#### Home for Urban Producers

Design proposal for creating more public and productive homes for future target groups in the current housing situation.

P5 Presentation 11<sup>th</sup> of April, 2024 Gyeongri Park

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#### Conclusion

#### **Current Housing Situation**



Diversified Demand of Growing Population

Post-war Ubiquitous Housing Supply





#### Discrepancy



[Meaning of the Home]

How can the **design of the living environment** integrate a future mix in the **post-war neighborhood** towards times in which ubran inhabitants bring diverse meanings of the home?

#### Material Structure of a House

17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries

### **Concept of Domesticity**

**Spatial Demarcation and Objects** 



#### Front Room

Showcase Mentality



Gabriel Metsu, Woman Reading a Letter, ca. 1663. Reproduction, oil on panel, 52.5x50.2 cm. Courtesy of the National Gallery of Ireland.

#### **Front Room**

**Public Characteristic** 





Frances Holliss (2015). 32 Queen St, Hillfields, Coventry, Plan Drawing. Beyond live/ work: the architecture of home-based work. Routledge. Recreated by the author.

Frances Holliss (2015). Master-watchmaker's workhome at No. 61 Allesley Old Rd, Coventry, Plan Drawing. Beyond live/work: the architecture of home-based work. Routledge. Recreated by the author.

# **Front Room**

**Pictorial Representation** 



Caspar Philips Jacobszoon, Herengraht 539-543, Het Grachtenboek, ca. 1767. Courtesy of the Amsterdam Municipal Archives.

#### New Mode of Living

20<sup>th</sup> century

#### Crosscutting the Two Worlds

**Technical Innovation** 



Smil, V. (2005). Creating the Twentieth Century: Technical Innovations of 1867-1914 and Their Lasting Impact. OUP USA

#### Ideological Home

Reproductive Modes of Living



#### **Open Plan**

Introduction of a Multifunctional Living-Dining Room



Open plan, Dads Wood, Harlow, recreated by author

# Appropriation

Structural Modification of Lounge



Structural Modification of Open plan, Dads Wood, Harlow, recreated by author



Productivity



Reproductivity

#### Site Analysis

Home Representing Modern Ideology

# Groot-IJsselmonde in Rotterdam-Zuid

Rotterdam City Centre



#### Getting Closer to the City Center Again

Area Development and Major Projects

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Alexander tot Zuidplein

....

Feyenoord City

-> Gebiedsvisie Stadionpark

> Centrum IJsselmonde

Future Visions for the District and Station Area

#### Zoom-in Groot-IJsselmonde

By the Major Development Projects



#### Demographic



Urban Structure



Public Transportation



Green Structure





#### Hordijkerveld

Low-medium Density Residential Area



Residential area 1 Residential area 2 Residential area 3 with big central courtyard. with low-rise buildings with low-rise buildings and central courtyard. and central courtyard. The landscape that indicates the old Industrial Area trace of the dyke before the modern period. Green space that separates the res-Access to green separating two idential area from the industial area different residential units. adn the highway. 



Residential area 4 with medium-rise buildings and the big central courtyard.

> Green landscape separating two different neighborhoods.

# **Current Situation**

**Inactive Plinth** 



Existing Floor Plan Ground Floor, 1:500

#### **Current Situation**

Inactive Central Courtyard



Existing Floor Plan Residential Floor, 1:500

#### Outdated, Monotonous, Unsustainable Buildings







#### **Car-Dominated Main Street**





#### **Inactive Ground Floor**



#### Lifeless Outdoor Space: Courtyard



#### Lifeless Outdoor Space: Car-Parking Dominated



#### Lifeless Outdoor Space: Leftout Green Space





What if everyone has the means of production in their domestic environment again?


# **Renovation Strategy 1**

Permeable Ground Floor







Renovation Floor Plan Ground Floor, 1:500

# **Renovation Strategy 2**

Extention: Gallery and Office Garden









Renovation Floor Plan Residential Floor, 1:500

# **Vertical Front Room**

Through Working Corridor and Office Garden





Office Garden Pictorial Representation of Front Room to the Street

Gallery Bringing Back the Public Characteristic of Front Room

# Original Plan

Typical Floor Plan



Dwelling Level, 1:100

# Permeability and Active Ground Floor

Open Core and Mezzanine







Operational Plan Ground Floor, 1:100

# Ground-Bound Work-Live Unit

Live-Function Dedicated Upper Level







Operational Plan First Floor, 1:100

# Office Garden and Balcony

**Floor Extension** 







Operational Plan Residential Floor Type B, 1:100

Appropriation of Office Garden based on Time-Zoning



Functional Plan Residential Floor with Office Garden, 1:100

Appropriation of Office Garden based on Time-Zoning



Functional Plan Residential Floor with Office Garden, 1:100





# **Vertical Front Room**

Gallery Extension







Operational Plan Residential Floor Type A, 1:100

Appropriation of Front Room based on Time Zoning



Functional Plan Residential Floor with Gallery Typology, 1:100

Appropriation of Front Room based on Time Zoning



Functional Plan Residential Floor with Gallery Typology, 1:100





# **Building Technology**

Where the old and new meet













# **Conceptual Ambiguity of Productivity**

21<sup>st</sup> century





#### Four Pillars of a Modern Home





#### Four Pillars of a Productive Home



# Target Group Analysis

Age	Household	Income	Lifestyle	Ownership			
15-25 (Student) 18-25 25-64 65+	Single Couple without child(ren) Coule with child(ren) Single parent family	low middle upper	Disabilities Religious Background Cultural Background LGBTQ+ Live-work Personality Starters Young Professional Migrants Student	Private Community Association Municipality			

