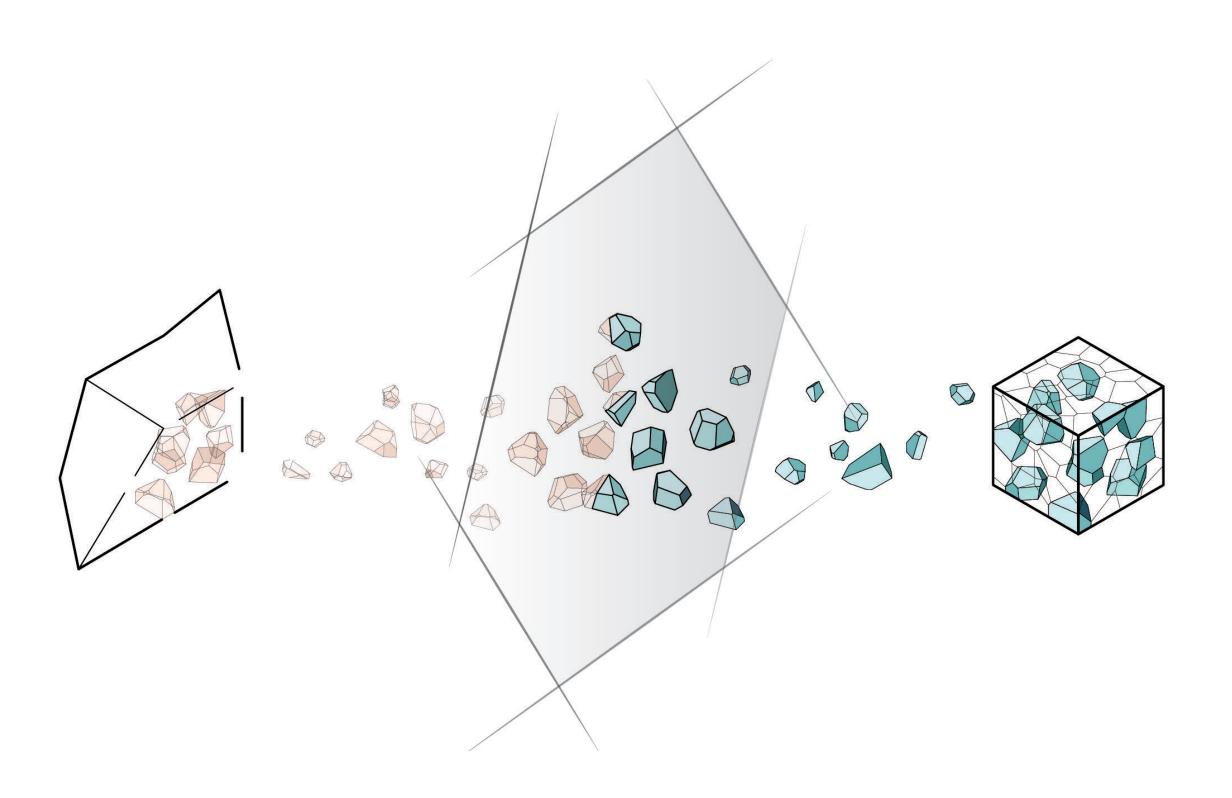
AN ALTERNATIVE NEW TOWN PARADIGM

Towards an Inclusive New Town in Kenya

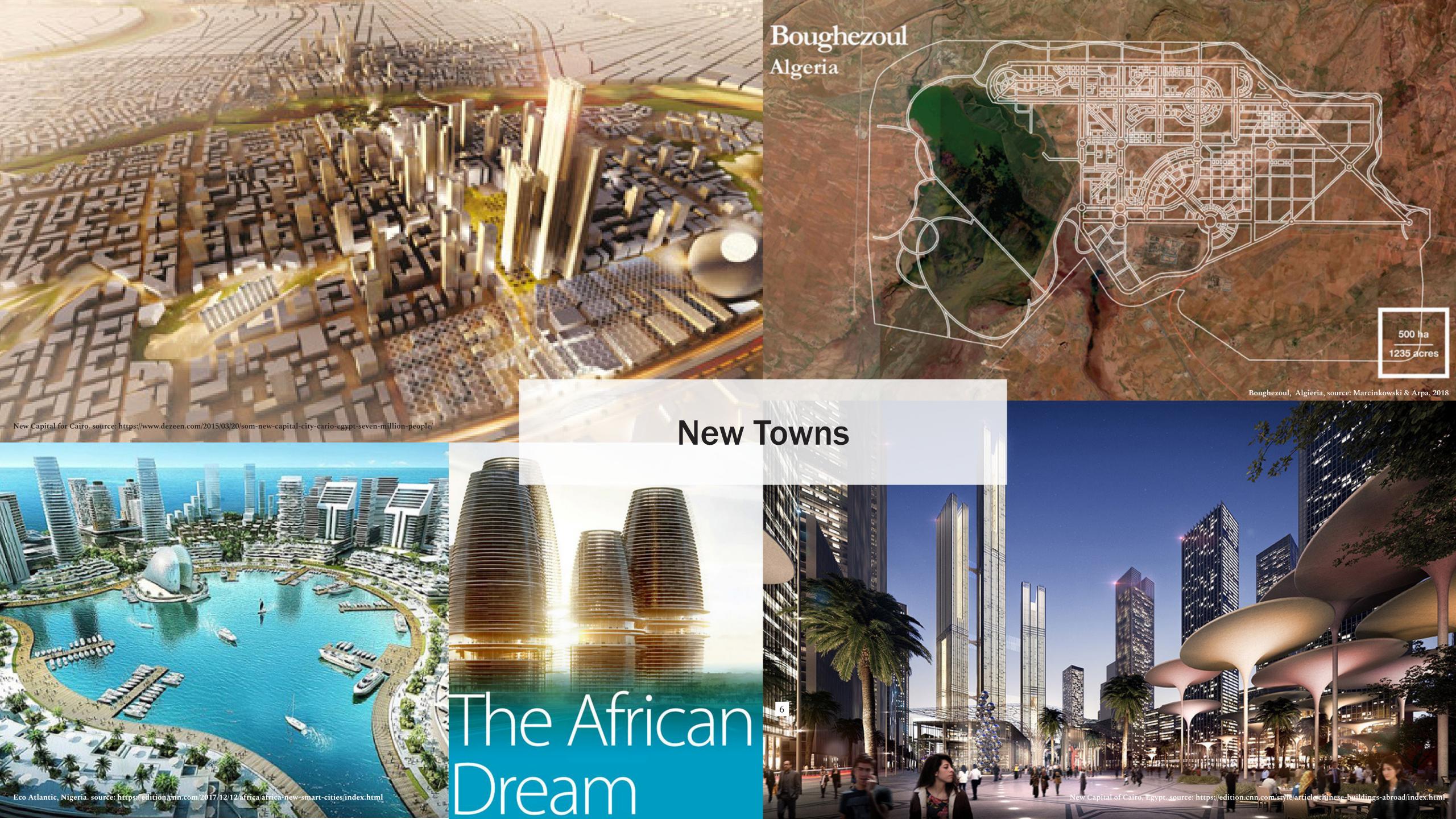


Zuzanna Sekuła, 4745388 mentors: Rachel Keeton, Arie Romein



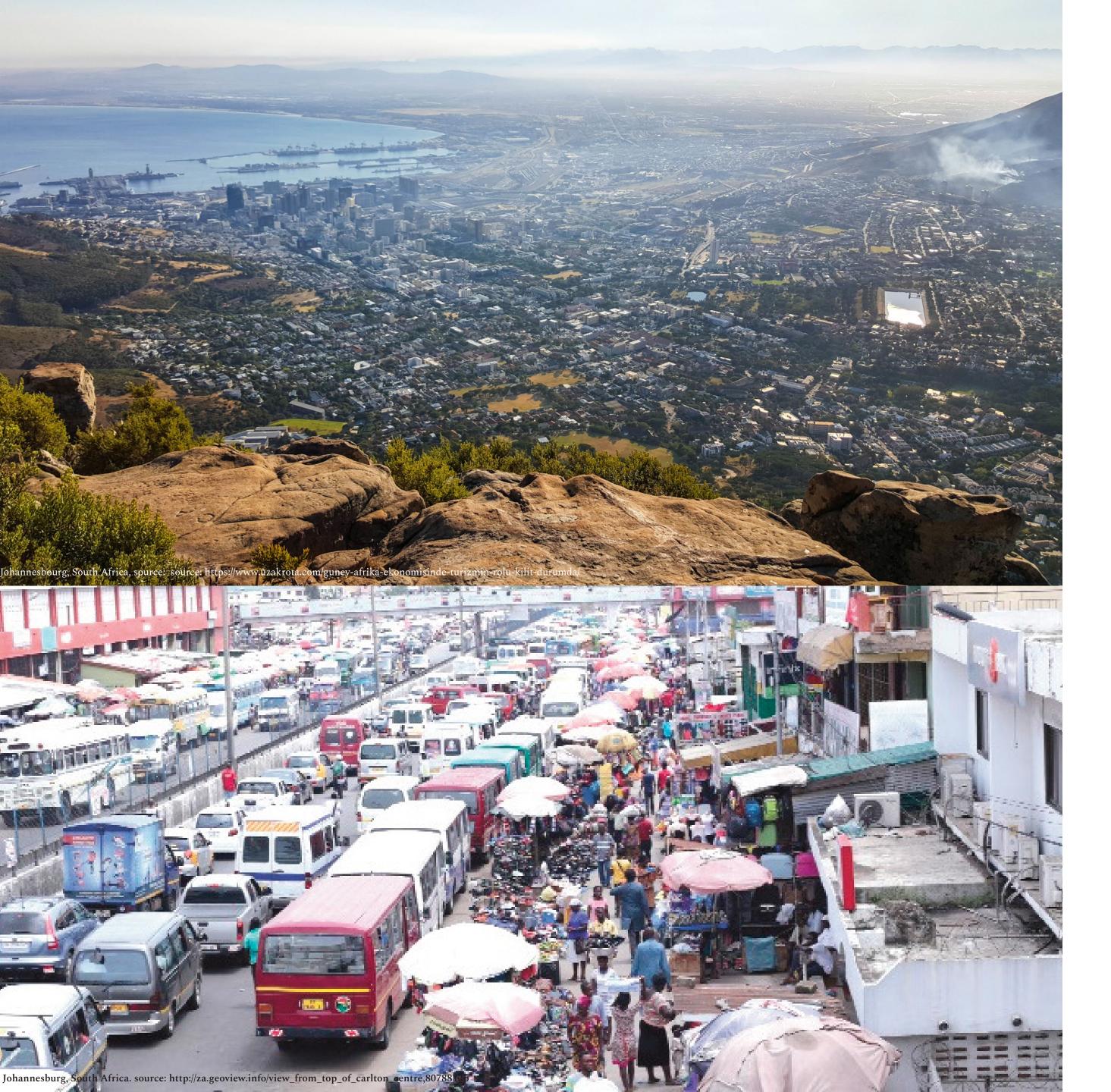






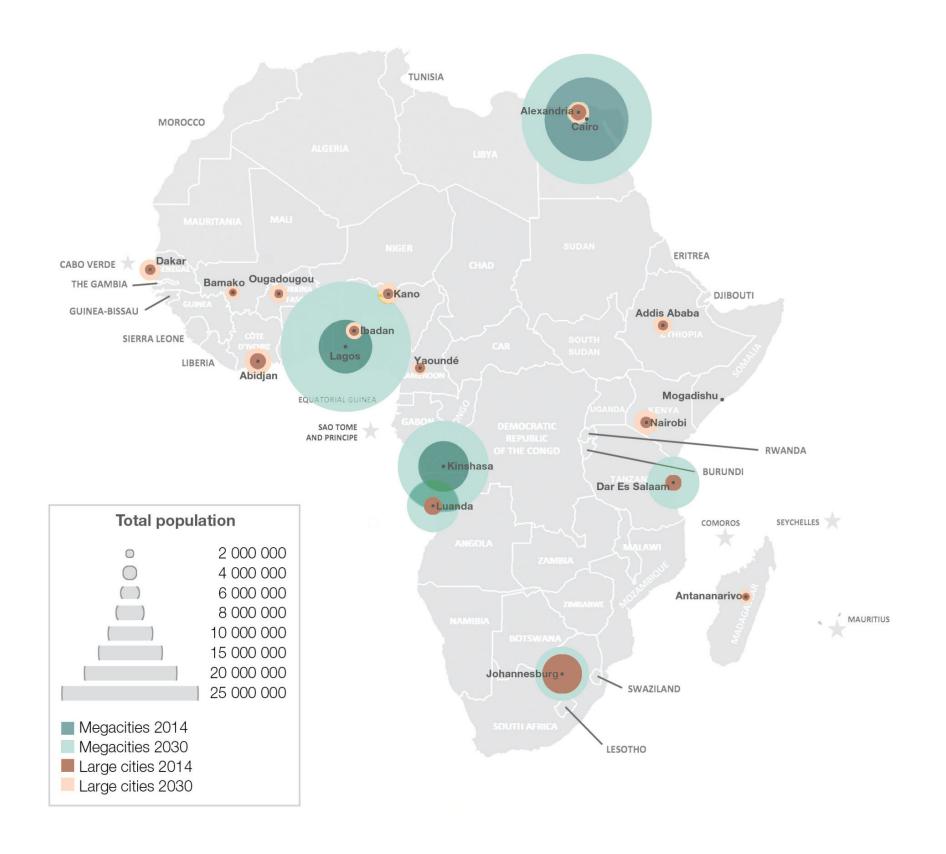
New Towns in Africa since 1990





During the last two decades, **the urban growth** in Africa has stayed at **3.5%** per year and it's projected to hold till 2050.

It means that in the coming 30 years the continent's urban population reach more than 1.3 billion Africans living in the cities.



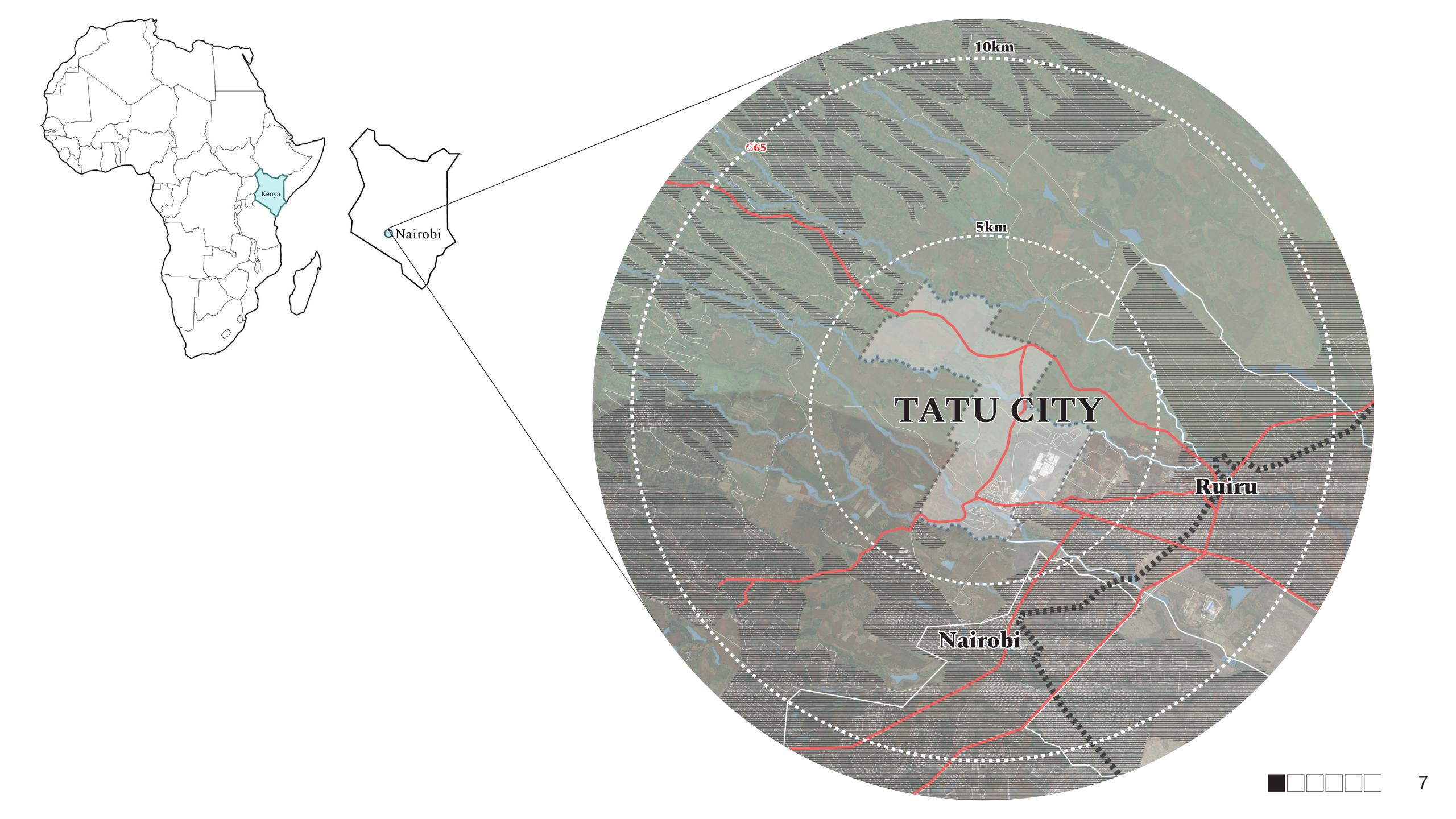




^{1.2} The Economist source: https://medium.com/@AdeRonke/the-african-story-8973d7a49715 accessed on 29.10.2018

^{4.} New Capital for Cairo. source: https://www.dezeen.com/2015/03/20/som-new-capital-city-cario-egypt-seven-million-people/5. Tatu City, Kenya -source: Tatu City broshure 2018















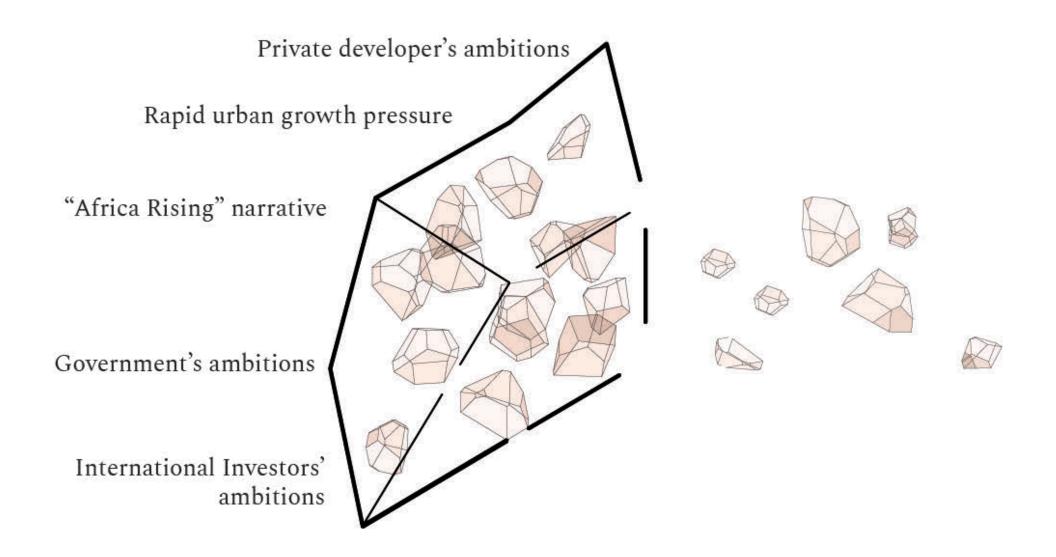


Research Question

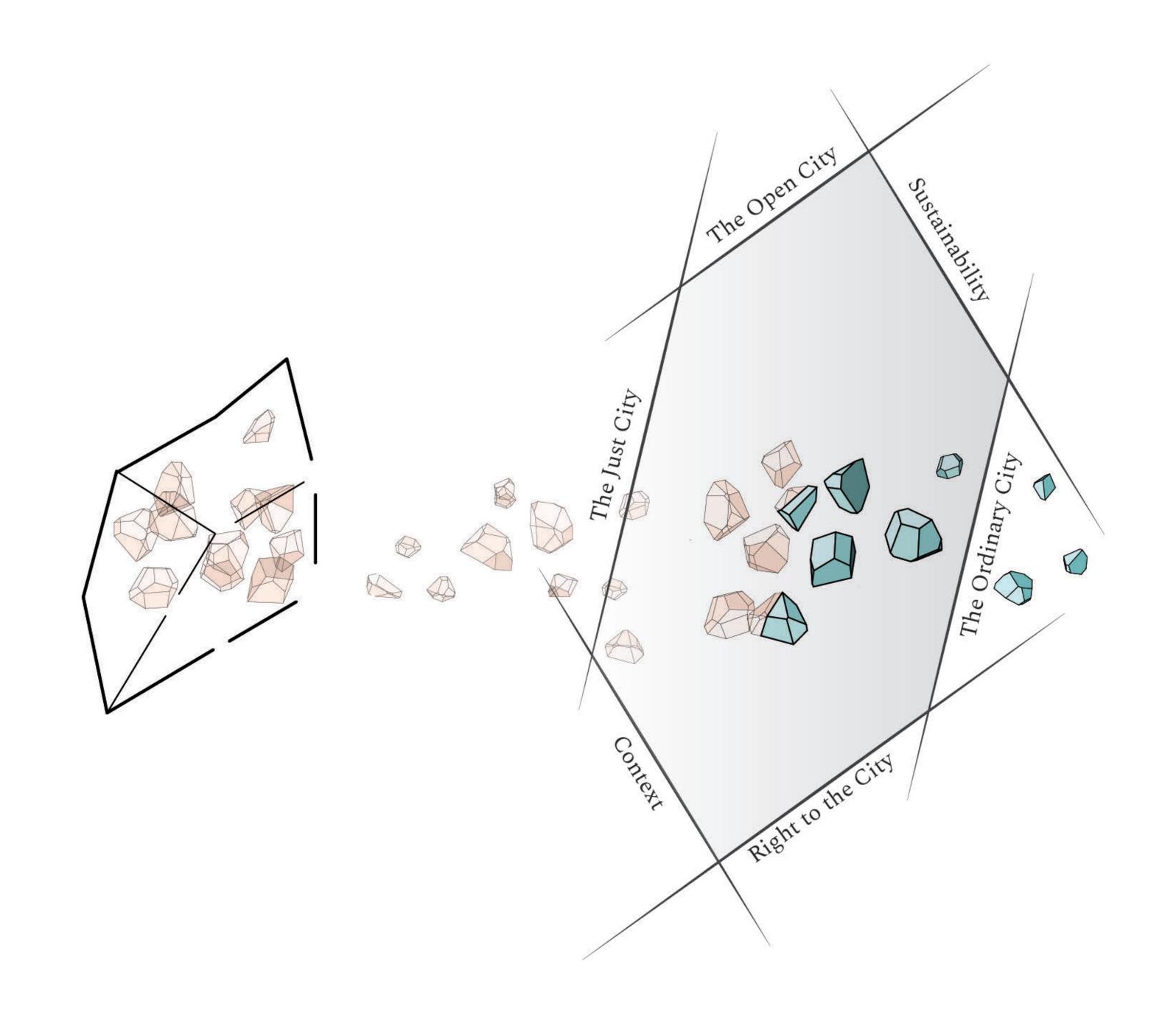
How the current regulatory framework reinforces the socio-spatial exclusion of Tatu City

