



Delft University of Technology

Erratum

Silica-Supported PdGa Nanoparticles: Metal Synergy for Highly Active and Selective CO₂-to-CH₃OH Hydrogenation (JACS Au (2021) 1:4 (450–458) DOI: 10.1021/jacsau.1c00021)

Docherty, Scott R.; Phongprueksathat, Nat; Lam, Erwin; Noh, Gina; Safonova, Olga V.; Urakawa, Atsushi; Coperet, Christophe

DOI

[10.1021/jacsau.2c00421](https://doi.org/10.1021/jacsau.2c00421)

Publication date

2022

Document Version

Final published version

Published in

Journal of the American Chemical Society

Citation (APA)

Docherty, S. R., Phongprueksathat, N., Lam, E., Noh, G., Safonova, O. V., Urakawa, A., & Coperet, C. (2022). Erratum: Silica-Supported PdGa Nanoparticles: Metal Synergy for Highly Active and Selective CO₂-to-CH₃OH Hydrogenation (JACS Au (2021) 1:4 (450–458) DOI: 10.1021/jacsau.1c00021). *Journal of the American Chemical Society*, 2(8), 1946-1947. <https://doi.org/10.1021/jacsau.2c00421>

Important note

To cite this publication, please use the final published version (if applicable).

Please check the document version above.

Copyright

Other than for strictly personal use, it is not permitted to download, forward or distribute the text or part of it, without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), unless the work is under an open content license such as Creative Commons.

Takedown policy

Please contact us and provide details if you believe this document breaches copyrights.

We will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Correction to “Silica-Supported PdGa Nanoparticles: Metal Synergy for Highly Active and Selective CO₂-to-CH₃OH Hydrogenation”

Scott R. Docherty, Nat Phongprueksathat, Erwin Lam, Gina Noh, Olga V. Safonova, Atsushi Urakawa, and Christophe Copéret*

JACS Au 2021, 1 (4), 450–458. DOI: [10.1021/jacsau.1c00021](https://doi.org/10.1021/jacsau.1c00021)



Cite This: *JACS Au* 2022, 2, 1946–1947



Read Online

ACCESS |

Metrics & More

Article Recommendations

Supporting Information

In the original version of this article, **Table 1**, the main text, and the **Supporting Information** contain errors due to the inversion of CO and H₂ chemisorption for Pd@SiO₂. The correct values for **Table 1** are as follows:

Table 1

material	CO chemisorption, mol _{CO} mol _{Pd} ⁻¹ (D_{CO})	H ₂ chemisorption, mol _{H₂} mol _{Pd} ⁻¹	H/CO ratio
Pd@SiO ₂	0.93 (93%)	0.62	1.3

On page 452, column 1 (lines 12–23) reads: “H₂ and CO chemisorption show an uptake of 0.91 mol_{H₂} mol_{Pd}⁻¹ and 0.61 mol_{CO} mol_{Pd}⁻¹, respectively (Table 1, Supporting Information S6). Considering a 1:1 CO/Pd stoichiometry,³² the dispersion from CO chemisorption (D_{CO}) equals 61%, in a reasonable agreement with the dispersion from TEM ($D_{TEM} \approx 70\%$; Supporting Information S9).³² While H₂ chemisorption is not effective for a determination of the metal dispersion of Pd nanoparticles due to the formation of a stable bulk hydride with larger particles (>2.6 nm),³² a comparison of the H₂ uptake and D_{CO} would correspond to approximately three hydrogen atoms per surface Pd.”

This should be corrected to “H₂ and CO chemisorption show an uptake of 0.62 mol_{H₂} mol_{Pd}⁻¹ and 0.93 mol_{CO} mol_{Pd}⁻¹, respectively (Table 1, Supporting Information S6). Considering a 1:1 CO/Pd stoichiometry,³² the dispersion from CO chemisorption (D_{CO}) equals 93%, higher than would be expected from TEM ($D_{TEM} \approx 70\%$; Supporting Information S9).³² While H₂ chemisorption is not effective for a determination of the metal dispersion of Pd nanoparticles due to the formation of a stable bulk hydride with larger particles (>2.6 nm),³² a comparison of the H₂ uptake and D_{CO} would correspond to approximately ca. 1.3 hydrogen atoms per surface Pd.”

Furthermore, in the **Supporting Information**, the corresponding corrections have been made in caption titles and graph axes, i.e., change CO for H₂ and H₂ for CO in Figures S13–S16. In addition, mistakes relating to the units in both the figure and caption of Figure S42 have been addressed. The **Supporting Information** has been updated accordingly. The conclusions of the work are not affected.

ASSOCIATED CONTENT

SI Supporting Information

The Supporting Information is available free of charge at <https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/jacsau.2c00421>.

Complete experimental procedures, general considerations, spectroscopic methods, and associated data (PDF)

AUTHOR INFORMATION

Corresponding Author

Christophe Copéret – Department of Chemistry and Applied Biosciences, ETH Zürich, CH-8093 Zurich, Switzerland;
 orcid.org/0000-0001-9660-3890; Email: ccoperet@ethz.ch

Authors

Scott R. Docherty – Department of Chemistry and Applied Biosciences, ETH Zürich, CH-8093 Zurich, Switzerland;
 orcid.org/0000-0002-8605-3669

Nat Phongprueksathat – Catalysis Engineering, Department of Chemical Engineering, Delft University of Technology, 2629 HZ Delft, The Netherlands; orcid.org/0000-0003-4225-8205

Erwin Lam – Department of Chemistry and Applied Biosciences, ETH Zürich, CH-8093 Zurich, Switzerland;
 orcid.org/0000-0002-8641-7928

Gina Noh – Department of Chemistry and Applied Biosciences, ETH Zürich, CH-8093 Zurich, Switzerland;
 orcid.org/0000-0003-4717-5767

Olga V. Safonova – Paul Scherrer Institute, CH-5232 Villigen, Switzerland; orcid.org/0000-0002-6772-1414

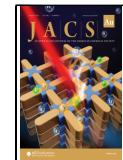
Atsushi Urakawa – Catalysis Engineering, Department of Chemical Engineering, Delft University of Technology, 2629 HZ Delft, The Netherlands; orcid.org/0000-0001-7778-4008

Received: July 29, 2022

Revised: August 4, 2022

Accepted: August 4, 2022

Published: August 12, 2022



Complete contact information is available at:
<https://pubs.acs.org/10.1021/jacsau.2c00421>