

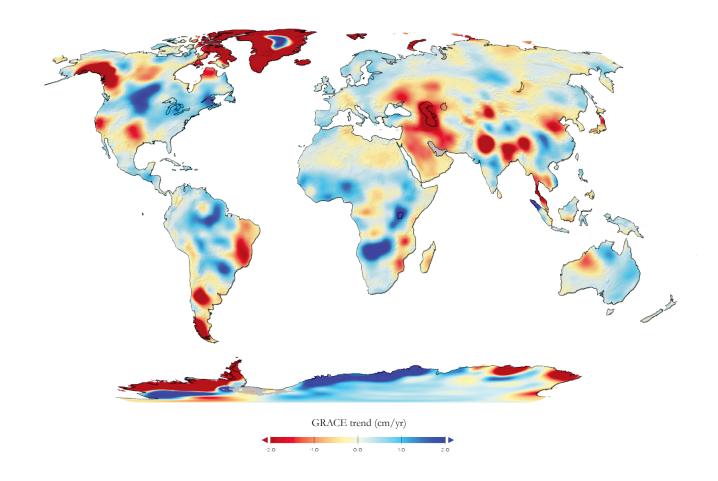
risk, resettlement, & renewal

geneviève mae shymanski

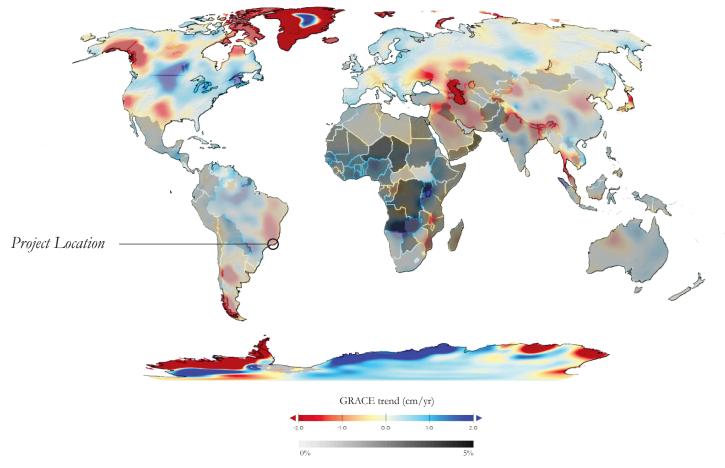
Global Housing Graduation Studio - São Paulo: Repair and Consolidate TU Delft November 9th, 2023

introduction

Resource Scarcity vs Urban Growth



Global freshwater availability trends from 2002 to 2016 (Famiglietti, 2019)

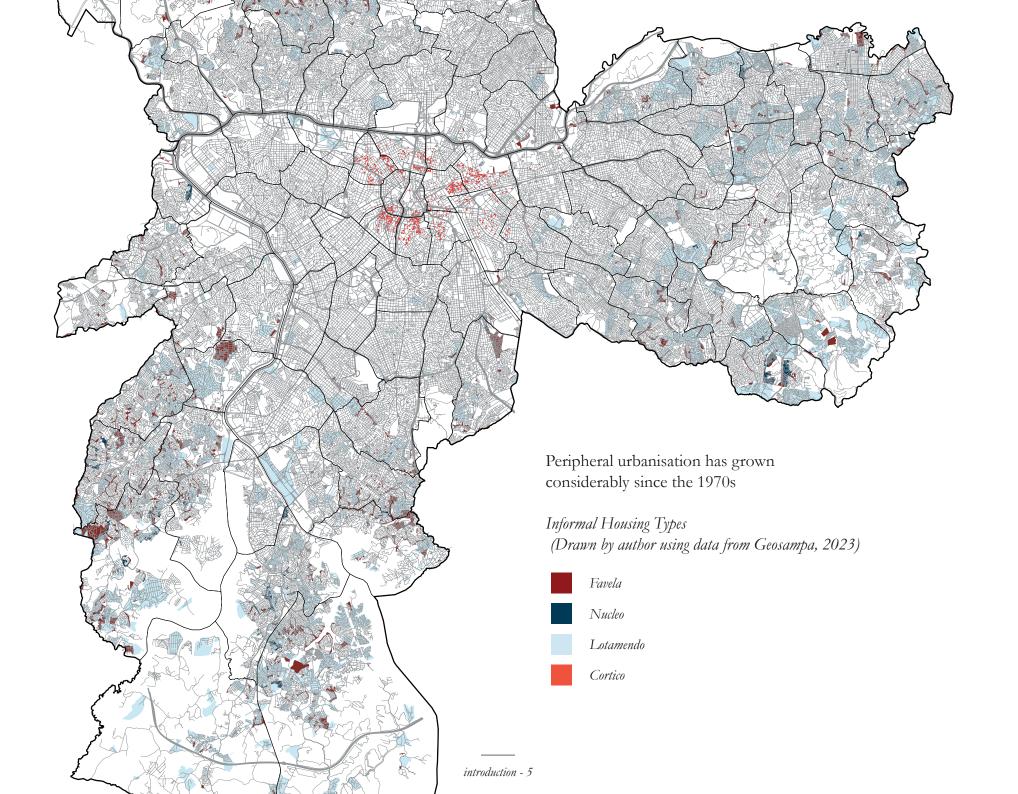


Average annual rate of population change (%), 2015-2020

Population growth rate (Overlay drawn by author using data from the United Nations, 2019)

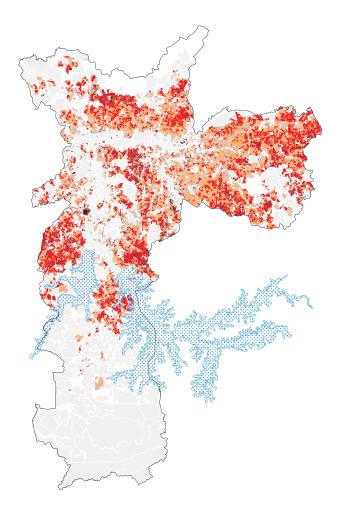


São Paulo, Brazil - the 4th largest city in the world with over 11 million residents as of 2020 (Google Earth, 2023)





Informal Settlements in the peripheries of São Paulo Images by author, 2022



Over 2 million people live in the Billings and Guarapiranga watershed areas. These two reservoirs are São Paulo's main source for water consumption and energy production.

0-70

70 - 120

Density - inhabitant/ha
(Drawn by author using data from Geosampa, 2023)



problem statement

Water & Infrastructure Scarcity

Inadequate sewage and sanitation services Detrimental to personal health and environmental ecosystems



Precarious housing without sewage infrastructure in Heliópolis, São Paulo (Author, 2022)

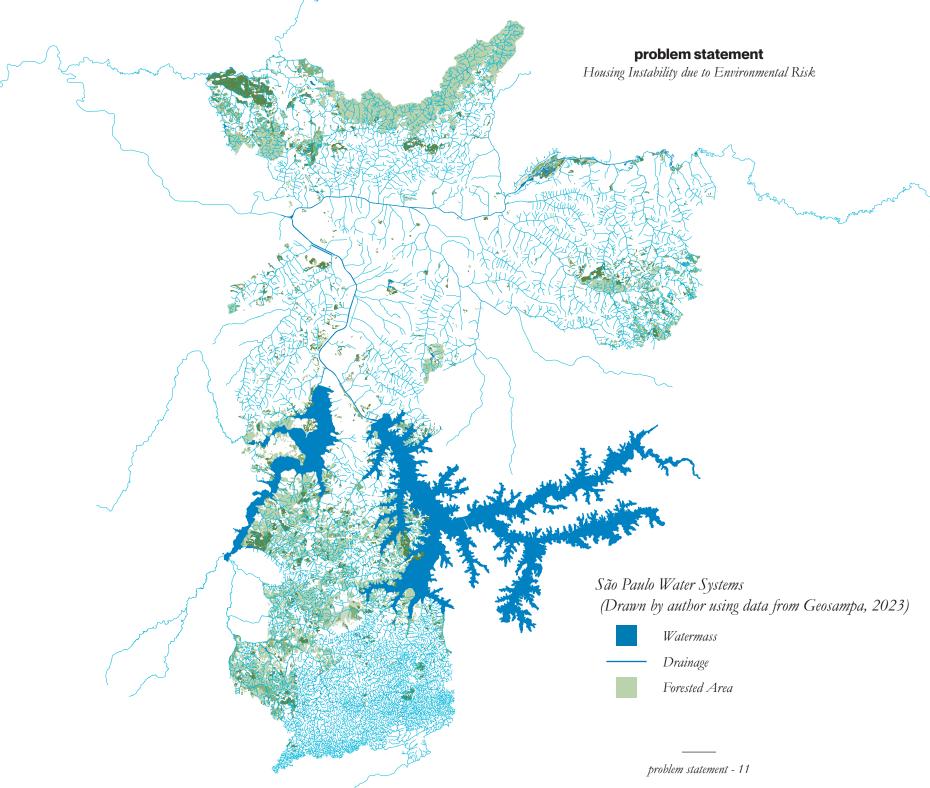
problem statement

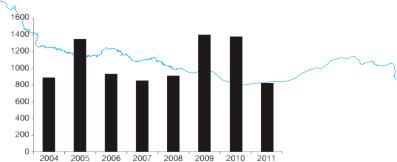
Water & Infrastructure Scarcity

Inconsistent water supply Increasing vulnerability to drought

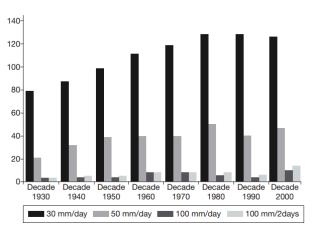


Rooftop water cisterns in Copacabana, Rio de Janeiro (Huub Fenten, 2022)