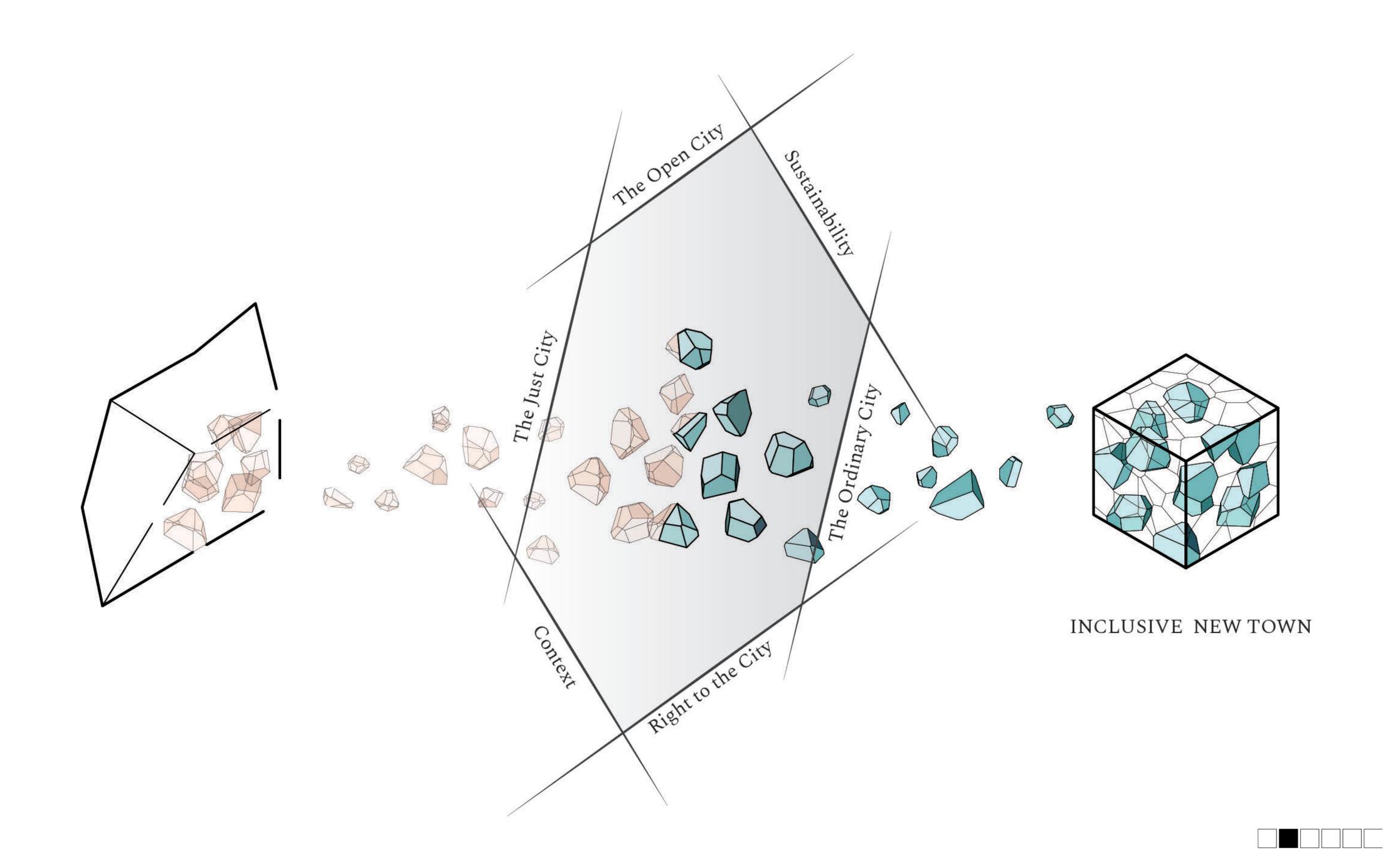
and

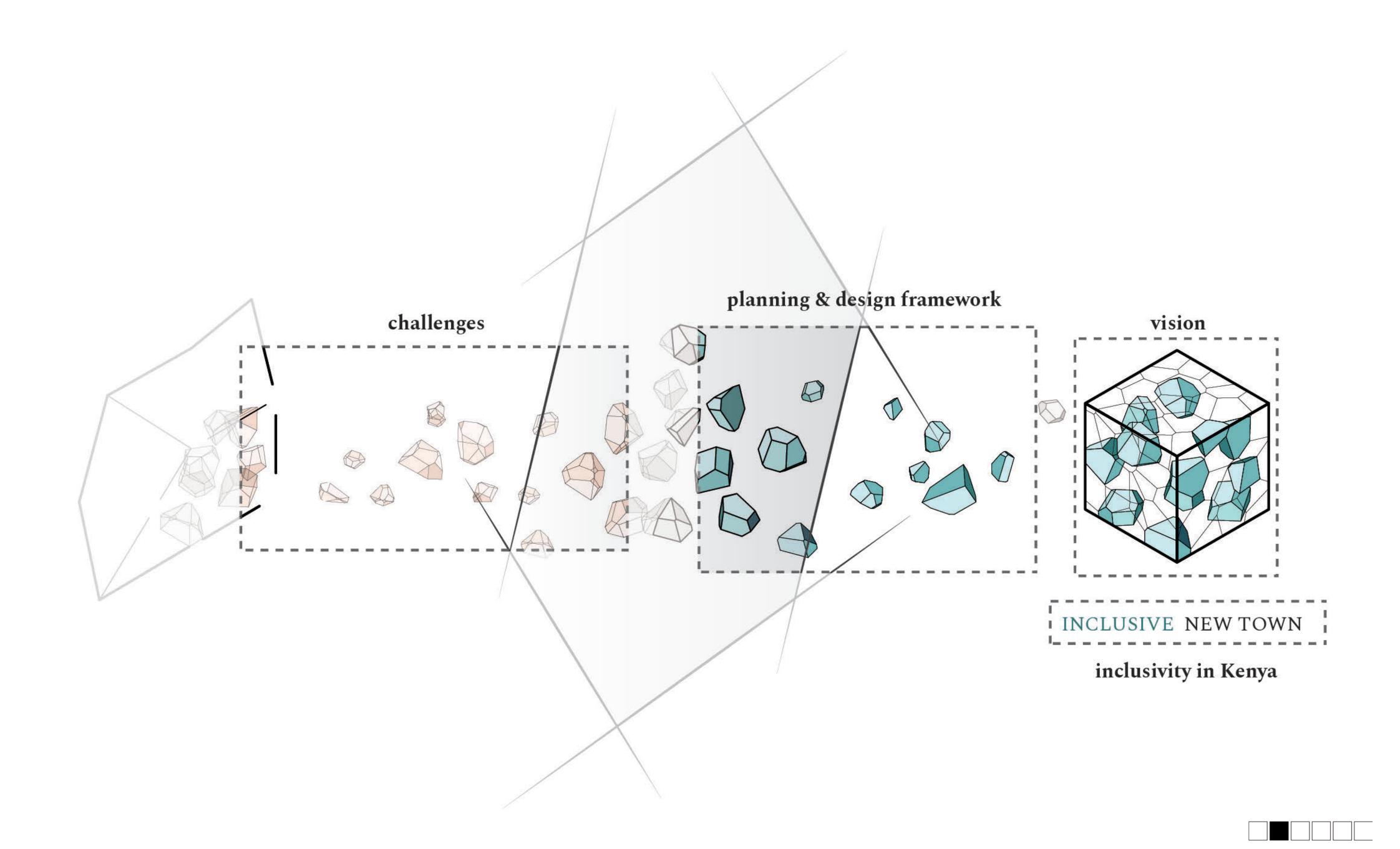
how planning and design framework can lead to creating a vision for the inclusive private New Town in Kenya?

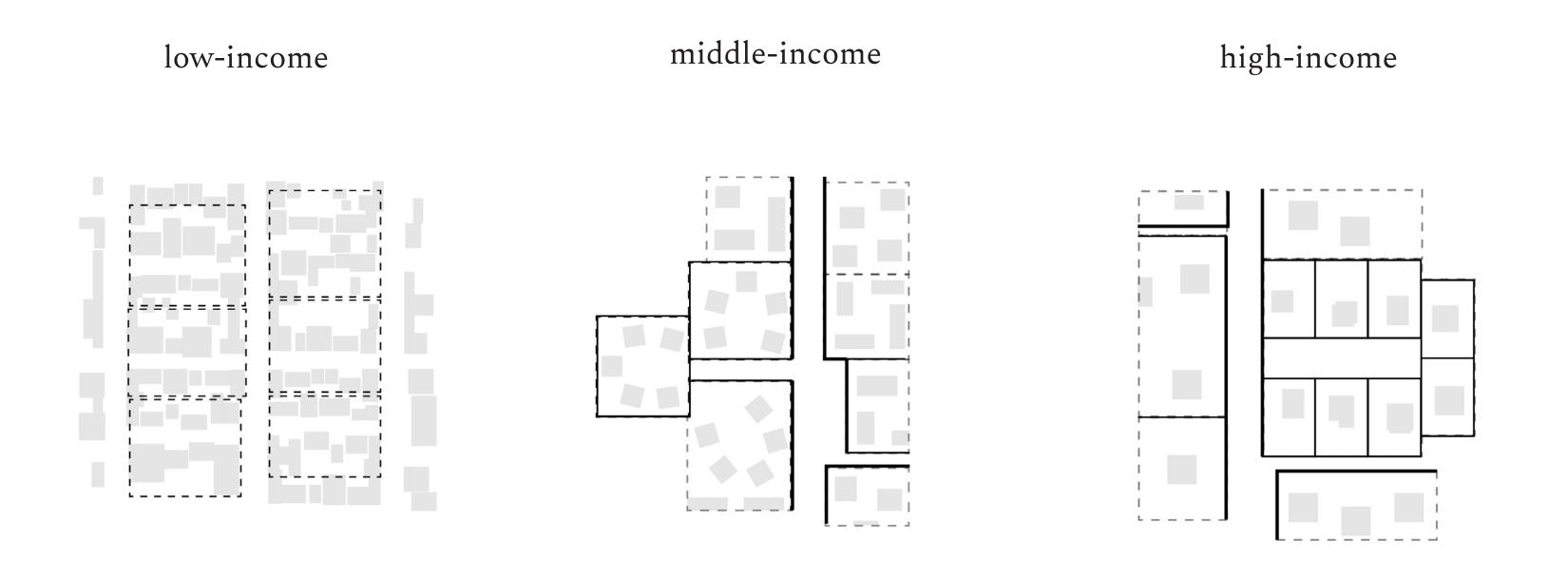


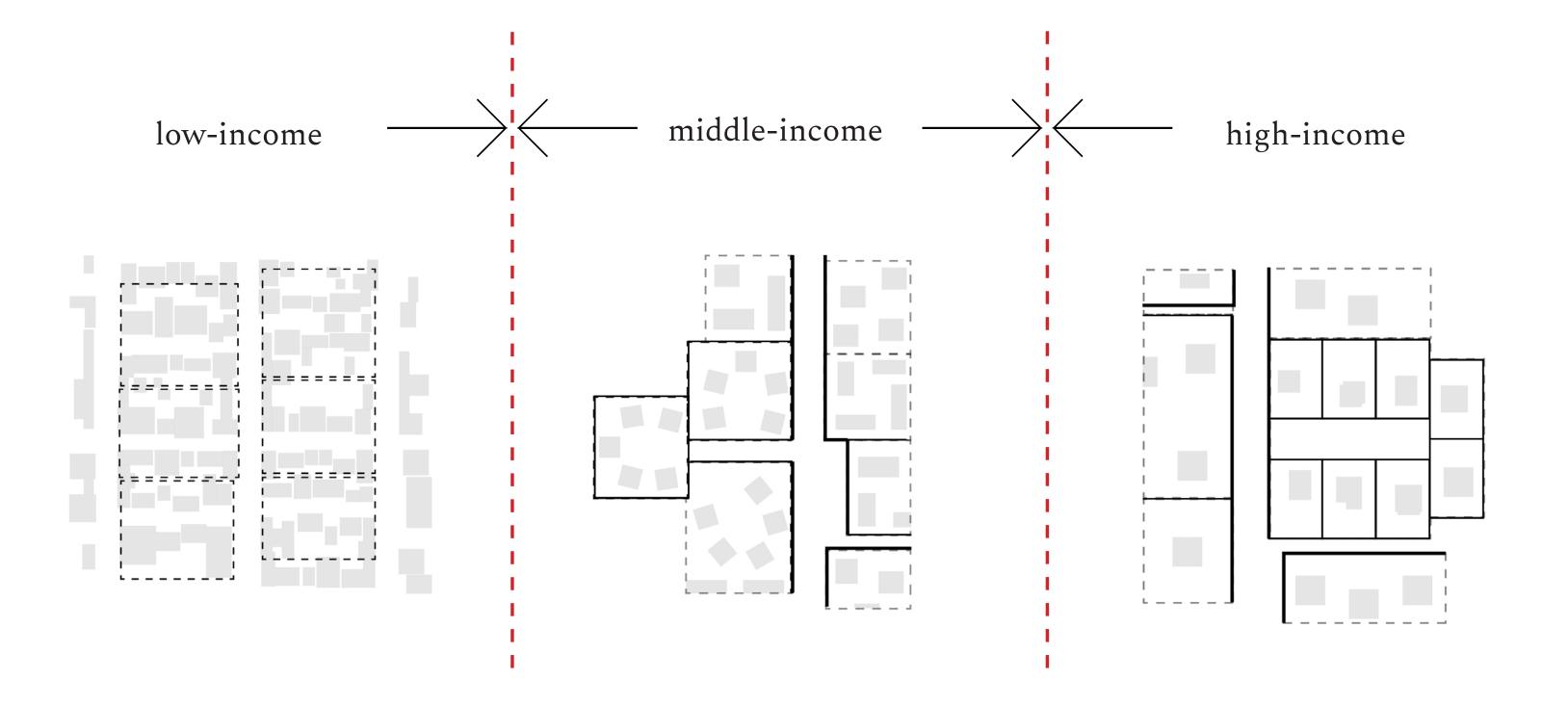
EXCLUSIVE NEW TOWN



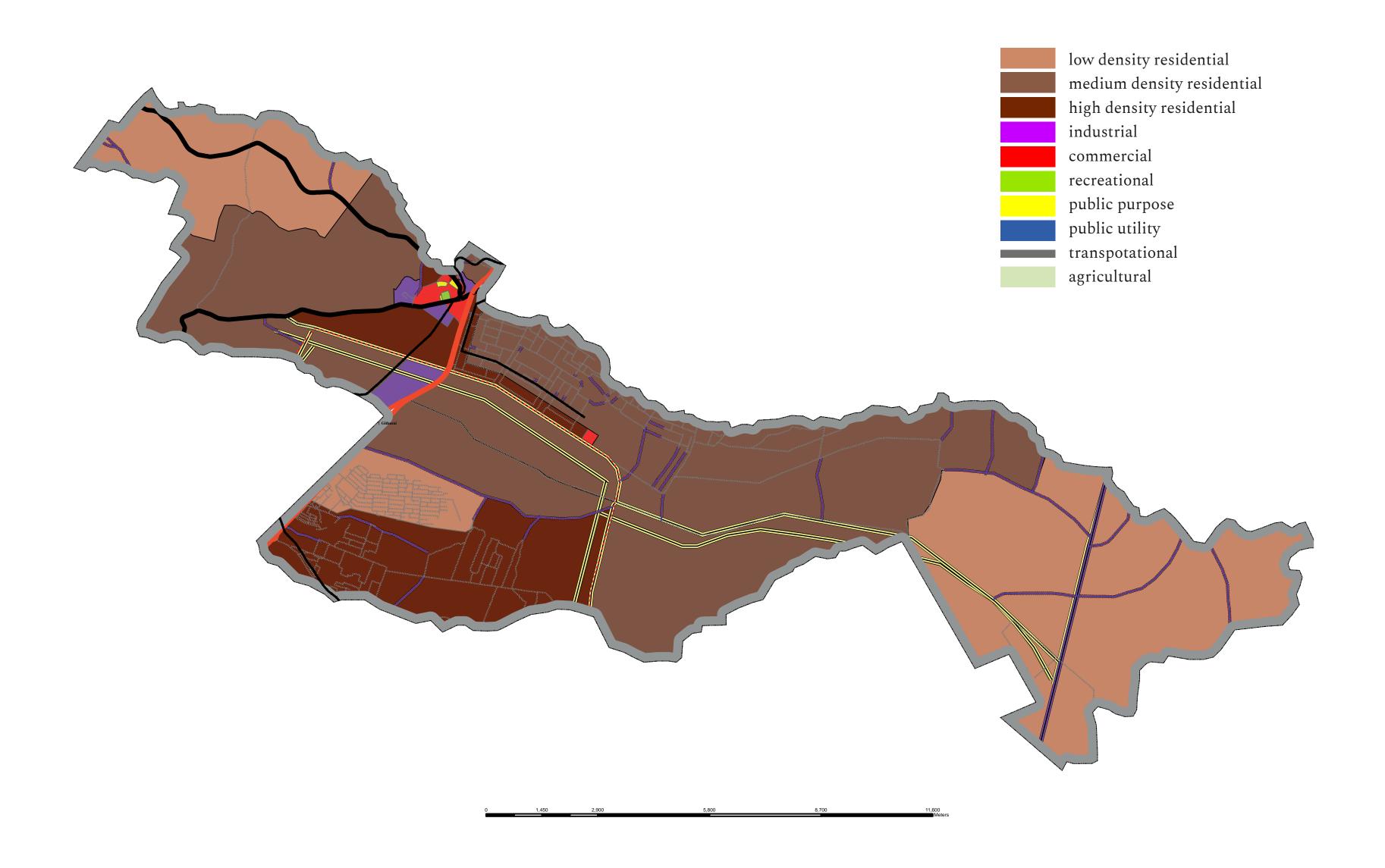


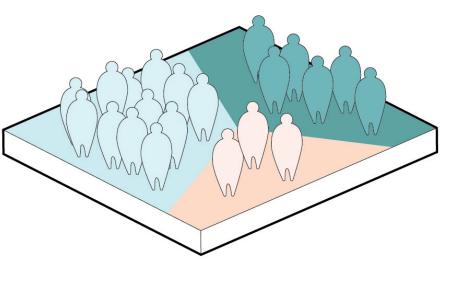








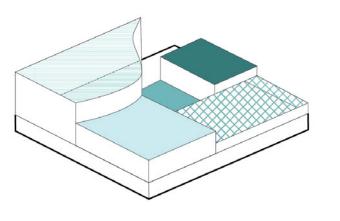




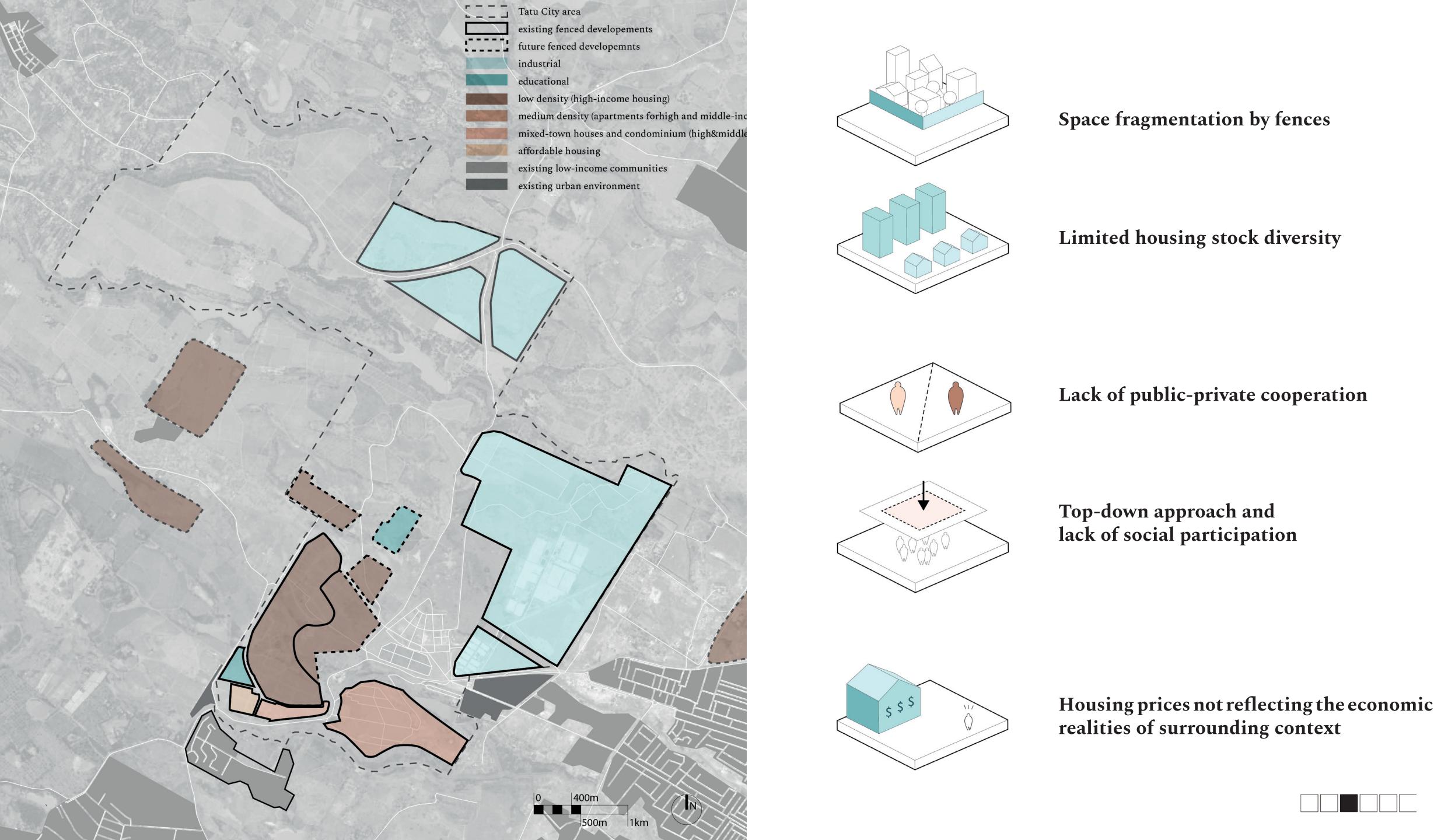
socio-spatial segregation



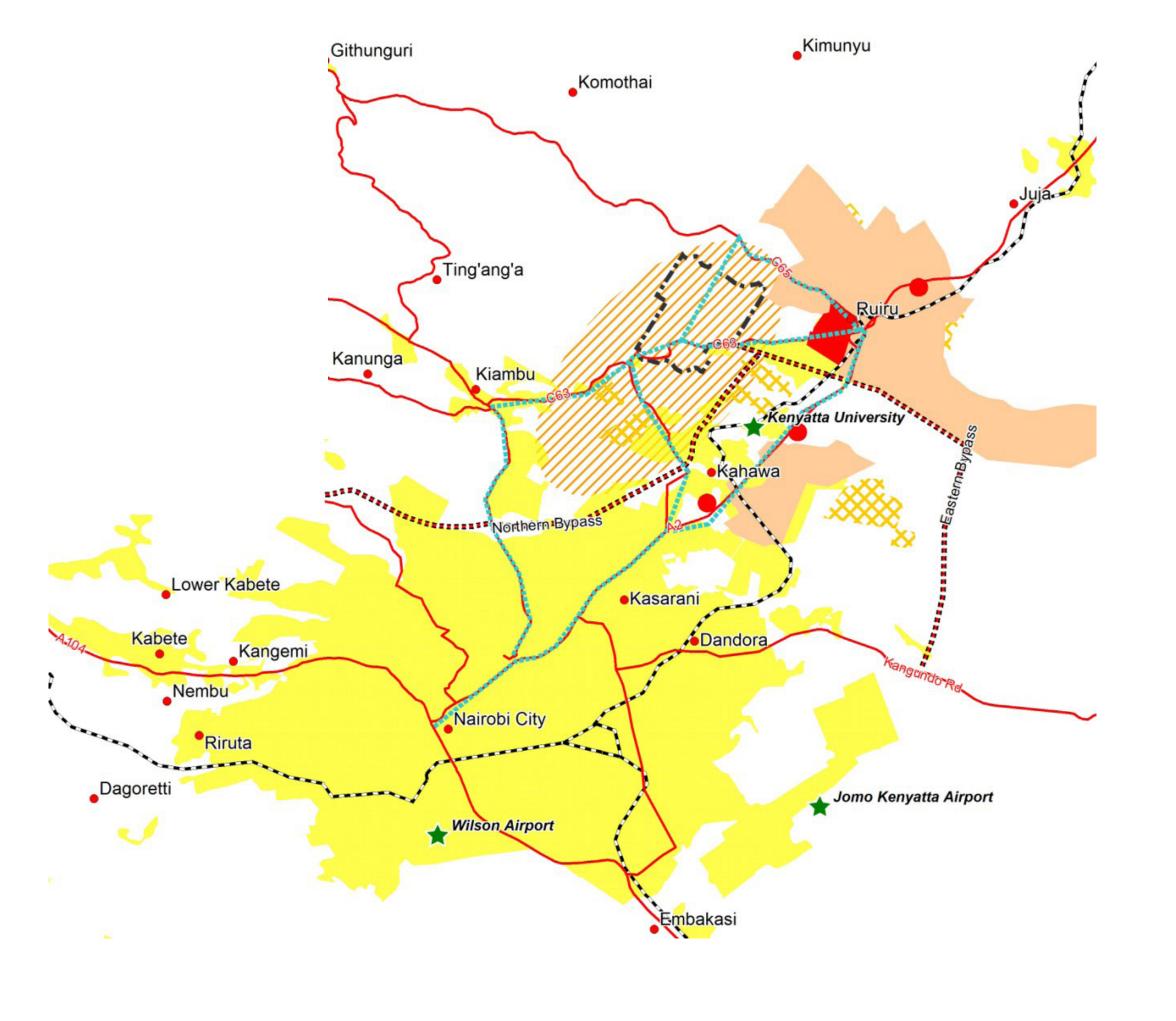


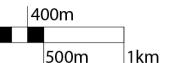


Zoning - plan design



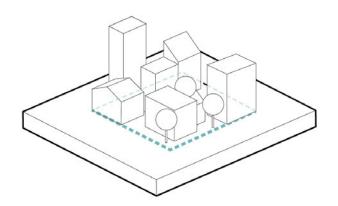




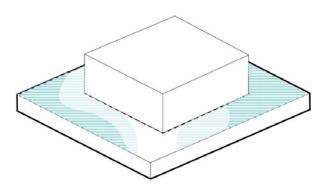




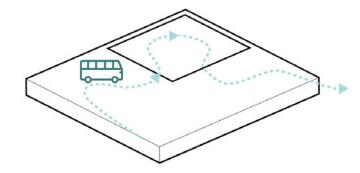




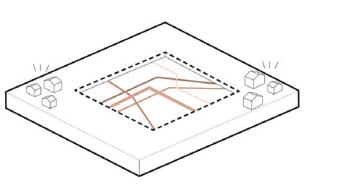
Design on the "blank page"



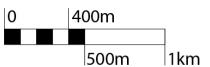
Final product design withour future development scenarios



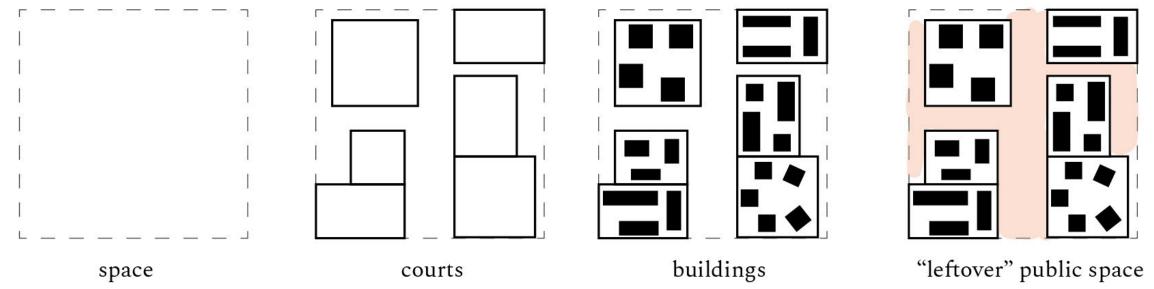
Lack of efficient and affordable public transport

