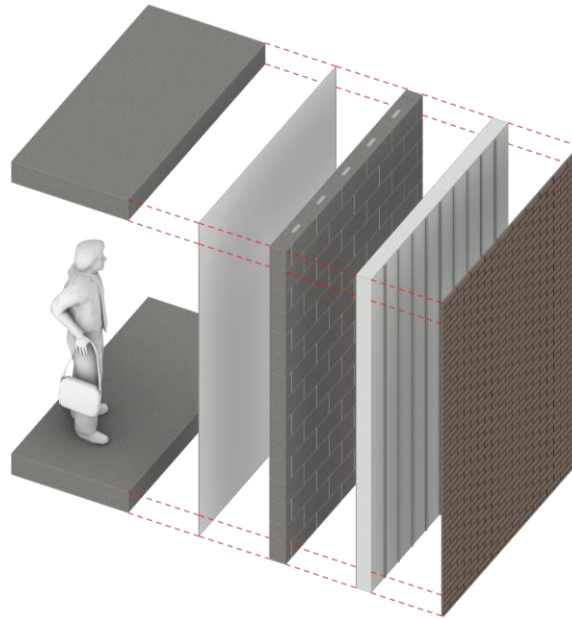


# Board Systems

E-Board + Sand Lime Block Wall

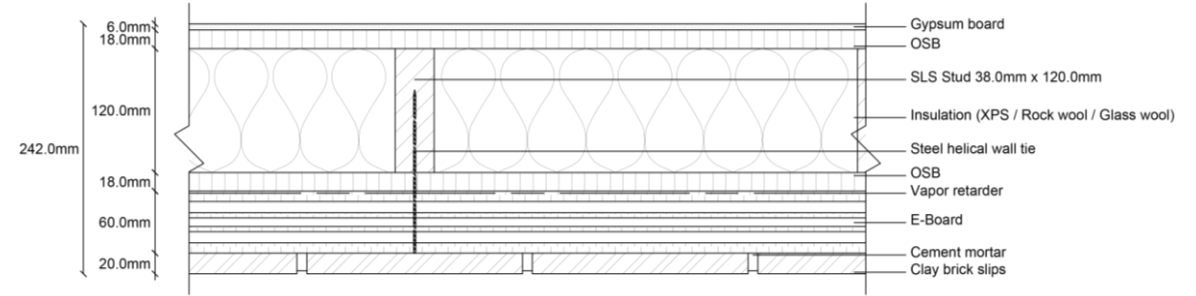
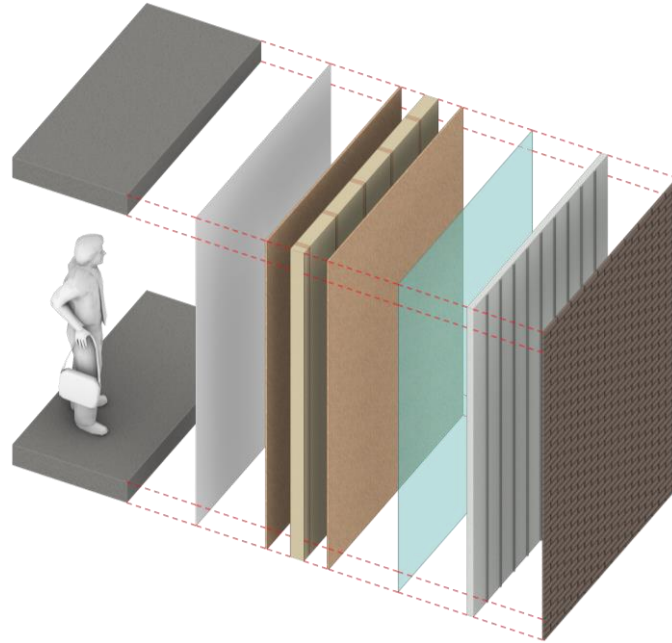


E-Board + CMU Wall



# Board Systems

E-Board + Timber Frames Wall





# Building and Product Examples

## 1) EC3

**Searching Steel Rebar EPDs**

SEARCH RESULTS AND STATISTICS

Samples: 51    Achievable: 0.63 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e    Average: 0.785 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e ± 0.168 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e    Conservative: 0.934 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e    Declared Unit: 1 kg

Subcategory	Manufacturer	Plant	Product	Description	CO <sub>2</sub> e (kg)
Rebar (Steel)	Sherwood Steel	Calgary	Fabricated Steel Reinforc...	Steel rebar is carbon ste...	1.25 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e
Rebar (Steel)	Gerdaul Long Steel North ...	Gerdaul Sayreville Steel Mill	Fabricated Carbon Steel ...	This Environmental Prod...	0.845 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e
Rebar (Steel)	JD Steel Co., Inc.	Palmer, AK	Fabricated Rebar - JD Steel	This EPD is for reinforc...	0.739 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e

**EPD Data Quality Assessed**

Organization Name: JD Steel Co., Inc.  
Plant Name: Palmer, AK  
Product Name: Fabricated Rebar - JD Steel

Description: This EPD is for reinforcing bar fabricated by JD Steel Co., Inc.'s facility, located in Palmer, Alaska. Fabricated reinforcing bar is a steel bar used in the reinforcement of concrete. The rebar surface is rolled with a deformed pattern in order to form an improved mechanical bond with the concrete. Mechanical properties, sizes, and deformation dimensions are specified by ASTM standards A615 and A706. Fabricated rebar is rebar that has been cut and bent as necessary to form shapes according to the needs of a particular project. Rebar sizes range from #3 through #18. In accordance with the PCR, the declared unit and product density is shown in Table 1. Declared unit for fabricated reinforcing bar and the approximate density. Parameter Value Declared Unit: 1 metric ton Density: 7,850 kg/m<sup>3</sup> MATERIAL CONTENT: The representative reinforcing bar products contain approximately 95.4% recycled scrap steel content with 4.5% alloys and additives. In general, ASTM A615 and A706 reinforcing bar will contain 95-99% recycled iron, < 2% Manganese, < 1% Carbon, < 1% Chromium, < 1% Silicon, and a total of < 1.5% Nickel, Sulfur, Vanadium, Phosphorous, Molybdenum, and other alloying elements. Reinforcing bar products under normal conditions do not present inhalation, ingestion, or contact health hazards. These products, when used inside the building envelope, do not include materials or substances that have a potential route of exposure to humans or flora/fauna in the environment.

GWP: 0.6 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e  
Declared Unit: 1 kg

Original EPD File: [DOWNLOAD EPD](#)

- Free digital calculator
- Embodied carbon in a construction
- Gathers data from EPD's

## 2) Canada's Earth Tower



- Facades and columns made of timber
- Reduced green house effects
- Lightweight materials (less environmental impact)

## 3) The K-briq



- 90% waste materials
- Reduced manufacturing energy and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- Improved thermal insulation

# Façade Systems Assessment Strategy

Environmental Impact of Construction Materials													
Material	Quantity (per m2) [-]	d [mm]	Volume [m3/unit]	Density [kg/m3]	Mass [kg/unit]	Mass [kg/m2]	Energy [MJ/kg]	CO2 [kg/kg]	Energy [MJ/m3]	CO2 [kg/m3]	Energy (Wall) [MJ/m2]	CO2 (Wall) [kg/m2]	Reference
Clay Brick	85	100	1.05E-03	2,000	2.10	178.50	3.66	0.29	7,320.00	574	653.31	51.23	CES (Eco-Audit)
Clay Brick (Slip)	85	20	2.10E-04	2,000	0.42	35.70	3.66	0.29	7,320.00	574	130.66	10.25	CES (Eco-Audit)
CMU	12	140	1.08E-02	2,500	*21.00	252.00	1.48	0.17	3,700.00	422.5	478.74	54.67	CES (Eco-Audit)
Prefab Concrete Panels	1	100	1.00E-01	2,500	250.00	250.00	1.48	0.17	3,700.00	422.5	370.00	42.25	CES (Eco-Audit)
Sand Lime Block	12	100	7.85E-03	1,900	* 13.00	156.00	** 1.17	** 0.14	2,226.80	258.4	209.71	24.34	
E-Board (EPS)	1	100	1.00E-01	25	2.50	2.50	-25.52	1.88	-** 637.99	** 46.95	-63.80	4.70	
XPS	1	100	1.00E-01	34	3.37	3.37	61.12	4.72	2,059.81	158.92	**205.98	** 15.89	EXIBA, 2014
Rock Mineral Wool	1	100	1.00E-01	55	5.50	5.50	** 16.32	** 1.31	897.60	72.05	89.76	7.21	
Glass Mineral Wool	1	100	1.00E-01	56	5.60	5.60	26.47	1.28	** 1,482.20	** 71.70	148.22	7.17	Bre Global, 2015
EPS	1	100	1.00E-01	20	2.00	2.00	-31.90	2.35	-** 637.99	** 46.95	-63.80	4.70	
PU	1	100	1.00E-01	31	3.10	3.10	** 69.90	** 2.90	2,166.90	89.90	216.69	8.99	PU Europe, 2014
PIR	1	100	1.00E-01	32	3.20	3.20	110.08	5.29	3,522.50	169.38	** 352.25	** 16.94	
RESOL	1	100	1.00E-01	35	3.50	3.50	84.75	2.82	2,966.40	98.60	** 296.64	** 9.86	
Gypsum Plaster	1	5	5.00E-03	827	4.14	4.14	** 2.91	** 0.18	2,405.58	146.88	12.03	0.73	
Gypsum Board	1	6	6.00E-03	1,000	6.00	6.00	7.48	0.31	7,478.40	306.08	** 44.87	** 1.84	USG, 2019
OSB	1	18	1.80E-02	650	11.70	11.70	20.00	0.933	13,000.00	606.45	234.00	10.92	CES (Eco-Audit)
Vapour Retarder	1	2	2.00E-03	1,695	3.39	3.39	74.93	3.50	127,006.35	5,937.59	254.01	11.88	CES (Eco-Audit)
CLT Board	1	30	3.00E-02	471	14.13	14.13	-6.19	-0.63	-** 2,913.37	-** 298.41	-87.40	-8.95	

\* The mass of some materials are directly obtained from the producer, therefore small variations are possible. These variations occur because some materials might have some irregularities in their shape and might not be completely solid.  
 \*\* All these values are obtained from the producer's Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) since they are products composed of many different materials, which composition is not always clearly specified.

→ Embodied energy and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of façade system components

Thermal Insulation (Brick + Timber Frames)							
	Re	d [mm]	Thermal Conductivity [W/mK]	Rc [m2K/W]	U-value [W/m2K]	Energy [MJ/m2]	CO2 [kg/m2]
1	Re	-	-	0.04	-	-	-
2	Clay Bricks	100	0.55	0.18	-	653.31	51.23
3	Air Cavity	40	-	0.17	-	-	-
4	OSB	18	0.13	0.14	-	230.40	10.75
5	Rock Mineral Wool	120	0.033	3.64	-	107.71	8.65
6	Vapor Barrier	2	0.26	0.01	-	190.46	7.23
7	OSB	18	0.13	0.14	-	230.40	10.75
8	Gypsum Board	6	0.19	0.03	-	44.87	1.84
9	Ri	-	-	0.13	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	4.47	0.22	1,457.15	90.44

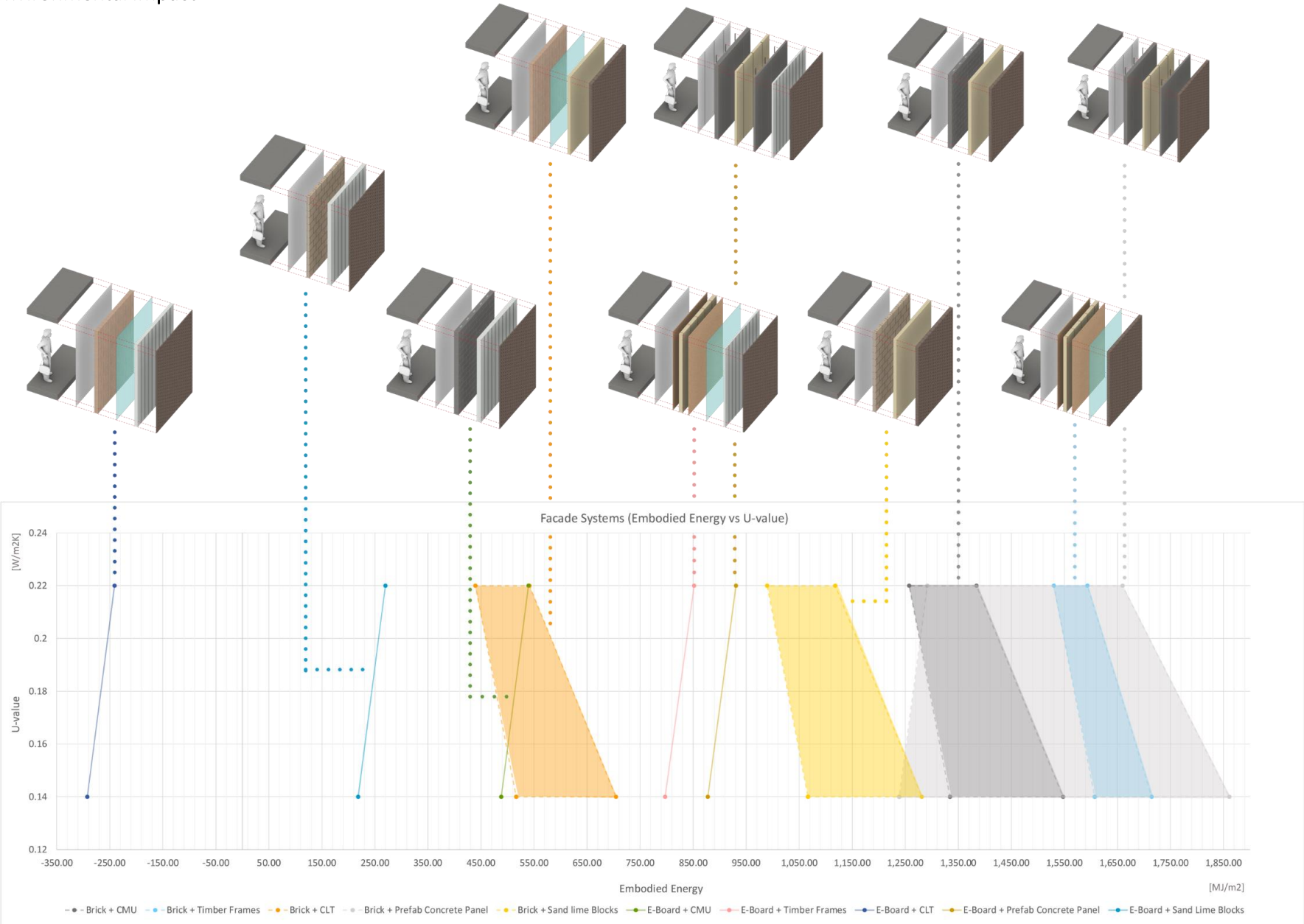
→ Embodied energy and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of façade system and their components based on required U-value