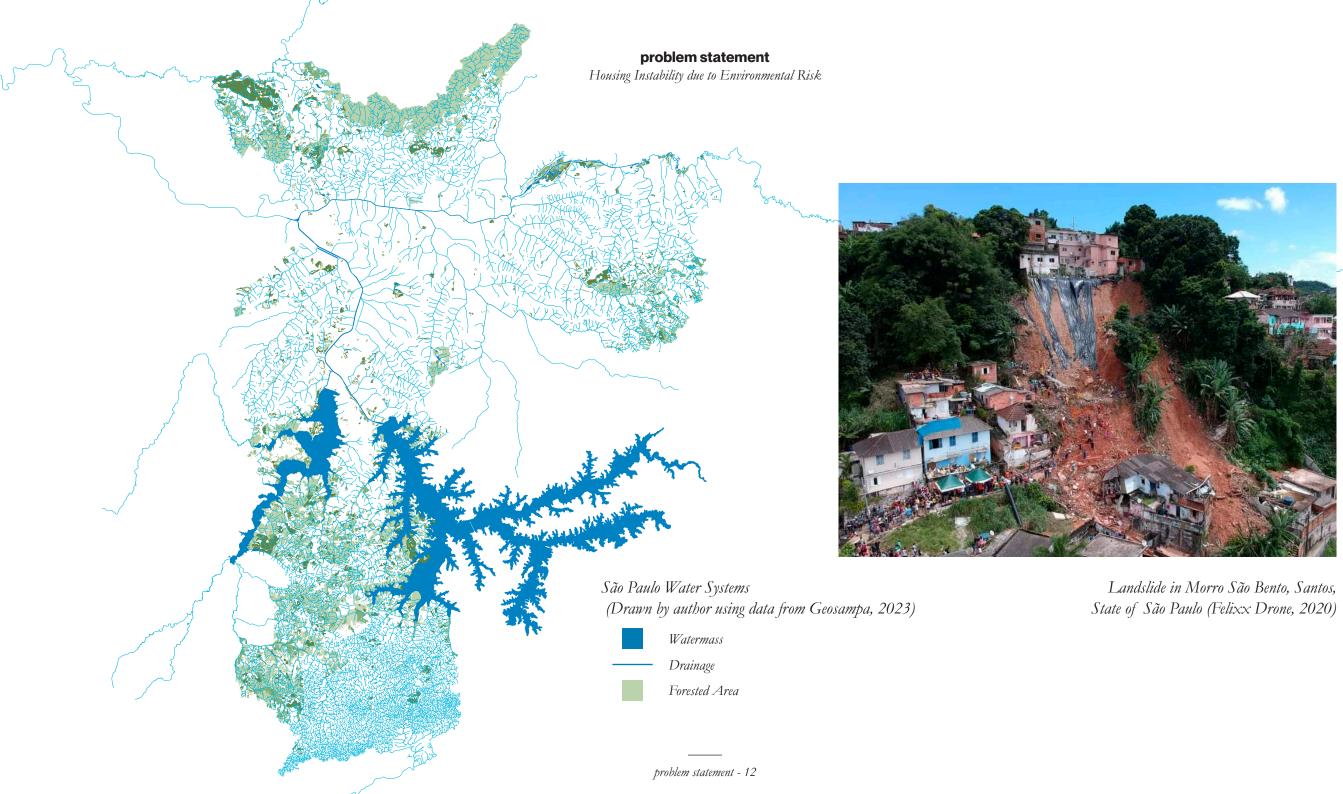




Number of Flooding Points Registered by CGE in São Paulo per year, 2004-2011 (Dickson, 2012)



Days with Intense Rainfall per decade (Dickson, 2012)





ZEIS - SPECIAL ZONES OF INTEREST

Land designated as social housing stock for low-income residents

HIS - SOCIAL INTEREST HOUSING

Income groups designated for housing located in ZEIS

ZEIS Locations (Drawn by author using data from Geosampa, 2023)

ZEIS 1

ZEIS 2

ZEIS 3

ZEIS 4

ZEIS 5



HMP

6 - 10 minimum wages R\$7812 - R\$13 000 €1500 - €2500

HIS 2

3 - 6 minimum wages R\$3906 - R\$7812 €990 - €1500

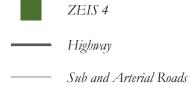
HIS₁

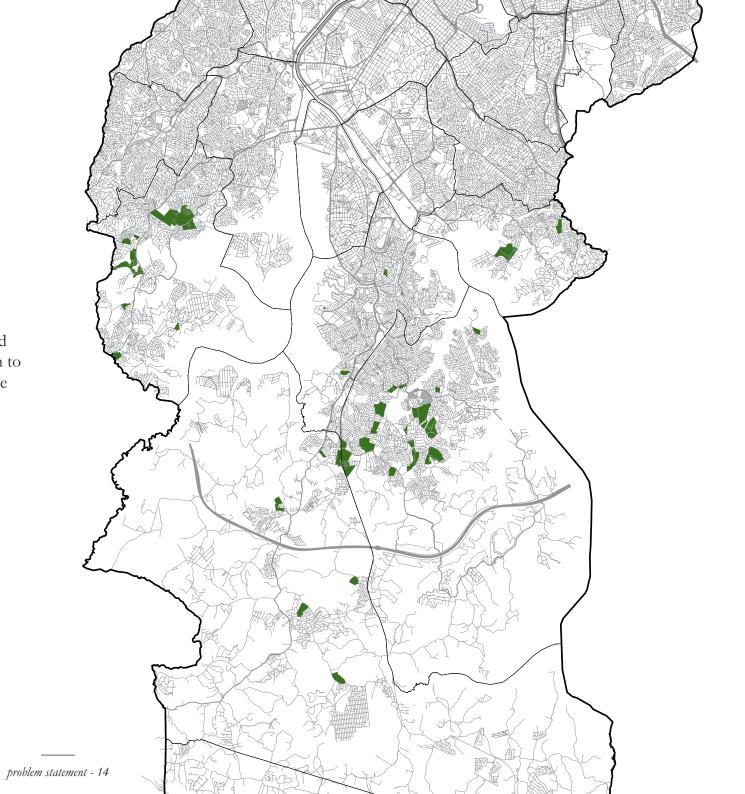
1 - 3 minimum wages R\$1302 - R\$3906 €250 - €750

> HIS 1

>1 minimum wage R\$0 - R\$1302 €0 - €250 ZEIS 4 are located in environmentally protected areas, designated as land for future urbanization to rehouse those displaced from ecologically fragile areas without proper infrastructure. (Pimentel Walker & Arquero de Alarcón, 2018)

ZEIS 4 Locations (Drawn by author using data from Geosampa, 2023)





problem statement

Social Impact due to Development-Induced Displacement



Demolished home of an evicted family in Cantinho do Céu, São Paulo (Author, 2022)

Robert Muggah, the author of Os Deslocados: Conceptualizing Internal Displacement in Brazil (2014), defines internal displacement as

"involuntary population movement resulting in coerced resettlement between or within cities, or among neighborhoods"



Demolished home of an evicted family in Cantinho do Céu, São Paulo (Author, 2022)

Robert Muggah, the author of Os Deslocados: Conceptualizing Internal Displacement in Brazil (2014), defines internal displacement as

"involuntary population movement resulting in coerced resettlement between or within cities, or among neighborhoods"

Development-induced displacement has a direct impact on

-social networks

-mental well-being

-income-generation patterns, and

-safety

1 water scarcity & poor infrastructure

- lack of water & sanitation
- health risks
- drainage challenges

2 environmental risk

- flooding
- drought
- landslides
- heat island effects

3 development-induced displacement

- distanced from social networks

resettlement

- destabilized sense of security
- financial precarity





renewal

how can an integrated approach to housing and urban public space connect displaced residents to their new place of settlement, socially, culturally, and ecologically?

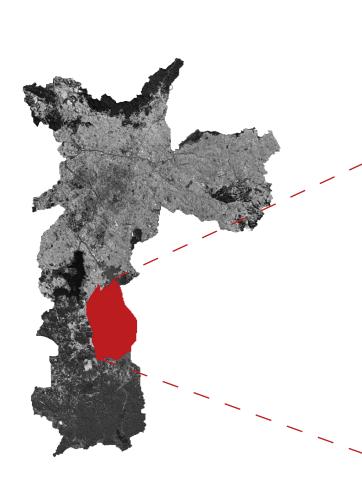
how can urban spaces within informal neighborhoods combat the effects of water scarcity and poor infrastructure, while promoting climate resilience?



what are examples of safe and ethical processes to displace and rehouse at-risk residents of São Paulo?

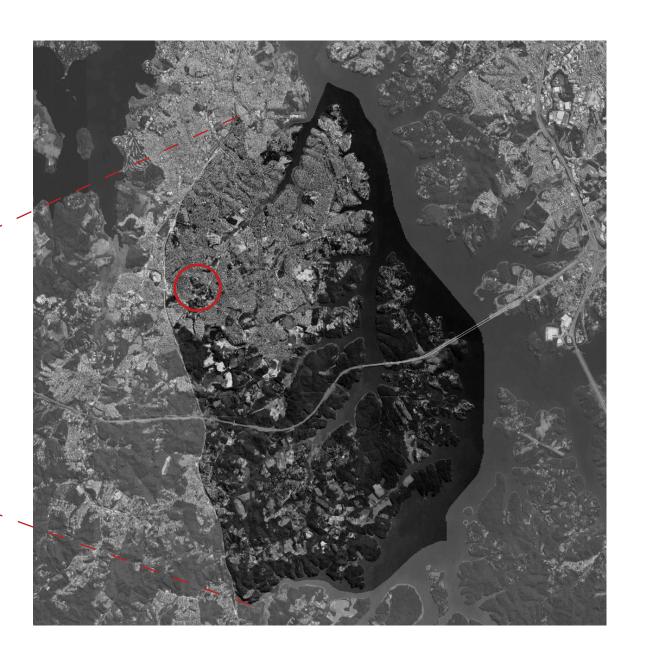
risk resettlement

contextual analysis Grajaú, São Paulo



Grajaú is located along the billings reservoir

Project location on western edge of Grajaú





360 800 inhabitants 92.5 km^2 3900 people/km² 3.5 people per average household

> 96% urban population located in North Grajaú (São Paulo Census, 2010)

Informal housing types in Northern Grajaú, drawn by author using data from the Prefeitura de São Paulo (Geosampa, 2023)



Favela



Núcleo



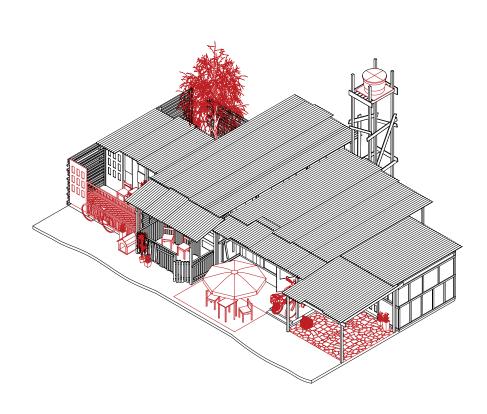
Lotamendo



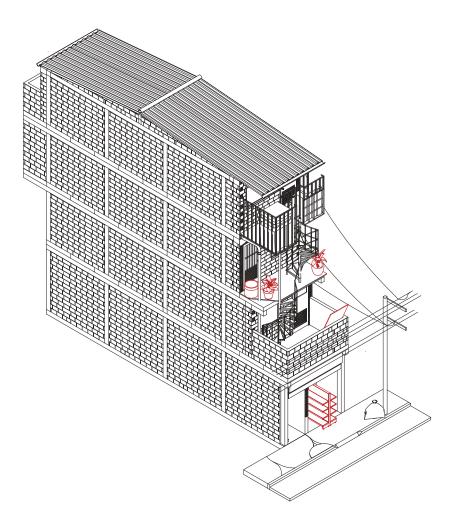
Train line



Aerial view of Grajaú (Boldarini, 2012)