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Age	Age Household	Age Household Income	Age Household Income Lifestyle
15-25 (Student) 18-25 25-64 65+	15-25 (Student)   Single     18-25   Couple without child(ren)     25-64   Coule with child(ren)     65+   Single parent family	15-25 (Student) Single Couple without child(ren) Iow middle upper   25-64 Coule with child(ren) middle upper   65+ Single parent family Iow	15-25 (Student)   Single   Iow   Disabilities     18-25   Couple without child(ren)   middle   upper     25-64   Coule with child(ren)   single parent family   upper     65+   Single parent family   Live work   Personality     Starters   Young Professional   Migrants   Student

	Productive						
	Self-presenting	Self-making	Service economy	Shared economy			
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Family							
The elderly							
single-person household							
Students							
Young professionals							
Starters							
Migrants							

	Productive					
	Self-presenting	Self-making	Service economy	Shared economy		
Family						
The elderly						
single-person household						
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Young professionals						
Starters						
Migrants						

	<b>1</b>	Prod	uctive	Reproductive			
	Self-presenting	Self-making	Service economy	Shared economy	Intimacy	Relax	Bigenerational
		۲¦-T			<b>T</b>	<b>Å</b>	iŤŧ
Traditional Housing							
Micro Housing							
Serviced Apartment							
Shared Housing				•			
Studio	•						
Office	•						
Workshop	•			•			
Storage	•		•				
Car parking				•			
Logistics							
Commercial							
Collective Garden							
Green							
Playground							

The functional zoning typical of modern urbanism is no longer self-evident. People's domestic and professional lives increasingly take place in one and the same domain. They need a different type of city, one that accommodates a wide variety of programs, with tailor-made facilities that allow combinations of living, working and care. ... It is where the individual dwelling, the collective domain and urban life meet.' - DASH (2018)

# **Densification Strategy**

Jane Jacobs' Four Conditions of Exuberant Diversity in a City's Streets

Condition 1

The district and its internal parts must serve more than one primary function. Condition 2

Most blocks must be short. People can have more opportunities to turn corners more frequently.

Condition 3

The district must combine buildings that vary in age and condition, and the mingling must be close-grained. Condition 4

A dense concentration of people who live there must be present.



What happens when the **productive living** is mapped onto an existing structure of the post-war housing?


### **Cluster and Corner**

## **Cluster Design Strategy 1**



## Cluster Design Strategy 2



## Cluster Design Strategy 3



# **Three New Typologies**

**Productive-function Dominated Residences** 



Greater adaptability coordinated by Inhabitants on different life phases



Compact private units equipped with collective facilities positioned nearby productive facility



3-storey independent housing unit split level achieving equal status between productive and reproductive functions

# Adaptable House

Optopping



## **Structural Base**

Spatial coordination depending on different life phases







Operational Plan Lower Level, 1:100



# Adaptable Infill

Spatial coordination depending on different life phases



Upper Level, 1:100



Lower Level, 1:100

# Adaptable Infill

Spatial coordination depending on different life phases





Upper Level, 1:100





Lower Level, 1:100

Half Unit Option 1 Half Unit Option 2





80/160mm wool blocking; 160mm mineral wool thermal insulation 2mm aluminium angle, vertical EPDM sealing layer 1.2mm horizontal cladding rail, galvanized; 0.5mm EPDM membrane, self-adhesive; 0.7mm zinc sheet, coated, bent to shape as 90/43mm fin

# **Co-Housing**

Living Adjacent to Source of Production



# Co-housing

Compact Private Individual Unit + Bigger Collective/Productive Space



+

Collective Kitchen
Collective Living Room
Collective Dining Room
Shared Storage
Shared Productive Space

Co-Housing Plan Ground Floor, 1:100





Productive Building Plan Ground Floor, 1:100

# Independent House

Equal-status between work and live



#### Live function dominated



Level 0



Level 1





Level 2





Level 2.5

# Independent Housing Unit

Equal status between work and live function



Section, 1:100



# **Corner Buildings**

As a pivotal point



### **Diverse Zones**

Identifying different productivity



#### New Axis Connecting Two Zones



# Different Qualities of Green

Better Walkability



# **Corner Building**

Diversification of Productive Agenda



# **Corner Building Plan Option 1**

Daycare



Corner Building Variation 1 Ground Floor, 1:100

## Corner Building Plan Option 2

Hotel Apartments



Corner Building Variation 2 Ground Floor, 1:100



#### How does newly-created in-between spaces look like?

# **Existing Situation**



Ground Floor, 1:500





## **Commercial Zone**

Existing In-Between Space between Two Stamps


















# **Productive Street**

Main Street to Productive Street







Ground Floor, 1:200





# **Diagonal Promenade**

In-Between New Productive Homes









Landscape on Neighborhood Scale Ground Floor, 1:200





### Courtyard

In-Between the New Residential Building to Existing, to Green







Green



Landscape on Neighborhood Scale Ground Floor, 1:200



# Building Climate

More sustainable and circular system

District Heating System with Urban Heating Network



Conventional Heat Source System

District Heating and Cooling System

By replacing individual boiler and chiller, the system helps reducing energy

stem ne system

Potential Residual Heat Source and Heat Network





[]]]	District Heating Rotterdam
	Groot-IJsselmonde
	Existence of Heating Network
	Main Pipeline across North (IoN)
	New Heat Path (DNWW)
	Pipes to Buildings

### **Primary Circuit**

Heat generated by Industrial Residual Heat from Port Rotterdam travels as 100 to 120 C water through an underground pipe system to the distribution station in the site. Here, extra residual heat from the site is also contributes to the system.



Secondary Circuit



\_The heat delivery set distributes the hot water over the radiators

The heat exchanger heats this water. • The tap water does not come into contact with the water used for heating.

The tap and shower water is supplied by a separate pipe.