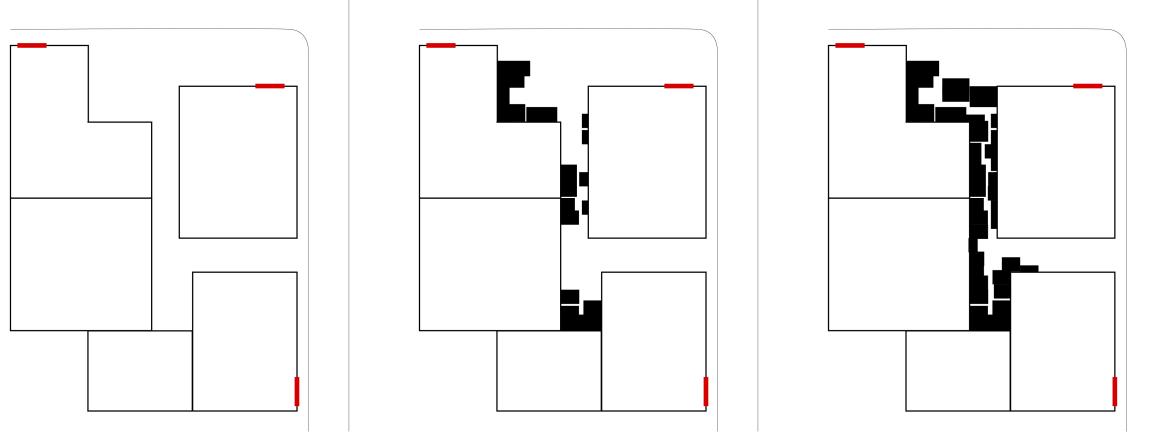


Injustice in providing services





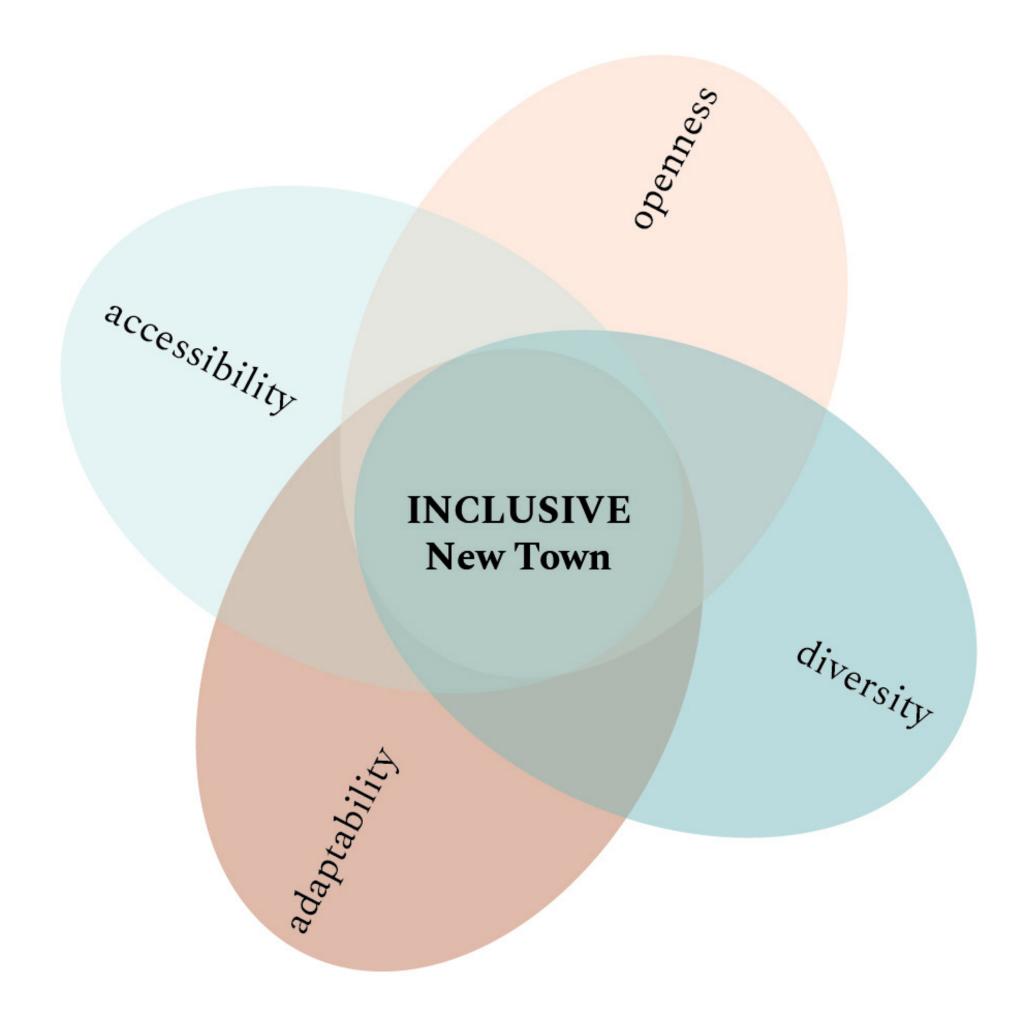








What does it mean **an inclusive New Town** and what are its design principles?



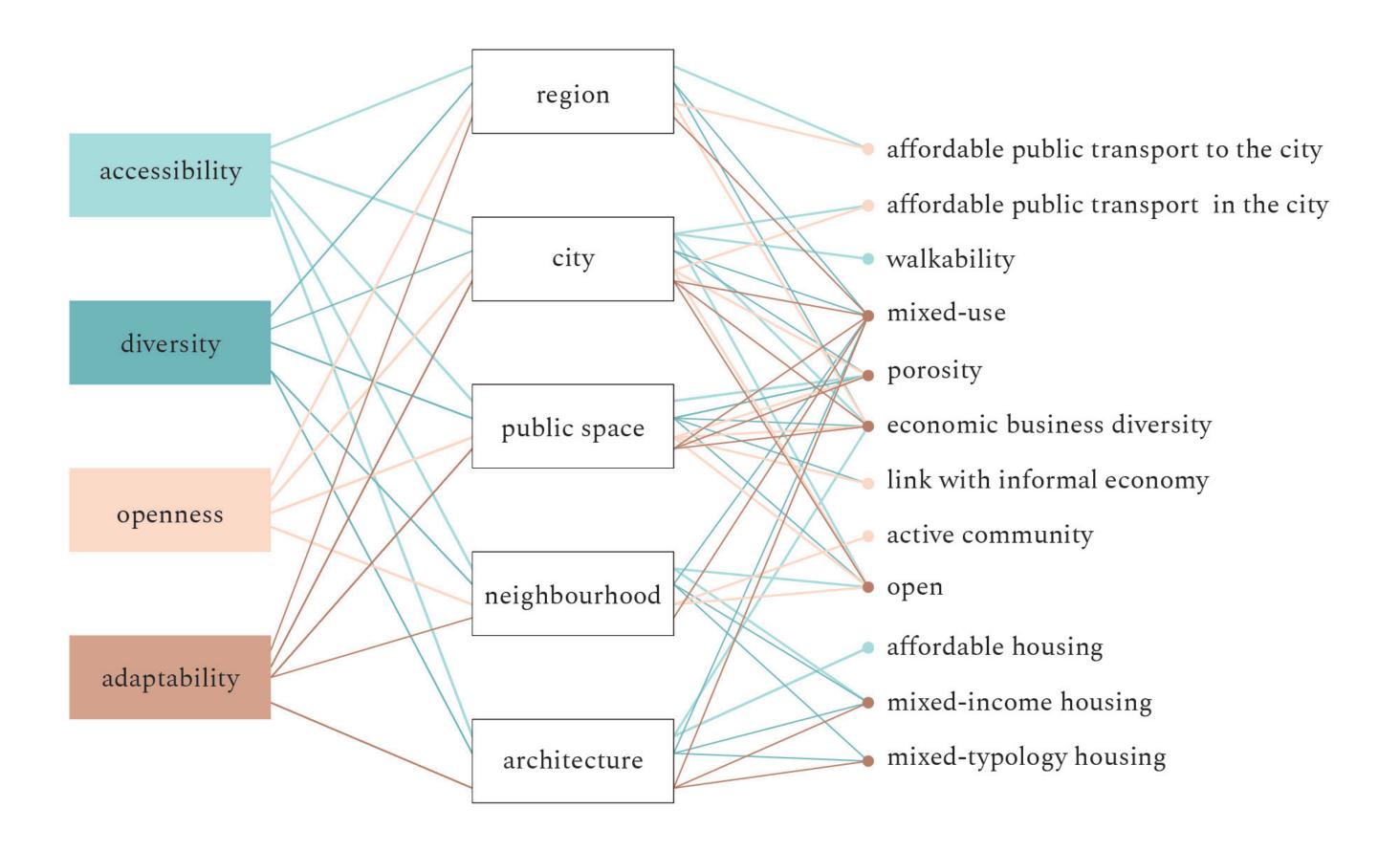
accessibility

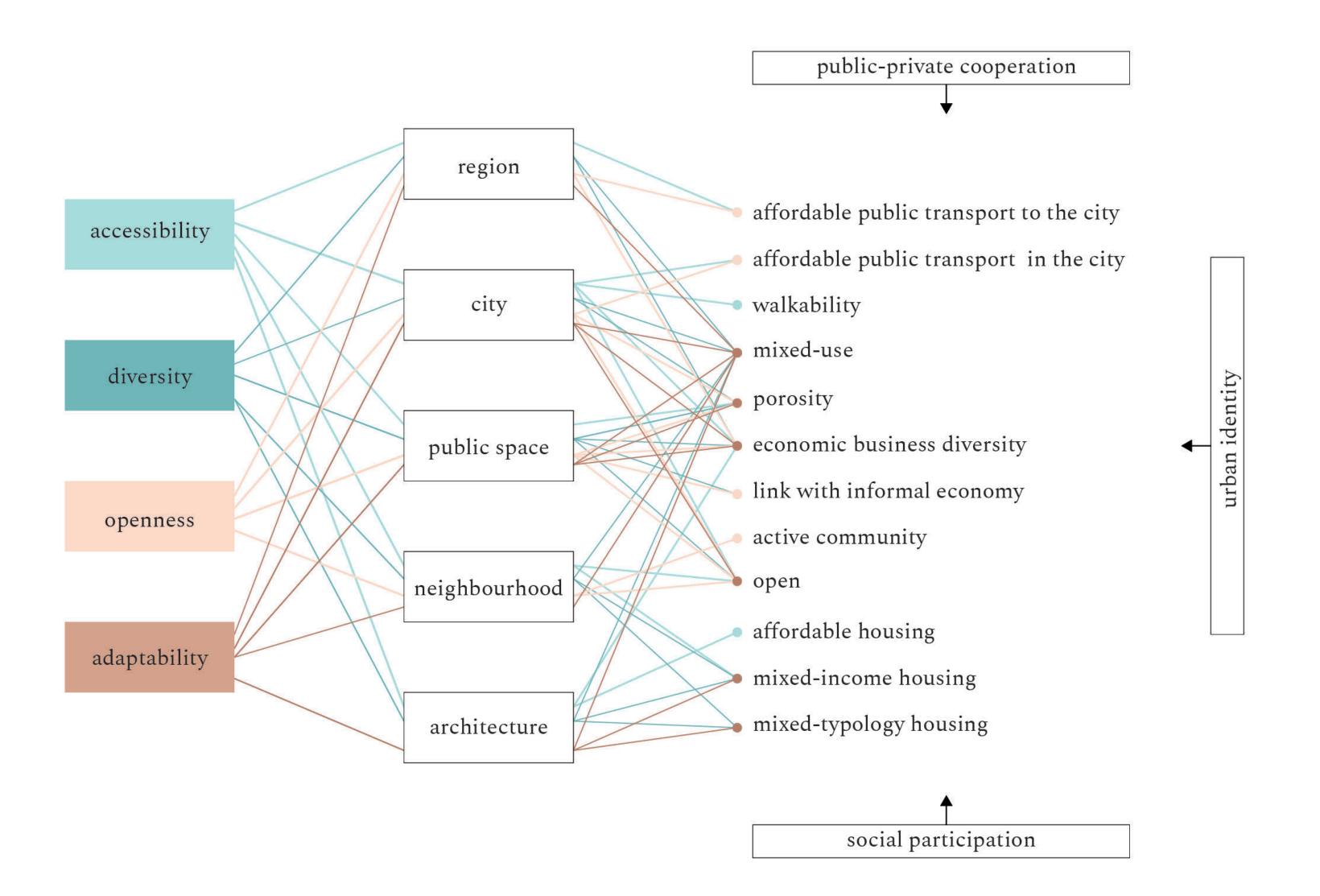
diversity

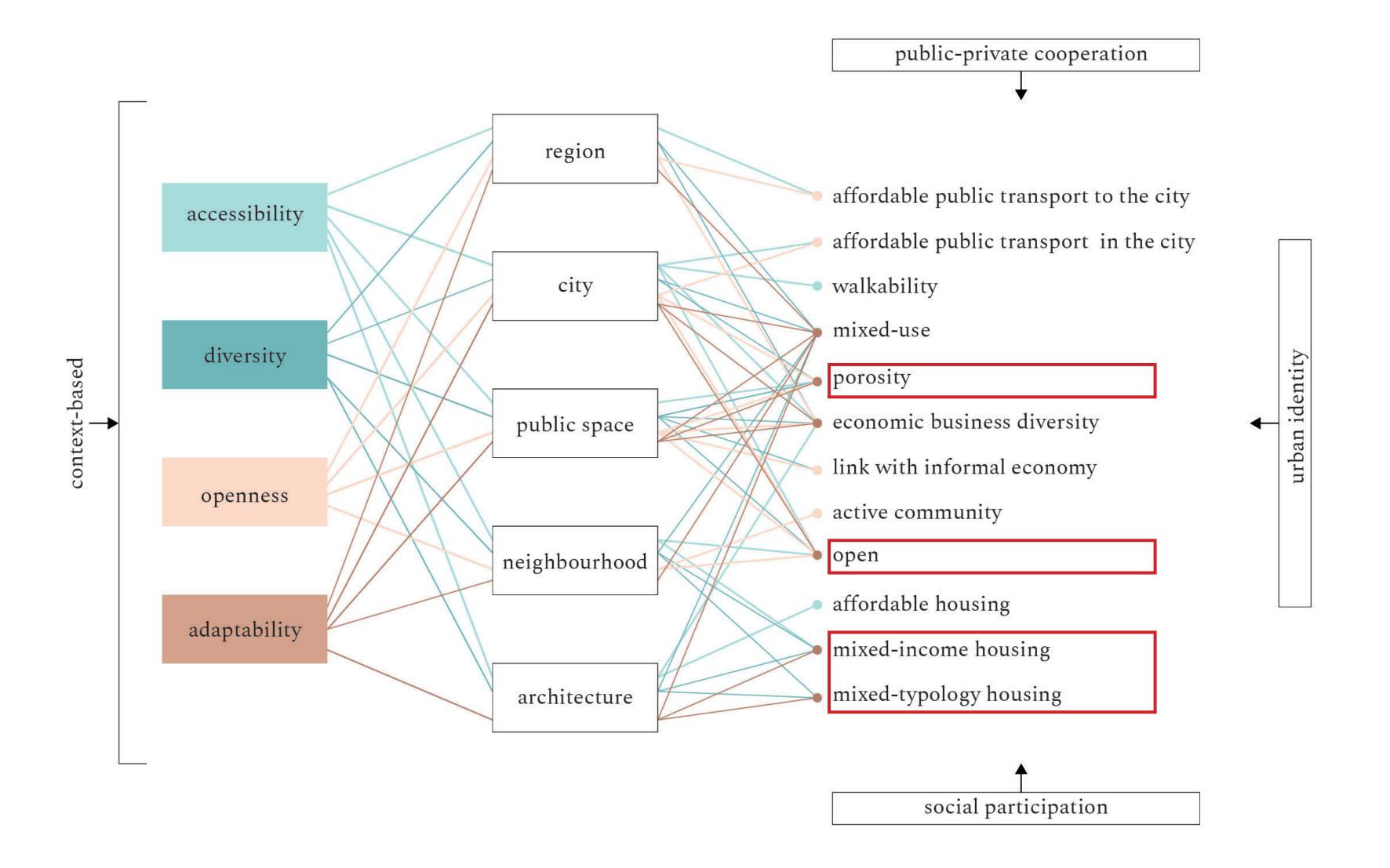
openness

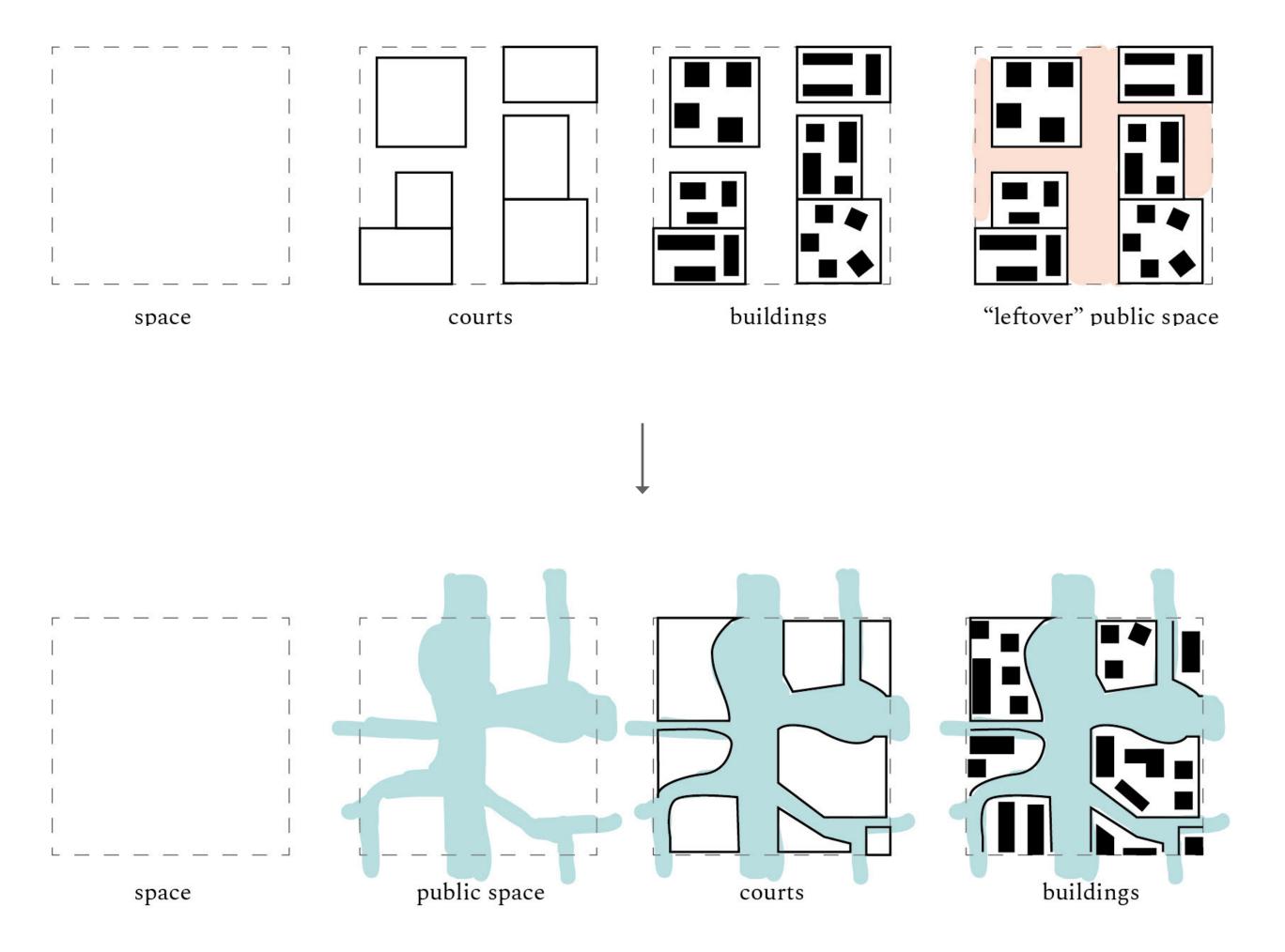
adaptability

region accessibility city diversity public space openness neighbourhood adaptability architecture

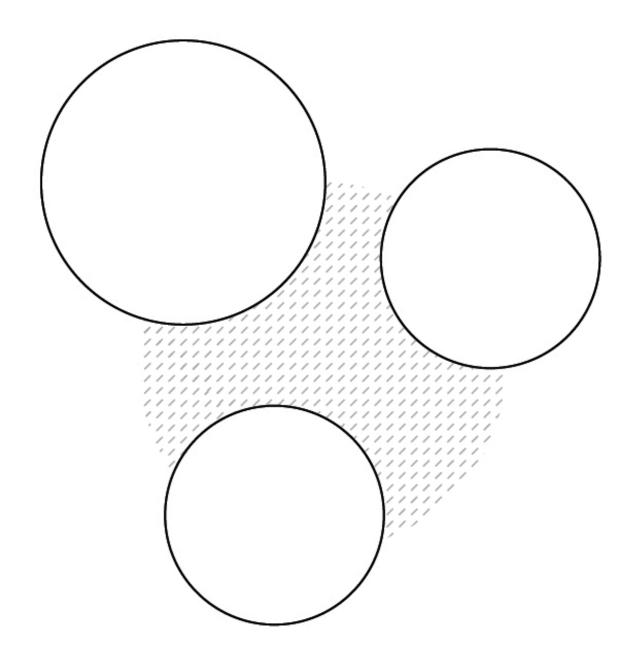






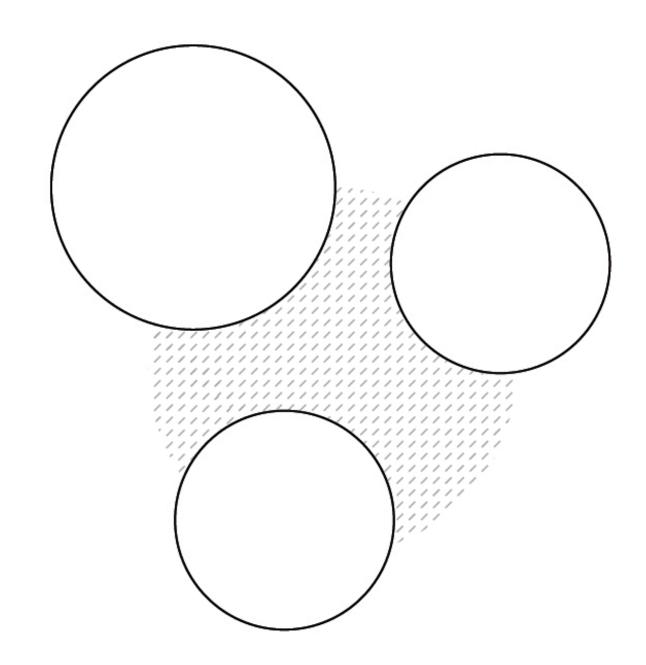


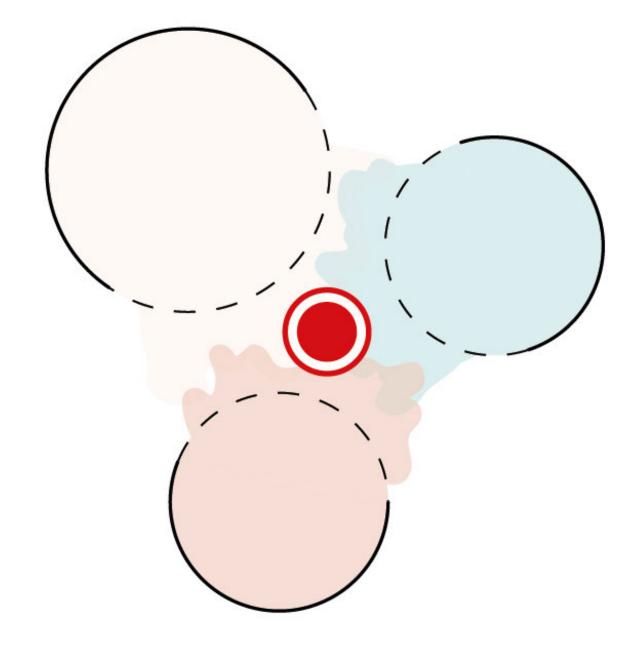
Inclusive Space-In-Between



Agonism

Instead of mixing communities it is necessary to provide secure space for them and provide points where they can interact (Ploger 2004).



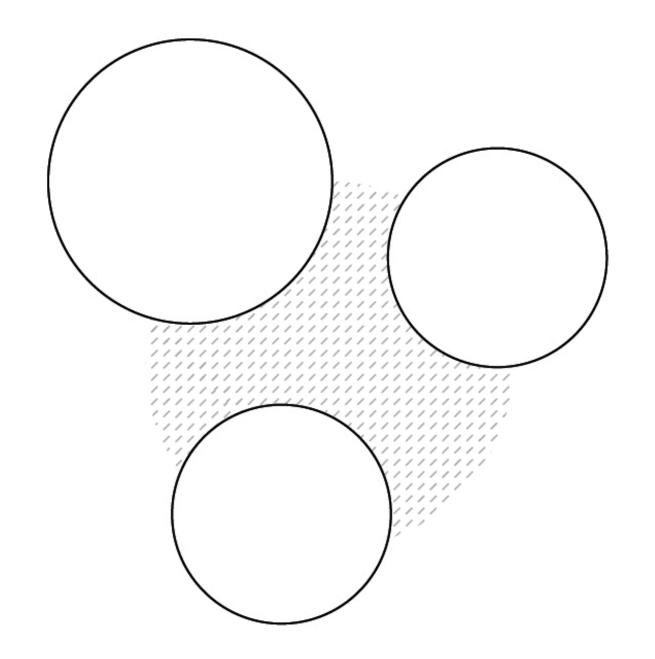


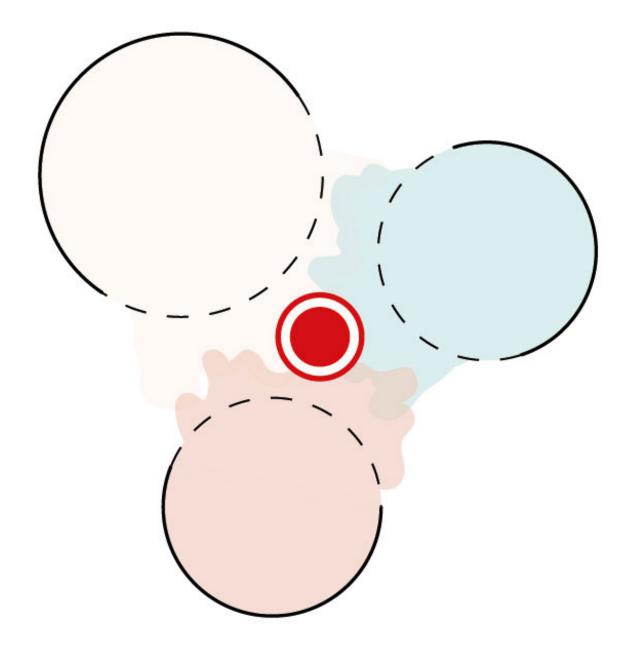
Agonism

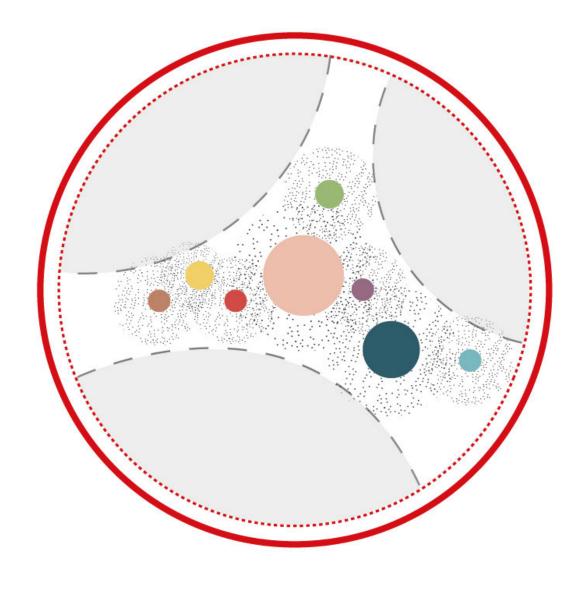
Instead of mixing communities it is necessary to provide secure space for them and provide points where they can interact (Ploger 2004).