Thermal Insulation (Brick + Timber Frames)													
		d [mm]	Density [kg/m3]	m 1 [kg/m2]	m 2 [kg/m2]	m 3 [kg/m2]	m 4 [kg/m2]	m 5 [kg/m2]	m 6 [kg/m2]	f <sub>ms</sub> [Hz]	R <sub>0</sub> [dB]	Energy [MJ/m2]	CO2 [kg/m2]
1	Clay Bricks	100	2000	200.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	653.31	51.23
2	Air Cavity	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	OSB	18	640	-	11.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	230.40	10.75
5	XPS	100	33.7	-	-	3.37	-	-	-	-	-	205.98	15.89
	Vapor Retarder	2	1070.00	-	-	-	2.14	-	-	-	-	190.46	7.23
6	OSB	18	640	-	-	-	-	11.52	-	-	-	230.40	10.75
7	Gypsum Board	6	1000	-	-	-	-	-	6.00	-	-	44.87	1.84
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109.67	109.60	1,555.42	97.69

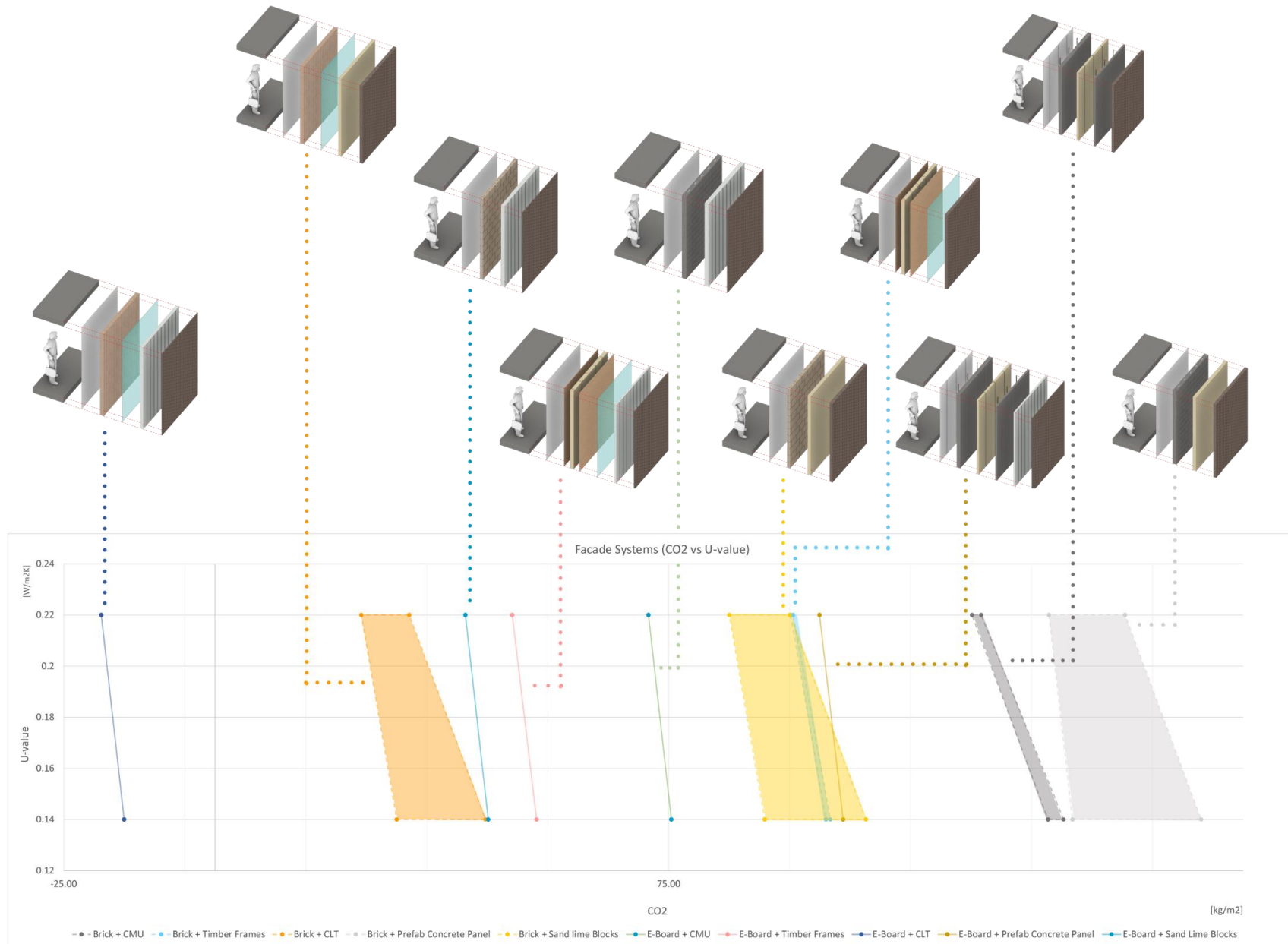
→ Embodied energy and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of façade system and their components based on required airborne sound insulation



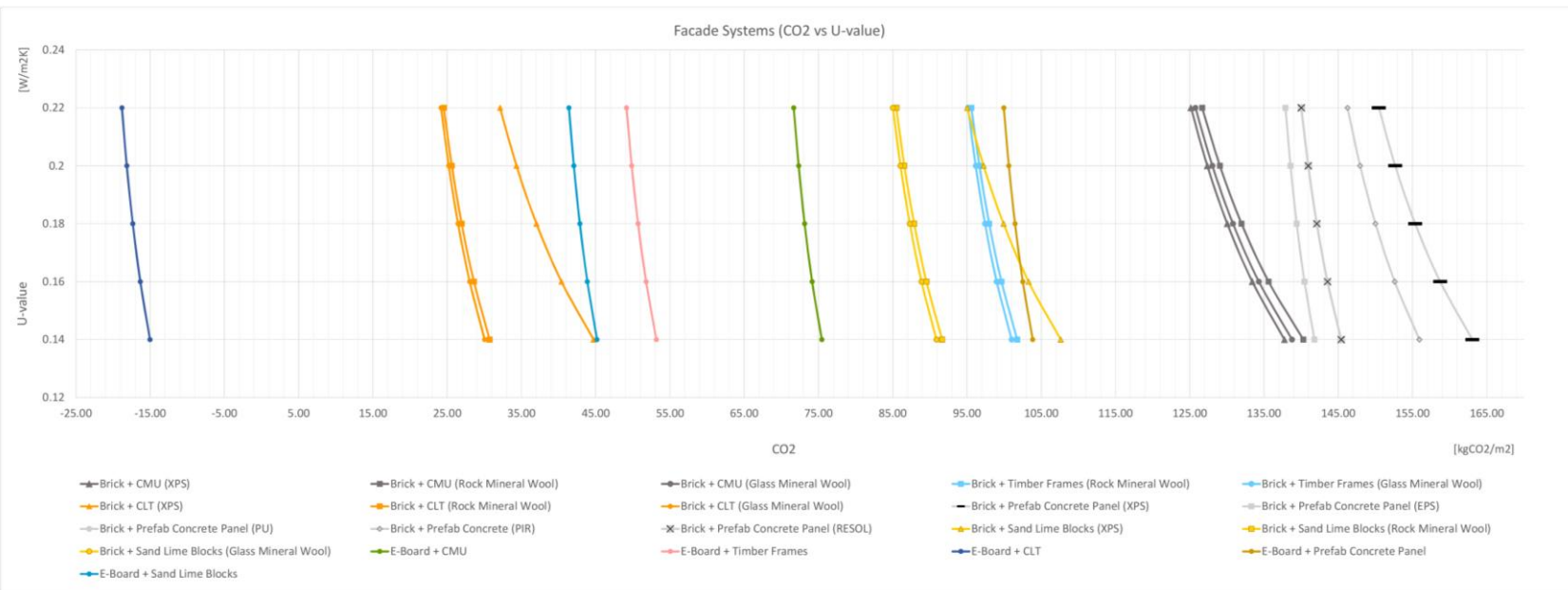
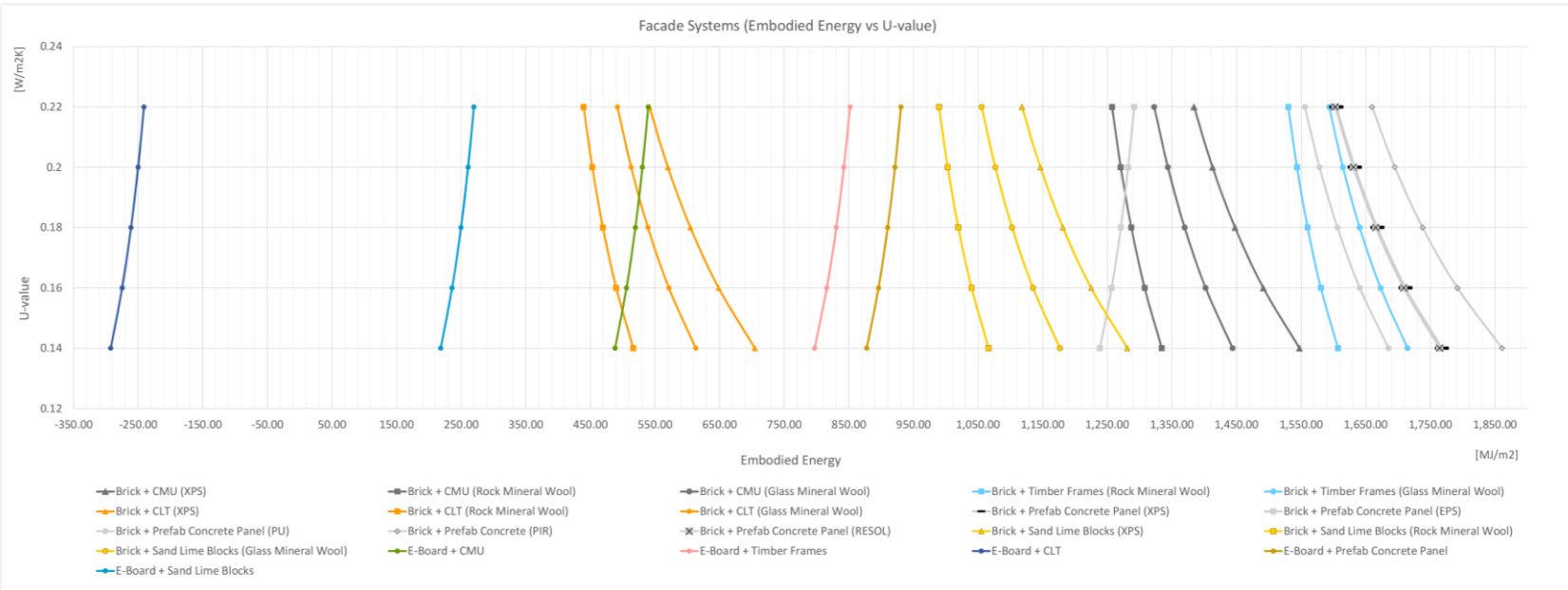
# Thermal Performance vs Environmental impact