Informal Shack Type, Anchieta, São Paulo (Angelina Torbica, Aleksandra Jodłowska, & Beatrijs Kostelijk, 2022)



Irregular Settlement, São Paulo (Sanette Schreurs, Robbert Laan, & Huub Fenten, 2022)



Atmospheric Synthesis of Grajaú, São Paulo (Drawn by author in collaboration with Winnie Goldsteen, 2022)

contextual analysis

Risk - Cantinho do Céu, São Paulo

cantinho do céu urbanisation project

2009 - 2012 154.4 ha 43 556 inhabitants 70 dwellings/ha (Franca & Barda, 2012)

By Boldarini Arquitetos & SEHAB

Aerial views of Cantinho do Céu development before, during, and after revitalization by Boldarini Arquitetos (Boldarini, 2023)



Post resettlement housing campaign for families in at-risk housing



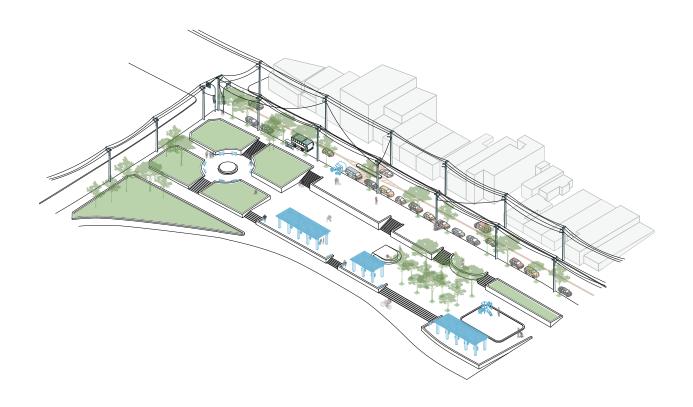
Public infrastructure upgrading



Creation of linear park along billings reservoir



Cantinho do Céu Linear Park (Boldarini, 2023)



Contextual Analysis of Public Space in Grajaú, São Paulo (Drawn by author in collaboration with Winnie Goldsteen, 2022)

contextual analysis

Resettlement - Chácara do Conde & Residencial Espanha



Chácara do Conde Aerial View (JAA Arquitetura, 2022)

chácara do conde

2018 10.4 ha 1290 units for 5000 inhabitants 124 dwellings/ha (JAA Arquitetos, 2023)

By JAA Arquitetos & SEHAB

For families displaced by the Urbanisation of Precarious Settlements Program (UAP)

Located On ZEIS 4 Plots

Accompanied by SEHAB social support service

-maintenance guidance

-code of conduct

-financing support

-employment programs



Residencial Espanha Aerial View (Lopes Jr, 2019)

residencial espanha

2018 30 ha 3860 units for 15 000 inhabitants 128 dwellings/ha (Prefeitura de São Paulo, 2018)

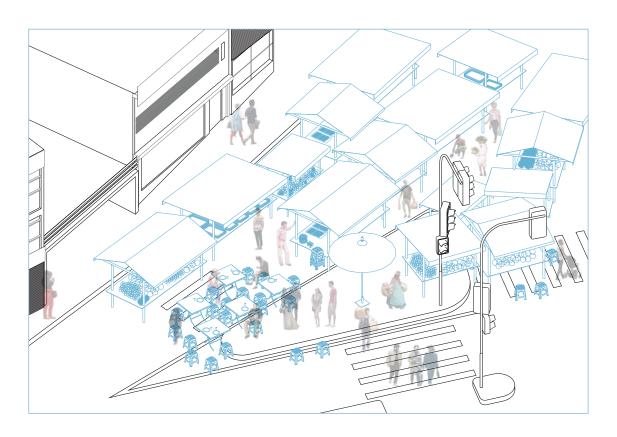
By SEHAB



Atmospheric Synthesis of Chacara do Conde Housing Complex (Sanette Schreurs, Robbert Laan, & Huub Fenten, 2022)



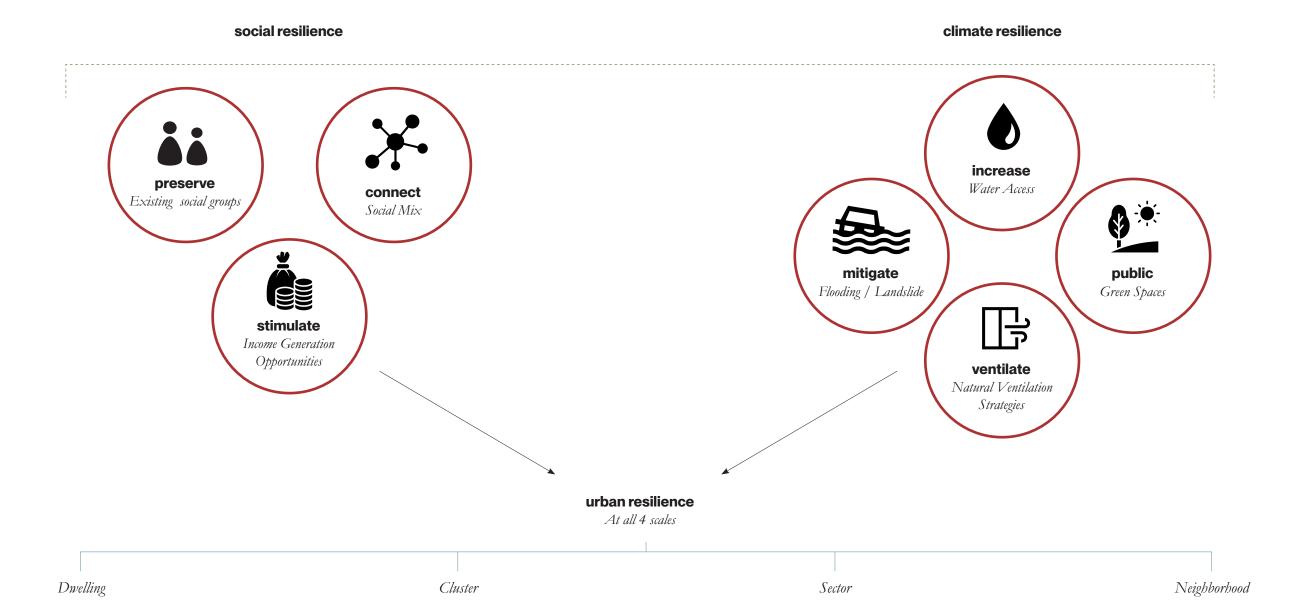
Lack of Income-Generating Spaces at Residencial Espanha Housing Complex (Lopez Jr, 2019)



Contextual Analysis of Informal Economy in Grajaú, São Paulo (Drawn by author in collaboration with Winnie Goldsteen, 2022)

design hypothesis

Transforming Risk To Opportunity



site analysis

Jardim Campinas



\approx 65 dw/ha

DENSITY

150 to 300 inhabitants per hectare (Geosampa, 2023), with an average of 3.5 inhabitants per household

40 to 90 dw/ha across areas



site analysis - 30



Regularized land plots with matured housing (Author, 2022)



Favela settlements bordering creek
(Author, 2022)



City Signage stating it is "Prohibited to dipose of garbage and construction waste" (Author, 2022)

site analysis - 31



site analysis - 32

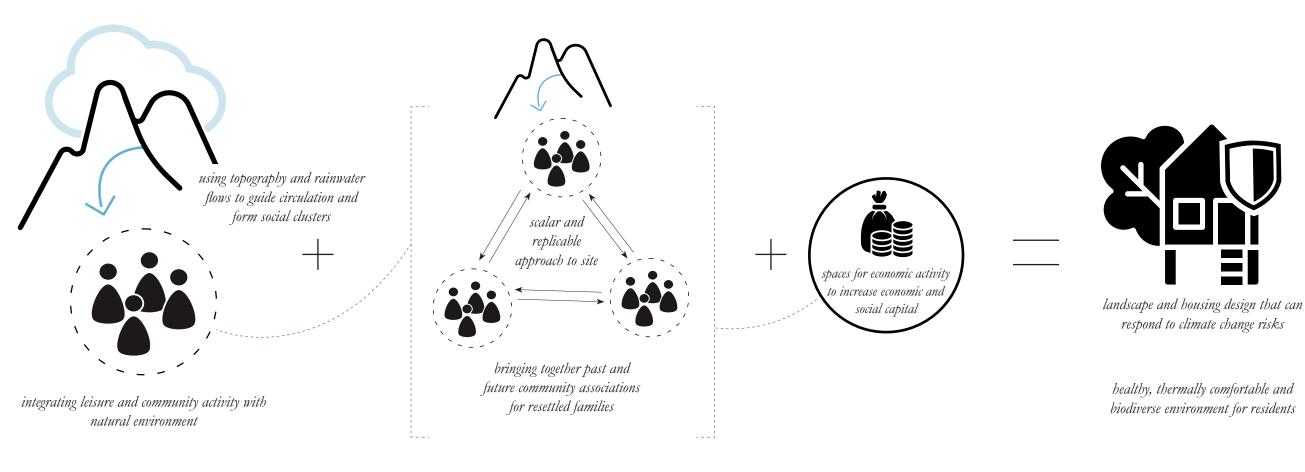
Planned linear park named Riberão Cocaia under implementation since 2006