Porocity

Locating attractions at the edges between communities leads to creating porous edges - open for different racial and economic communities (Sennett 2018).







Agonism

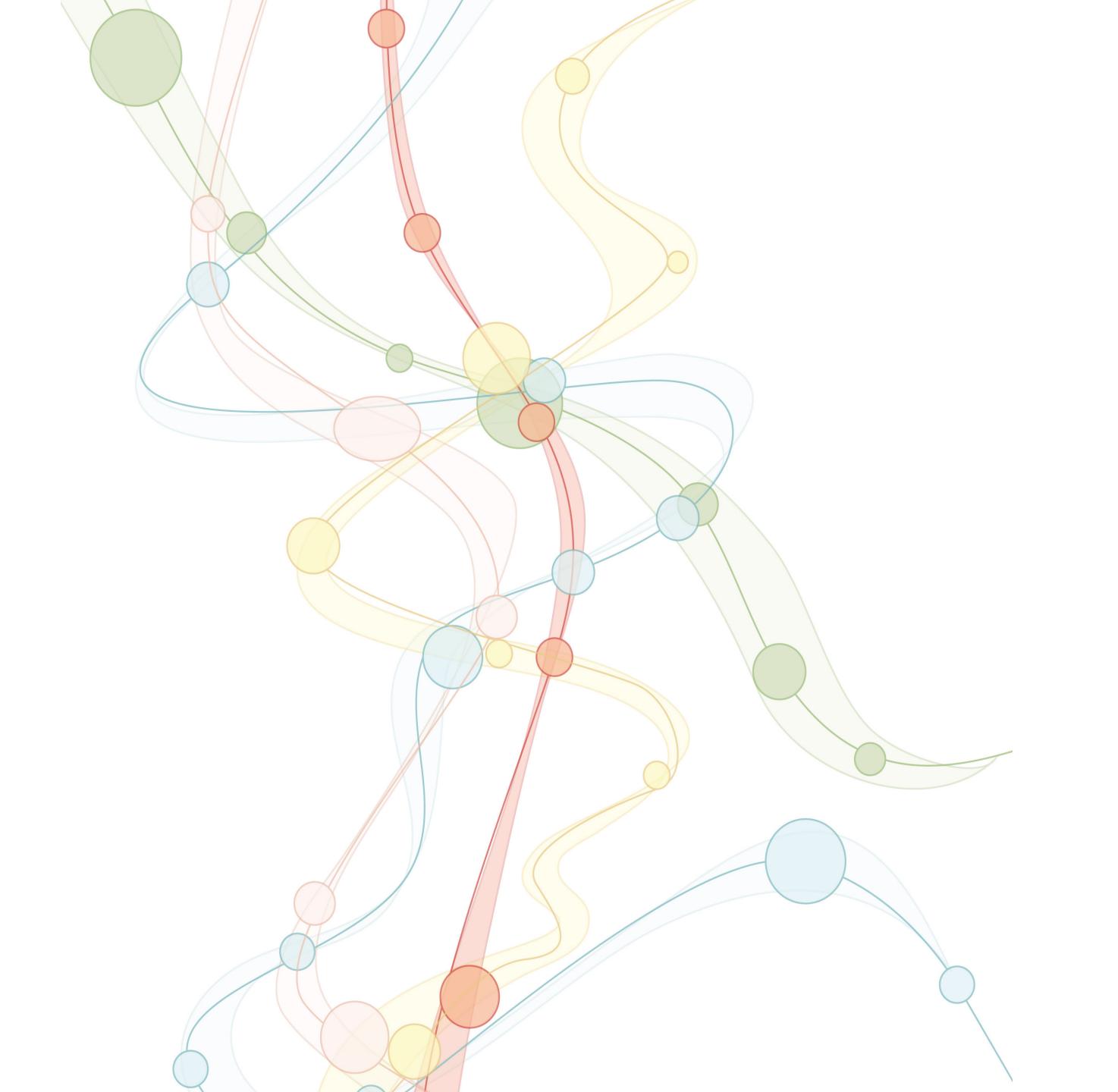
Instead of mixing communities it is necessary to provide secure space for them and provide points where they can interact (Ploger 2004).

Porocity

Locating attractions at the edges between communities leads to creating porous edges - open for different racial and economic communities (Sennett 2018).

Synchronicity

Synchronic space is created by diversity of attractions and activities responding to different social and economic groups' interests.



Streams

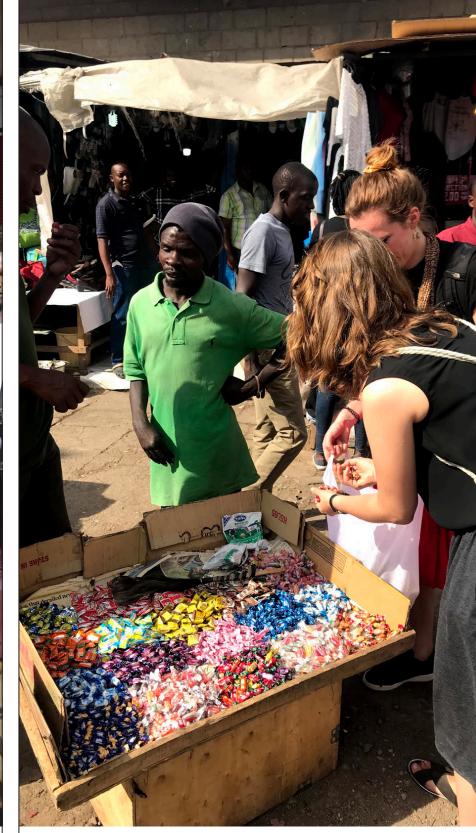
Dynamic network that aims for creating a flow of people throughout the city – from pulling them out of their neighbourhood to move and interact with the surrounding.

Designed as a number of points related to one type of activity connected in a particular way that is recognisable in the urban fabric, structure or elements.











Playgrounds



Faith

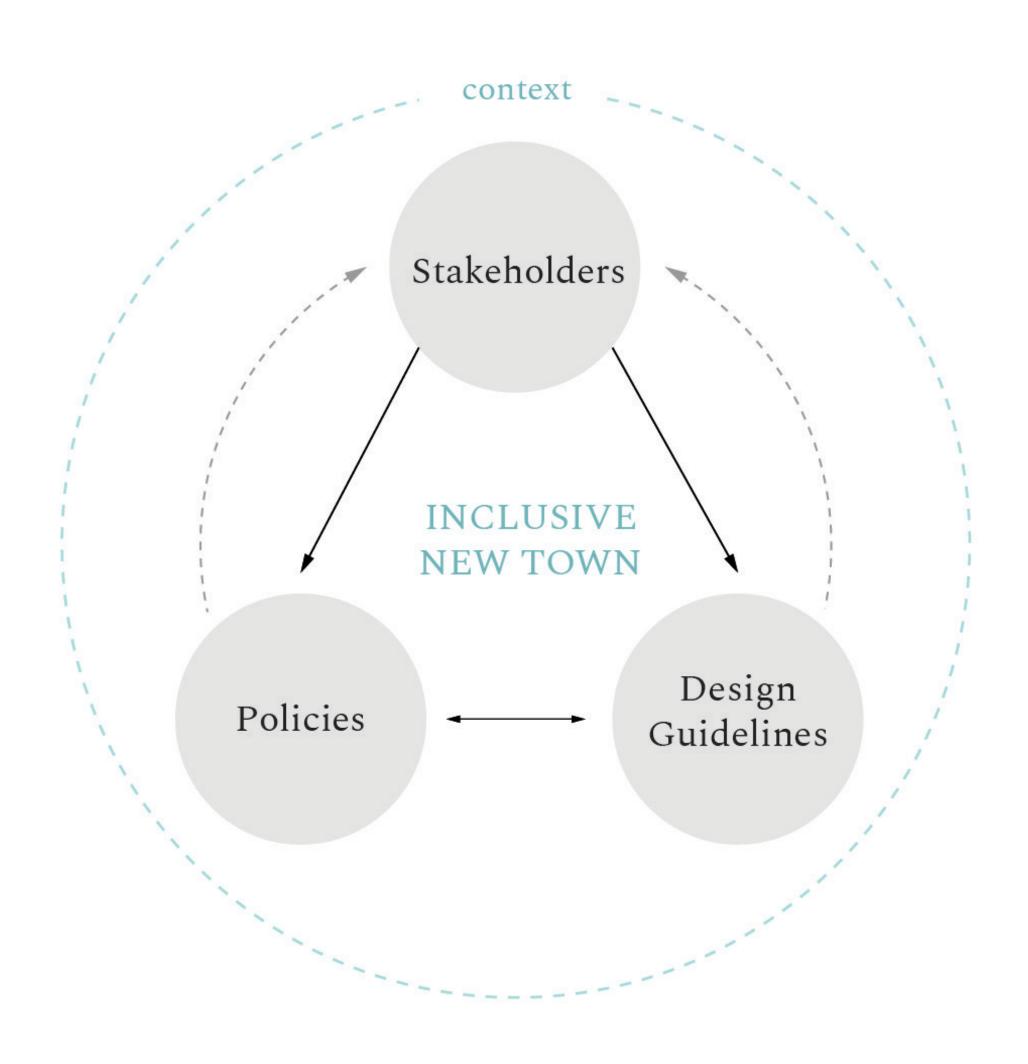
Urban Agriculture

Sport

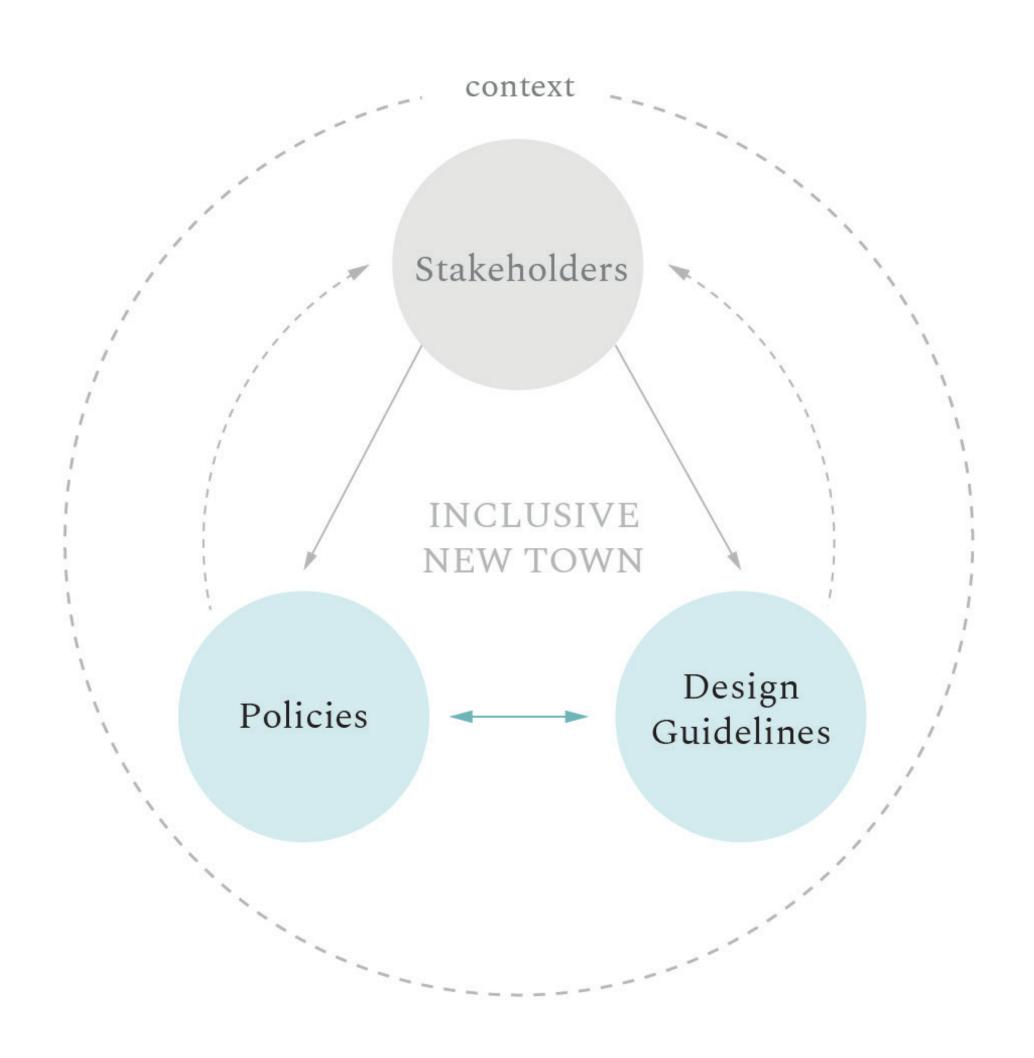
Culture

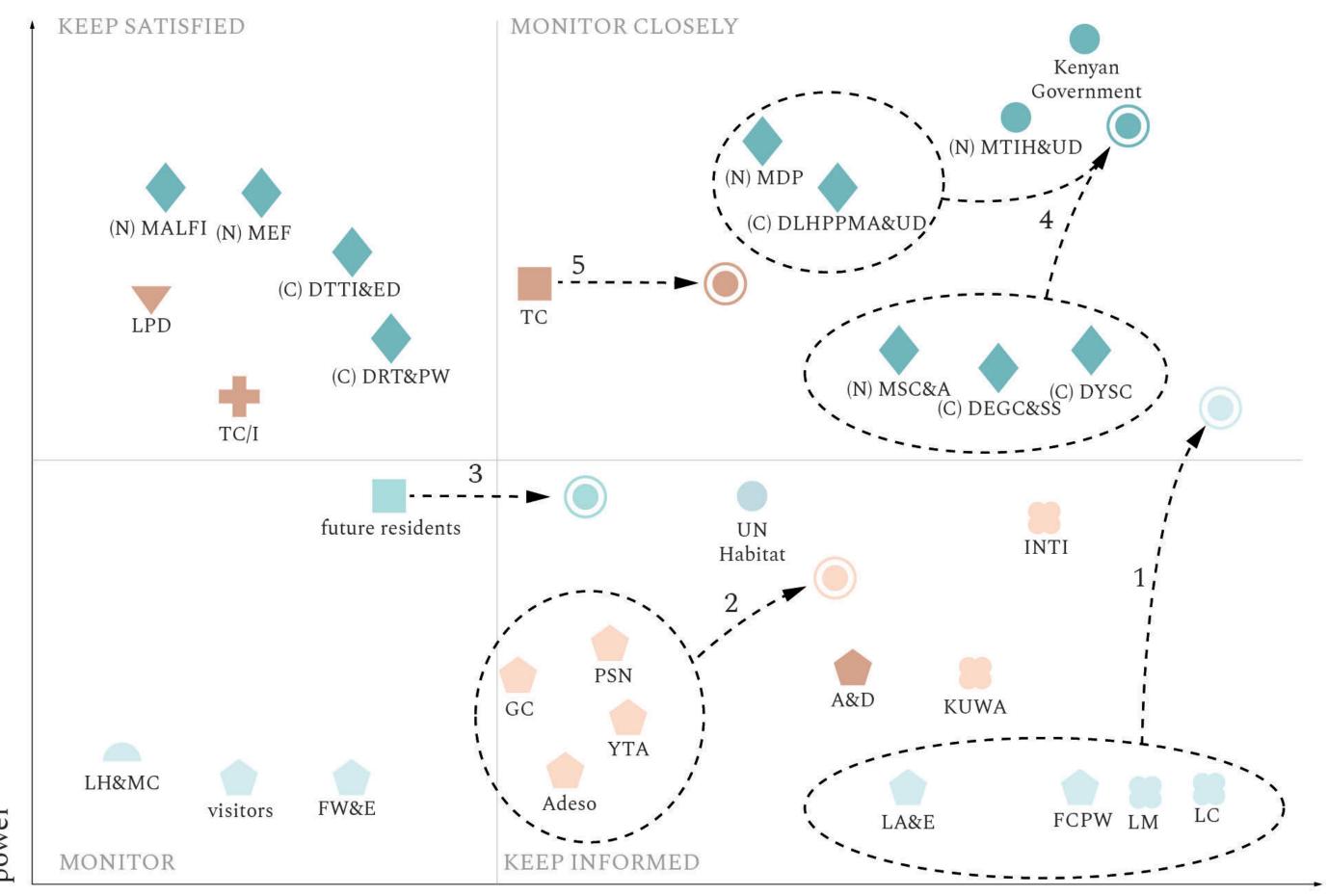
Trade

Planning & Design Framework

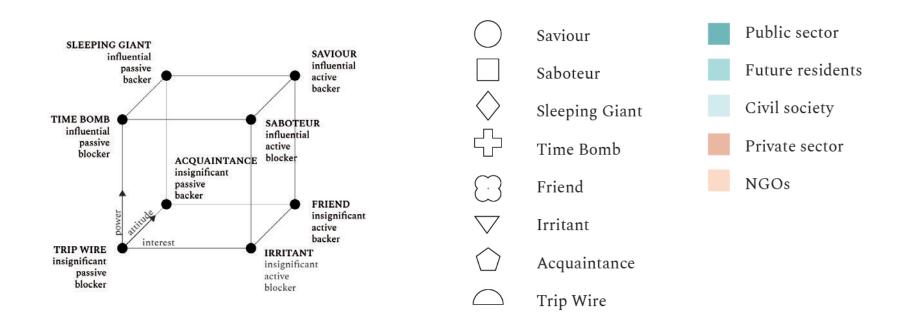


Planning & Design Toolkit





interest



Stakeholders Analysis

Bottom up:

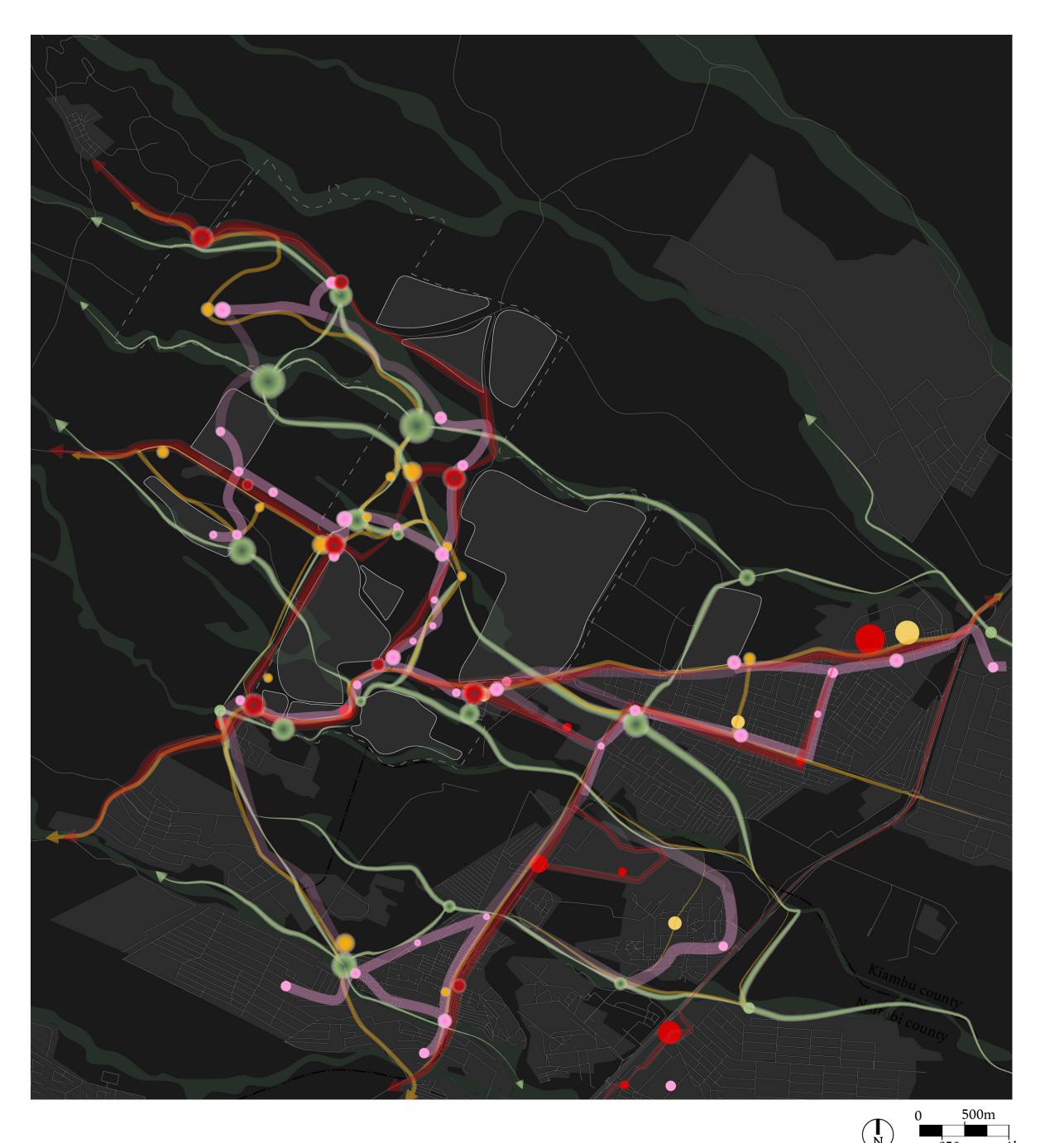
- 1. empowering local communities, businesses, artists and entrepreneurs
- 2. increasing interest and empowering NGOs
- 3. increasing future residents' interest in inclusivity

Top-down:

- 4. empowering and increasing engagement of the public sector
- 5. increasing Tatu City's interest in inclusivity



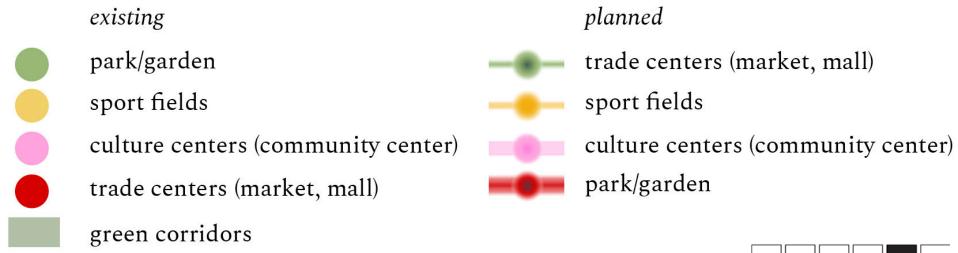
Planning & Design Toolkit



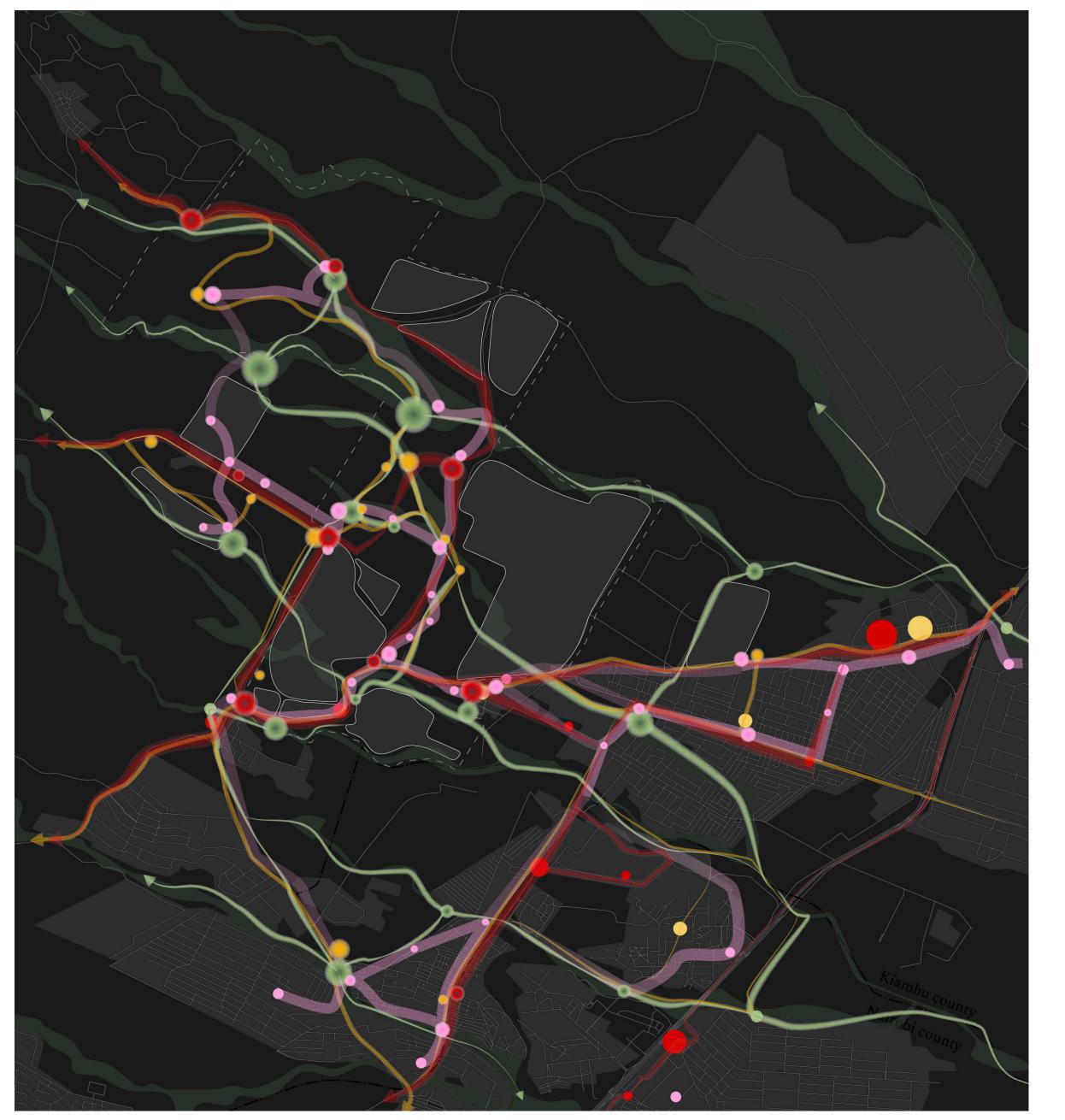
Tatu City in the Area

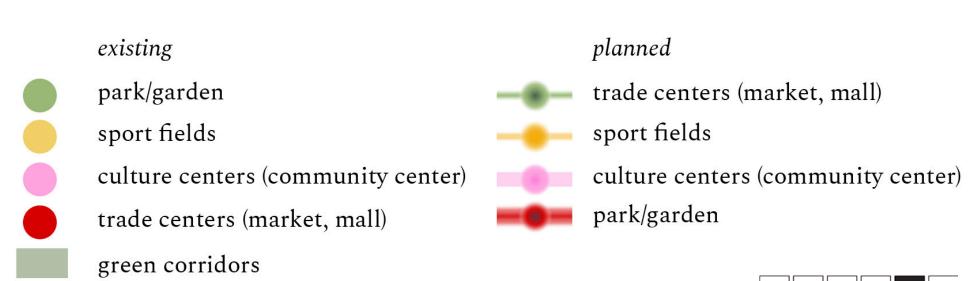
Planning Streams across County Borders to achieve system of inclusive public spaces beyong political borders.