# Thermal Performance vs Environmental impact



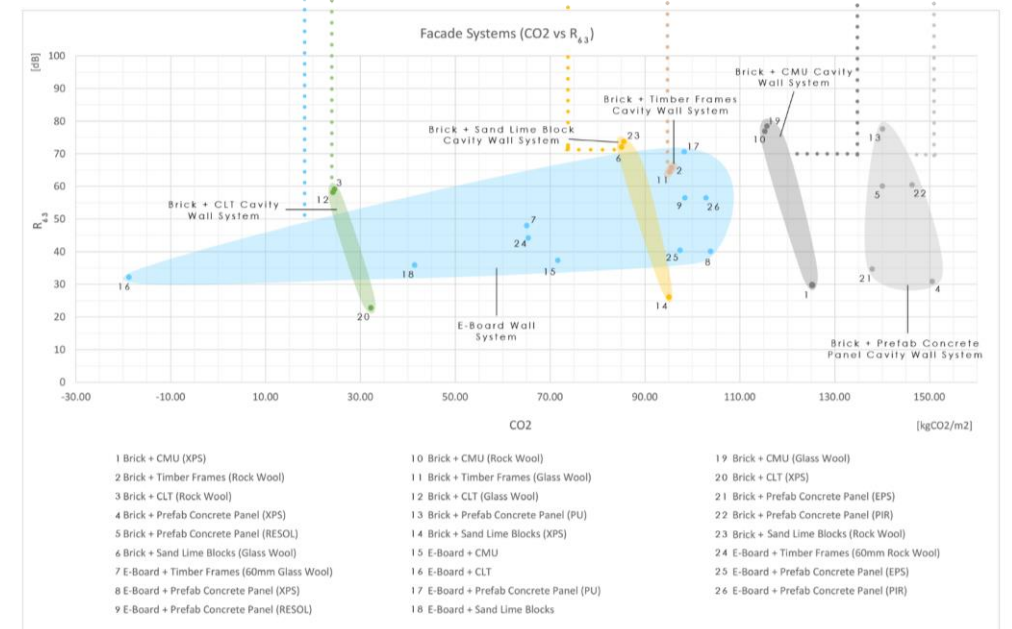
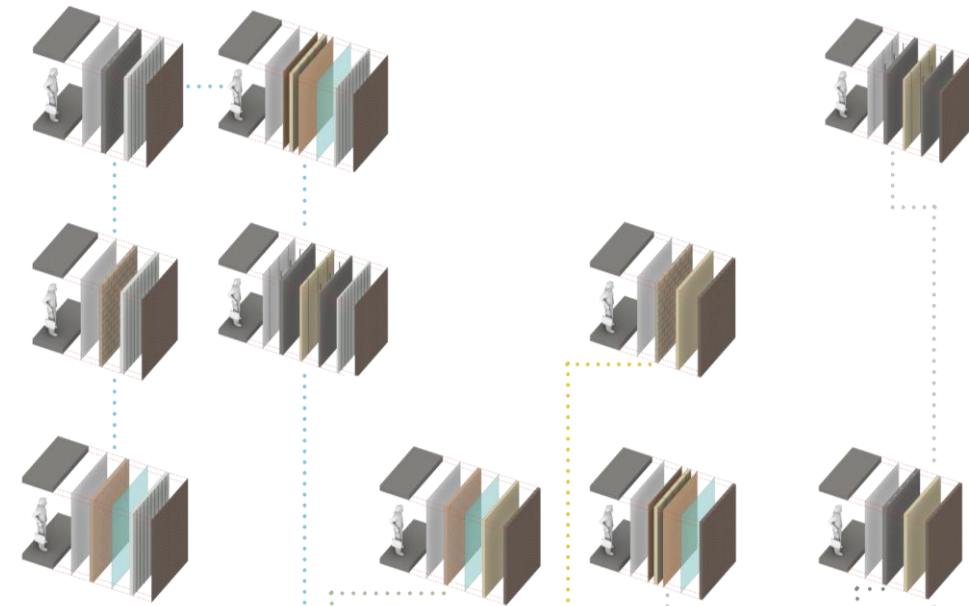
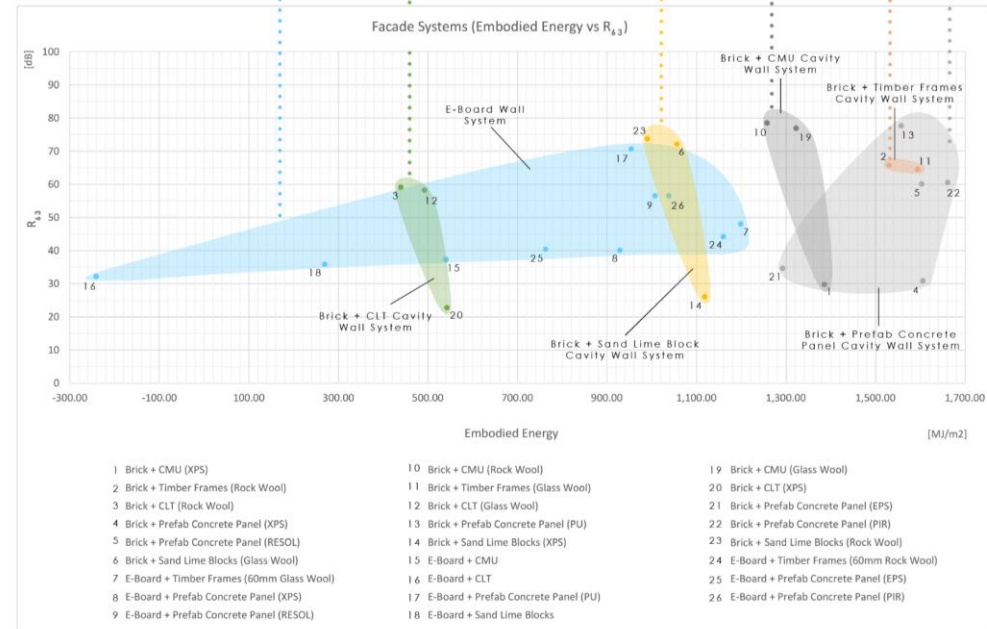
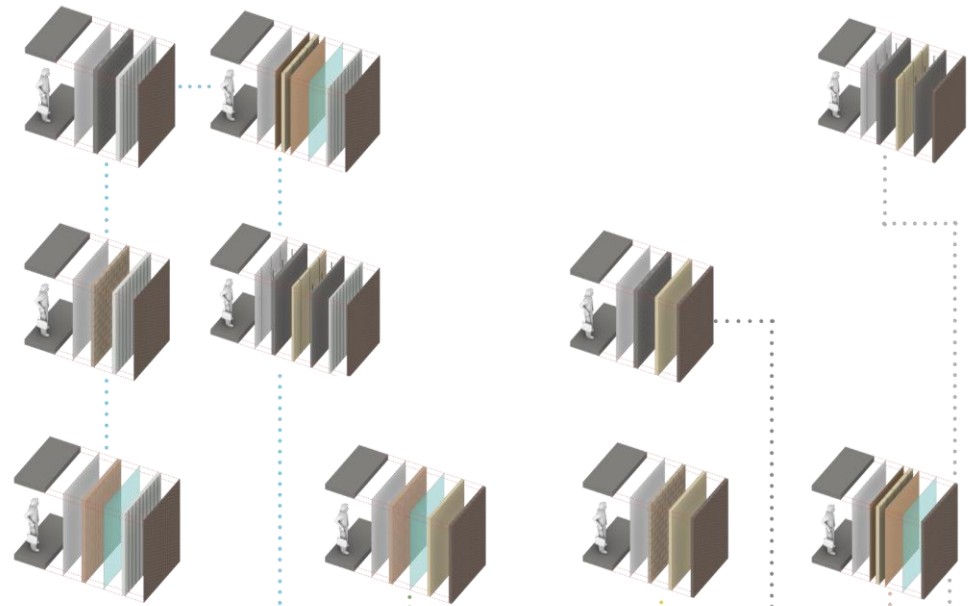
# Thermal Performance vs Environmental impact



Airborne Sound Insulation of Façade Systems for U-value = 0.22 W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Façade Systems [dB]		Frequency [Hz]						
		63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k
Panel Systems	Brick + Prefab Concrete Panel Cavity Wall (EPS)	34.7	41.2	54.5	81.1	132.0	164.5	111.6
	Brick + Prefab Concrete Panel Cavity Wall (XPS)	30.9	38.8	50.8	74.5	127.8	164.4	101.8
	Brick + Prefab Concrete Panel Cavity Wall (PU)	77.6	106.0	130.0	188.7	197.0	197.0	197.0
	Brick + Prefab Concrete Panel Cavity Wall (PIR)	60.5	80.9	97.6	144.5	196.8	197.0	197.0
	Brick + Prefab Concrete Panel Cavity Wall (RESOL)	60.1	80.5	97.2	143.9	196.7	197.0	197.0
	Brick + CLT Cavity Wall (XPS)	22.8	36.6	45.5	59.9	95.5	83.4	105.0
	Brick + CLT Cavity Wall (Rock Wool)	59.1	84.6	123.6	167.0	196.9	197.0	197.0
	Brick + CLT Cavity Wall (Glass Wool)	58.2	83.2	121.7	164.3	196.9	197.0	197.0
Masonry Systems	Brick + Sand Lime Block Cavity Wall (XPS)	26.1	35.4	44.8	57.3	94.9	84.1	103.0
	Brick + Sand Lime Block Cavity Wall (Rock Wool)	73.7	107.4	136.4	187.7	197.0	197.0	197.0
	Brick + Sand Lime Block Cavity Wall (Glass Wool)	72.1	105.2	133.3	183.8	197.0	197.0	197.0
	Brick + CMU (XPS)	29.8	38.4	49.3	66.5	103.0	89.0	106.8
	Brick + CMU (Rock Wool)	78.5	110.7	141.1	193.2	197.0	197.0	197.0
	Brick + CMU (Glass Wool)	76.9	108.5	138.1	190.1	197.0	197.0	197.0
Frame Systems	Brick + Timber Frames Cavity Wall (Rock Wool)	65.7	89.6	122.2	149.8	196.3	197.0	197.0
	Brick + Timber Frames Cavity Wall (Glass Wool)	64.5	87.9	119.8	150.2	195.3	197.0	197.0
Board Systems	E-Board + Prefab Concrete Panel Wall (EPS)	40.4	42.1	44.9	58.6	88.5	116.8	135.7
	E-Board + Prefab Concrete Panel Wall (XPS)	40.1	42.0	41.8	51.9	80.4	114.0	130.0
	E-Board + Prefab Concrete Panel Wall (PU)	70.6	94.6	113.4	150.2	183.9	197.0	197.0
	E-Board + Prefab Concrete Panel Wall (PIR)	56.5	75.8	90.2	119	143.6	188.5	197.0
	E-Board + Prefab Concrete Panel Wall (RESOL)	56.5	76.4	91.2	120.9	144.3	189.4	197.0
	E-Board + CLT Wall	32.2	32.9	36.3	45.3	64.7	79.1	72.2
	E-Board + Sand Lime Block Wall	35.9	35.7	39.2	52.7	71.8	87.1	99.4
	E-Board + CMU Wall	37.3	37.0	42.8	57.0	76.0	91.5	102.9
	E-Board + Timber Frames Wall (Rock Wool)	44.2	54.2	75.6	103.7	127.3	167.0	197.0
	E-Board + Timber Frames Wall (Glass Wool)	48.0	62	84.4	104.9	139.7	179.4	197.0

# Acoustic Performance vs Environmental impact



# Durability Assessment

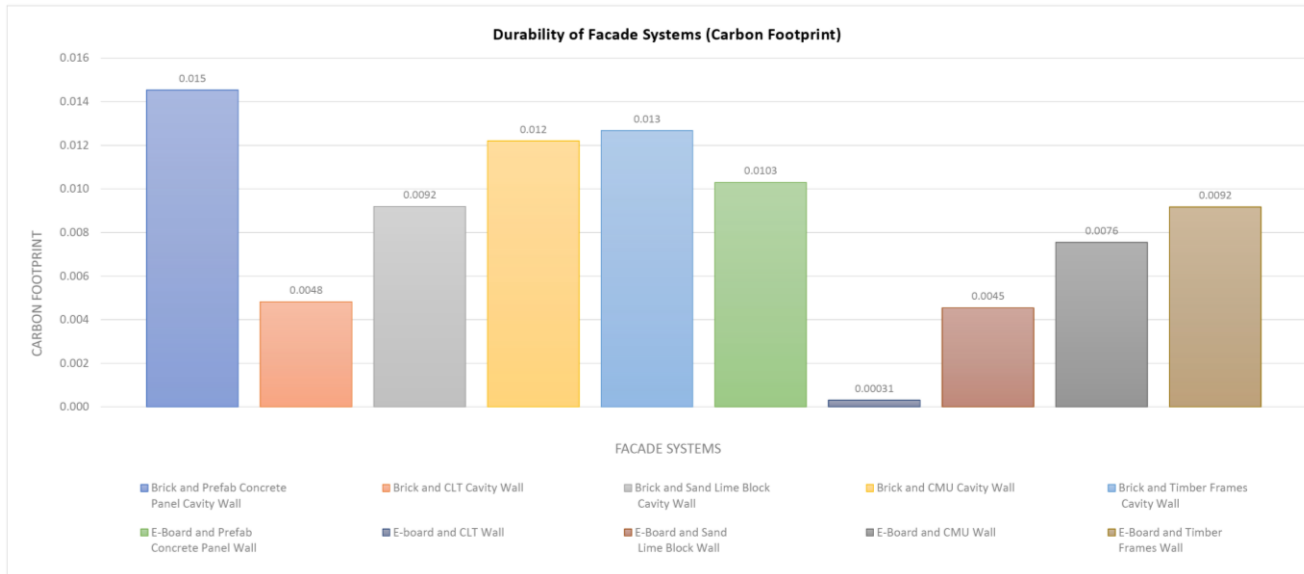
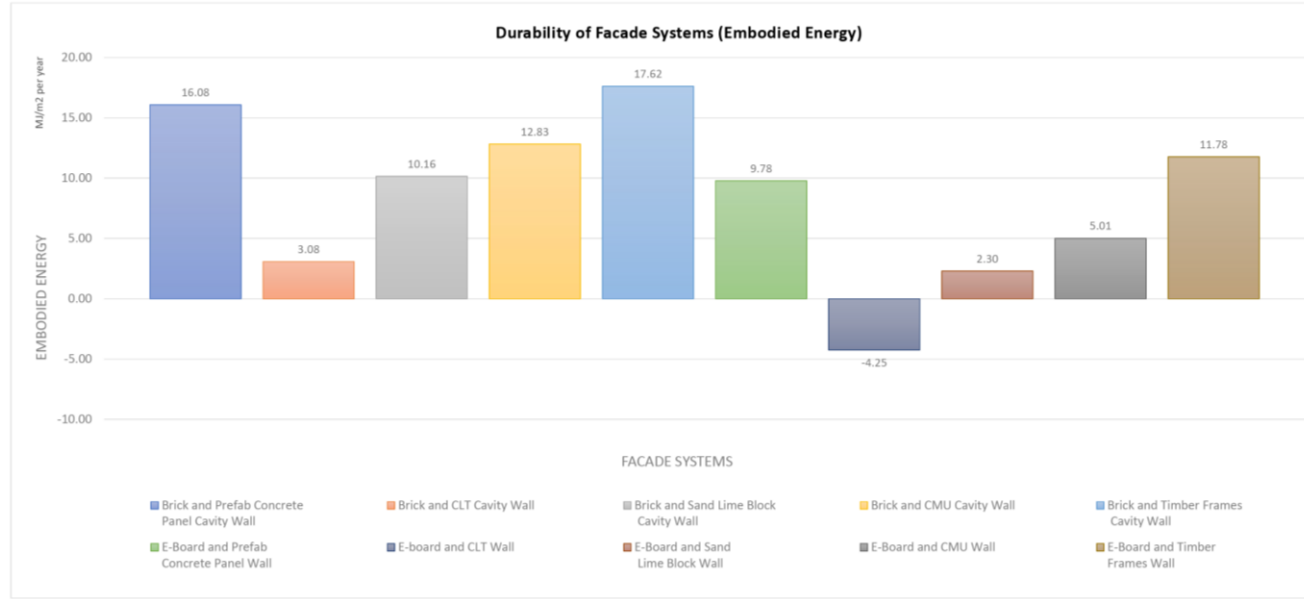
Durability of Facade Components (By Mass)							
Function	Material	Expected Technical Lifetime [Years]	Density [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Embodied Energy per Technical Lifetime [MJ/kg]	Carbon Footprint per Technical Lifetime [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /kg]	Embodied Energy per year [MJ/kg]	Carbon Footprint per year [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /kg]
Facade Inner Leaf	Concrete	100	2,500	1.48	0.169	0.015	0.0017
	Clay Brick	100	2,000	3.66	0.287	0.037	0.0029
	Sand-Lime Block	100	1,900	1.17	0.136	0.01	0.0014
	CLT (Timber)	75	471	-6.19	-0.634	-0.08	-0.0084
	OSB (Timber)	75	650	20.00	0.933	0.27	0.012
Facade Vapour Retarder	Polyamide 66 (Nylon)	75	1,695	74.93	3.503	1.00	0.047
	Rock Mineral Wool	75	55	16.32	1.31	0.22	0.017
Facade Insulation	Glass Mineral Wool	75	56	26.47	1.28	0.35	0.017
	EPS	75	20	-31.90	2.35	-0.43	0.031
	XPS	75	34	61.12	4.72	0.81	0.063
	PU	75	31	69.90	2.90	0.93	0.039
	PIR	75	32	110.08	5.29	1.47	0.071
	Resol	75	35	84.75	2.82	1.13	0.038
Facade Outer Leaf	Clay Brick	100	2,000	3.66	0.287	0.037	0.0029