Projected Linear Park (Walker & de Alarcón, 2018)

design approach

design principles



rooted in socio ecological strategy

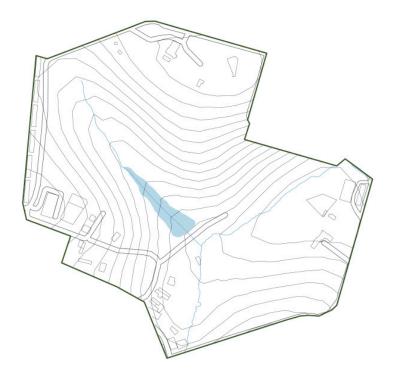
community through spatial organization

economic growth and community integration

climate adaptive design

design approach

Program Of Requirements



DENSITY

current ≈65 dw/ha goal ≈100 dw/ha

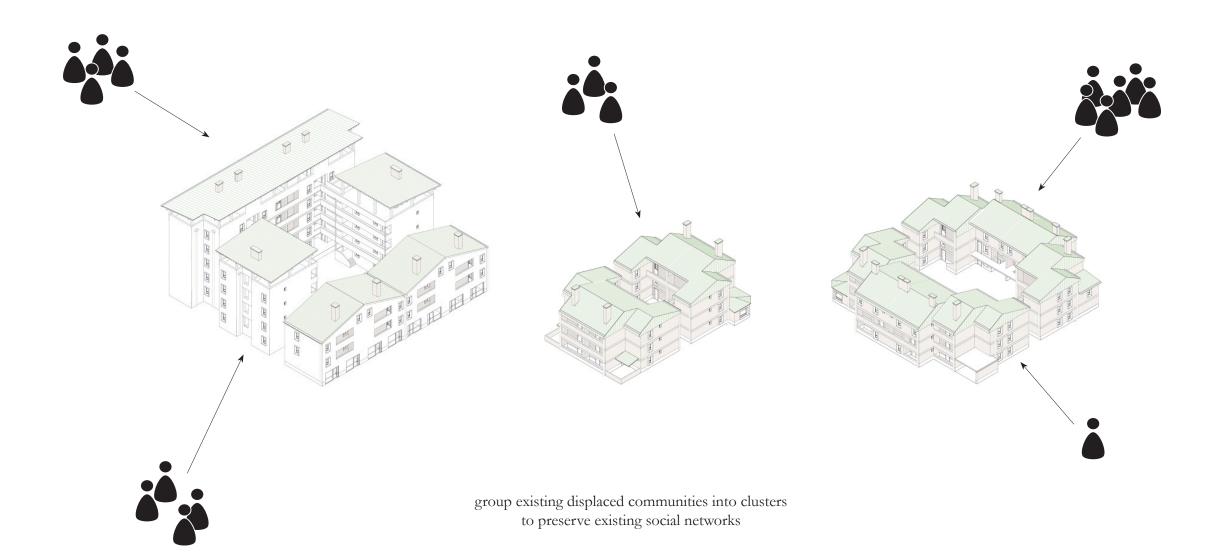
socio-environmental	social	economical	environmental
Urban strategy centered on water flows Linear park Diverse green public spaces for social mix Rainwater collection integrated with public space	Amenities -community center -grocery -church -shopping streets -transit stop Community clustering Dwelling type variety for various income groups & family sizes	FSI <= 2 HIS 1 & 2 >60% HIS 1 Inclusive financing system Local income generation integrated with housing	Flood & landslide risk management Rainwater harvesting & recycling Thermal comfort Site Adaptability



urban strategy - 36

urban strategy

Community Continuity





urban strategy - 38



urban strategy - 39

urban strategy

Radburn Principle





Radburn Principle in Varsity Village Concept Diagram, drawn by author with satellite imagery (Google Earth Pro, 2023)



Intersecting pedestrian pathways (Allegra Bentrim & Chris Borsos, 2023)



Green street that connects local street to large central park (Allegra Bentrim & Chris Borsos, 2023)





urban strategy - 43



urban strategy - 44



urban strategy - 45



urban strategy - 46

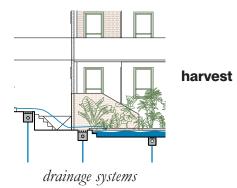


urban strategy - 47

urban strategy

Public Infrastructure as Public Space





name of the state of the state

water tower with viewing platform



bioremediation pond



rain gardens

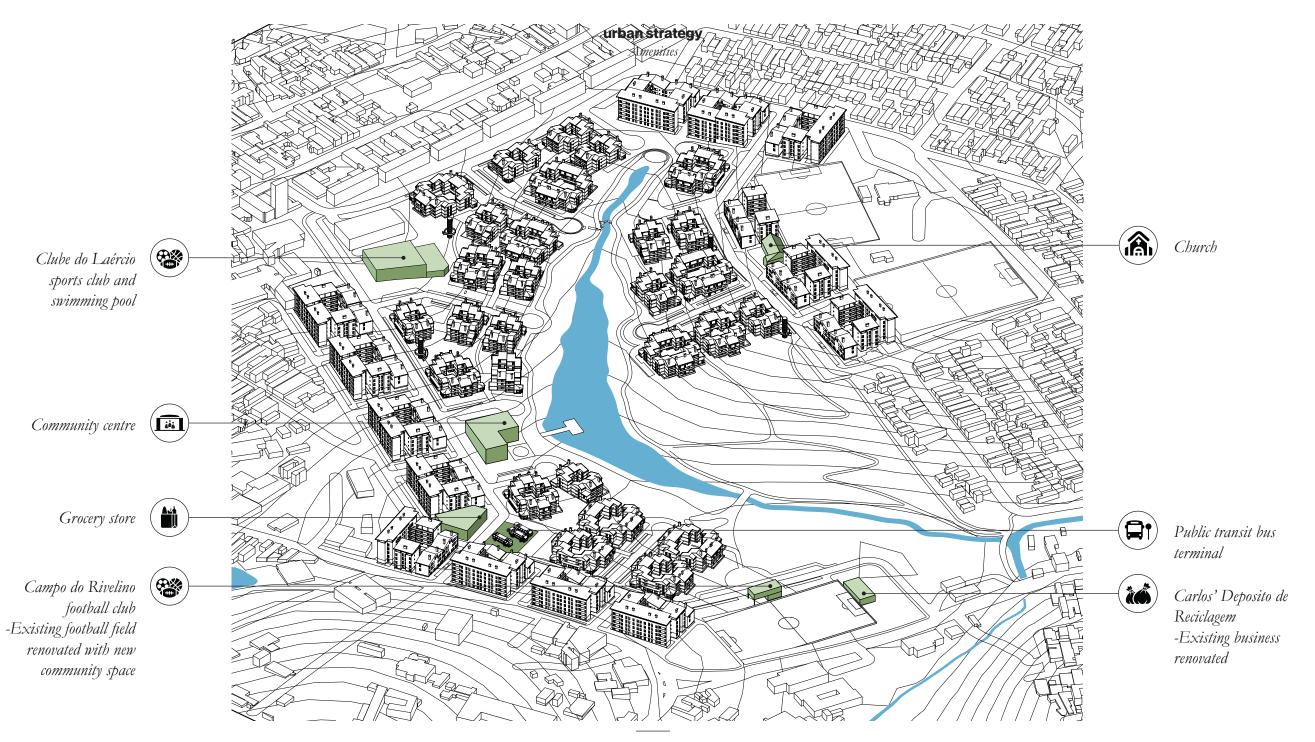


shallow ponds for play



skateboarding bowl

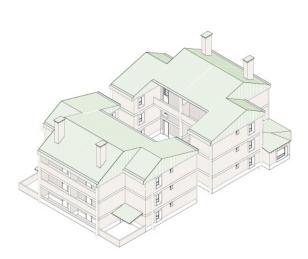
retain

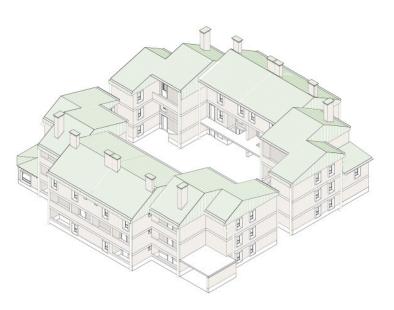


urban strategy - 49

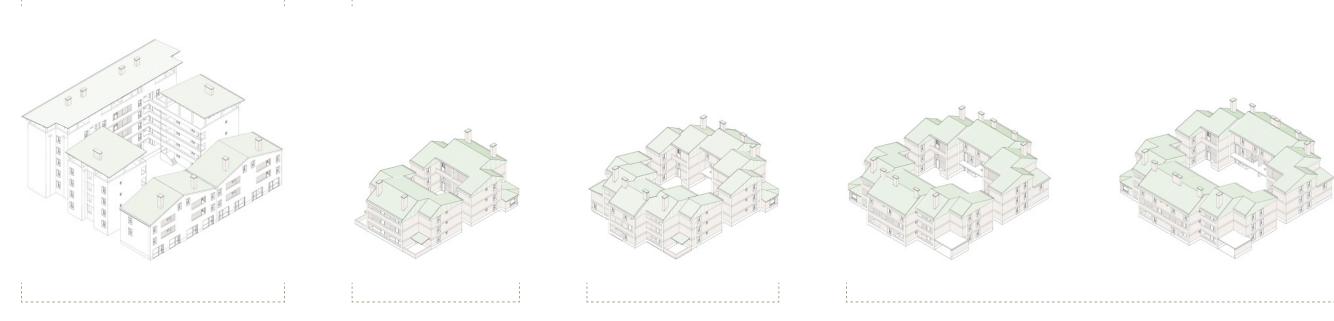
Three Housing Clusters







COURTYARD CLUSTER ROW HOUSE CLUSTER



>HIS 1, HIS 1 & HIS 2 HIS 2 HIS 1 HIS 1

Income Groups

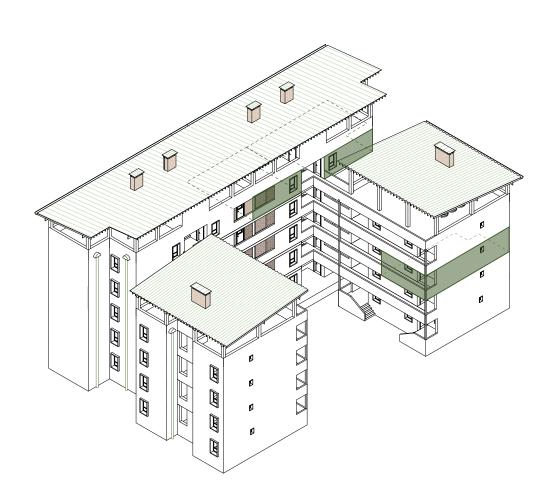
>HIS1 HIS2

>1 minimum wage R\$0 - R\$1302 €0 - €250 1 - 3 minimum wages R\$1302 - R\$3906 €250 - €750 3 - 6 minimum wages R\$3906 - R\$7812 €990 - €1500