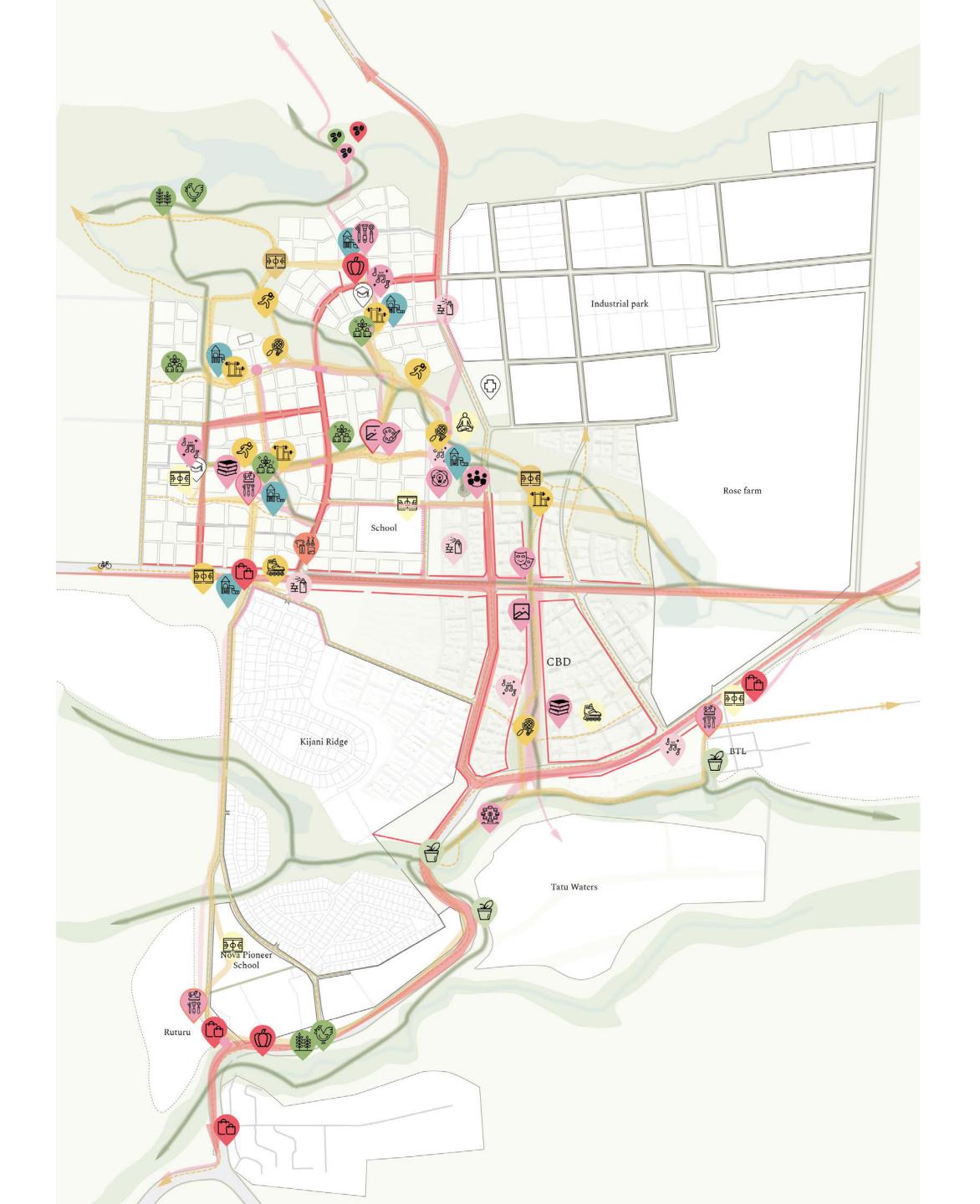
Integrating Tatu City with the surrounding by streams - system of inclusive public spaces











Tatu City

Planning city from the perspective of inclusive public space network.

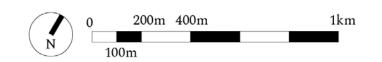
existing closed developemnts

property lines in existing developments

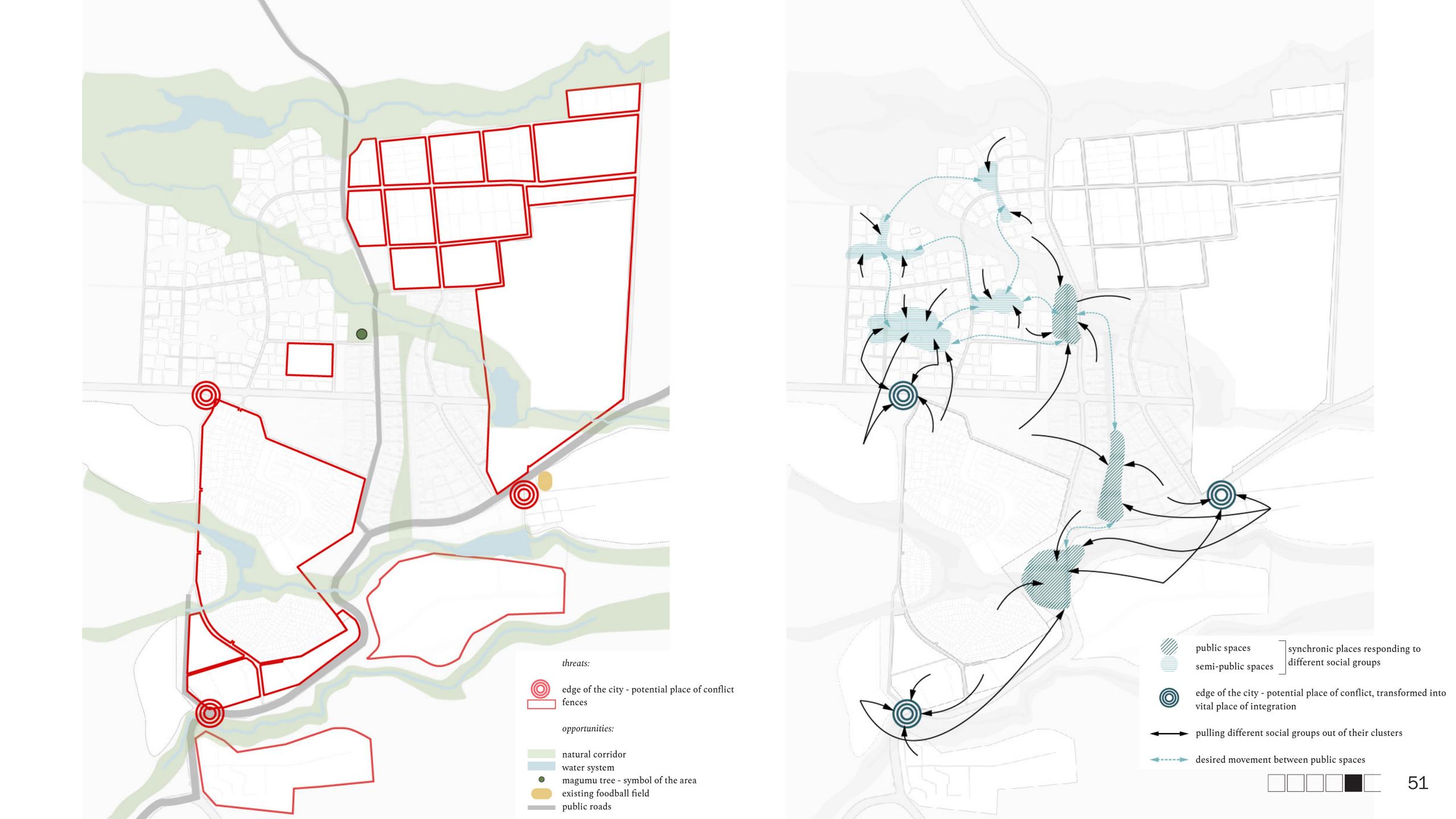
possible emerging low-income settlements

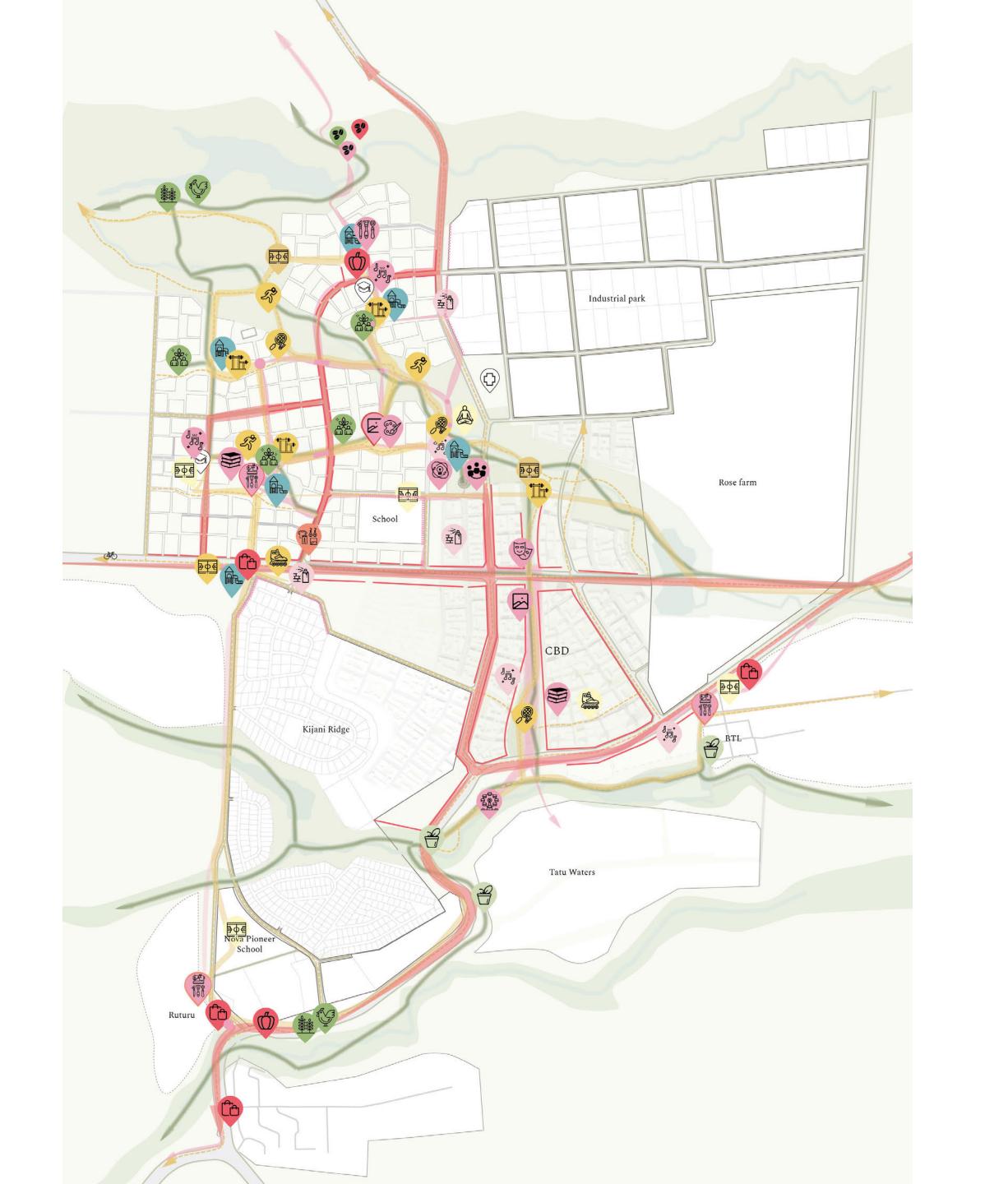
courts - proposed neighbourhood development

agrucultural land
green corridor
water ponds
rivers











Urban Agriculture

- professional knowledge should be combined with local knowledge in urban agriculture activities;
- the prority for employment should be given to the local communities;
- activities should remain open for the public during the day;
- every resident should be given an opportunity for creating new activities in different scales;



permanent - related with the natural soil and land conditions

permanent or temporary -



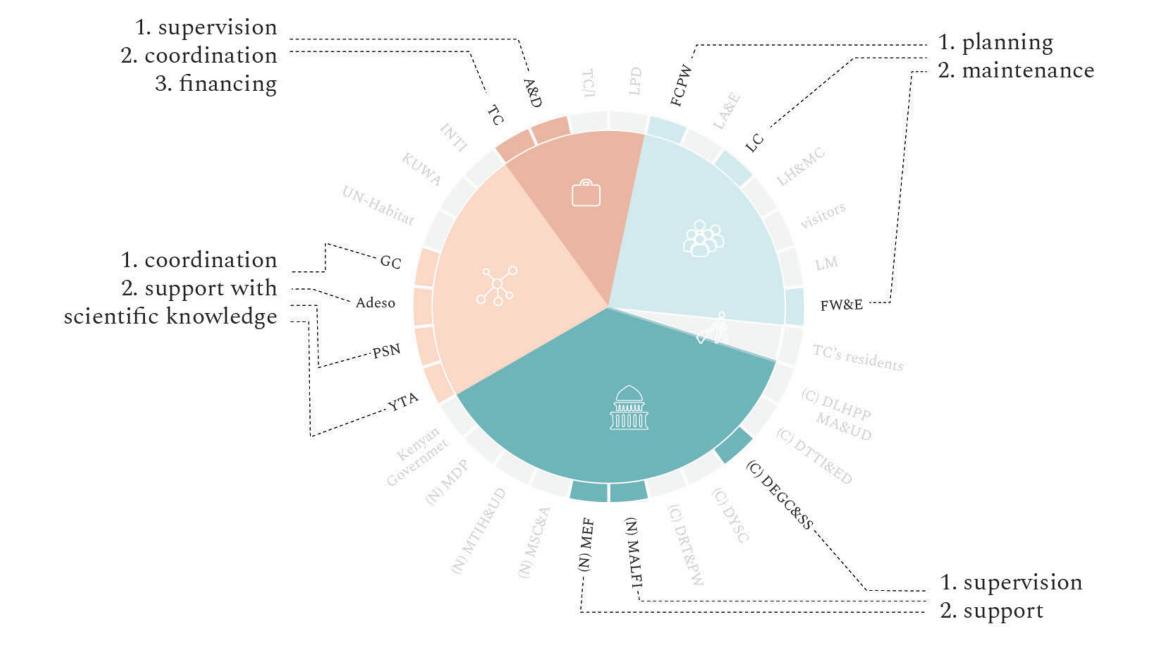
urban garden (on marsh area)
urban garden
urban farm
urban - animal farm

coffee plantation



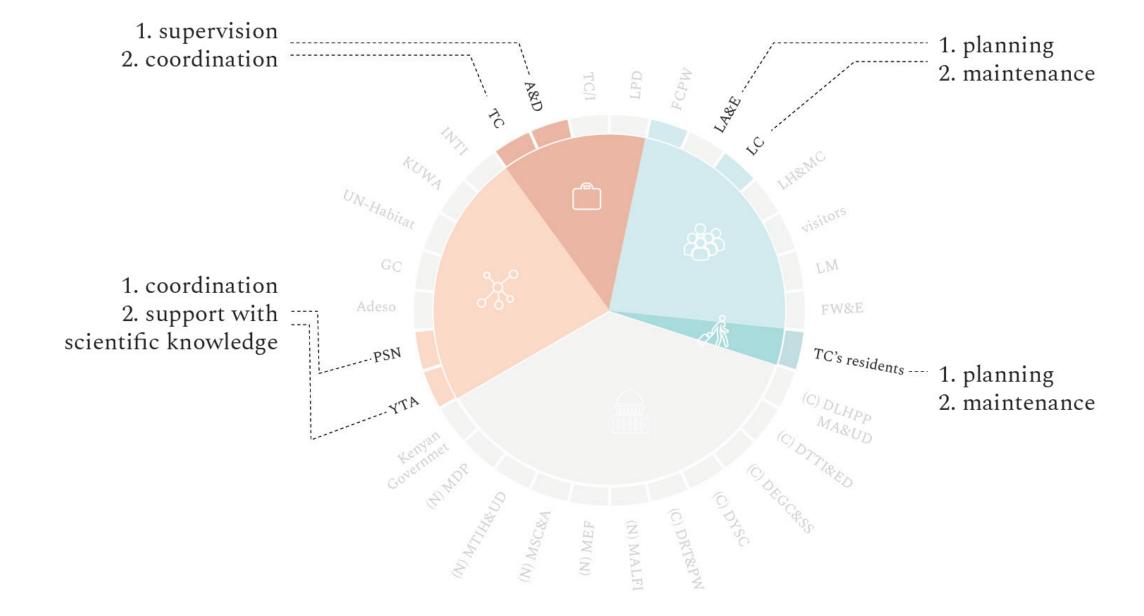


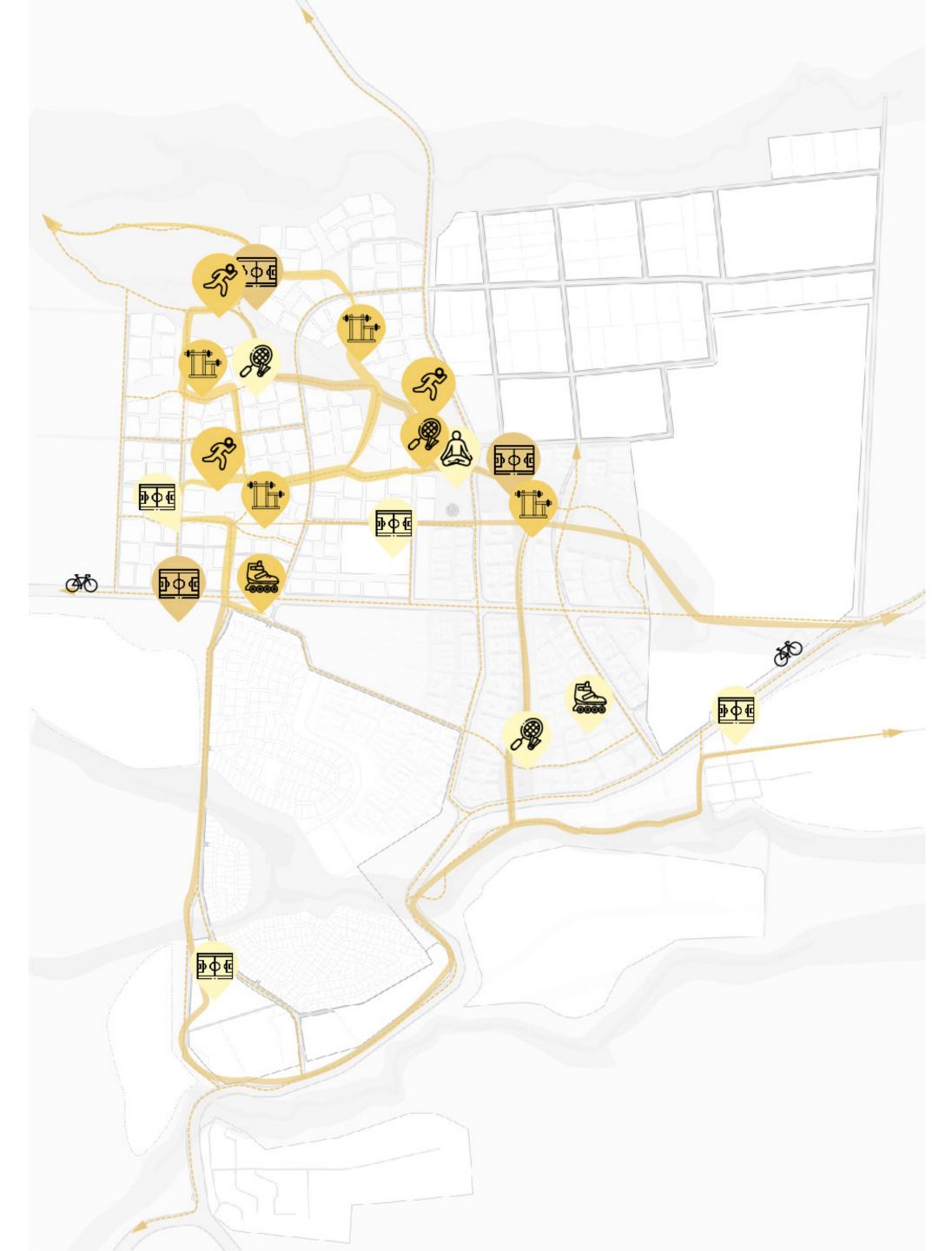
Permanent community gardens





Temporary urban garden



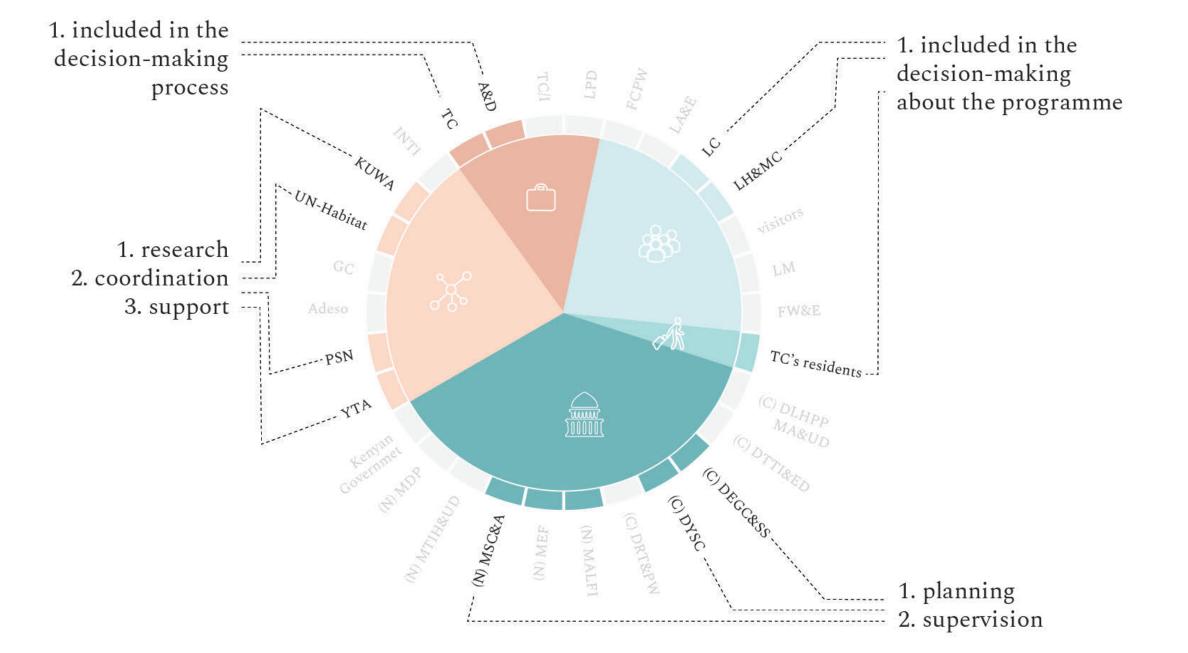


Sport

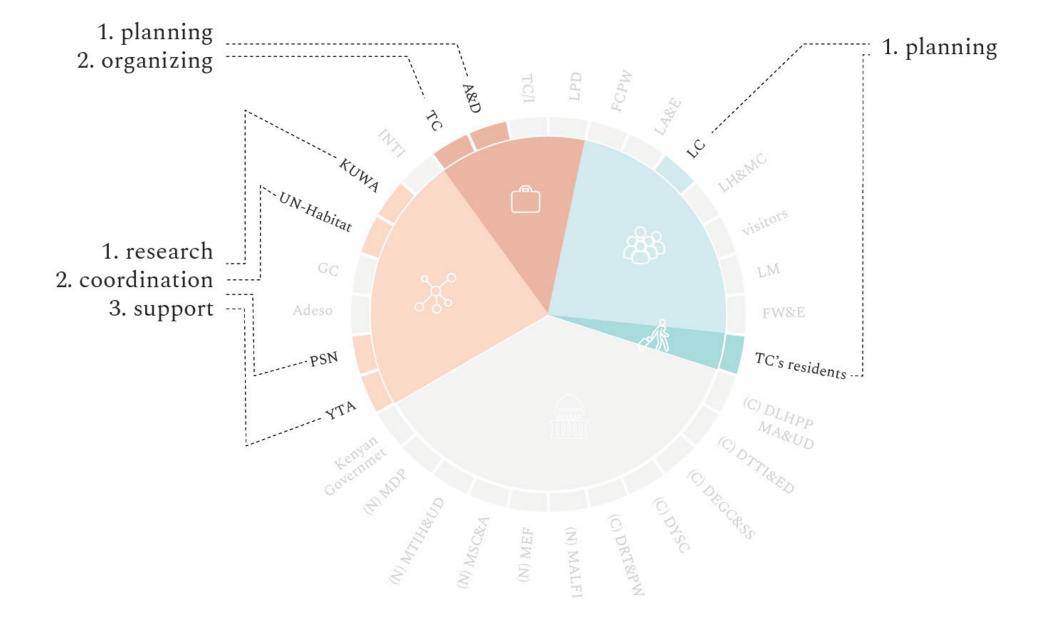
- safe and continuous bicycle and running paths should be planned in order to increase alternative mobility system and decrease the traffic jam;
- during day time all sports facilities should be accessible and open.
- temporary sports activities are important apect of the stream as they increase mobility of the residets and create more opportunities for interactions;