Durability of Facade Components (By Volume)							
Function	Material	Expected Technical Lifetime [Years]	Density [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Embodied Energy per Technical Lifetime [MJ/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Carbon Footprint per Technical Lifetime [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>3</sup> ]	Embodied Energy per year [MJ/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Carbon Footprint per year [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>3</sup> ]
Facade Inner Leaf	Concrete	100	2,500	3,700.00	4.225	37	0.042
	Clay Brick	100	2,000	7,320.00	5.740	73.2	0.057
	Sand-Lime Block	100	1,900	2,226.80	2.584	22.27	0.026
	CLT (Timber)	75	471	-2,913.37	-3.979	-38.84	-0.053
	OSB (Timber)	75	650	13,000.00	8.086	173.33	0.108
Facade Vapour Retarder	Polyamide 66 (Nylon)	75	1,695	127,006.35	79.168	1,693.42	1.056
	Rock Mineral Wool	75	55	897.60	0.96	11.97	0.013
Facade Insulation	Glass Mineral Wool	75	56	1,482.20	0.96	19.76	0.013
	EPS	75	20	-637.99	0.63	-8.51	0.0083
	XPS	75	34	2,059.81	2.12	27.46	0.028
	PU	75	31	2,166.90	1.20	28.89	0.016
	PIR	75	32	3,522.50	2.26	46.97	0.030
	Resol	75	35	2,966.40	1.31	39.55	0.018
Facade Outer Leaf	Clay Brick	100	2,000	7,320.00	5.740	73.2	0.057

Durability of Facade Systems							
Group	Facade System	Material	Embodied Energy per year [MJ/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Carbon Footprint per year [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>3</sup> ]	Volume [m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>2</sup> ]	Embodied Energy per year [MJ/m <sup>2</sup> ]	Carbon Footprint per year [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> ]
Panel Systems	Brick and Prefab Concrete Panel Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		Concrete Panel Layers	37	0.042	1.90E-01	7.03	0.0080
		PU	28.89	0.016	8.70E-02	2.51	0.0014
						<b>16.08</b>	<b>0.015</b>
	Brick and CLT Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		Rock Mineral Wool	11.97	0.013	1.01E-01	1.21	0.0013
CLT Board (x4)		-155.38	-0.053	3.00E-02	-4.66	-0.0016	
					<b>3.08</b>	<b>0.0048</b>	
Masonry Systems	Brick and Sand Lime Block Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		Rock Mineral Wool	11.97	0.01	1.28E-01	1.53	0.0016
		Sand lime blocks	22.27	0.03	9.42E-02	2.10	0.0024
						<b>10.16</b>	<b>0.0092</b>
	Brick and CMU Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		Rock Mineral Wool	11.97	0.01	1.26E-01	1.51	0.0016
CMU		37	0.042	1.29E-01	4.79	0.0055	
					<b>12.83</b>	<b>0.012</b>	
Timber Frames System	Brick and Timber Frames Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		OSB (x2)	173.33	0.11	3.60E-02	6.24	0.0039
		Rock Mineral Wool	11.97	0.01	1.22E-01	1.46	0.0016
		Vapor Barrier	1,693.42	1.06	2.00E-03	3.39	0.0021
							<b>17.62</b>
Board Systems	E-Board and Prefab Concrete Panel Wall	Clay Bricks (Strips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010
		E-Board	-8.51	0.0083	3.40E-02	-0.29	0.0028
		Concrete Panel Layers	37	0.042	1.90E-01	7.03	0.0080
		PU	28.89	0.02	6.00E-02	1.73	0.0010
						<b>9.78</b>	<b>0.0103</b>
	E-board and CLT Wall	Clay Bricks (Slips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010
		E-Board	-8.51	0.01	1.05E-01	-0.89	0.0088
		CLT Board (x4)	-155.38	-0.05	3.00E-02	-4.66	-0.0016
						<b>-4.25</b>	<b>0.0031</b>
	E-Board and Sand Lime Block Wall	Clay Bricks (Strips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010
		E-Board	-8.51	0.01	1.30E-01	-1.11	0.0011
		Sand lime blocks	22.27	0.03	9.42E-02	2.10	0.0024
						<b>2.30</b>	<b>0.0045</b>
E-Board and CMU Wall	Clay Bricks (Strips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010	
	E-Board	-8.51	0.0083	1.27E-01	-1.08	0.0011	
	CMU	37	0.042	1.29E-01	4.79	0.0055	
					<b>5.01</b>	<b>0.0076</b>	
E-Board and Timber Frames Wall	Clay Bricks (Slips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010	
	E-Board	-8.51	0.0083	7.20E-02	-0.61	0.0006	
	OSB (x2)	173.33	0.11	3.60E-02	6.24	0.0039	
	Glass Mineral Wool	11.97	0.013	1.22E-01	1.46	0.0016	
	Vapor Barrier	1,693.42	1.06	2.00E-03	3.39	0.0021	
					<b>11.78</b>	<b>0.0092</b>	

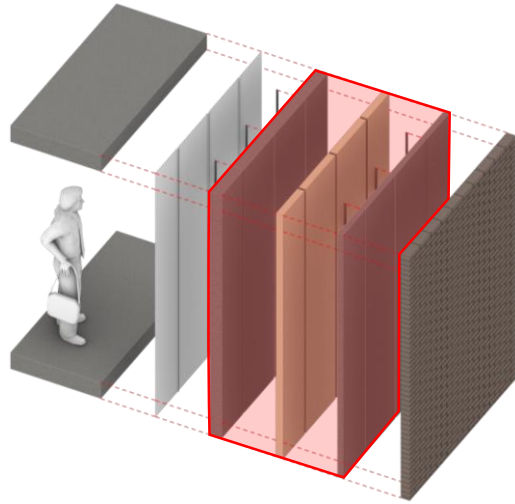


# Durability Assessment

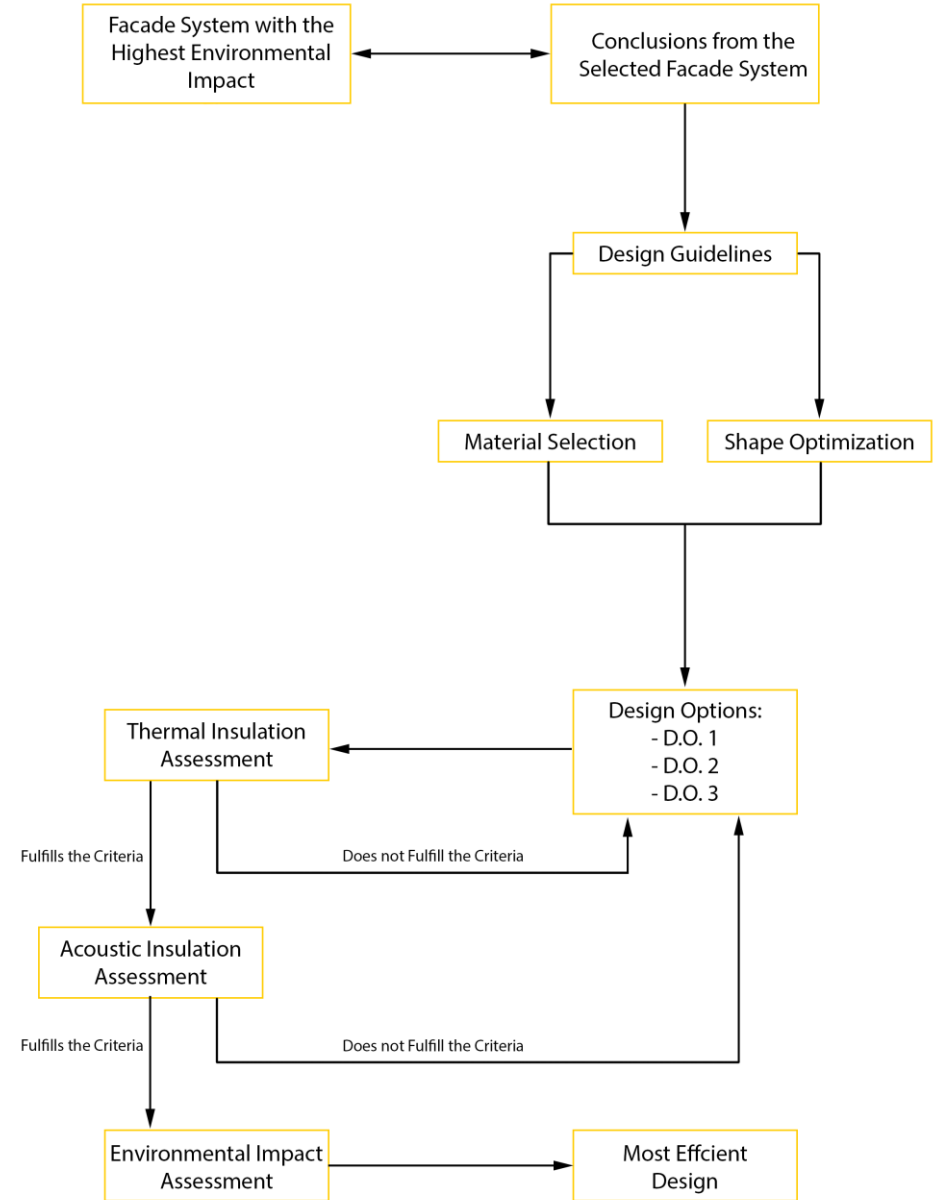
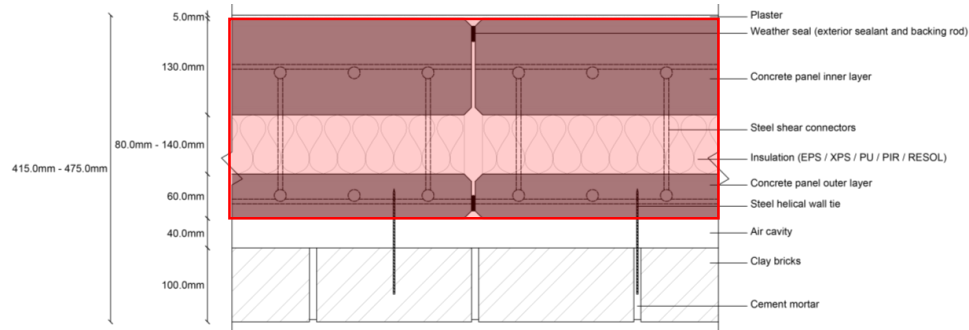


Durability of Facade Systems							
Group	Facade System	Material	Embodied Energy per year [MJ/m3]	Carbon Footprint per year [kgCO2/m3]	Volume [m3/m2]	Embodied Energy per year [MJ/m2]	Carbon Footprint per year [kgCO2/m2]
Panel Systems	Brick and Prefab Concrete Panel Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		Concrete Panel Layers	37	0.042	1.90E-01	7.03	0.0080
		PU	28.89	0.016	8.70E-02	2.51	0.0014
	Brick and CLT Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		Rock Mineral Wool	11.97	0.013	1.01E-01	1.21	0.0013
		CLT Board (x4)	-155.38	-0.053	3.00E-02	-4.66	-0.0016
					<b>3.08</b>	<b>0.0048</b>	
Masonry Systems	Brick and Sand Lime Block Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		Rock Mineral Wool	11.97	0.01	1.28E-01	1.53	0.0016
		Sand lime blocks	22.27	0.03	9.42E-02	2.10	0.0024
	Brick and CMU Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		Rock Mineral Wool	11.97	0.01	1.26E-01	1.51	0.0016
		CMU	37	0.042	1.29E-01	4.79	0.0055
Timber Frames System	Brick and Timber Frames Cavity Wall	Clay Bricks	73.2	0.057	8.93E-02	6.53	0.0051
		OSB (x2)	173.33	0.11	3.60E-02	6.24	0.0039
		Rock Mineral Wool	11.97	0.01	1.22E-01	1.46	0.0016
		Vapor Barrier	1,693.42	1.06	2.00E-03	3.39	0.0021
						<b>17.62</b>	<b>0.013</b>
	E-Board and Prefab Concrete Panel Wall	Clay Bricks (Strips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010
E-board and CLT Wall	E-Board	-8.51	0.0083	3.40E-02	-0.29	0.0028	
Board Systems	E-Board and Sand Lime Block Wall	Concrete Panel Layers	37	0.042	1.90E-01	7.03	0.0080
		PU	28.89	0.02	6.00E-02	1.73	0.0010
						<b>9.78</b>	<b>0.0103</b>
	E-Board and CMU Wall	Clay Bricks (Slips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010
		E-Board	-8.51	0.01	1.05E-01	-0.89	0.00088
		CLT Board (x4)	-155.38	-0.05	3.00E-02	-4.66	-0.0016
	E-Board and Timber Frames Wall	Clay Bricks (Strips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010
		E-Board	-8.51	0.0083	1.27E-01	-1.08	0.0011
		CMU	37	0.042	1.29E-01	4.79	0.0055
	E-Board and Prefab Concrete Panel Wall	Clay Bricks (Strips)	73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010
		E-Board	-8.51	0.0083	1.27E-01	-1.08	0.0011
		CMU	37	0.042	1.29E-01	4.79	0.0055
Clay Bricks (Slips)		73.2	0.057	1.79E-02	1.31	0.0010	
OSB (x2)		173.33	0.11	3.60E-02	6.24	0.0039	
Glass Mineral Wool		11.97	0.013	1.22E-01	1.46	0.0016	
E-Board and Timber Frames Wall	Vapor Barrier	1,693.42	1.06	2.00E-03	3.39	0.0021	
					<b>11.78</b>	<b>0.0092</b>	