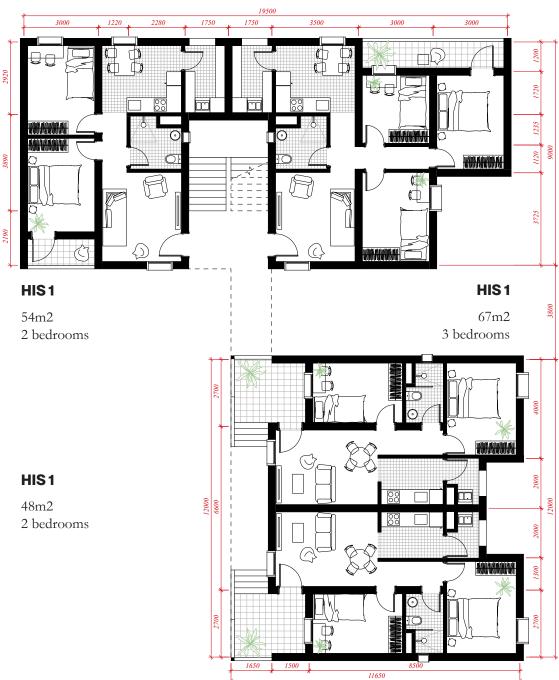
communal access - shared balcony higher density 1 - 3 bedrooms 1 bathroom private access - haagse portiek entrance lower density 2 - 4 bedrooms 2 bathrooms

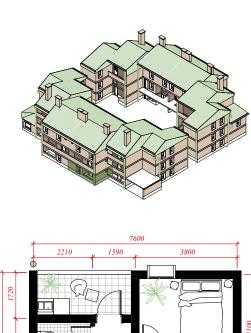
All apartments feature

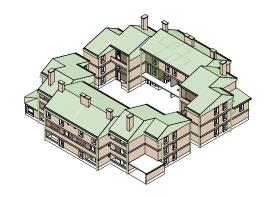
shared water supply balcony

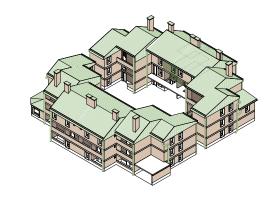


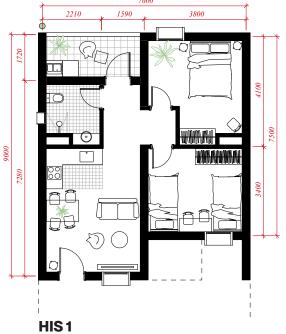
Balcony Access



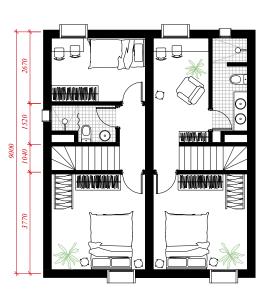








HIS 1



ground level - 58 m2 2 bedrooms

duplex left - 52 m2 2 bedrooms + mezzanine

duplex right - 46 m2 1 bedroom + mezzanine

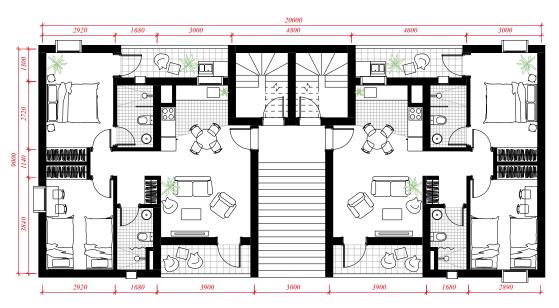
HIS 1

Haagse Portico



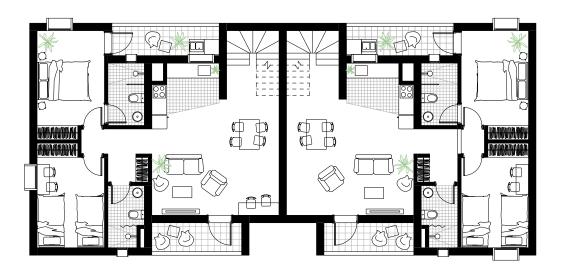
HIS 2 first level - 67 m2

2 bedrooms

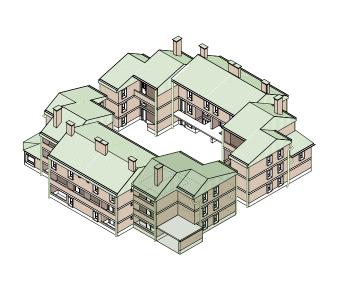


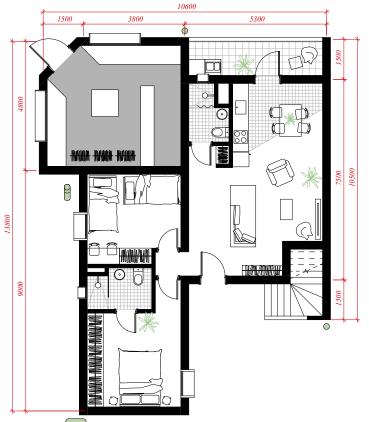
HIS 2

second level - 76 m2 2 bedrooms + mezzanine



Haagse Portico









HIS 2

ground level - 68 m2 2 bedrooms HIS 2

first level - 60 m2 2 bedrooms HIS 2

second level - 76 m2 2 bedrooms + mezzanine

Courtyard Cluster

safe, private place for kids to play and community gathering - eyes on the street