permanent sport fields outside Tatu City









Culture

- designers should collaborate with local artists in setting the stream and planning the landmarks;
- the space for local artists and craftsman to develop their work and to exhibit it /performance should be provided;
- culture activities should be designed to enable active participation as well as observation and contemplation;
- temporary activities may also occur in private places like restaurants or bar to enrich night culture life. Local artists should be encourage to participae;

stream permanent

permanent temporary/happening

community centre startup centre library

sewing workshop

handcraft workhop

music centre/concerts

art workshop

gallery

theater

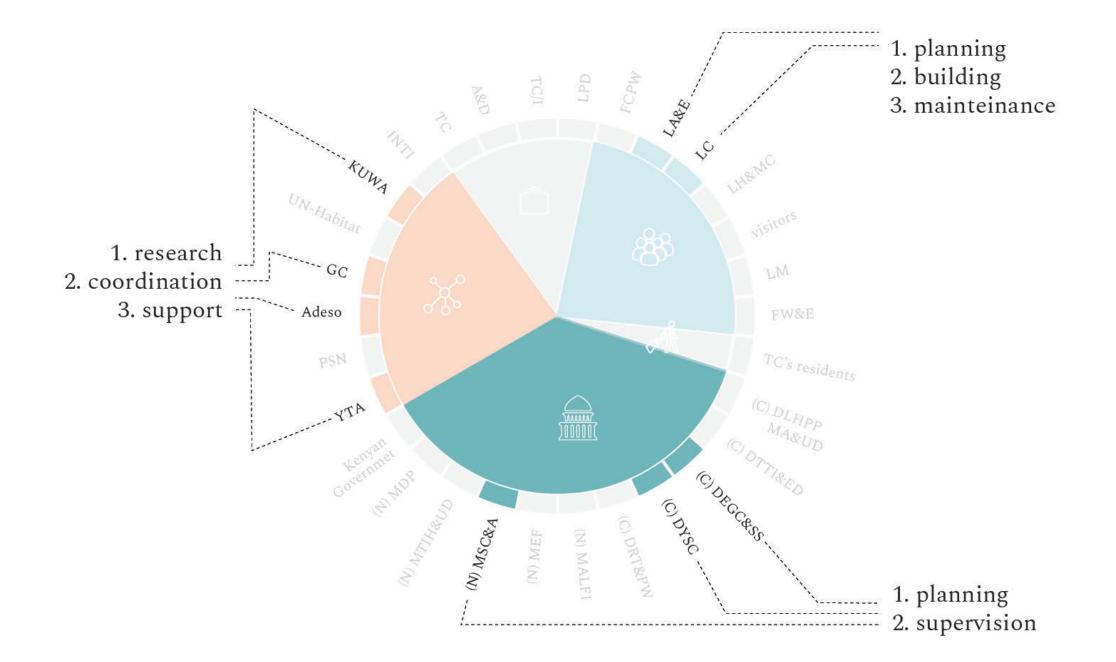
amusement park

grafitti space

coffee plantation museum landmarks

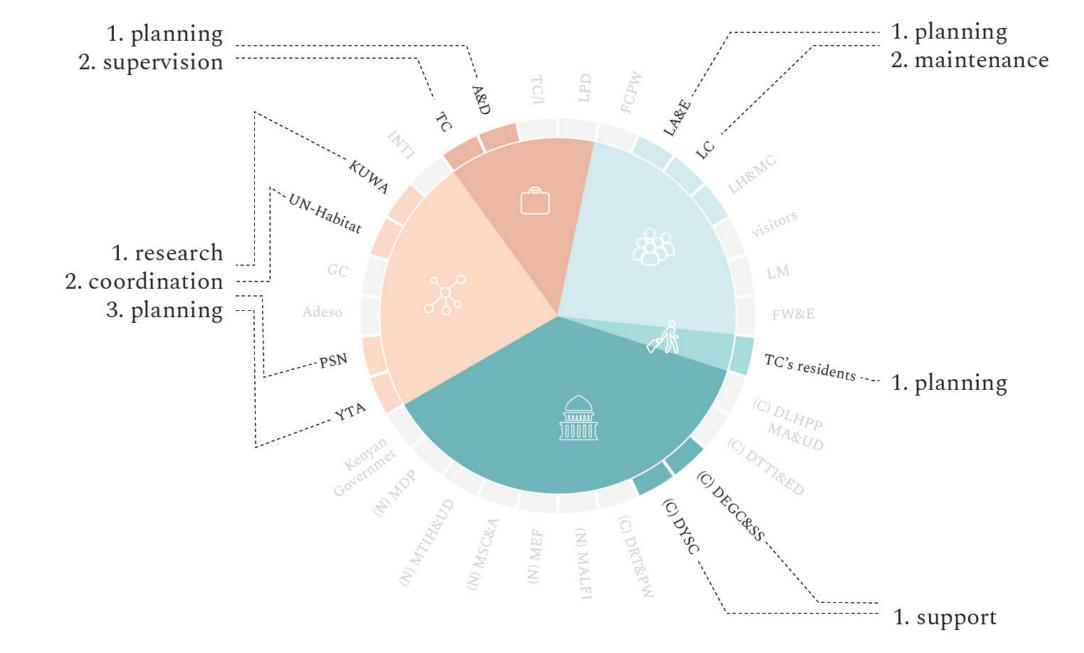


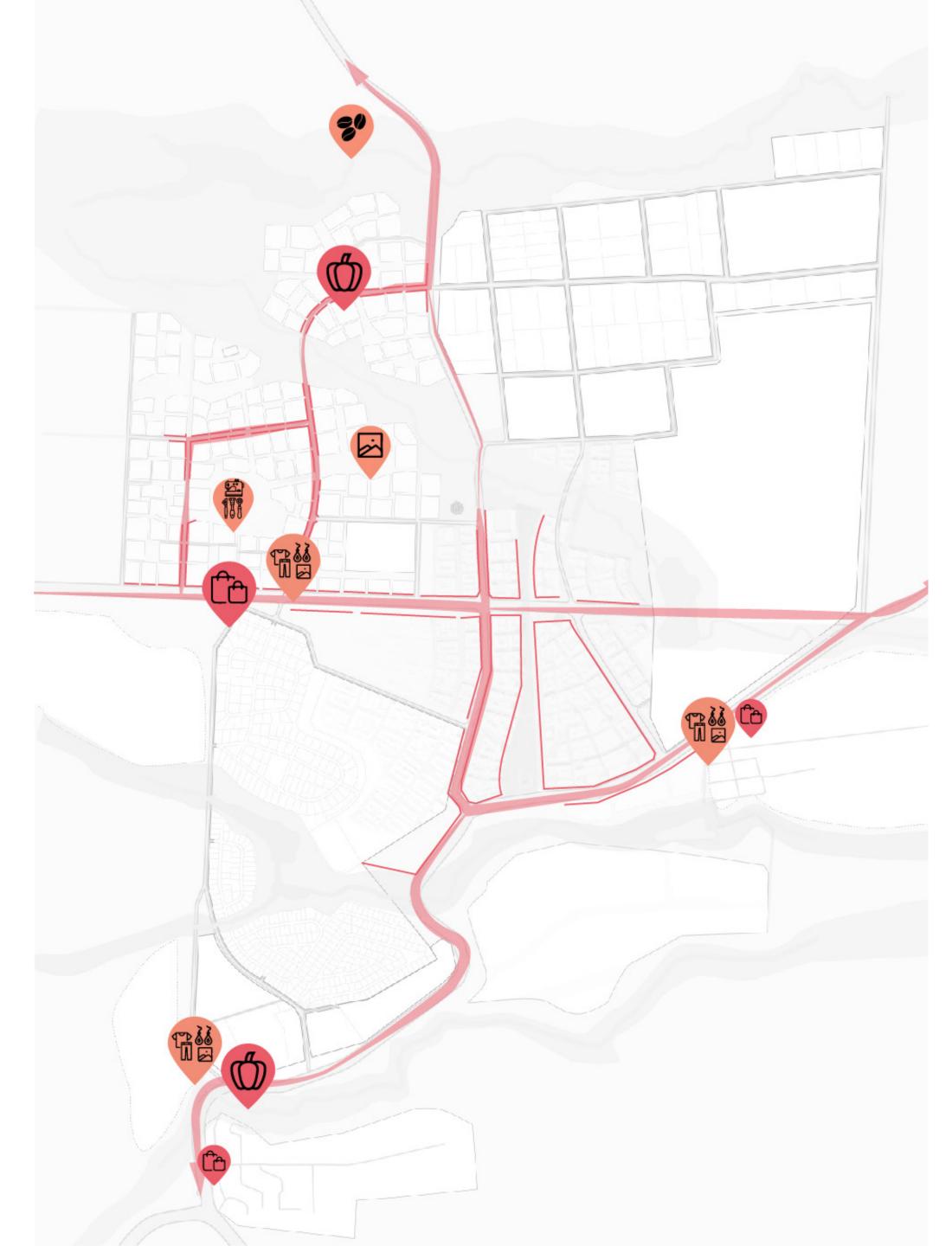
Arts & Crafts workshop outside of Tatu City





Music studio and concerts in Tatu City





Trade

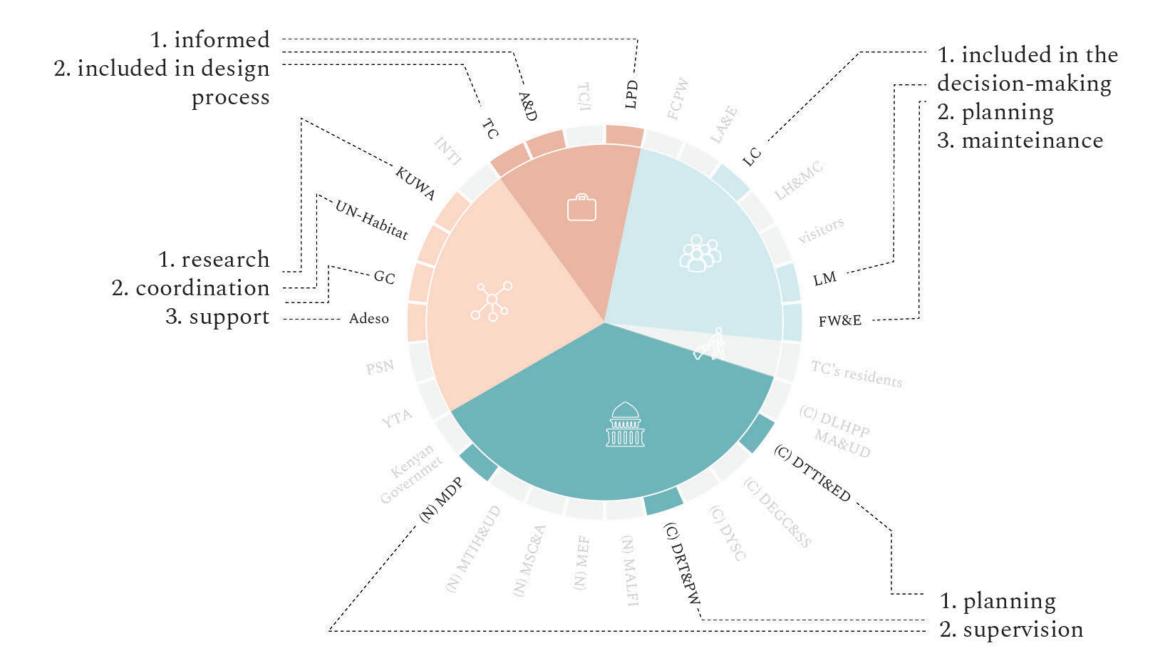
- it is necessary to create the structure for the formal and informal economy in and on the edges of the city to prevent chaotic informality development;
- it is necessary to engage local communities in designing markets - their knowledge about trade, prices and needed space will improve the quality of markets
- trading nodes should be located in good connection with the traffic nodes to increase accessibility and number of users;



active plinth

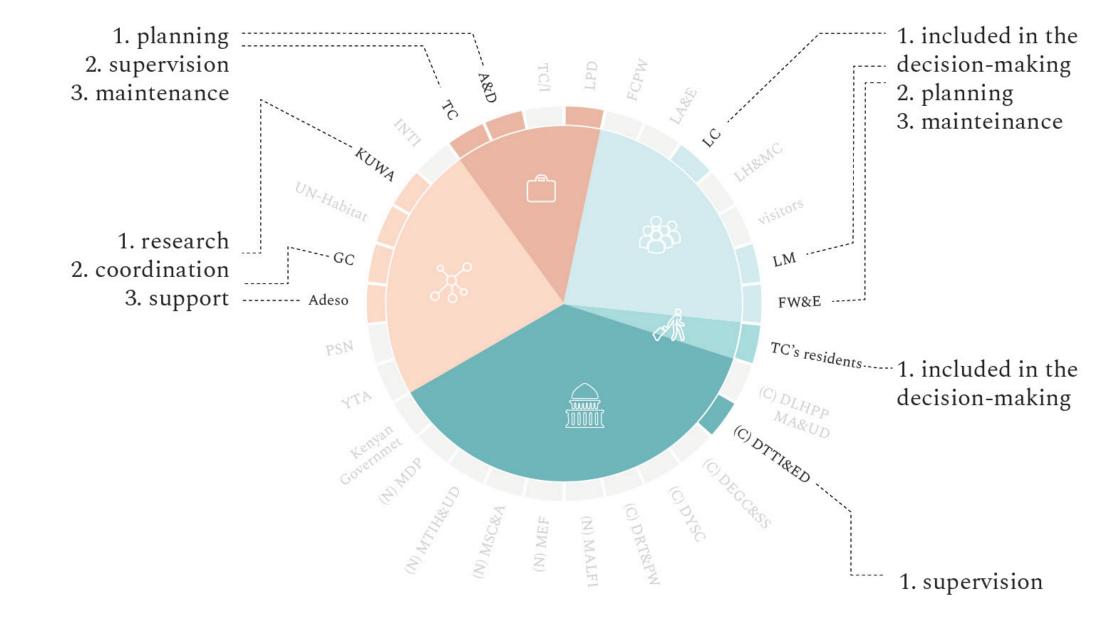
stream

Market outside of Tatu City





Fresh market in the city





Neibghbourhood scale

street
biking path
pedestrian path
"car is the guest" street
park paths

buildings in clusters buildings in public space

park square city square

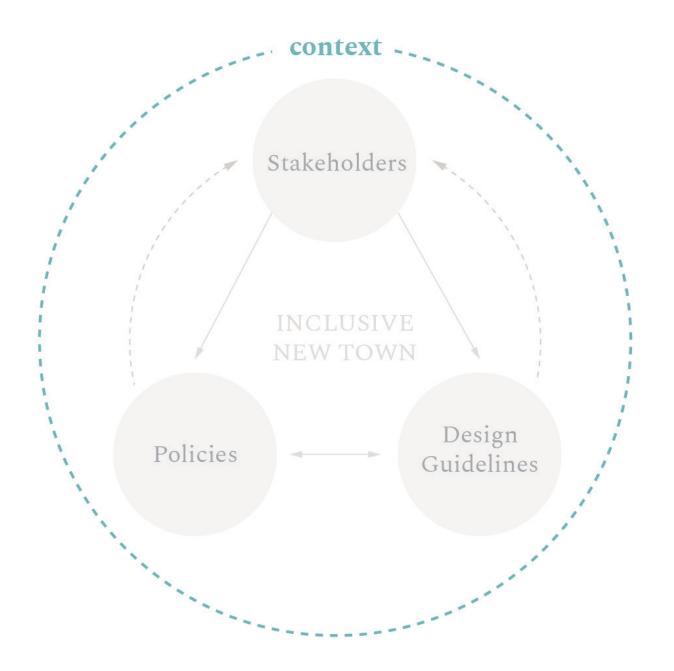
grassy areas in the park grass in the clusters grassy in courts urban gardens

playground
outdoor gym
parking
market
art landmarks
benches

existing trees
planned trees
trees along streets

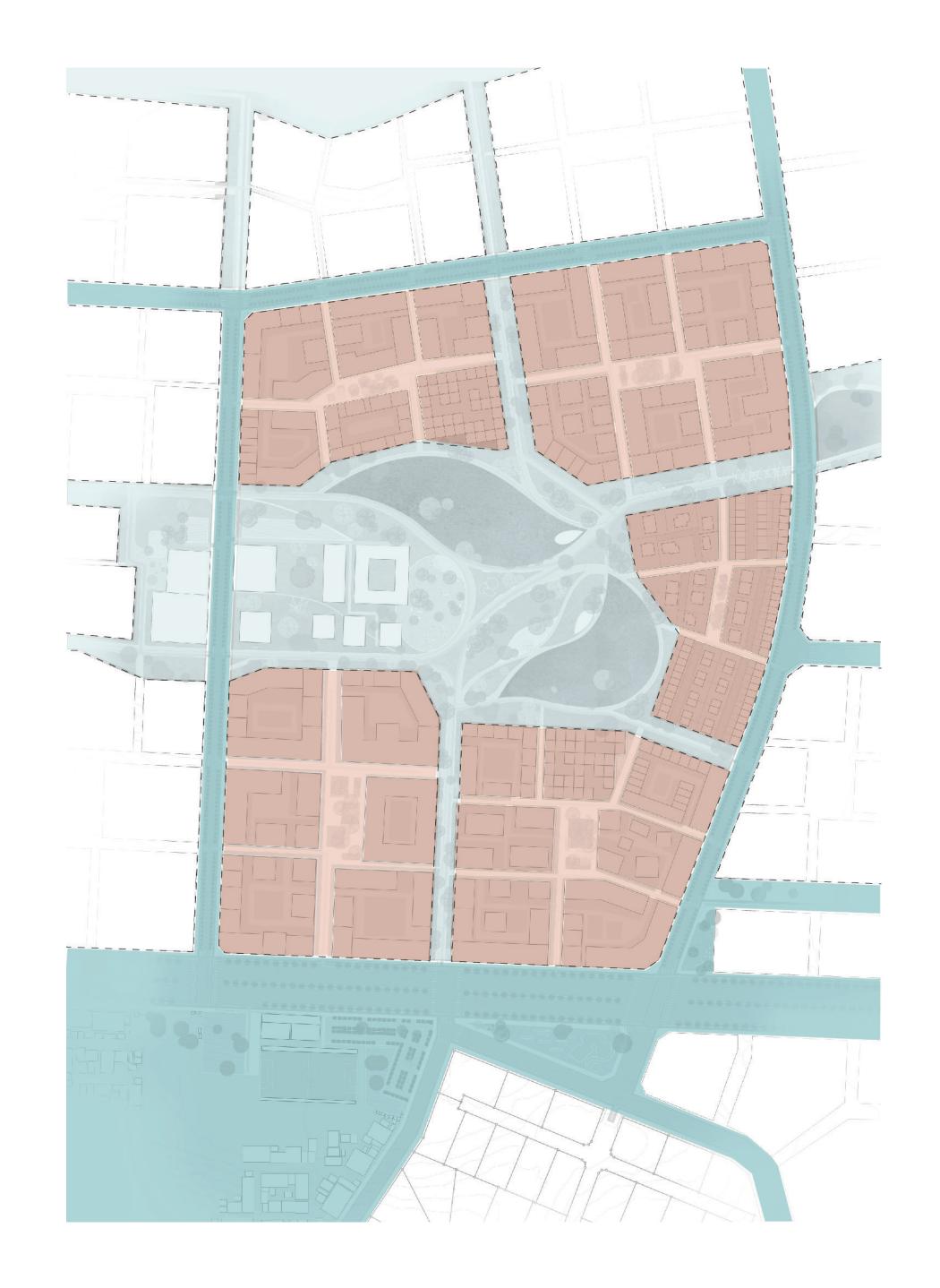


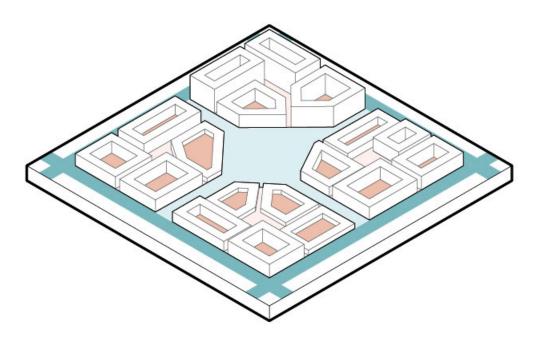




Shaping neighbourhood according to the context of the natural landscape

topography lines
planned roads
new roads
line of urban fabric
marsh areas
urban gardens

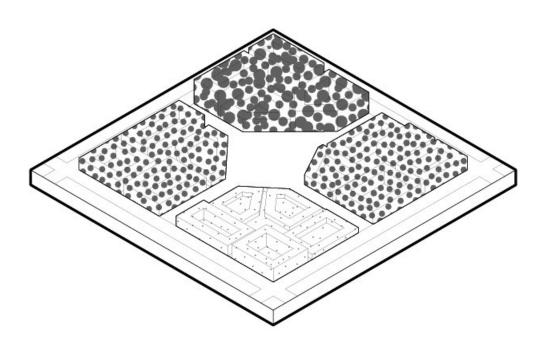




4 degrees of publicness







Socio-economic diversity in the neighbourhood

high-income middle-income low/middle-income low-income/poor



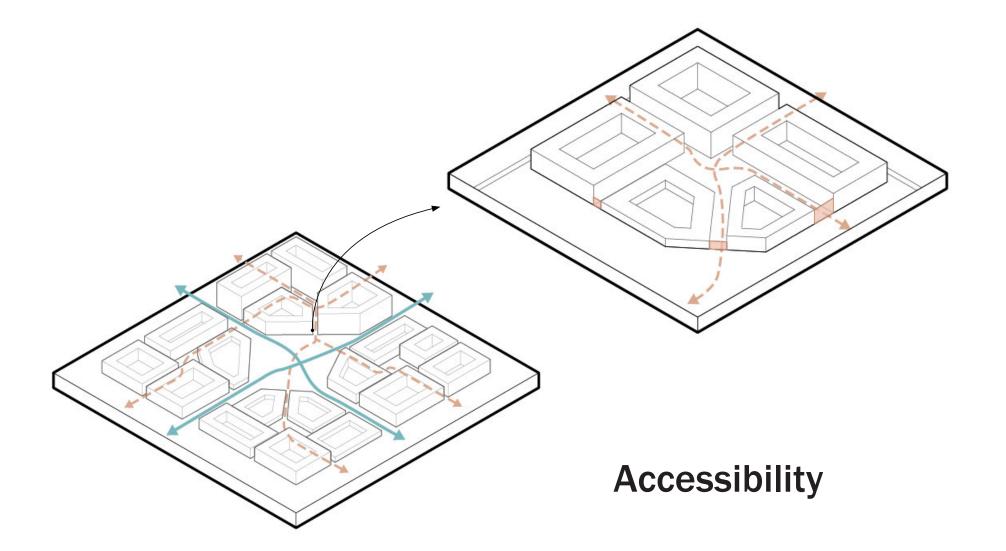


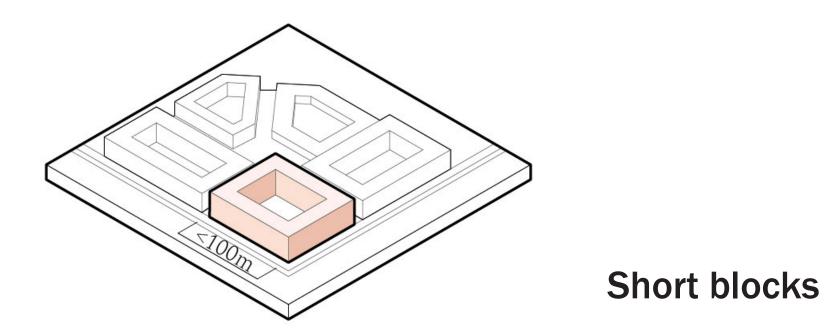
high-income
middle-income
low/middle-income
low-income/poor

socially homogenous, closed neighbourhood
 socially diverse, open neighbourhood
 socially homogenous, semi-open cluster
 socially homogenous, closed court



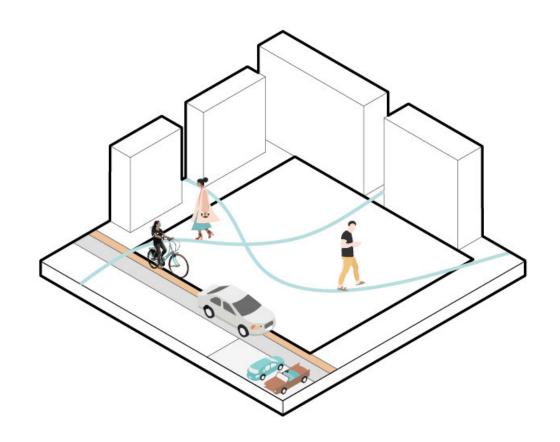






- biking paths
 pedestrian paths always accessible
 pedestrian paths accessible during the day