# Design Optimization Strategy



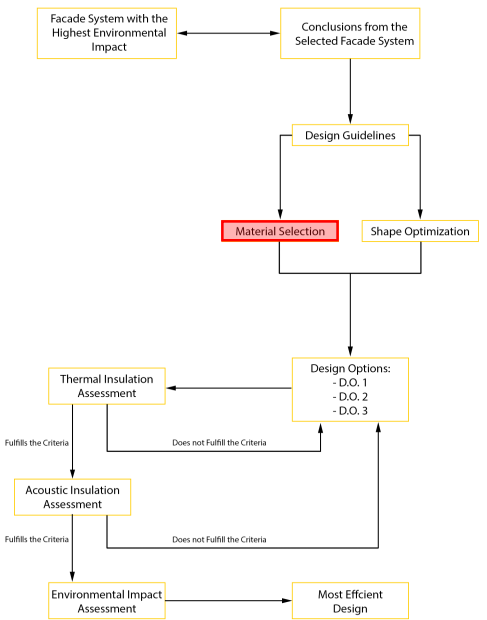
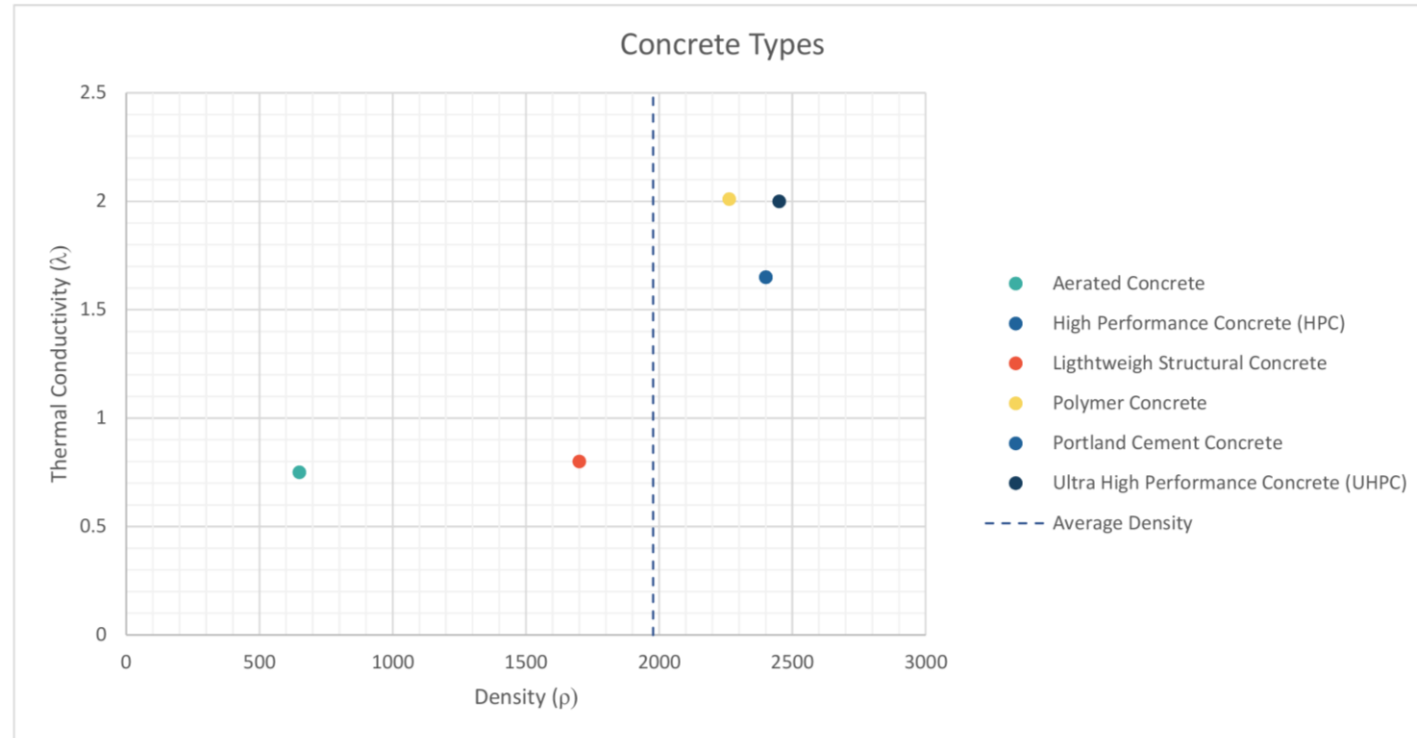
Brick + Prefab Concrete Cavity Wall



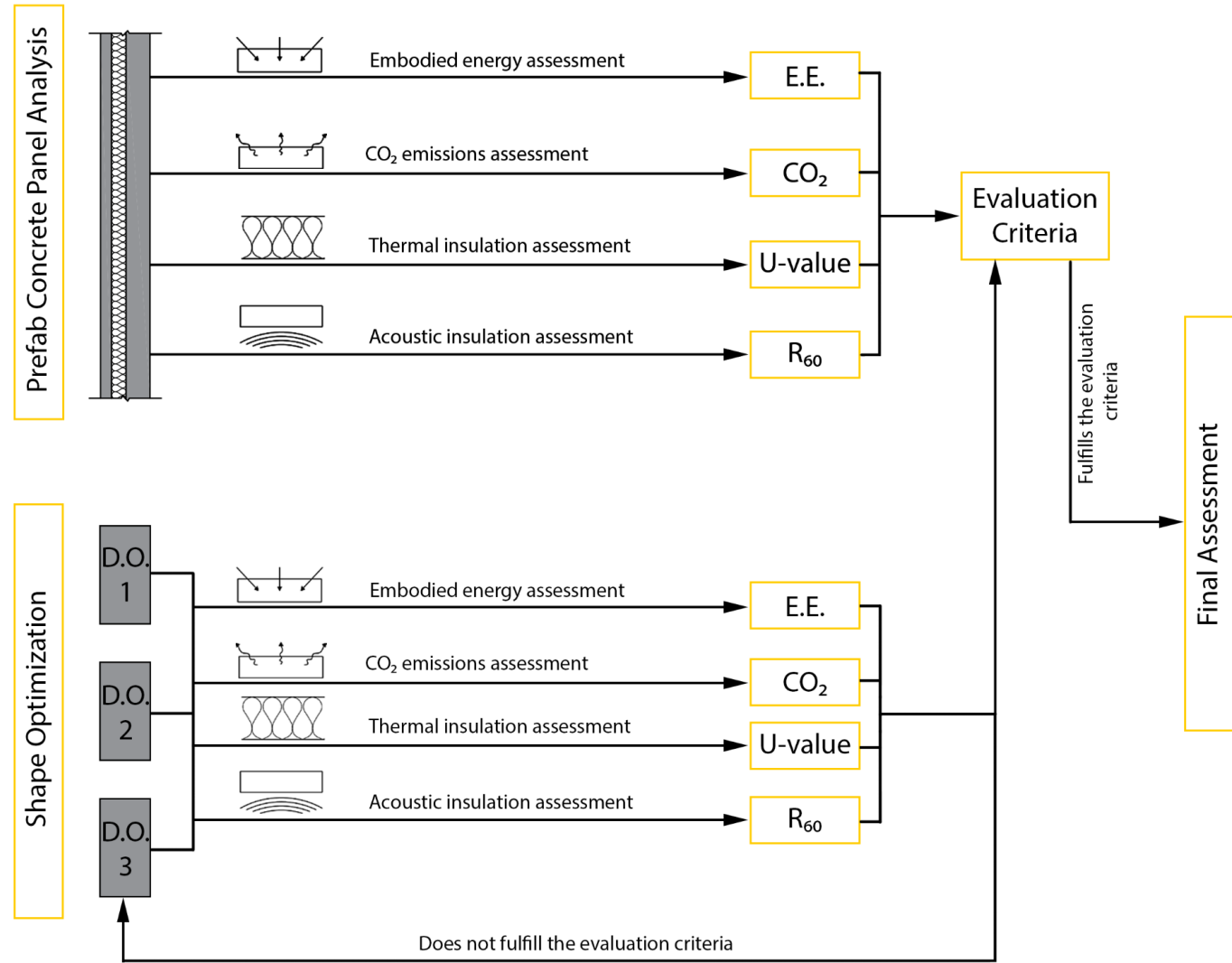
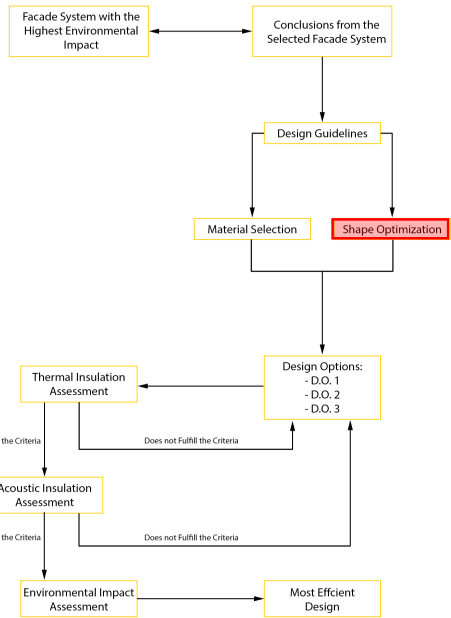


# Material Selection

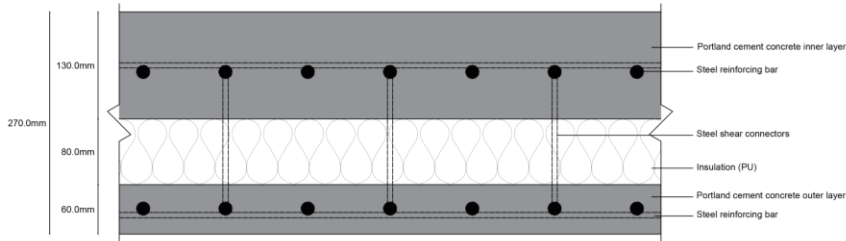
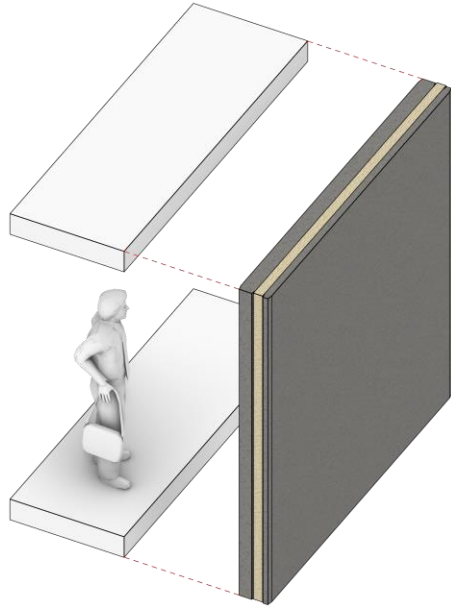
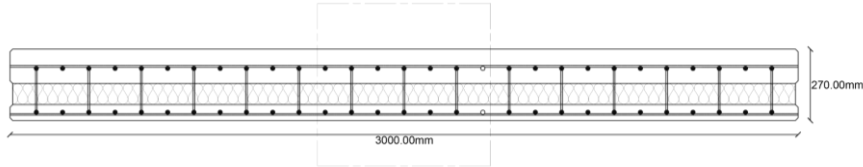
Concrete Types				
	Type	Density [kg/m3]	Thermal Conductivity [W/mK]	Reference
1	Aerated Concrete	650	0.75	CES (2019)
2	High Performance Concrete (HPC)	2400	1.65	CES (2019)
3	Lightweight Structural Concrete	1,700	0.8	CES (2019)
4	Polymer Concrete	2,263	2.01	Elalaoui et al. (2012)
5	Portland Cement Concrete	2,400	1.65	CES 2019
6	Ultra High Performance Concrete (UHPC)	2,450	2.0	Yang & Park (2019)



# Shape optimization Workflow



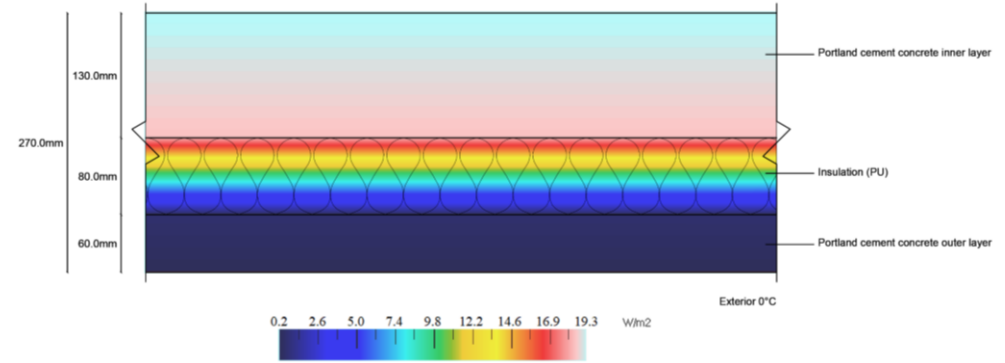
# Prefab Concrete Sandwich Panel Assessment



# Evaluation Criteria Establishment

Environmental Impact of Construction Materials													
Material	Quantity (per m2) [-]	d [mm]	Volume [m3/unit]	Density [kg/m3]	Mass [kg/unit]	Mass [kg/m2]	Energy [MJ/kg]	CO2 [kg/kg]	Energy [MJ/m3]	CO2 [kg/m3]	Energy (Wall) [MJ/m2]	CO2 (Wall) [kg/m2]	Reference
Prefab Concrete Panels (Interior Layer)	1	130	1.30E-01	2,500.00	325.00	325.00	1.48	0.17	3,700.00	422.50	481.00	54.93	CES (Eco-Audit)
PU Insulation	1	87	8.70E-02	31	2.70	2.70	** 69.90	** 2.90	2,166.90	89.90	188.52	7.82	PU Europe, 2014
Prefab Concrete Panels (Exterior Layer)	1	60	6.00E-02	2,500.00	150.00	150.00	1.48	0.17	3,700.00	422.50	222.00	25.35	CES (Eco-Audit)
<b>Total Environmental Impact</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>891.52</b>	<b>88.10</b>	