possible uses for the shared space

play set/swing

pergola + seating

bike rack

plants

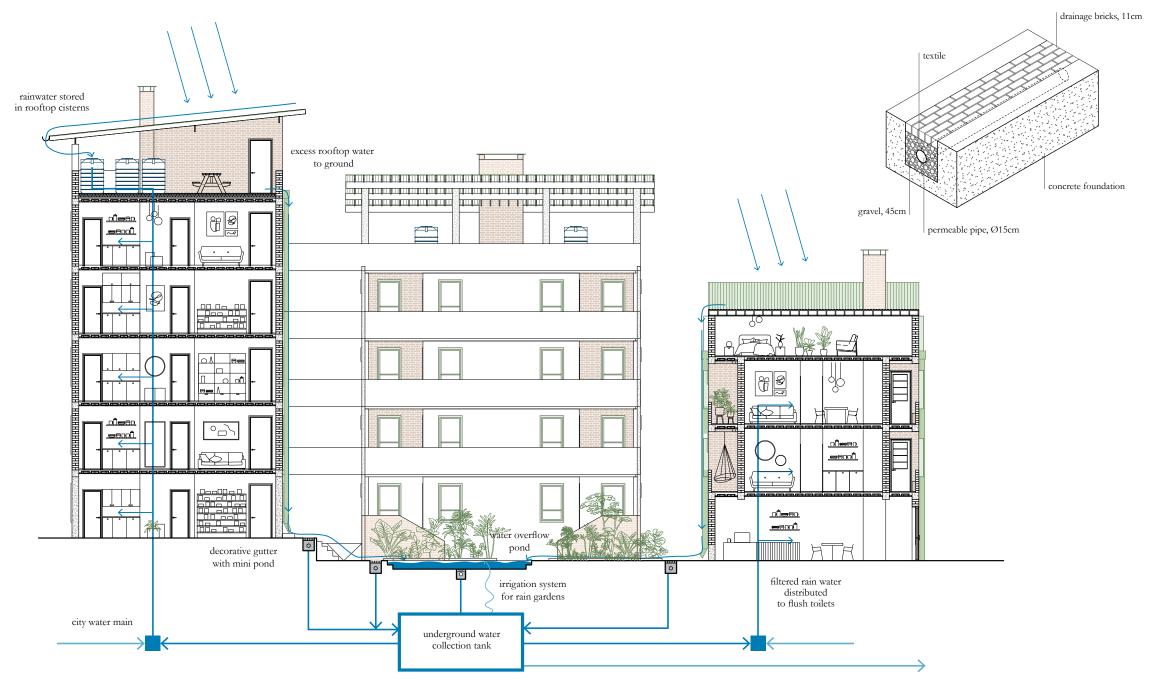
storage



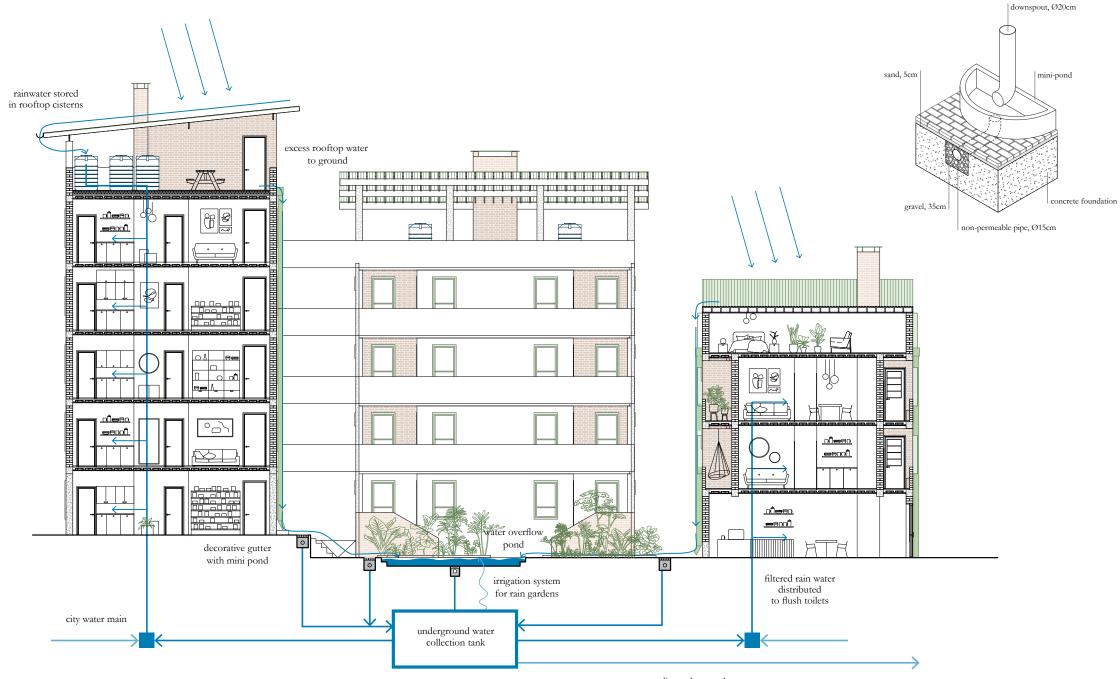
Courtyard Cluster Water Management



cluster strategy - 58



excess water directed to nearby water tower



cluster strategy Rowhouse Cluster



tetris shape

level of privacy sense of community
spatially diverse

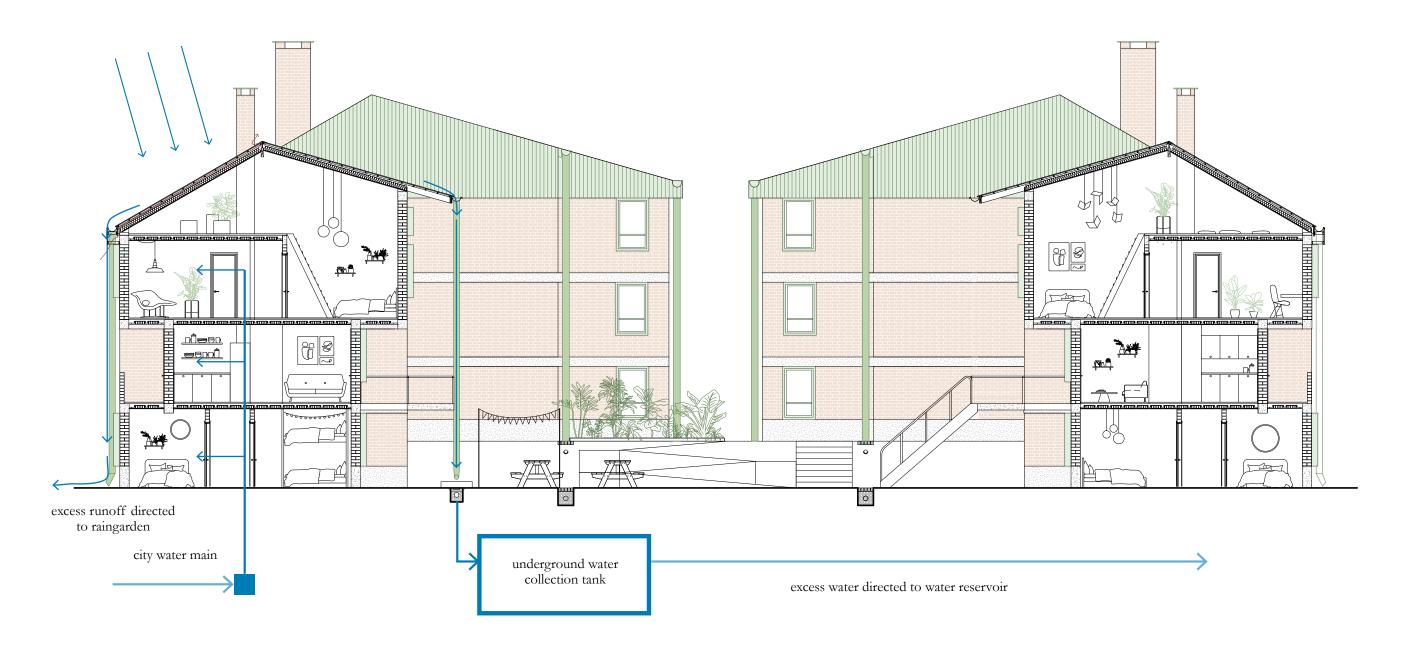
Rowhouse Cluster Adaptability

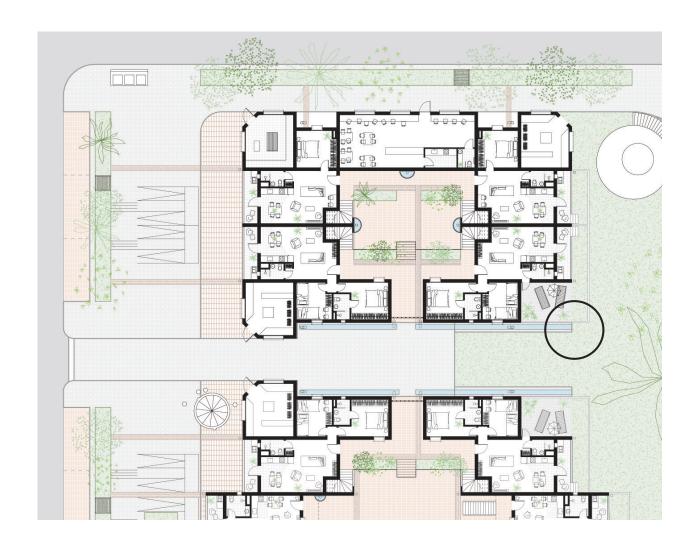


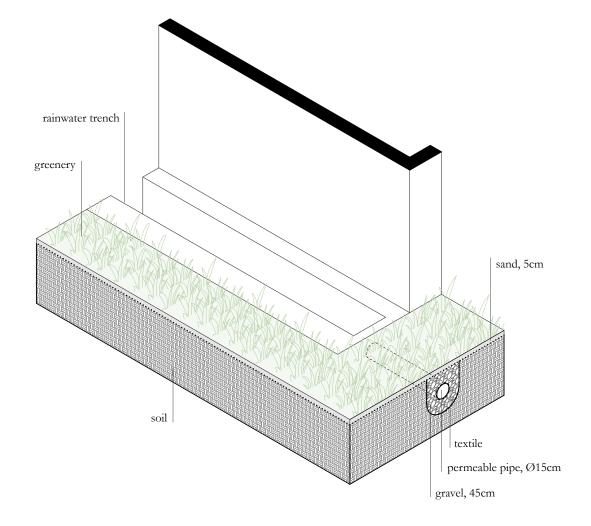
expandable in size to adapt to site & community