Accessibility

accessible for cars

car is the guest
p parking

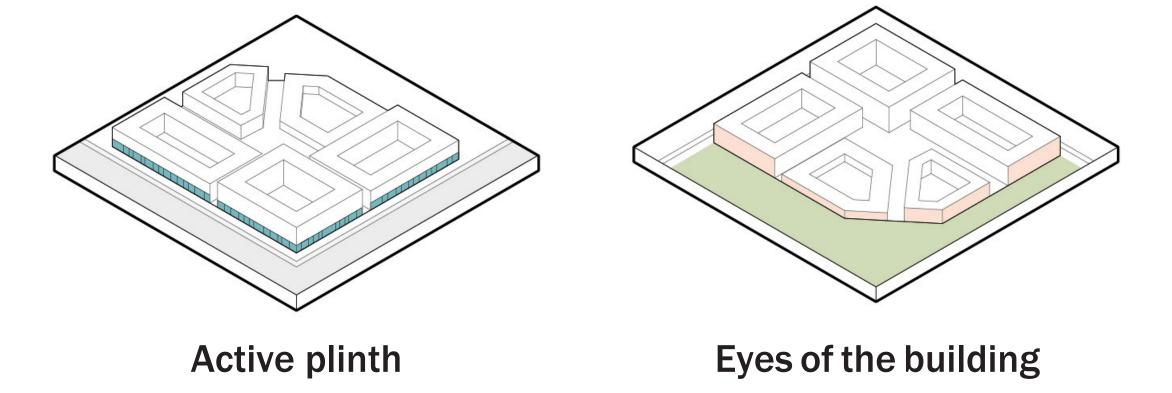
a bus stop

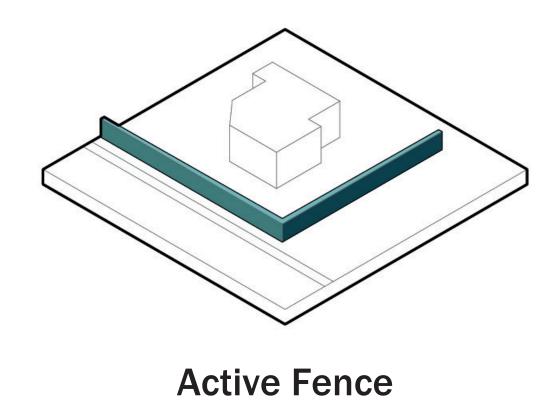
d=500m











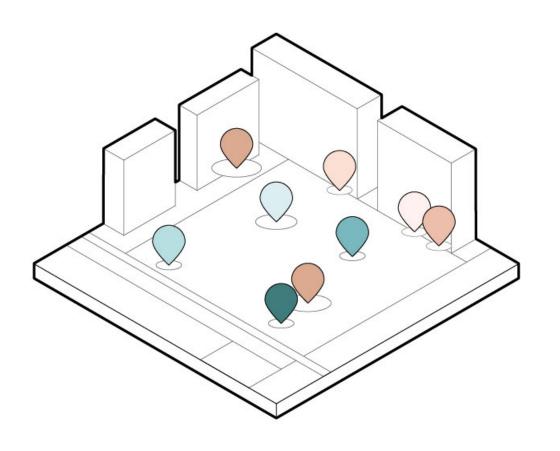
active plinth

— eyes of the building

active fence







Synchronicity

urban agriculture stream
sport stream
culture stream
trade stream

playground
faith meetings
coffee place, restaurant
public school

urban garden

outdoor gym

running path
bicycle parth
football field
skate park

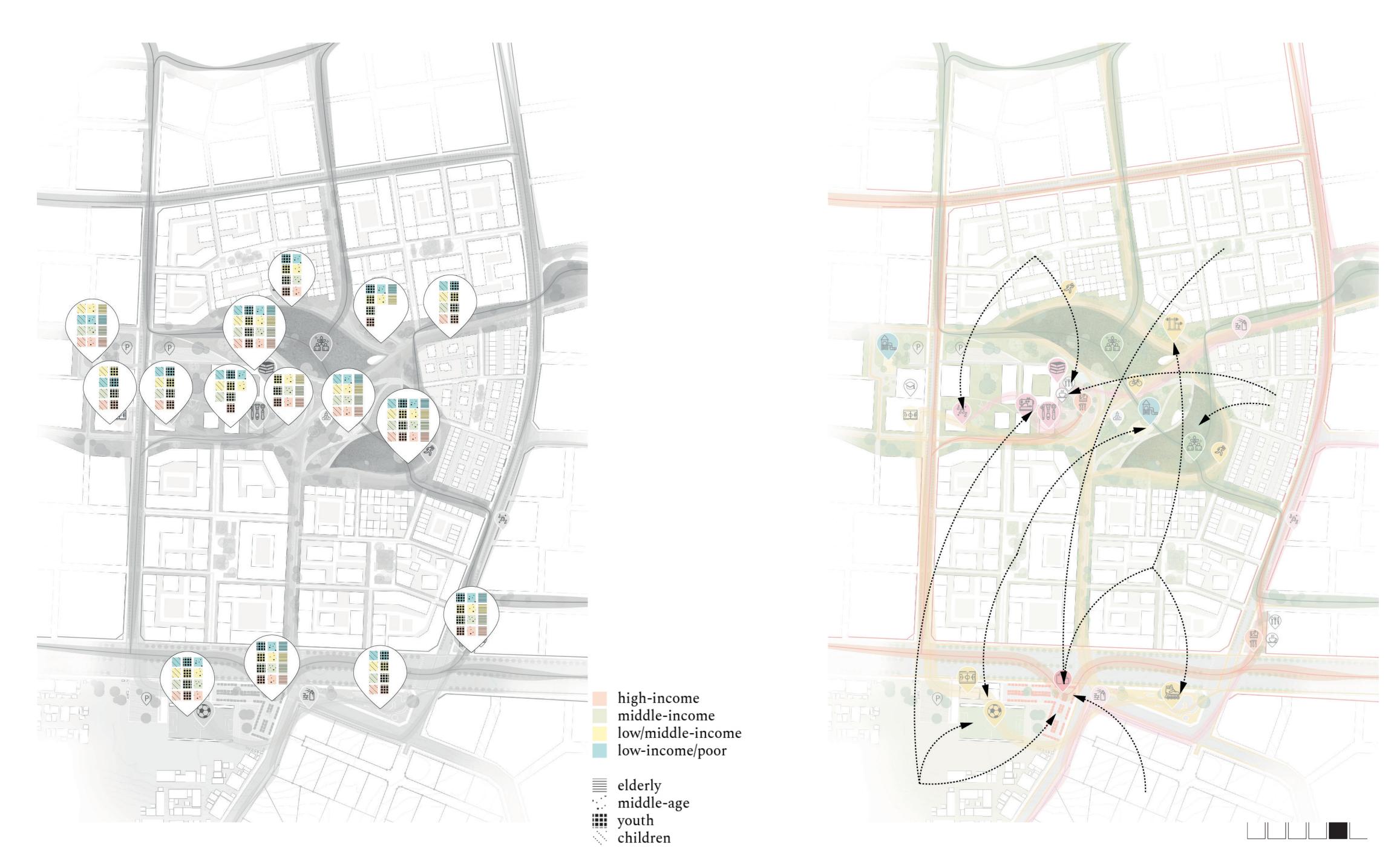
sport fields
sport fields - open after
school hours

art&crafts workshop
sewing workshop
public library
music studio and work

music studio and workshop
art events inside shops/restaurants/bars/etc.

street-art space
market
temporary art m

temporary art market (related with workhops)



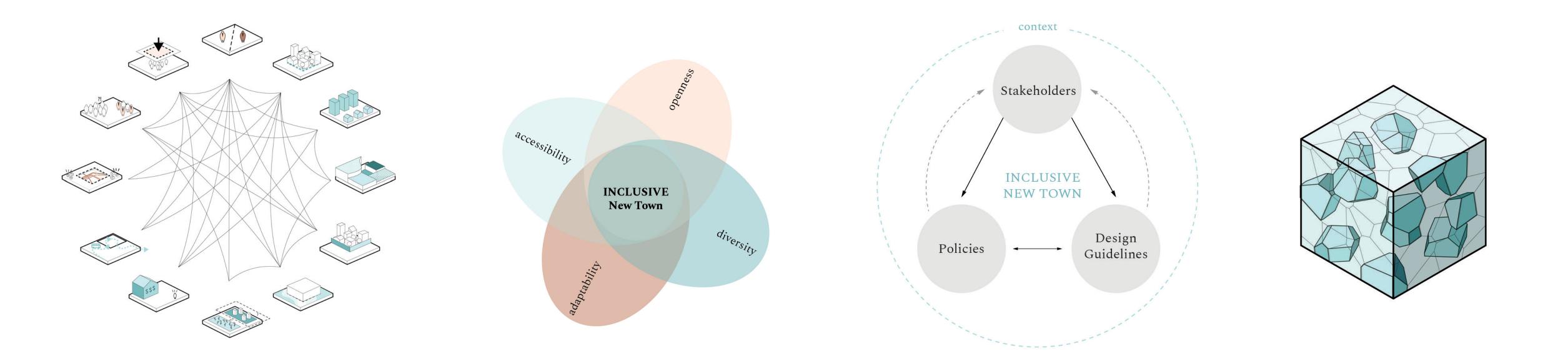


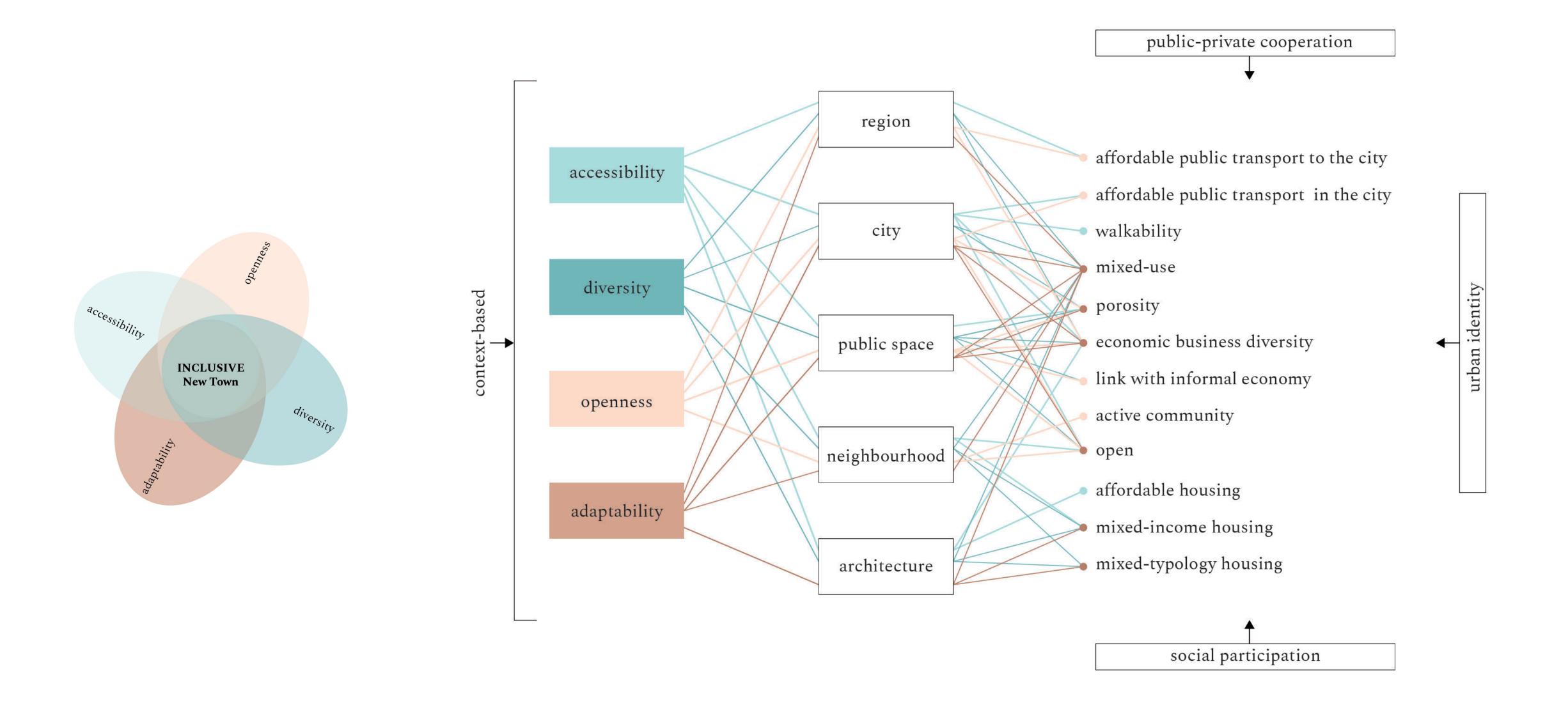


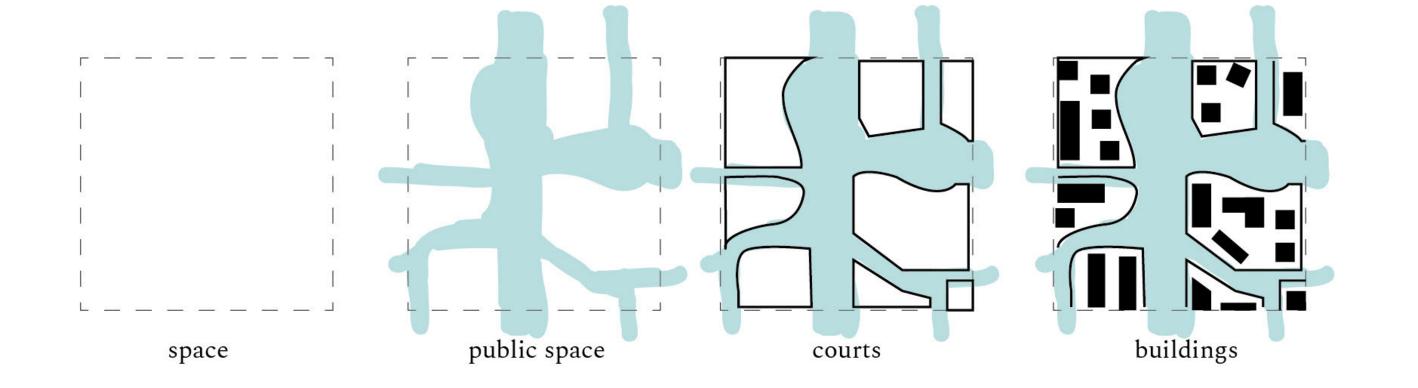


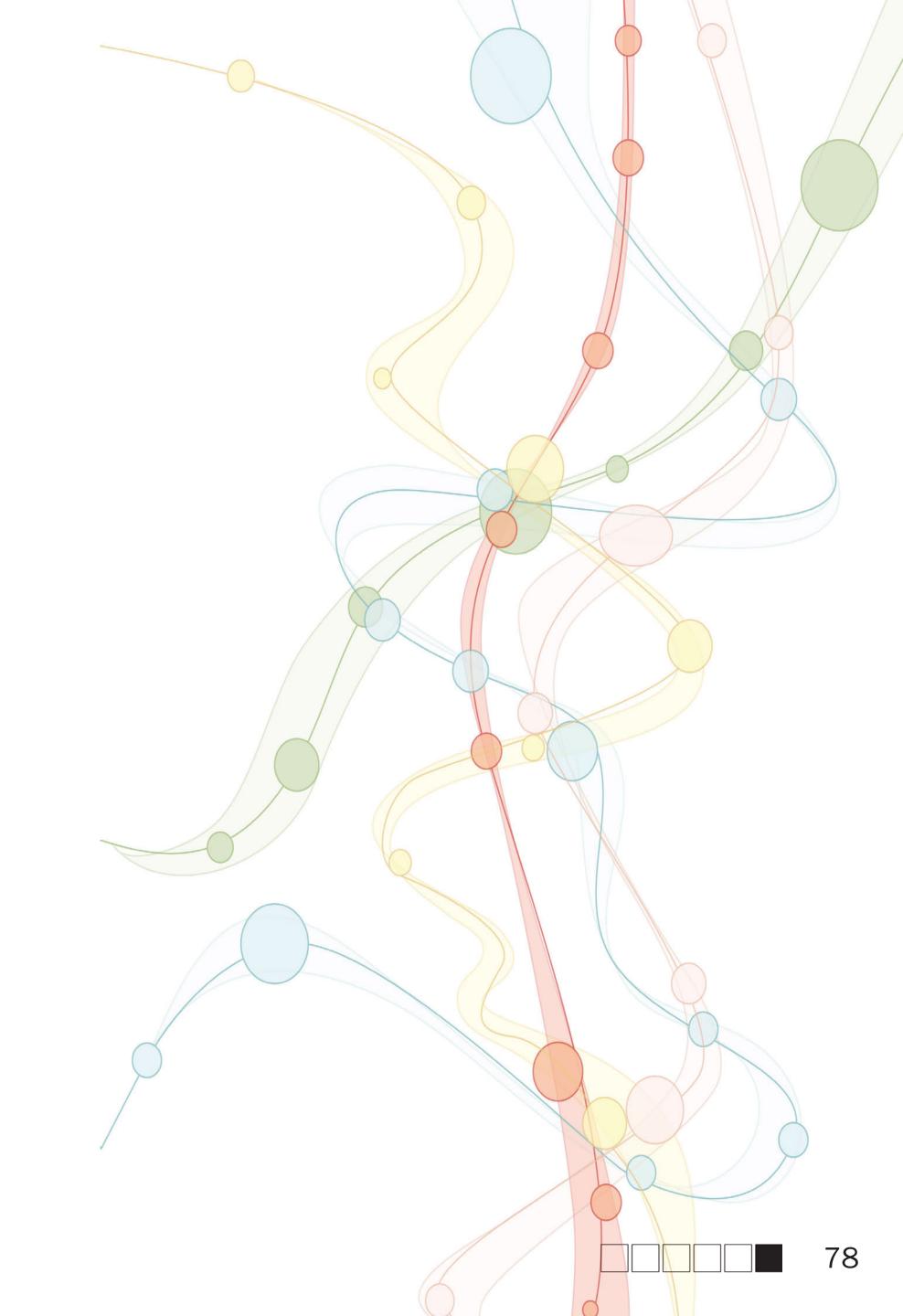


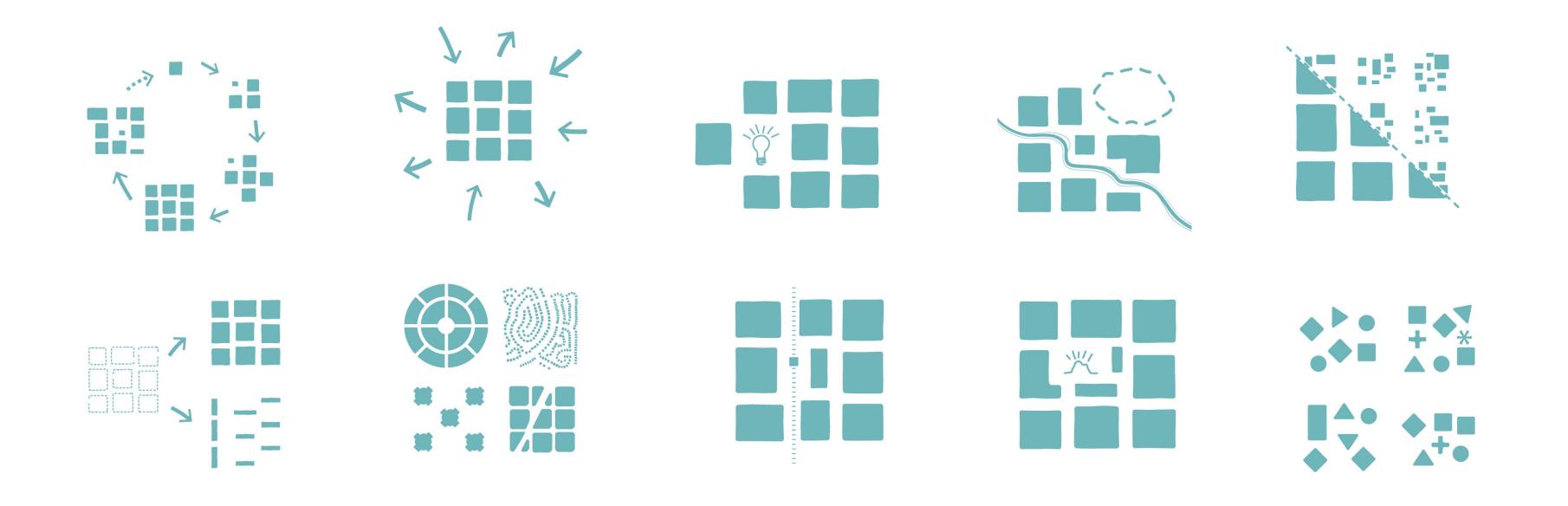
In conlcusion...





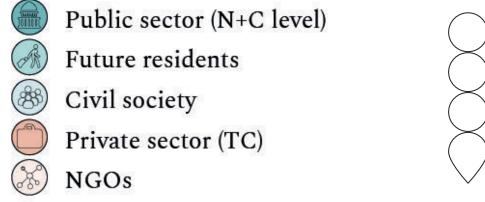


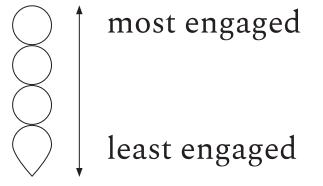




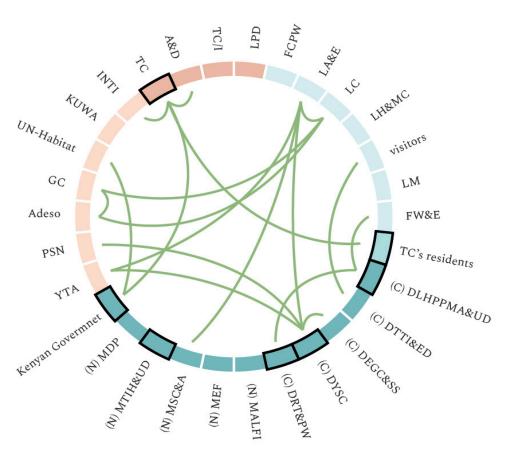
Relation with current research on New Towns