U-value = 0.26 W/m²K



Airborne Sound Insulation of Prefab Concrete Sandwich Panel									
	Layers	Type	d [mm]	$\rho$ [kg/m3]	E [N/m2]	$l_m(\rho)$	$l_m(gam\_P)$	Flow Resistivity	
1	Prefab concrete panel	sol	130.00	2,500.00	2.00E+10	0.00	0.05	0.27	
2	PU insulation	liq	87.00	31.00	5.00E+04	0.00	0.00	20,000.00	
3	Prefab concrete panel	sol	130.00	2,500.00	2.00E+10	0.00	0.05	0.27	
<b>f [Hz]</b>	<b>63</b>		125	250	500	1,000	2,000	4,000	8,000
<b>R60 [dB]</b>	<b>77.3</b>		107.3	132.1	178.9	197.0	197.0	197.0	197.0

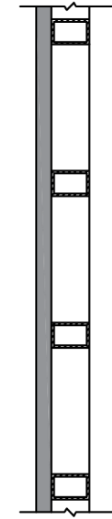
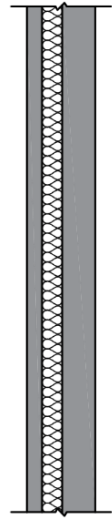
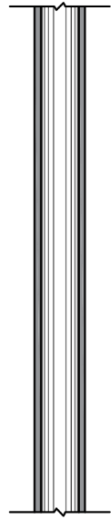
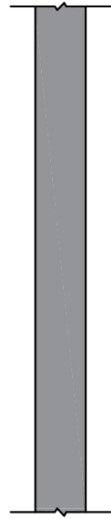
Evaluation Criteria of Prefab Concrete Sandwich Panel	
Embodied Energy [MJ/m2]	<b>891.52</b>
CO2 Emissions [kgCO2/m2]	<b>88.1</b>
U-value [W/m2K]	<b>0.26</b>
R60 [dB]	<b>77.3</b>

Shape Optimization Concept

SOLID  
WALLS

SANDWICH  
WALLS

THIN-SHELL  
WALLS

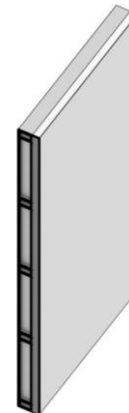
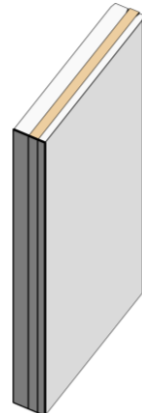
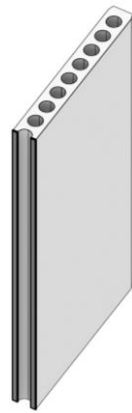
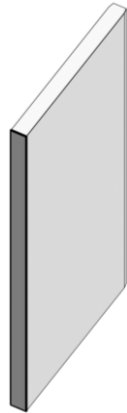


Solid

Hollow  
Core

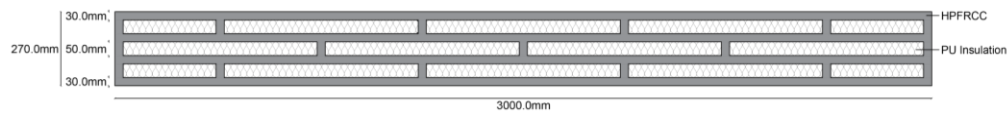
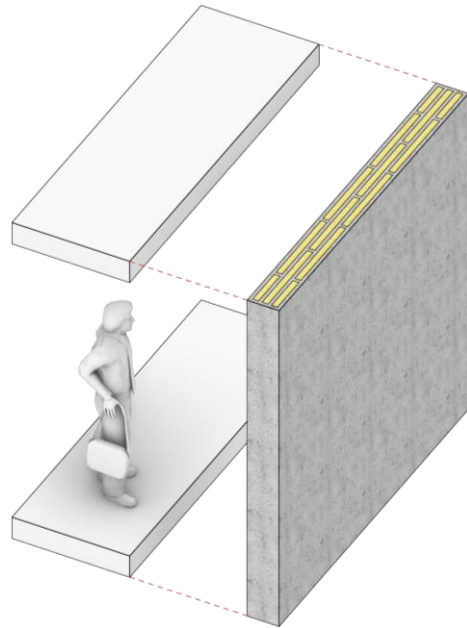
With  
Insulation

Thin  
Plate

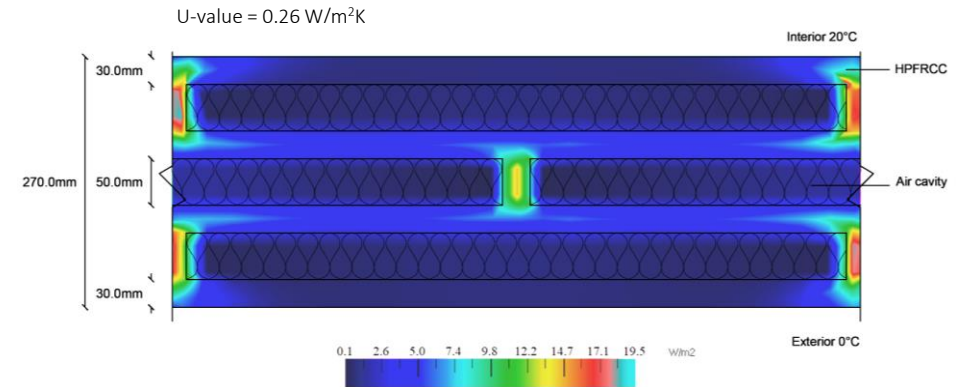


# Design Option 1

Evaluation Criteria of Prefab Concrete Sandwich Panel	
Embodied Energy [MJ/m <sup>2</sup> ]	891.52
CO2 Emissions [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> ]	88.1
U-value [W/m <sup>2</sup> K]	0.26
R60 [dB]	77.3



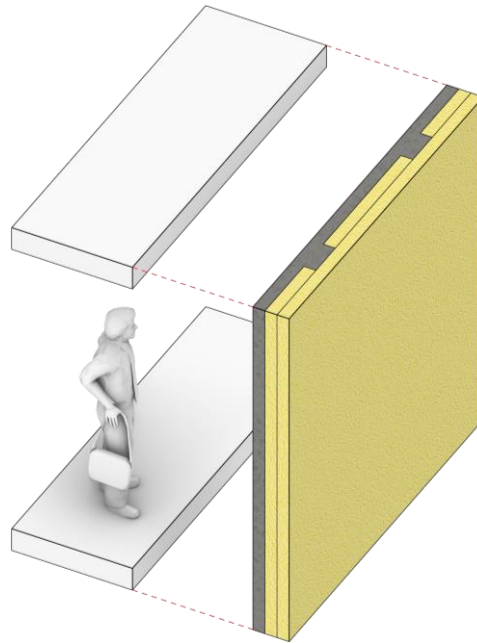
Environmental Impact of Construction Materials													
Material	Quantity (per m <sup>2</sup> ) [-]	d [mm]	Volume [m <sup>3</sup> /unit]	Density [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Mass [kg/unit]	Mass [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	Energy [MJ/kg]	CO2 [kg/kg]	Energy [MJ/m <sup>3</sup> ]	CO2 [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Energy (Wall) [MJ/m <sup>2</sup> ]	CO2 (Wall) [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	Reference
HPFRCC Layer	-	-	1.29E-01	1,850	237.73	237.73	1.48	0.17	2,738.00	312.65	351.83	40.18	CES (Eco-Audit)
PU Insulation	-	-	1.42E-01	31	4.40	4.40	69.9	2.9	2,166.90	89.9	307.70	12.766	PU Europe, 2014
<b>Total Environmental Impact</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>659.53</b>	<b>52.94</b>	



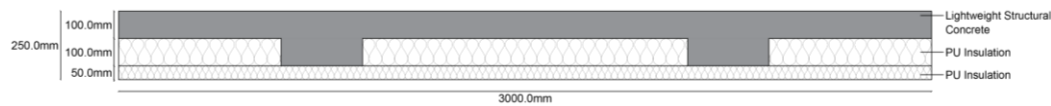
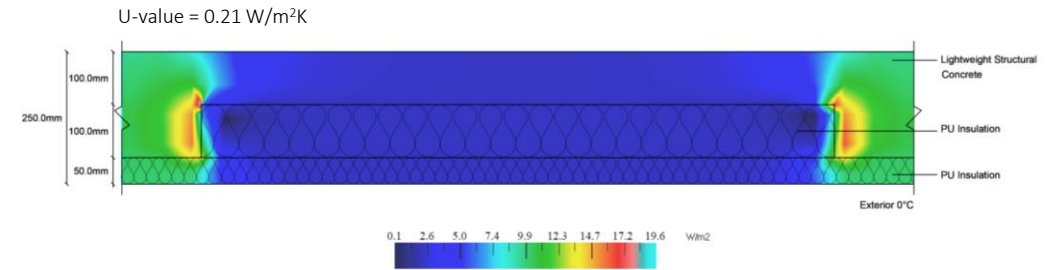
Airborne Sound Insulation of Design Option 1: Variation 2									
	Layers	Type	d [mm]	ρ [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	E [N/m <sup>2</sup> ]	Im (ρ)	Im (gam_P)	Flow Resistivity	
1	HPFRCC	sol	30	1,850.00	2.45E+10	0.00	0.05	0.27	
2	PU Insulation	liq	30	31	5.00E+04	0.00	0.00	20000.00	
3	HPFRCC	sol	30	1,850.00	2.45E+10	0.00	0.05	0.27	
<b>f [Hz]</b>	<b>63</b>		125	250	500	1,000	2,000	4,000	8,000
<b>R60 [dB]</b>	<b>61.2</b>		79	92.5	121.7	146.4	175.5	196.1	197.0

## Design Option 2

Evaluation Criteria of Prefab Concrete Sandwich Panel	
Embodied Energy [MJ/m <sup>2</sup> ]	891.52
CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> ]	88.1
U-value [W/m <sup>2</sup> K]	0.26
R <sub>60</sub> [dB]	77.3



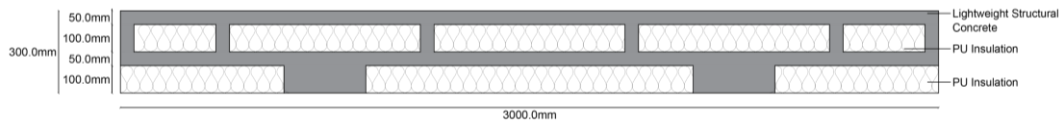
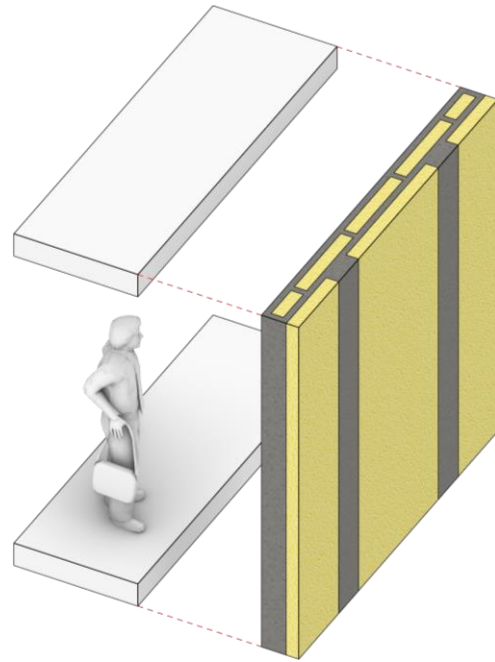
Environmental Impact of Construction Materials													
Material	Quantity (per m <sup>2</sup> ) [-]	d [mm]	Volume [m <sup>3</sup> /unit]	Density [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Mass [kg/unit]	Mass [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	Energy [MJ/kg]	CO <sub>2</sub> [kg/kg]	Energy [MJ/m <sup>3</sup> ]	CO <sub>2</sub> [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Energy (Wall) [MJ/m <sup>2</sup> ]	CO <sub>2</sub> (Wall) [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	Reference
Lightweight Structural Concrete Panel	-	-	1.20E-01	1,700	204.00	204.00	1.48	0.17	2,516.00	287.3	301.92	34.48	CES (Eco-Audit)
PU Insulation	-	-	0.13	31	4.03	4.03	69.9	2.9	2,166.90	89.9	281.697	11.687	PU Europe, 2014
<b>Total Environmental Impact</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>583.62</b>	<b>46.16</b>	



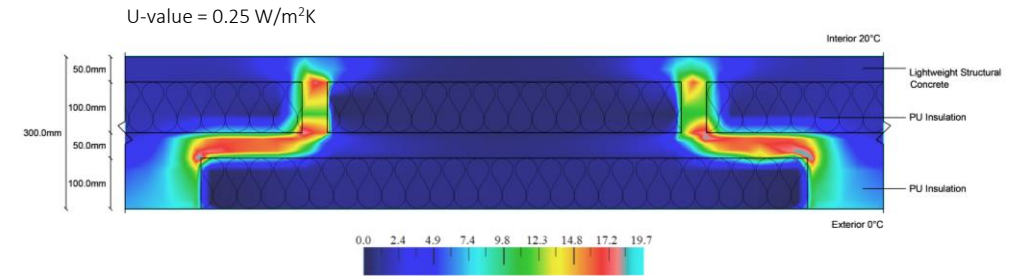
Airborne Sound Insulation of Design Option 2								
	Layers	Type	d [mm]	$\rho$ [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	E [N/m <sup>2</sup> ]	$Im(\rho)$	$Im(gam\_P)$	Flow Resistivity
1	Lighthouse Concrete	sol	200	1,700.00	1.60E+10	0.00	0.05	0.27
2	PU Insulation	liq	50	31	5.00E+04	0.00	0.00	20000.00
<b>f [Hz]</b>	<b>63</b>		125	250	500	1,000	2,000	4,000
<b>R<sub>60</sub> [dB]</b>	<b>51.7</b>		62.0	81.6	105.3	128.0	153.4	187.2

# Design Option 3

Evaluation Criteria of Prefab Concrete Sandwich Panel	
Embodied Energy [MJ/m <sup>2</sup> ]	891.52
CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions [kgCO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> ]	88.1
U-value [W/m <sup>2</sup> K]	0.26
R <sub>60</sub> [dB]	77.3