Rowhouse Cluster Water Management



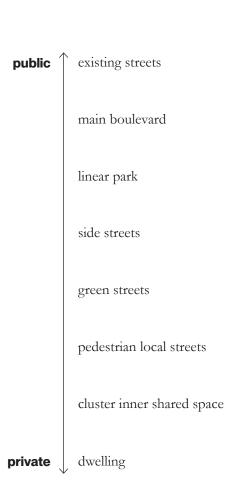






urban conditions

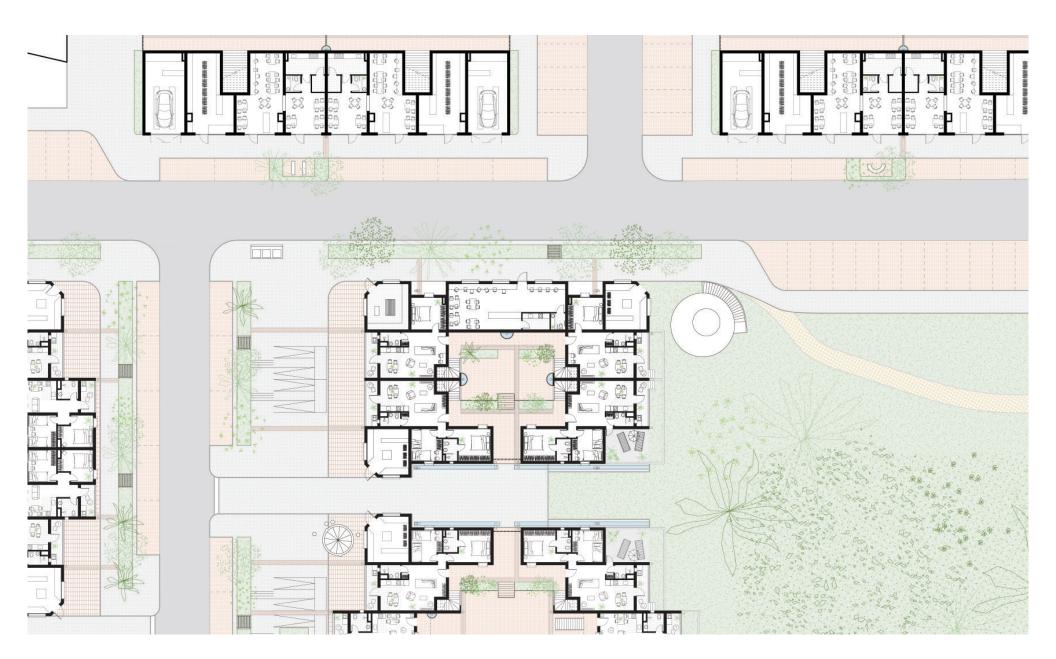
Public to Private





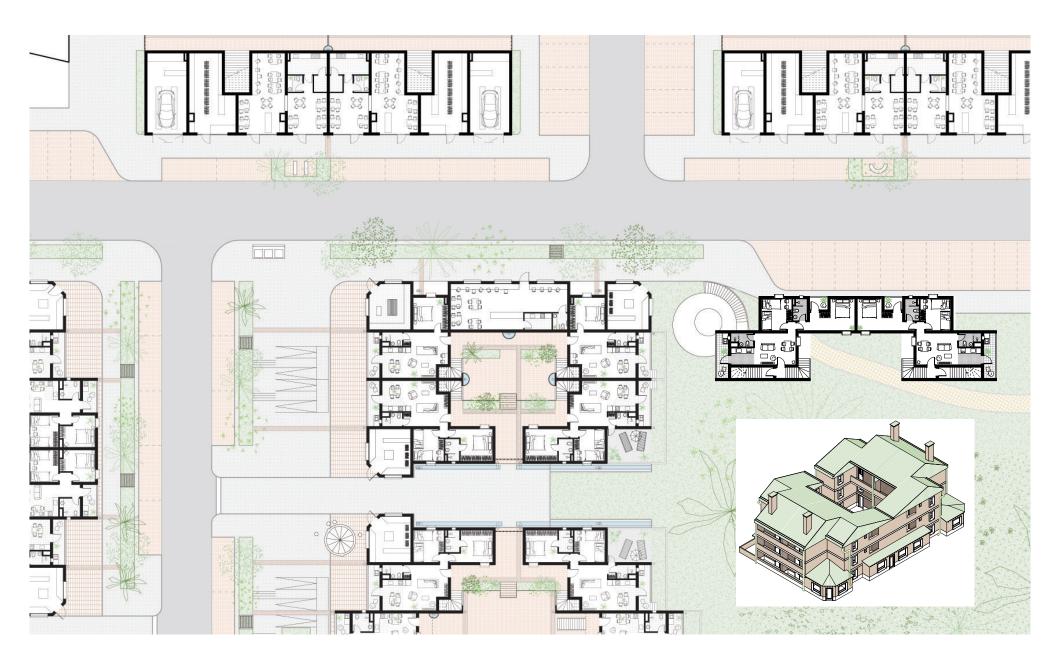
urban conditions

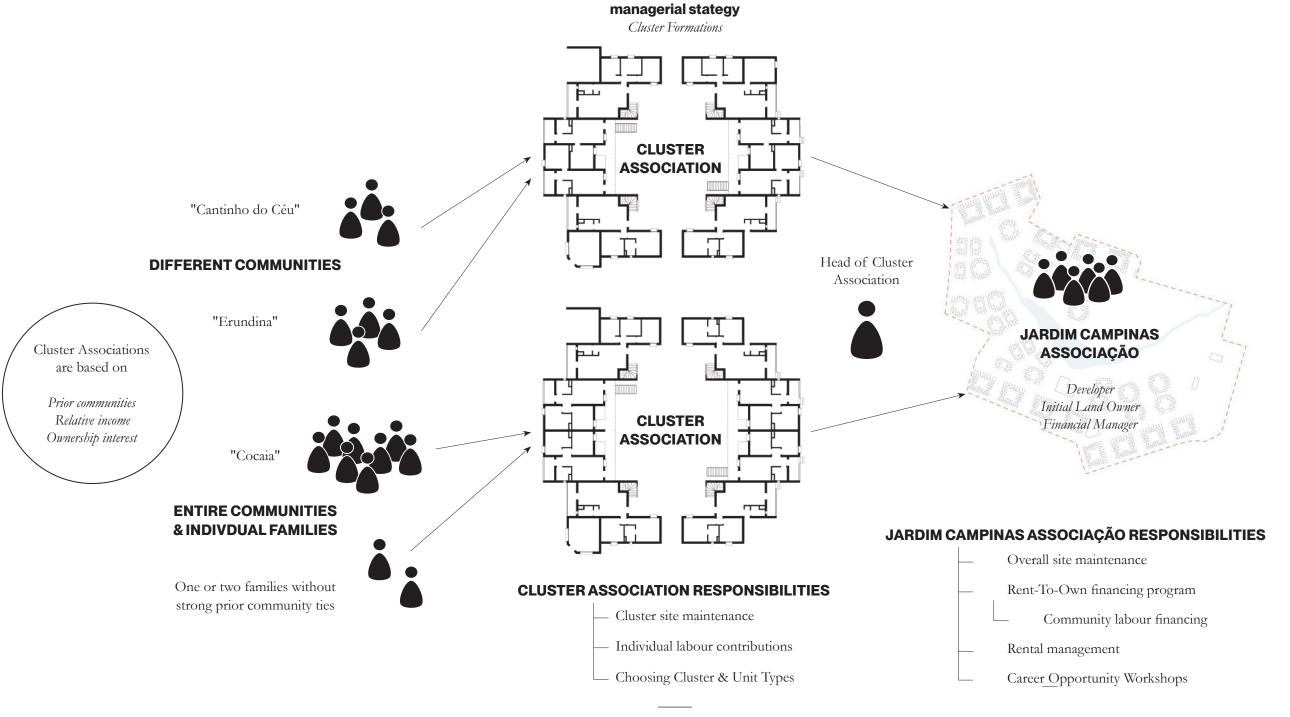
Main Boulevard



urban conditions

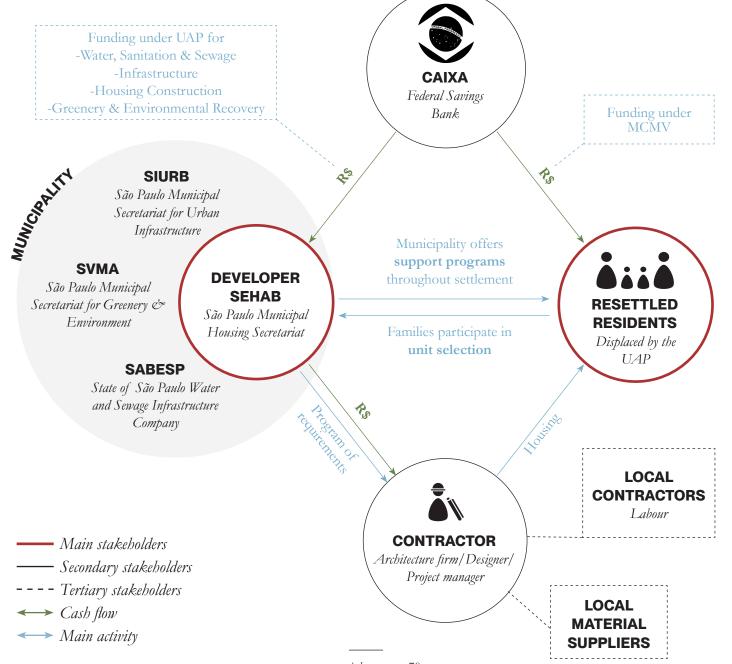
Main Boulevard





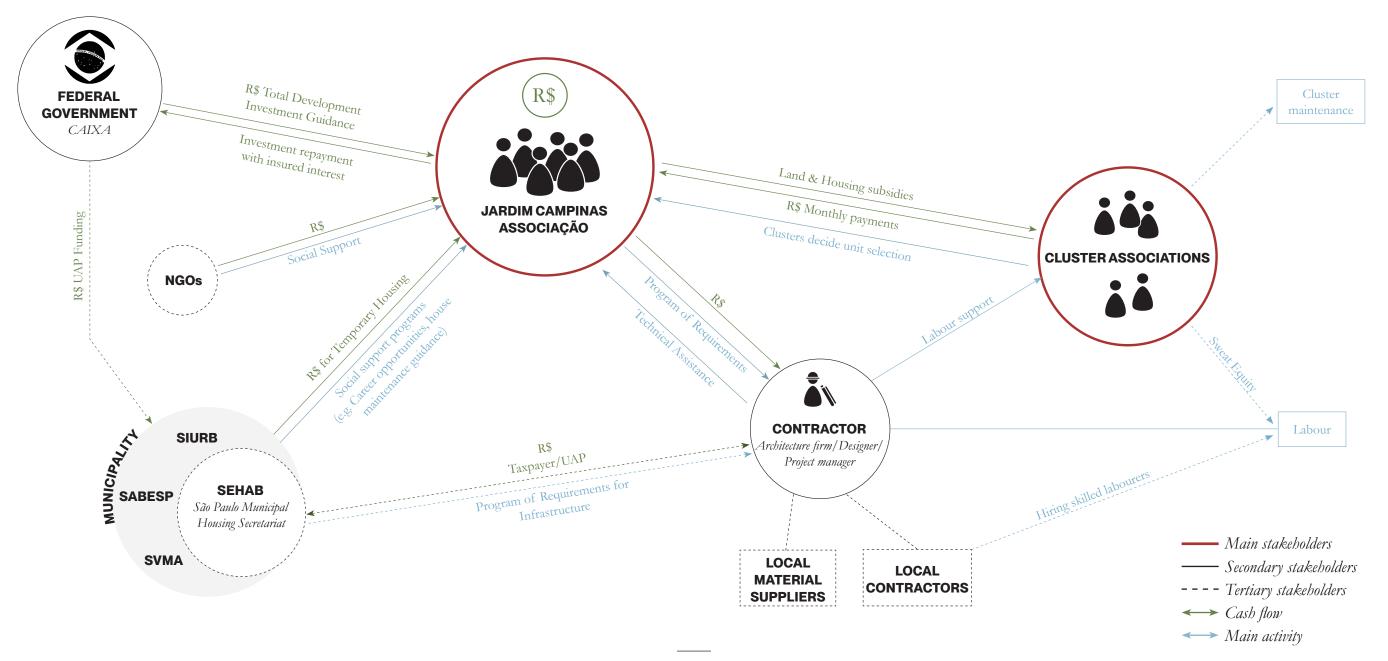
Managerial Strategy - 69 Clusters

Current Stakeholder Practice



managerial strategy - 70

Jardim Campinas Stakeholder Analysis



Rent-To-Own Scheme

≈1060

TOTAL DWELLINGS

75 dw/ha whole site 90-110 dw/ha within sectors

75% RENT-TO-OWN HOUSING & SUBSIDIZED RENTAL

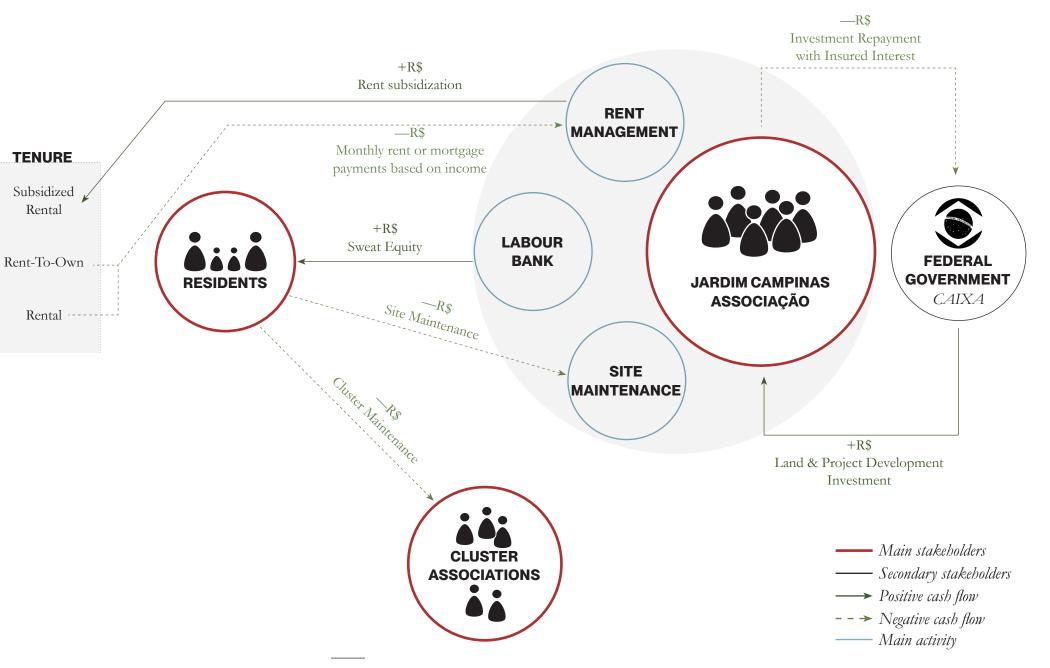
Adaptation of the MCMV Financing run by the Jardim Campinas Associação

23% RENTAL HOUSING

For migrant workers and families who don't seek home ownership

2% TEMPORARY EMERGENCY HOUSING

This short-term housing cluster is reserved for families who were urgently displaced due to emergencies cases such as domestic violence, disaster, etc. It is maintaned and financed by SEHAB, and intented to relieve pressure on existing temporary housing assistance measures.