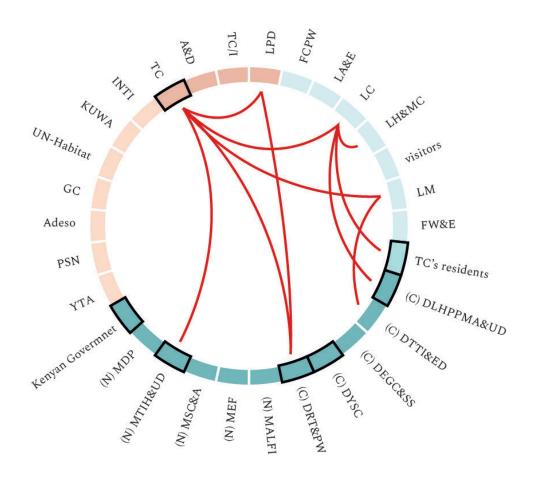






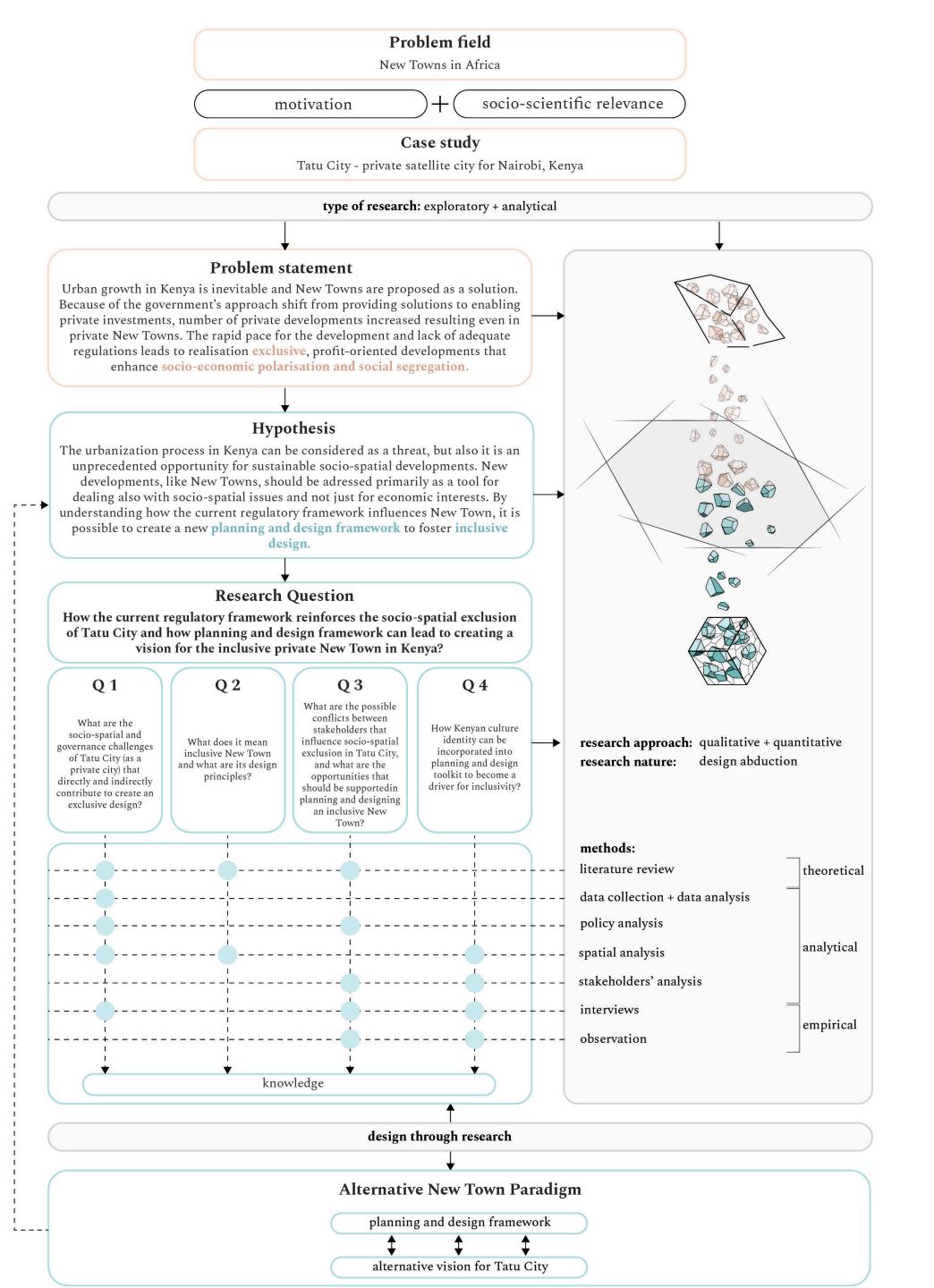


opportunities



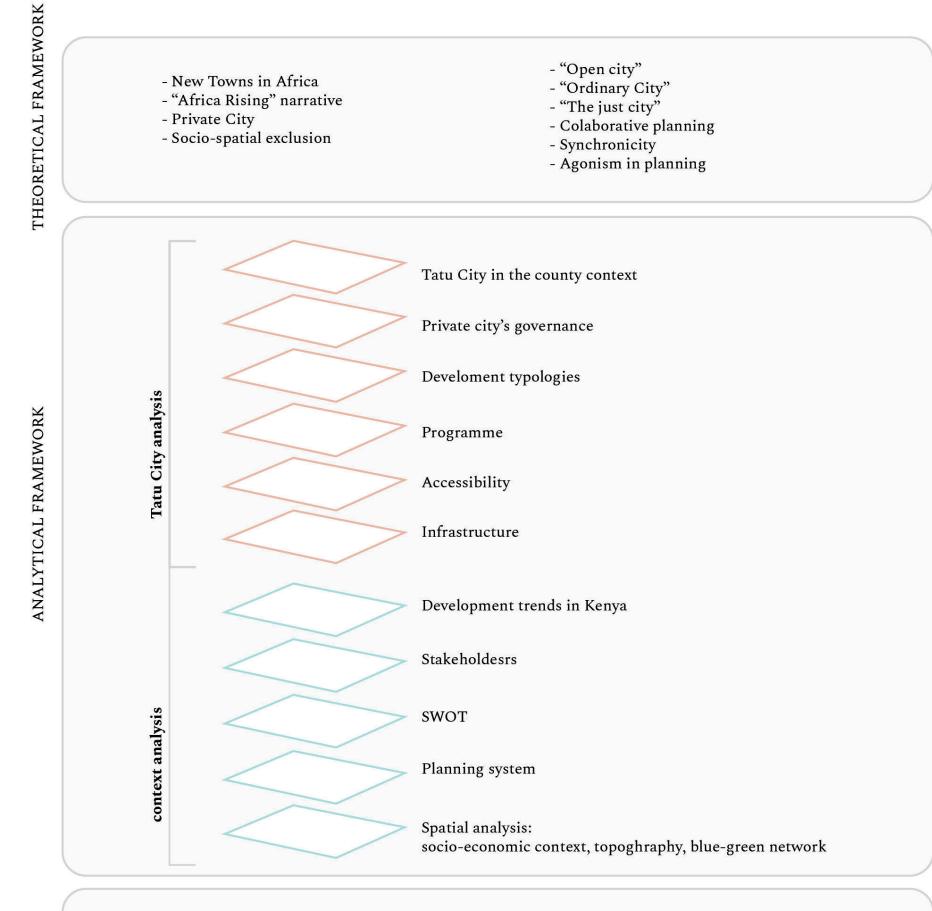
	public sector	private sector	civil society	future residents	NGOs
public sector		 meeting SDGs developing and sustaining world class transport infrastructure strenghtening International Cooperation becoming a strategic leader in transforming Kiambu County as the preferred county of choice for investments in Trade, Industry, Tourism and Co-operative Development. 	 developing, promoting and preserving Kenya's cultural and arts heritage promoting and developing sports facilities promoting Library Service promotingresearch and conservation of Music improving the livelihood of Kenyans and ensuring food security through creation of an enabling environment and ensuring sustainable natural resource management. providing Public Participation and Inclusivity Principle providing adequate housing 	-developing and sustaining world class transport infrastructure, and housing for sustainable socio-economic development	 developing, promoting and preserving Kenya's cultural and arts heritage improving the livelihood of Kenyans and ensuring food security through creation of an enabling environment and ensuring sustainable natural resource management. providing Public Participation and Inclusivity Principle promoting positive leisure and recreational facility within the county
private sector	-provision of adequate housing -reducing crime, drug and substance abuse among youths by involving them in alternative and productive activitiesempowering the society through the provision of quality education and social services use of technology and promotion of cultural heritage -providing infrastructure and housing by private investor without support from the government, as Tatu City area is not its priority		- providing job opportunities (especially for youth)	-high level of security -international standard (hosing, services, education) -rich public space (biodiversity, amenities) -exclusiveness -lack of traffic congestion -possibility for working and living in the same place	- meeting SDGs -working alongside African communities to co-create a new story for Africa-a future that is shaped by their values, powered by their own resourcefulness and built on their capabilities
civil society	- strong presence of informal economy - no regulated "public transport" - possibility for forced resettlements due to lack of developent regulations in county	 enabling easy entrance to Tatu City and usage of its amenieties by everyone conecting new transportation system with existing affordable public transport providing access to affordable/social housing (fresh start) providingaccess to education, helth care, amenities providing access to public spaces providing affordable renting prices creating plans and strategies including surrounding and position of Tatu City in the area 		- providing job opportunities in the household - creating local markets and possibility for developing businesses - creating a possibility for colaboration in small businesses	- supporting art's development in the region - working alongside African communities to co-create a new story for Africa-a future that is shaped by their values, powered by their own resourcefulness and built on their capabilities - achieving socio-spatial justice - achieving inclusive design
future			- providing easy entrance to Tatu City and useage of its amenieties by everyone - creating open and inclusive public spaces		
NGOs		- creating inclusive design - working with communities to enable new start into the future			

conflicts



- New Towns in Africa
- "Africa Rising" narrative - Private City
- Socio-spatial exclusion

- "Open city"- "Ordinary City"
- "The just city"
- Colaborative planning Synchronicity
- Agonism in planning



Interviews

Designers & Developer

- governance of the private city
- colaboration with existing communities
- design aspects:

public space, transport, security features

Researchers & Scholars:

- governance of the private city
- socio-spatial challenges
- socio-economic challengessocial cohesion in Kenyainclusive design

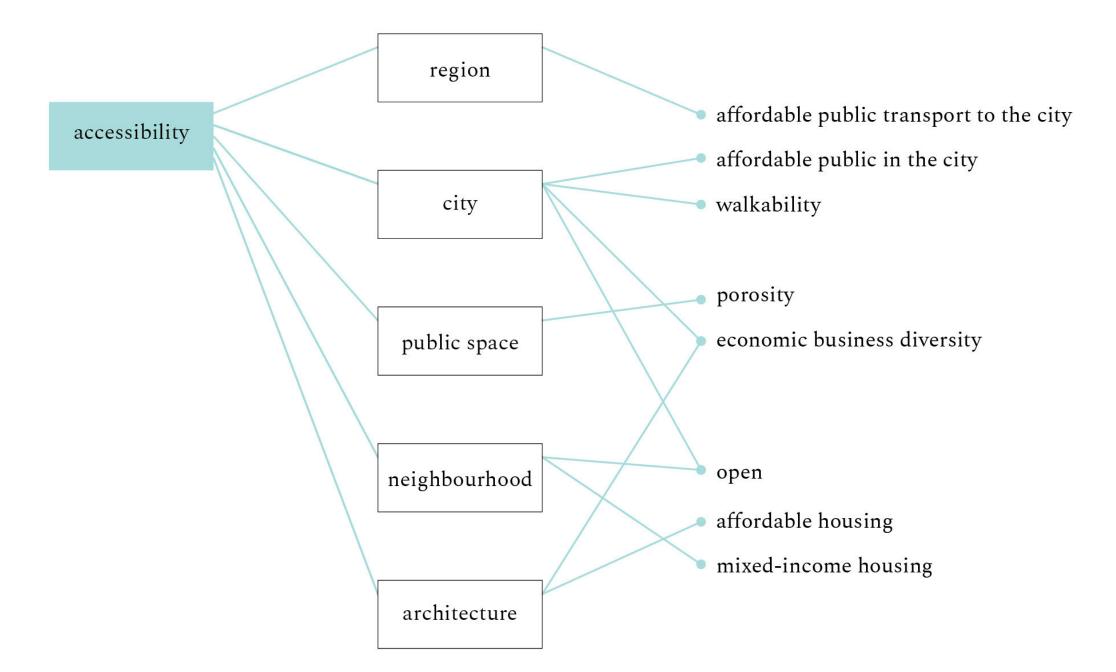
Local communities

- hopes and fearssocial cohesion
- traditions, usage of the public space

EMPIRICAL FRAMEWORK

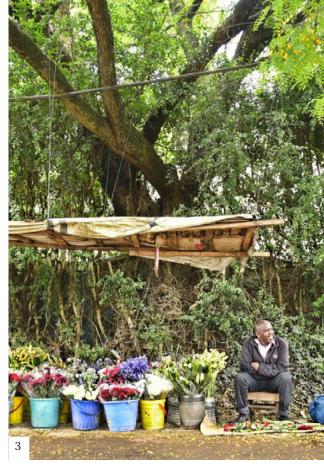
Observation

- social cohesion
- public space:
- usage of the public spacesocial relations in the public space





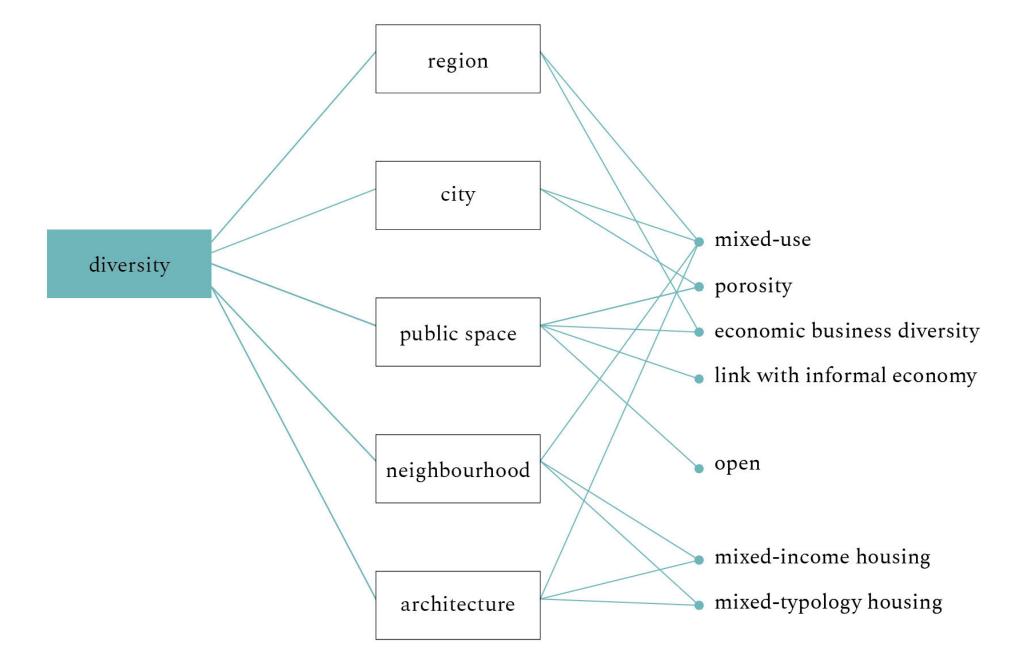








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- 5. https://500px.com/search?q=kenya+nairobi&type=photos&sort=pulse accessed on





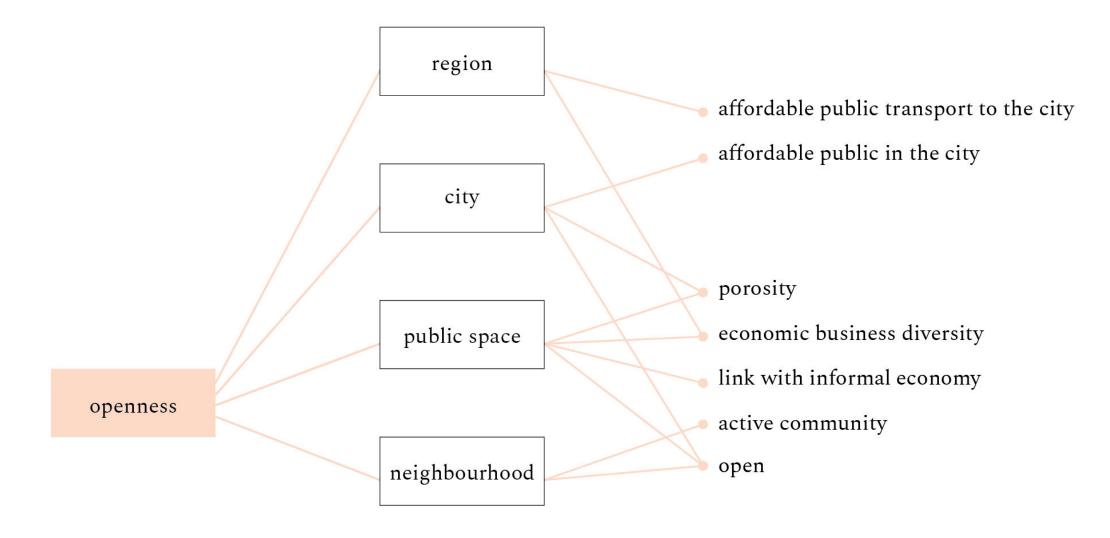








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2,3,4,5. https://500px.com/search?q=kenya+nairobi&type=photos&sort=pulse accessed on 7.01.2019







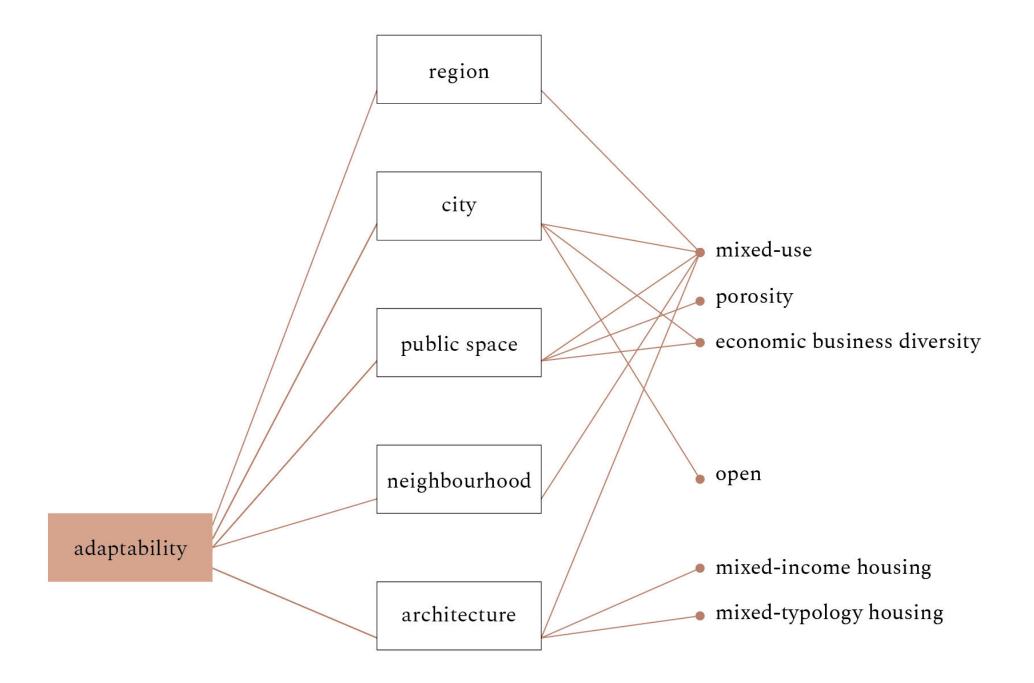








- 1. https://500px.com/photo/196587471/dsc-by-gigi-hanna accessed on 8.01.2019
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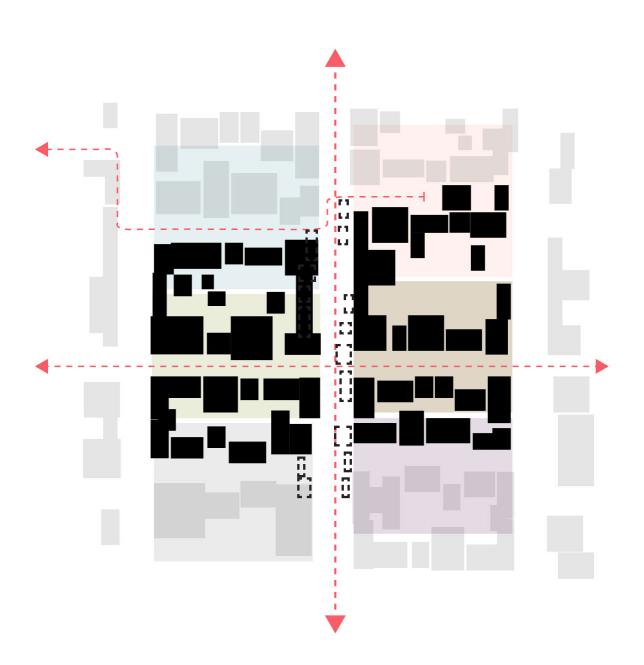


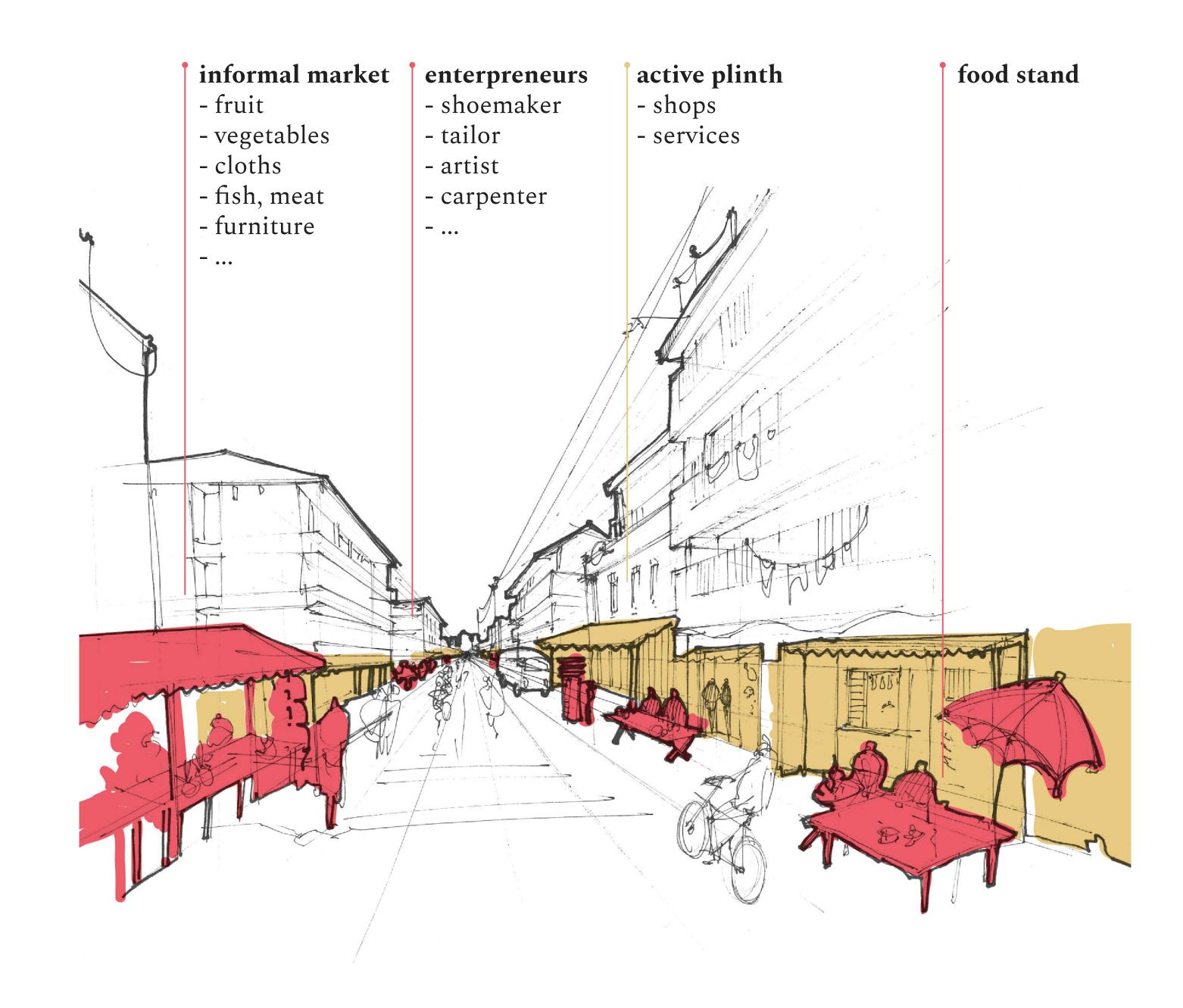
- 1. https://coinstreet.org/west-8-win-bernie-spain-gardens-design-competition/ accessed on 7.01.2019

 2,3. https://500px.com/search?q=kenya+nairobi&type=photos&sort=pulse accessed on 7.01.2019

Low-income neighbourhoods

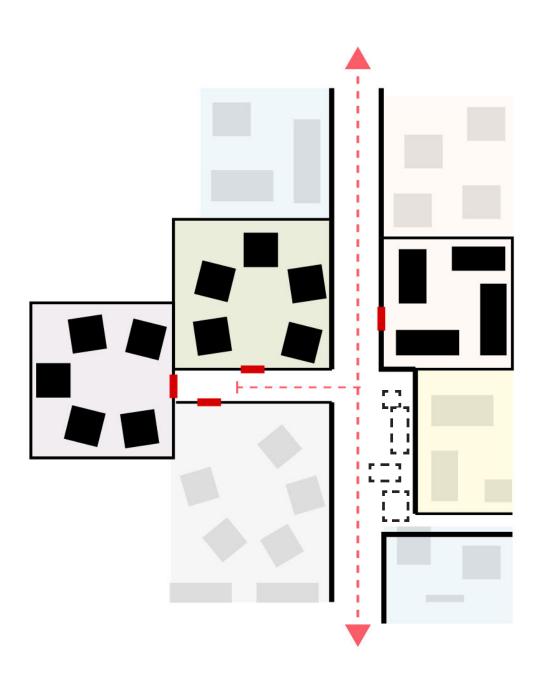
- high density
- open courts
- streets with active plinth
- high presence of informal economy

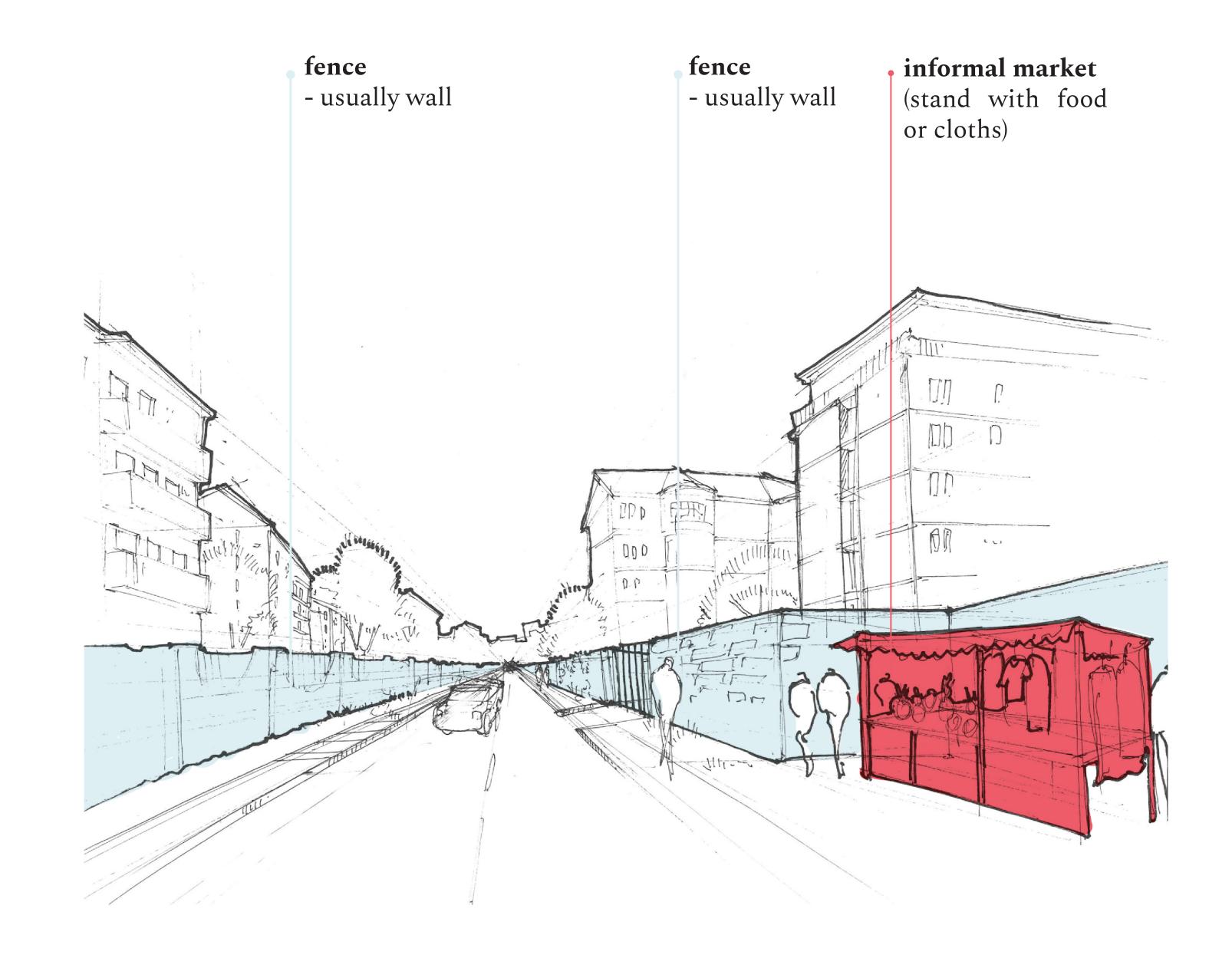




Middle-income neighbourhoods

- middle density
- close courts (fence+security)
- passive streets
- low presence of informal economy





High-income neighbourhoods

- low density
- close courts (fence+security)+every plot fenced
- passive streets
- lack of/very low presence of informal economy
- a lot of greenery