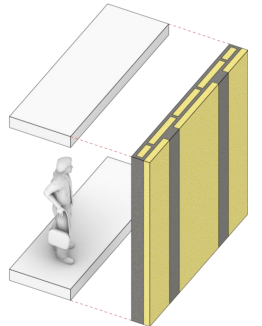
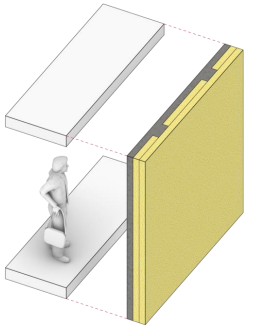
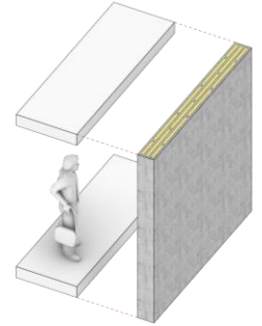
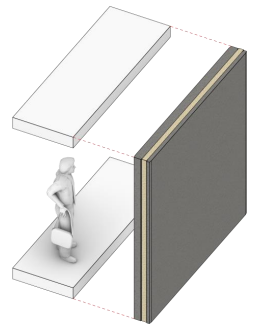
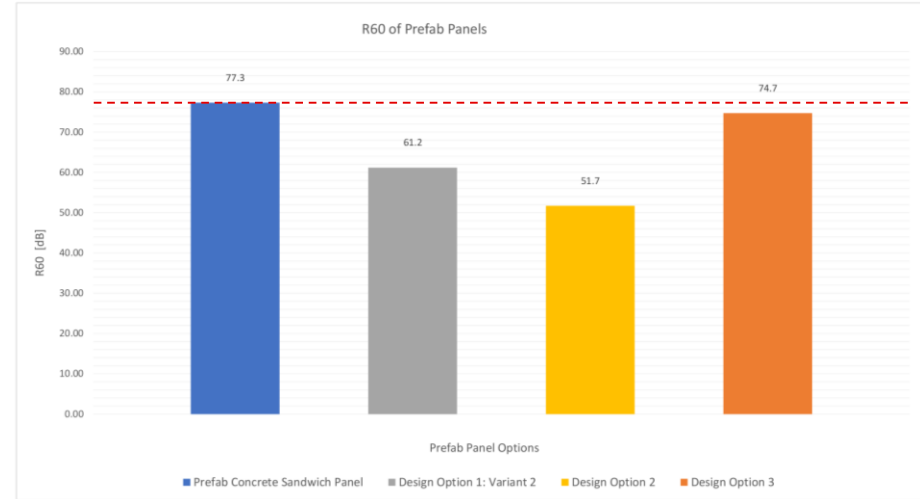
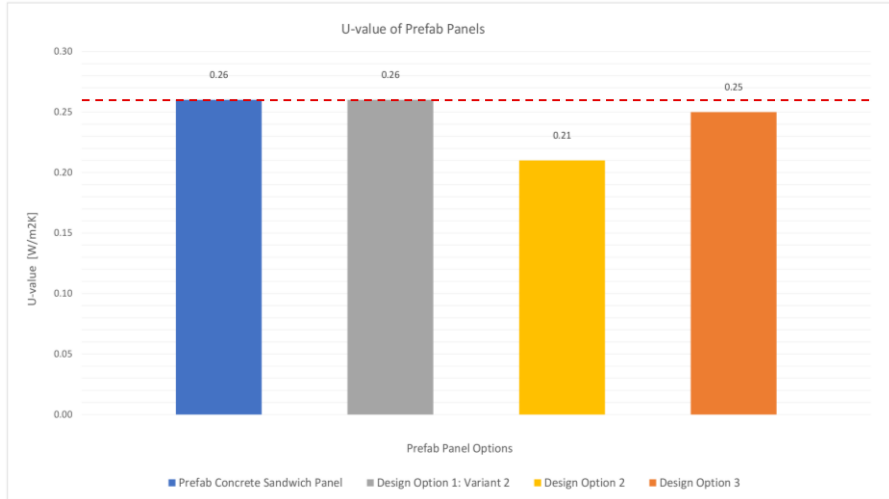
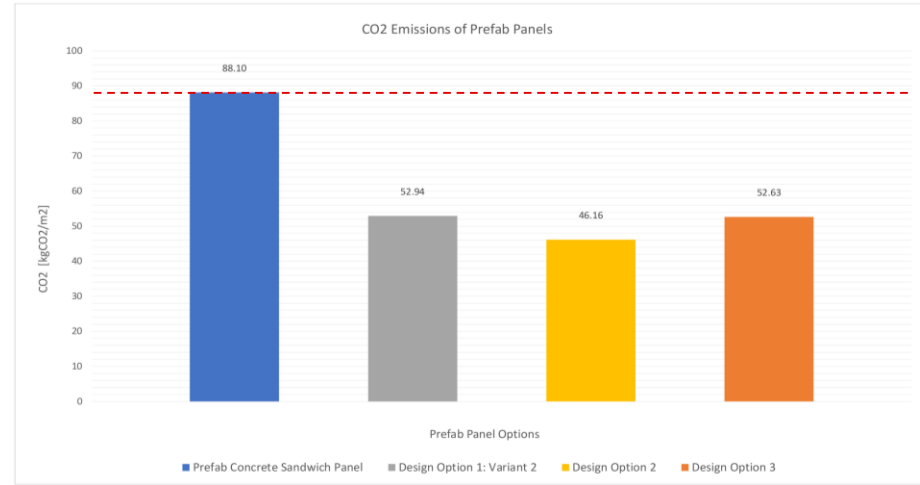
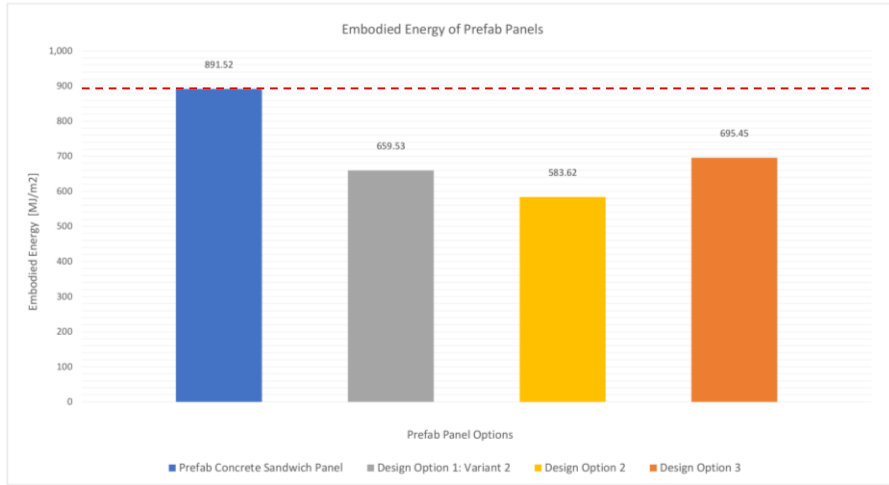


Environmental Impact of Construction Materials													
Material	Quantity (per m <sup>2</sup> ) [-]	d [mm]	Volume [m <sup>3</sup> /unit]	Density [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Mass [kg/unit]	Mass [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	Energy [MJ/kg]	CO <sub>2</sub> [kg/kg]	Energy [MJ/m <sup>3</sup> ]	CO <sub>2</sub> [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Energy (Wall) [MJ/m <sup>2</sup> ]	CO <sub>2</sub> (Wall) [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	Reference
Lightweight Structural Concrete Panel	-	-	1.30E-01	1,700	221.00	221.00	1.48	0.17	2,516.00	287.3	327.08	37.35	CES (Eco-Audit)
PU Insulation	-	-	1.70E-01	31	5.27	5.27	69.9	2.9	2,166.90	89.9	368.373	15.283	PU Europe, 2014
<b>Total Environmental Impact</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>695.45</b>	<b>52.63</b>	



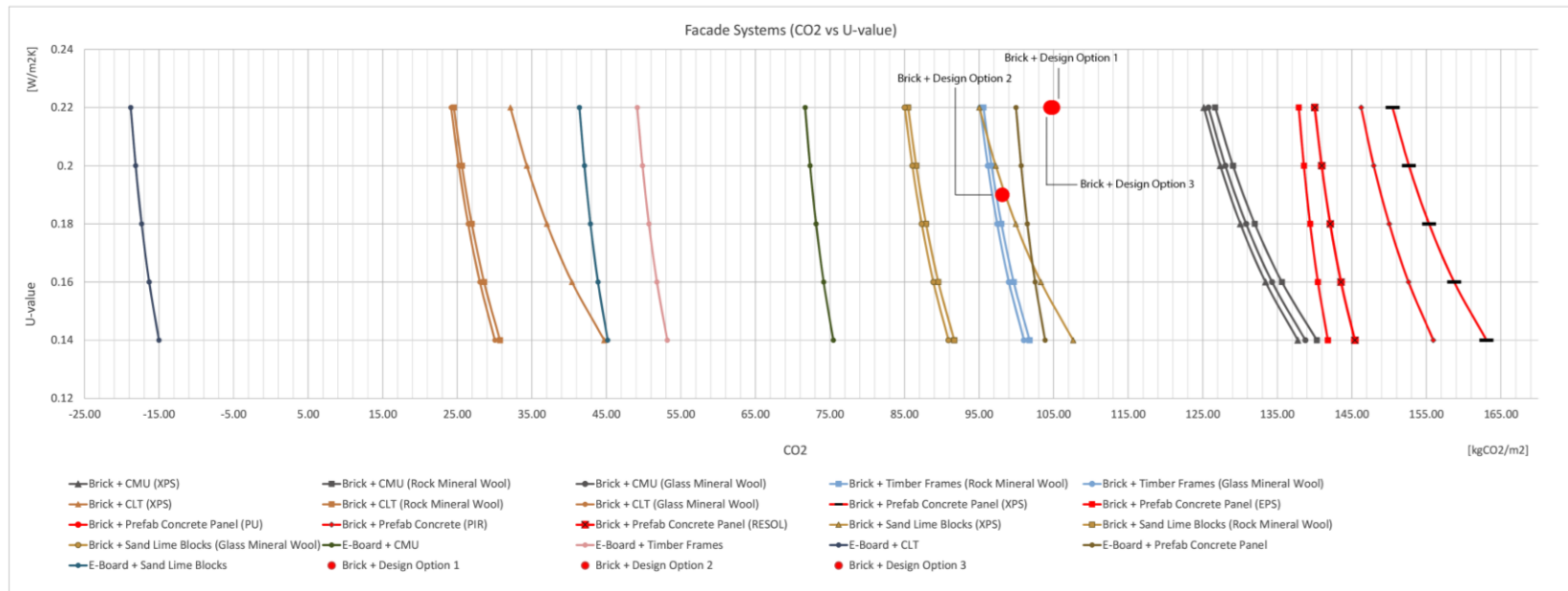
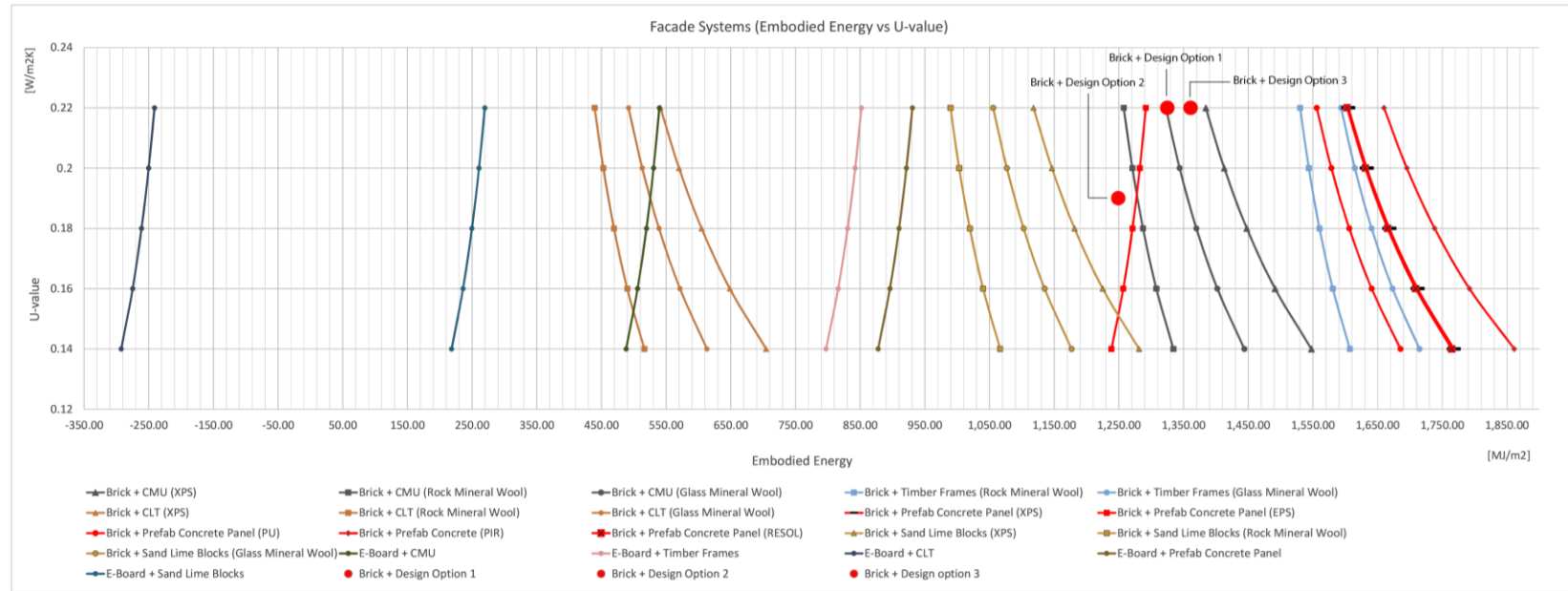
Airborne Sound Insulation of Design Option 3									
	Layers	Type	d [mm]	$\rho$ [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	E [N/m <sup>2</sup> ]	$Im$ ( $\rho$ )	$Im$ ( $gam\_P$ )	Flow Resistivity	
1	Lighthouse Concrete	sol	50	1,700.00	1.60E+10	0.00	0.05	0.27	
2	PU Insulation	liq	100	31	5.00E+04	0.00	0.00	20000.00	
3	Lighthouse Concrete	sol	150	1,700.00	1.60E+10	0.00	0.05	0.27	
<b>f [Hz]</b>	<b>63</b>		125	250	500	1,000	2,000	4,000	8,000
<b>R<sub>60</sub> [dB]</b>	<b>74.7</b>		105.7	140.1	189.3	197.0	197.0	197.0	197.0