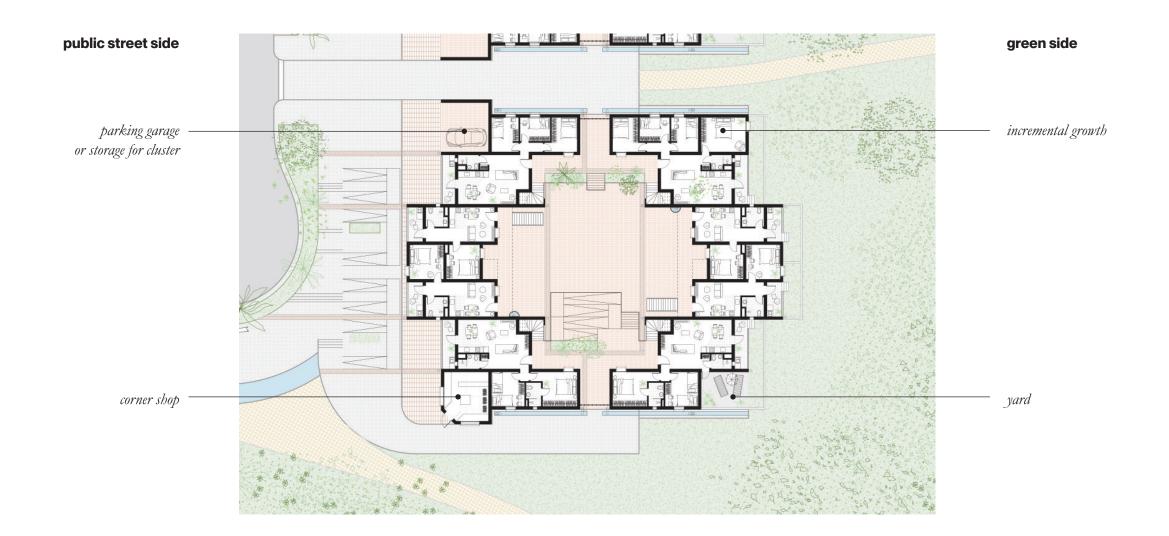
Sweat Equity

These tasks are examples on how residents can lower their overall home-ownership debt. They are entirely on a **voluntary basis**. The incentive is **rent reduction** for those struggling to pay rent but still seek the rent-to-own financing.

These tasks are a great opportunity to form community connections and **build social capital**.

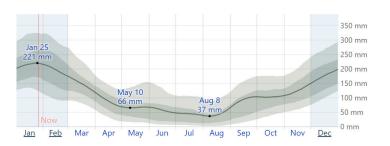
JARDIM CAMPINAS	S ASSOCIAÇÃO CLUSTER HEAD MEMBER)			
JARDIM CAMPINAS ASSOCIAÇÃO FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT							
		JARDIM CAMPINA	S ASSOCIAÇÃO RENTAL MANAGEMENT				
	JARDIM CAMPINAS ASSOCIAÇÃO LABOUR BANK MANAGER			}	administrative		
	JARDIM CAMPINAS ASSOCIAÇÃO SITE MAINTENANCE						
	CLUSTER MAINTENANCE						
			CLUSTER SAFETY	J	J		
	CEB BRICK MAKING & LAYING)			
	FLOOR ASSEMBLY	_			construction		
	PLASTERING & PAINTING	à			Construction		
	PLANTING GREENERY				1		
		GARDENING)			
	WATER DRAINAGE MAINTENANCE				long-term maintenance		
			LAWN MOWING/TREE TRIMMING/WEED REMOVAL				
	TRASH REMOVAL TRASH REMOVAL			J			
project planning	construction process	resident resettlement	daily neighbourhood life				
		1					

Rowhouse Cluster Corner

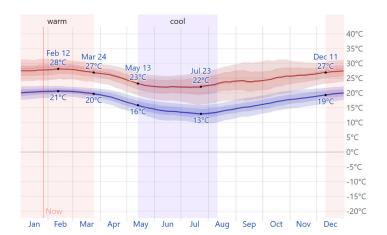


building technology

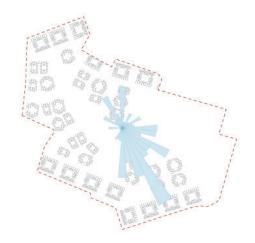
Local Climate



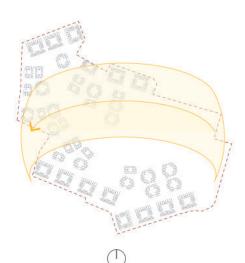
Average Monthly Rainfall in São Paulo (Weather Spark, 2023)



Average High and Low Temperature in São Paulo (Weather Spark, 2023)



Site Wind Analysis



Site Sun Analysis

building technology

Local Building Practices



Local Building Practices in Cantinho do Céu (Author, 2022)

bricks or concrete blocks



(Veysseyre, 2014)

plaster



(United Painting,

beam and block floor



(Monteiro, 2014)

corrugated metal roof



(Author, 2022)

concrete columns and ring beams



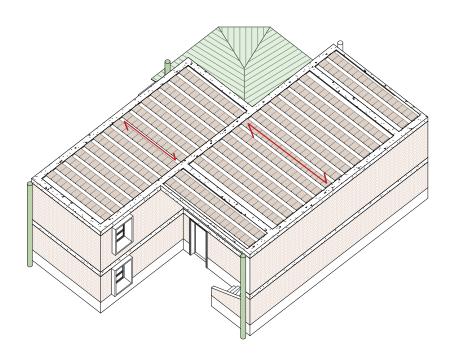
(Ballinger & Wilke, 2015)

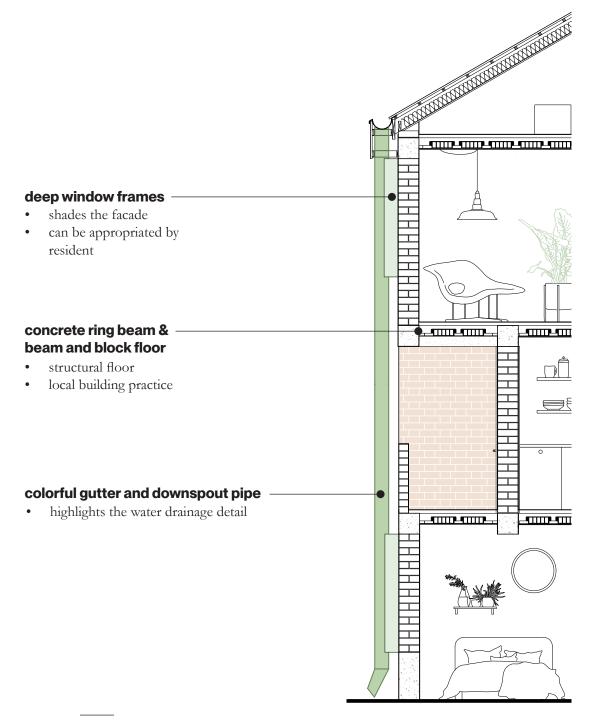
simple window models



(Alive, 2012)

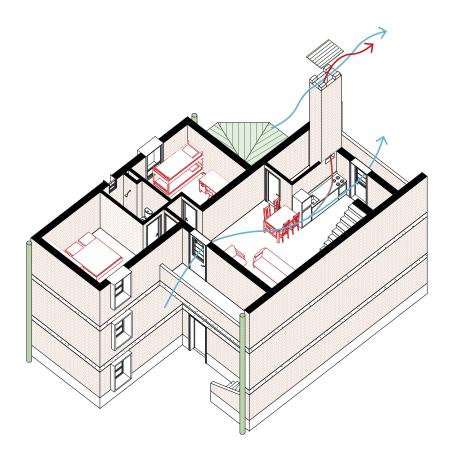


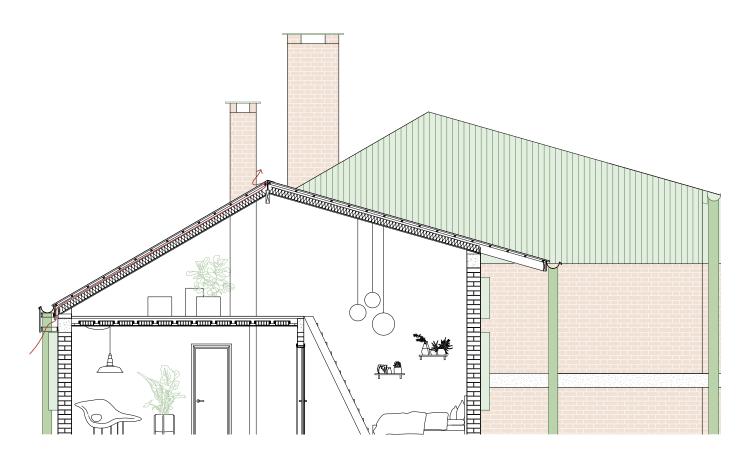




building technology

Ventilation





Stack ventilation from the ventilation chimney is improved by cross ventilation in the dwelling unit, ventilated roof design, and the Venturi effect caused by the chimney roof

conclusion

Density

≈1060

TOTAL DWELLINGS

3600 estimated dwellers (assuming 3.5 persons per household)

100 dw/ha

SITE AVERAGE

84 dw/ha whole site

-including 1/3rd of linear park -not including unbuildable land

90-110 dw/ha within sectors

FSI: 1.02 **GSI:** 0.28

70% HIS 1 Dwellings30% HIS 2 Dwellings



conclusion

Replicability

≈*730*

TOTAL DWELLINGS

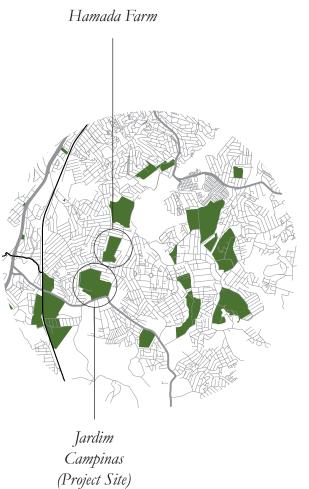
2500 estimated dwellers

103 dw/ha

FSI: 0.97 **GSI:** 0.27

78% HIS 1 Dwellings**22%** HIS 2 Dwellings





conclusion - 81



urban renewal

social resilience



climate resilience