# Design Options Overview

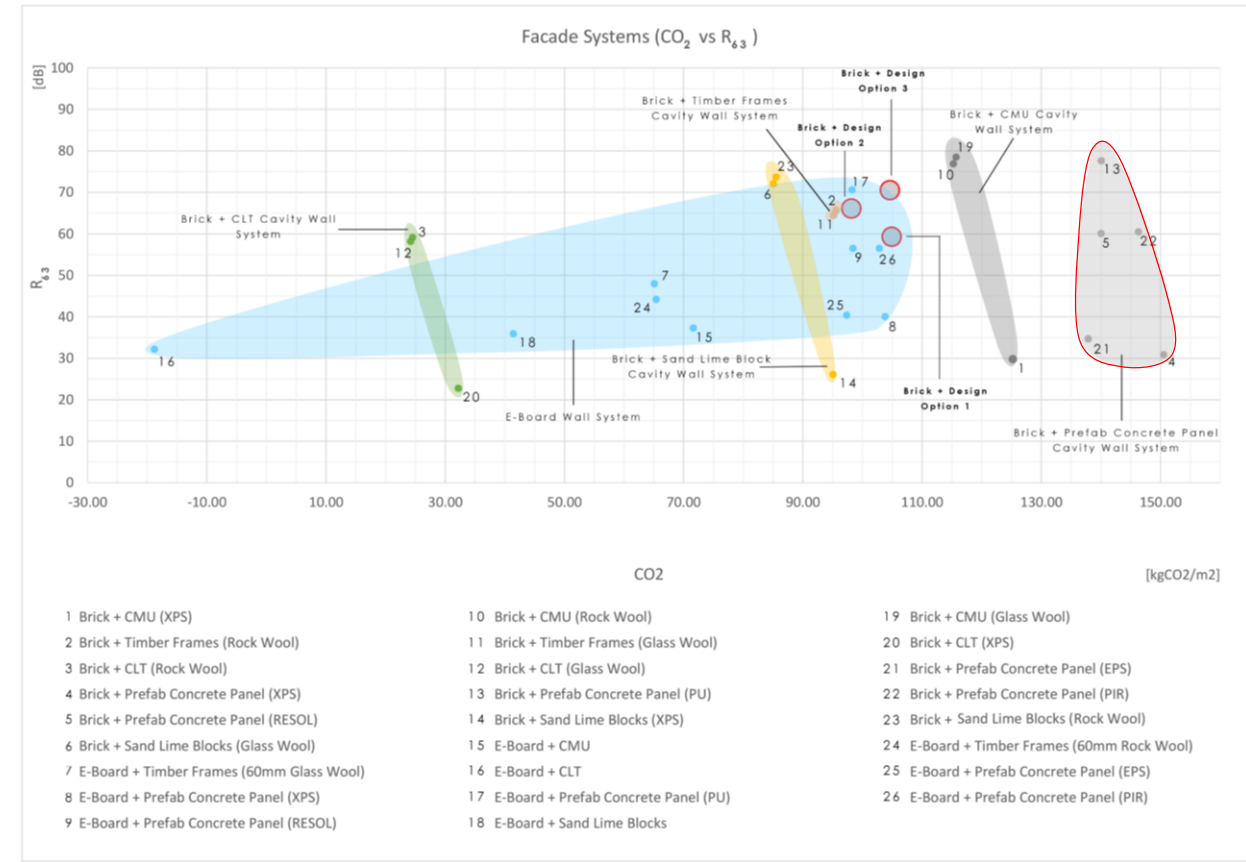
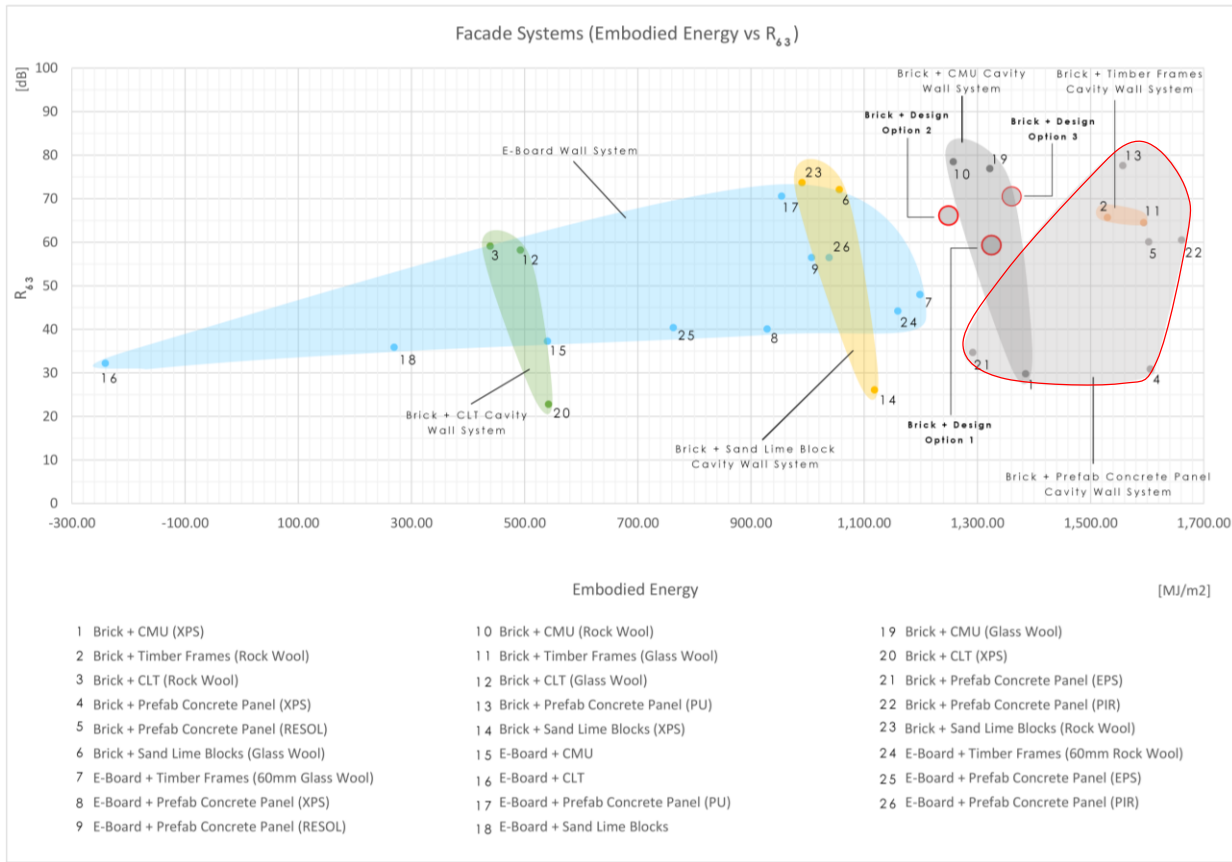




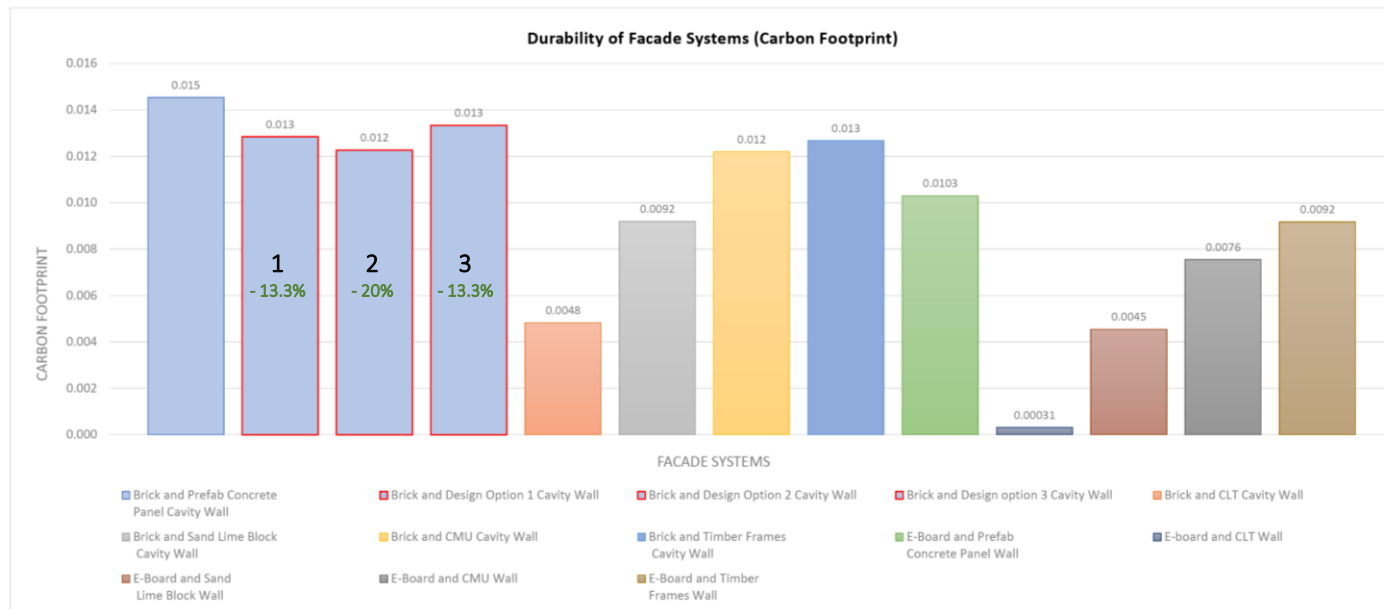
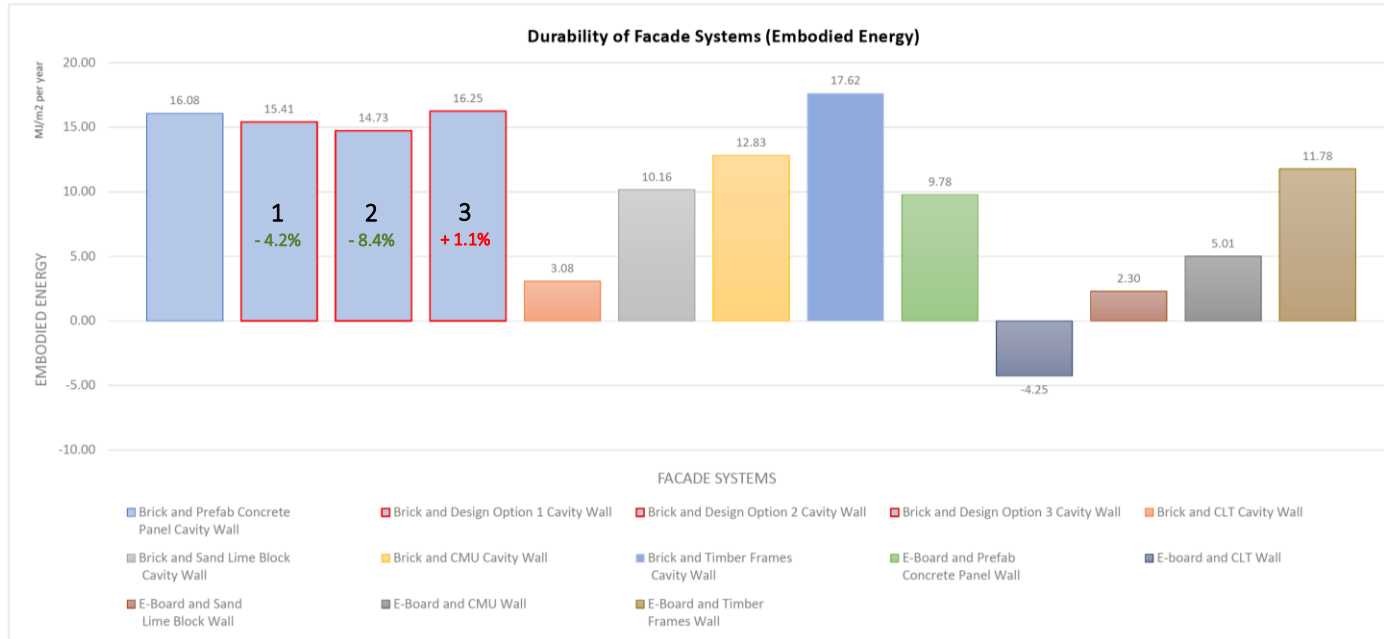
# Thermal Insulation vs Environmental Impact: Comparison



# Acoustic Insulation vs Environmental Impact: Comparison

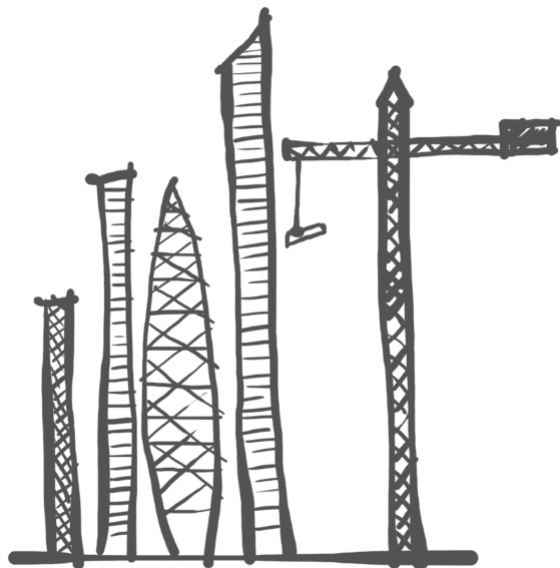


# Durability: Comparison



- ➔ The embodied energy and the carbon footprint are broadly understood parameters by designers and engineers. Therefore, a framework can be developed to measure the environmental impact of any product, component or façade system.
- ➔ Since facade components are normally measured in square meters ( $m^2$ ), a good way of presenting the embodied energy and carbon footprint in a facade system is by measuring them in  $MJ/m^2$  and  $kgCO_2/m^2$ .
- ➔ The environmental impact can be related to any building parameter like the U-value and the airborne sound insulation, in order to assess any existing design and to obtain ideas on how to improve it.
- ➔ From the different conducted assessments it could be observed that the systems with the higher environmental impact in order to reach certain U-values or airborne sound insulation levels are the more massive systems. For this reason, optimizing these facades focusing on reducing the mass proved to be a good solution in order to reduce their environmental impact.

- A way of quantifying the environmental impact of the materials in a facade system regarding the life-stages of **construction** and **use phases** can be taken into account
- Other parameters can be taken into account in this tool to compare with the environmental impact, like **structural properties** or **cost**.
- The assessment framework can be **scaled up** in order to evaluate not only facade systems, but **all the components in a building**.



Thank you!